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Neutrino' 2002
V.Gavrin

The SAGE Collaboration

**Measurement of the Solar Neutrino Capture Rate by the
Russian-American Gallium Solar Neutrino Experiment
During One Half of the 22-Year Cycle of Solar Activity**

**J.N.Abdurashitov, V.N.Gavrin^{*}, S.V.Girin, V.V.Gorbachev,
P.P.Gurkina, T.V.Ibragimova, A.V.Kalikhov, N.G.Khairnasov,
T.V. Knodel, I.N.Mirmov, A.A.Shikhin, E.P.Veretenkin,
V.M.Vermul, V.E.Yants, and G.T.Zatsepin^{*}**

*Institute for Nuclear Research,
Russian Academy of Sciences, 117312 Moscow, Russia*

T.J.Bowles^{*} and W.A.Teasdale

*Los Alamos National Laboratory,
Los Alamos, New Mexico 87545, USA*

J.S.Nico

*National Institute of Standards and Technology,
Stop 8461, Gaithersburg, Maryland 20899, USA*

B.T.Cleveland, S.R.Elliott, and J.F.Wilkerson^{*}

*University of Washington,
Seattle, Washington 98195, USA*

*** - Principal Investigators**

Submitted to ZhETP February 15, 2002

**Available on the LANL archives
astro-/0204245 April 15, 2002**

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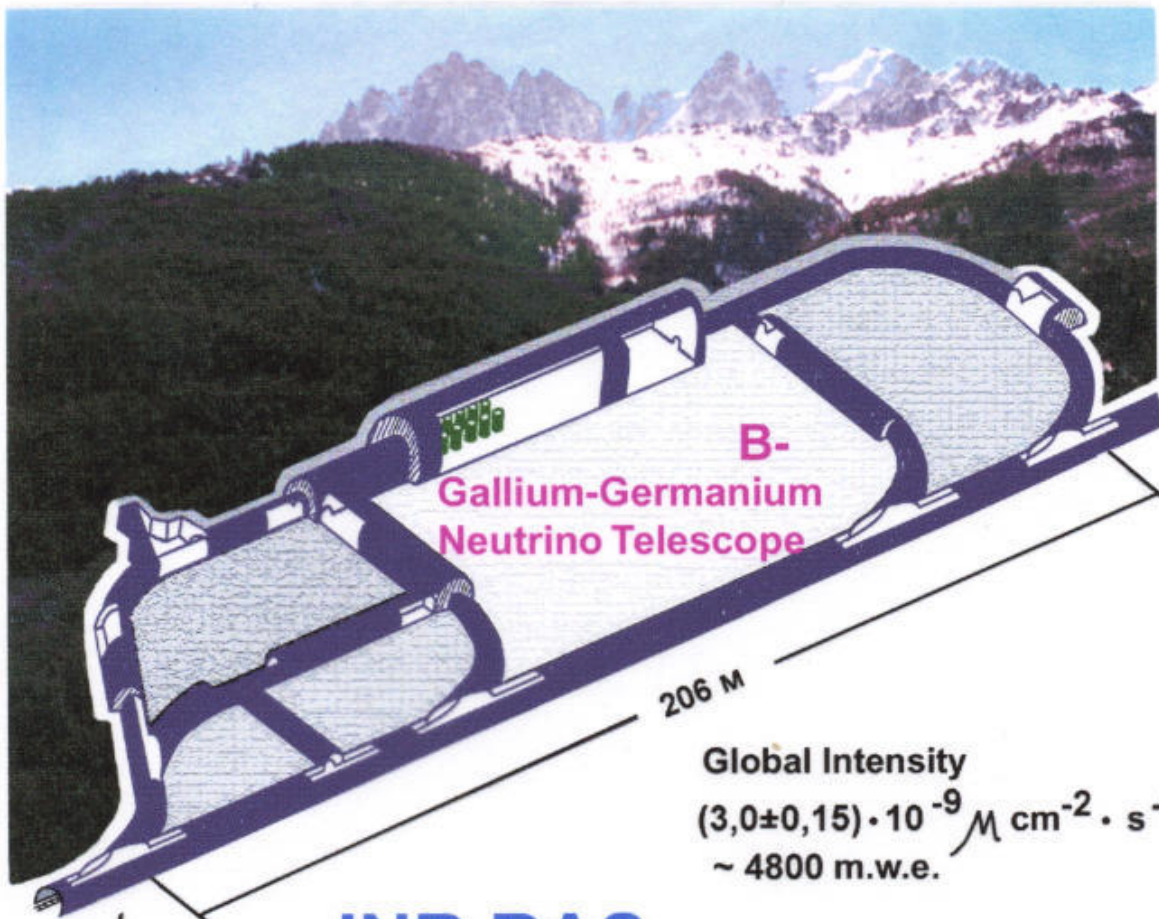
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J.N.Abdurashitov et al (SAGE collaboration)
“**Measurement of the solar neutrino capture rate with gallium metal**”, Phys.Rev.C 60, 055801 (1999).

V.N.Gavrin, V.V.Gorbachev, and I.N.Mirmov “**Effect of Radon on SAGE Results**”, Physics of Atomic Nuclei, V. 65, No. 5, 2002, p. 843.

B.T.Cleveland, V.N.Gavrin, V.V.Gorbachev, T.V.Ibragimova “**The Germanium Isotopes Rate in Background Processes in Experiment SAGE**”, submitted to Zh. “Yadernya Fizika” (2001).

V.N.Gavrin and V.V.Gorbachev “**Background of external gamma-irradiation in Proportional Counters in Experiment SAGE**”, submitted to Zh. “Yadernya Fizika” (2001).

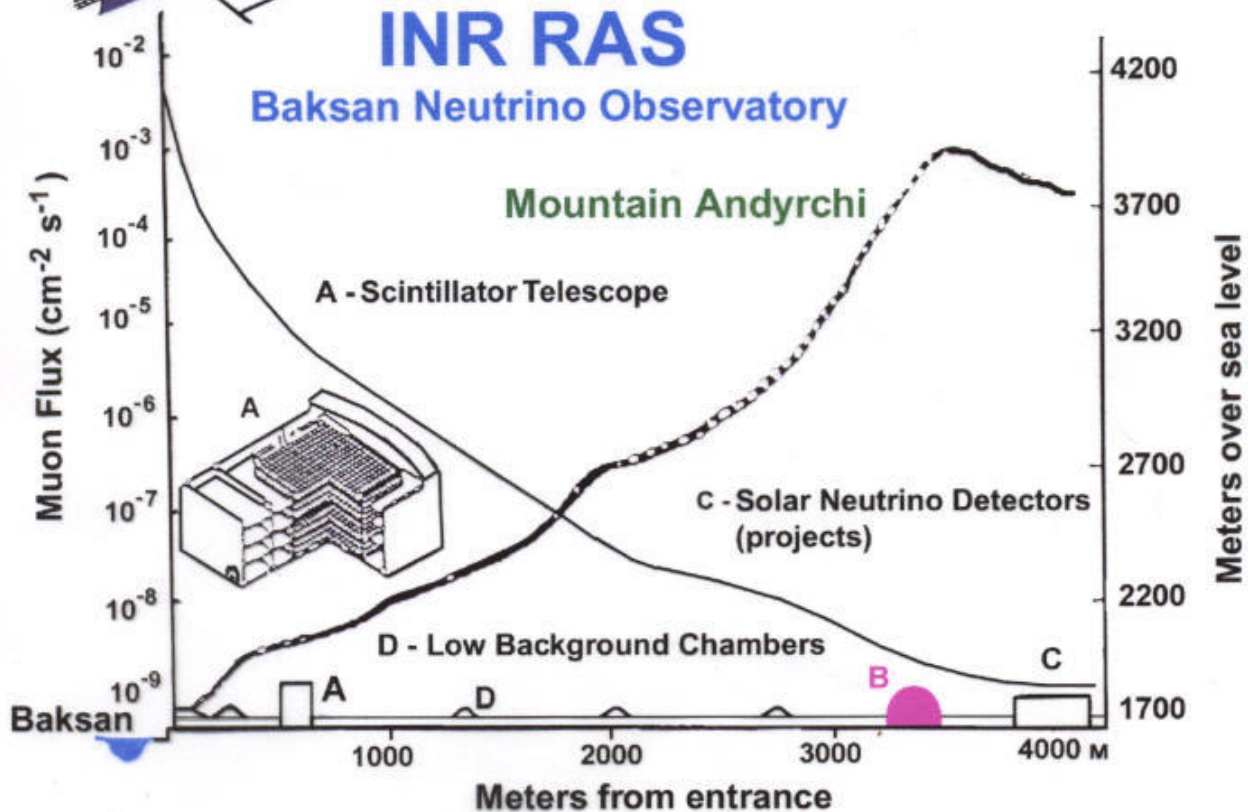


Global Intensity
 $(3,0 \pm 0,15) \cdot 10^{-9} \mu\text{m cm}^{-2} \cdot \text{s}^{-1}$
 ~ 4800 m.w.e.

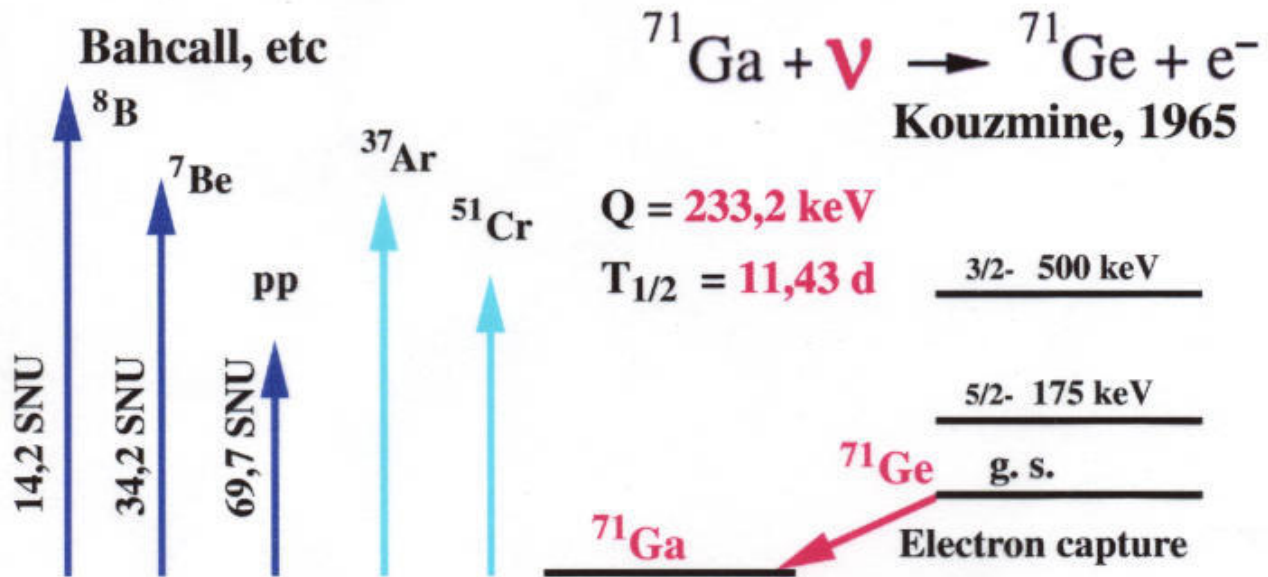
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Baksan Neutrino Observatory

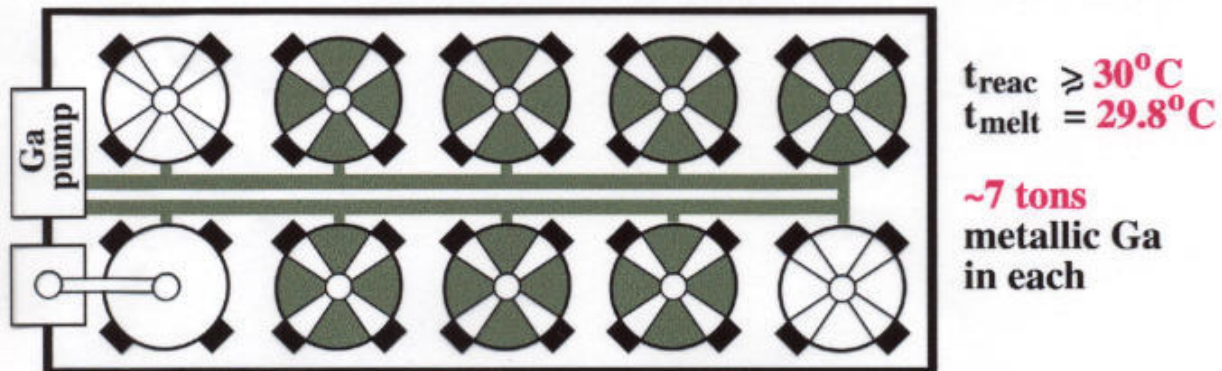
Mountain Andyrchi



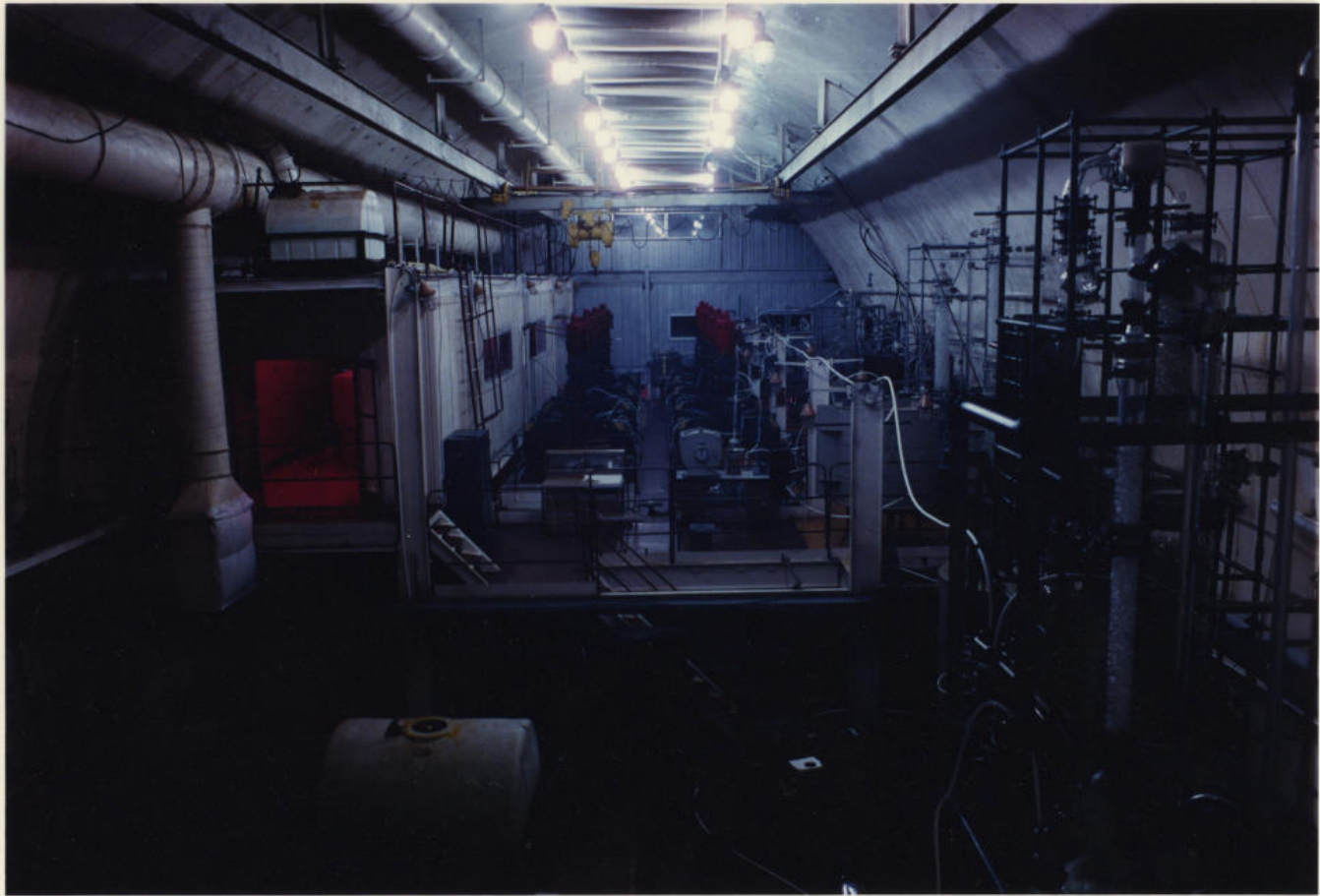
SAGE Experiment Overview



A plan view of the reactors layout in the laboratory



- * 250 mkg Ge-76/72 carrier uniformly between reactors
- * Exposure time ~ 27 d
- * ^{71}Ge chemical extraction from metallic Ga to aqueous solution ~ 1.5 m³
- * Concentration of Ge to 50 ccm tritium free water
- * Synthesis of germane - GeH_4
- * Counting of Ge decays



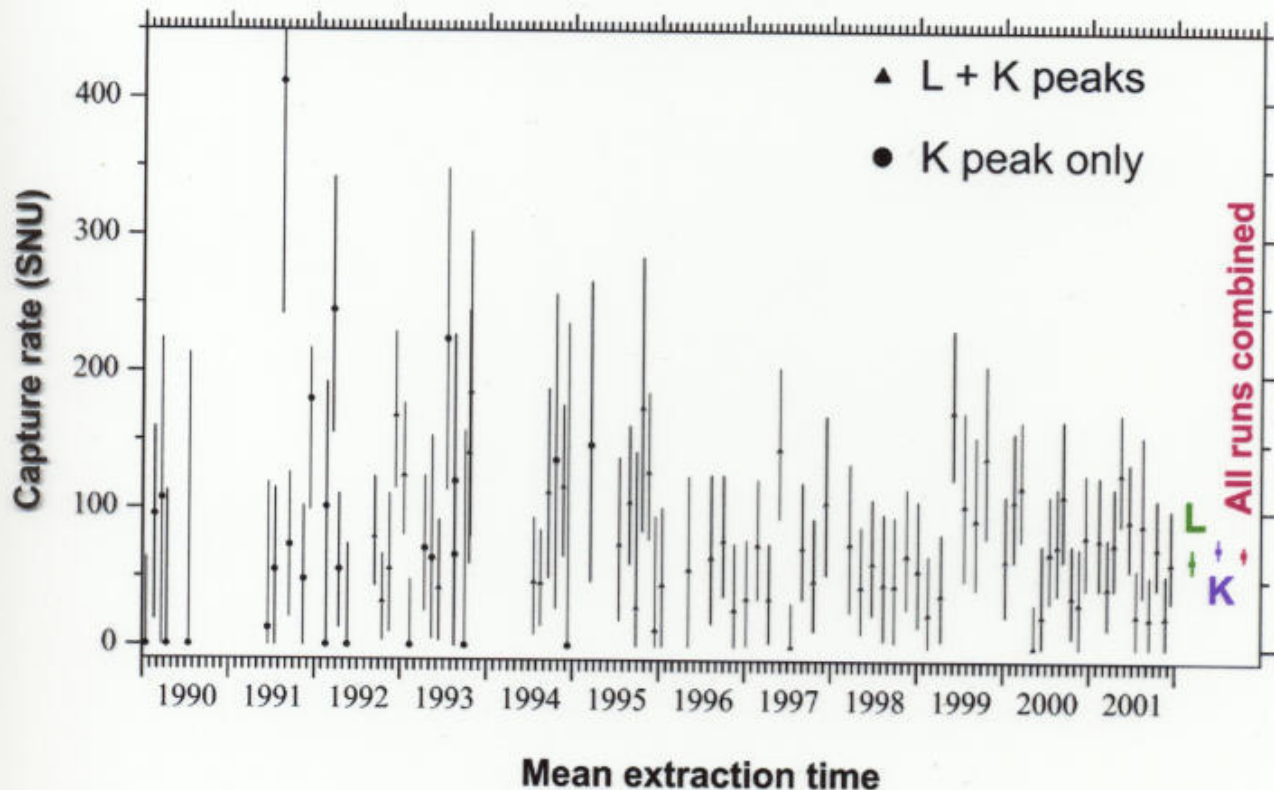
13A-1K

Results of combined analysis of
K-peak and L-peak events for all runs after 1997

Ext Name	N cts	N 71Ge	Best fit (SNU)	68%C.L. SNU	Nw ²	GOF %
Apr. 98	39	5.4	75	26-134	0.052	72
May 98	23	3.4	44	10-88	0.051	68
Jul. 98	22	4.8	61	24-108	0.065	52
Aug. 98	33	3.6	46	5-97	0.039	84
Oct. 98	40	3.8	45	4-95	0.028	95
Nov. 98	32	5.9	67	28-116	0.101	30
Jan. 99	21	4.5	56	15-107	0.036	84
Feb. 99	16	1.6	24	0-67	0.114	28
Apr. 99	10	1.8	38	5-83	0.105	36
Jun. 99	14	12.9	172	123-232	0.048	80
Jul. 99	17	5.5	103	49-172	0.118	20
Sep. 99	20	7.1	93	43-154	0.099	28
Oct. 99	16	10.0	138	80-206	0.066	56
Jan. 00	24	5.4	63	23-111	0.060	59
Feb. 00	21	9.1	107	63-157	0.058	55
Mar. 00	19	10.1	117	78-165	0.046	79
May 00	15	0.0	0	0-32	0.143	40
Jun. 00	17	1.4	23	0-75	0.179	17
Jul. 00	29	6.4	69	33-111	0.088	34
Aug. 00	14	5.2	74	39-117	0.086	33
Sep. 00	30	9.2	111	64-166	0.093	24
Oct. 00	14	3.0	37	8-75	0.020	99
Nov. 00	25	2.9	32	0-73	0.208	9
Dec. 00	27	7.6	81	43-127	0.062	68
Feb. 01	21	6.3	79	43-125	0.088	34
Mar. 01	18	3.8	44	14-80	0.120	24
Apr. 01	17	6.7	76	43-117	0.074	45
May 01	21	11.9	127	90-171	0.088	31
Jun. 01	20	9.4	93	57-135	0.025	96
Jul. 01	9	2.0	24	0-58	0.033	92
Aug. 01	21	5.4	90	38-155	0.065	57
Sep. 01	10	2.1	22	0-53	0.139	18
Oct. 01	12	8.1	79	51-115	0.071	50
Nov. 01	15	4.2	37	13-69	0.115	20
Dec. 01	9	3.8	44	17-79	0.087	44
Combined	727	192.3	67	60-74	0.076	40

SAGE

January 1990 - December 2001



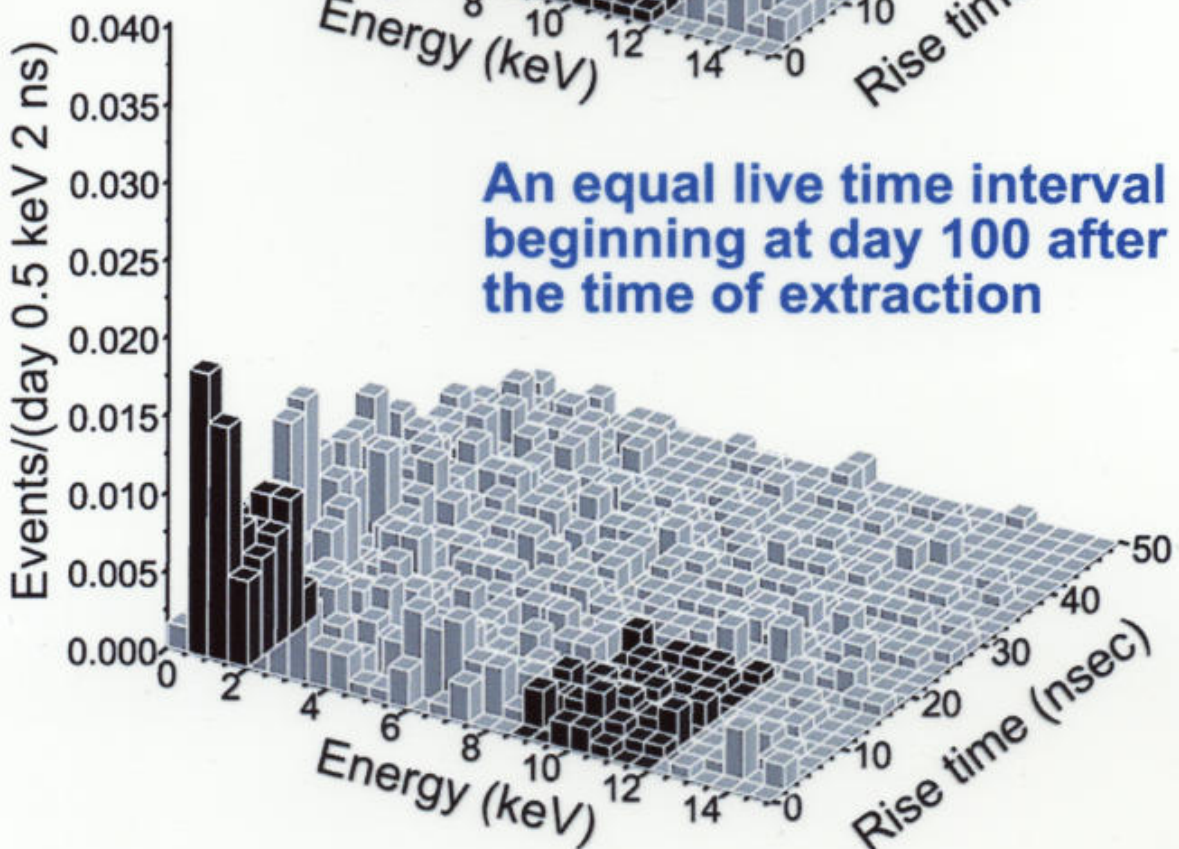
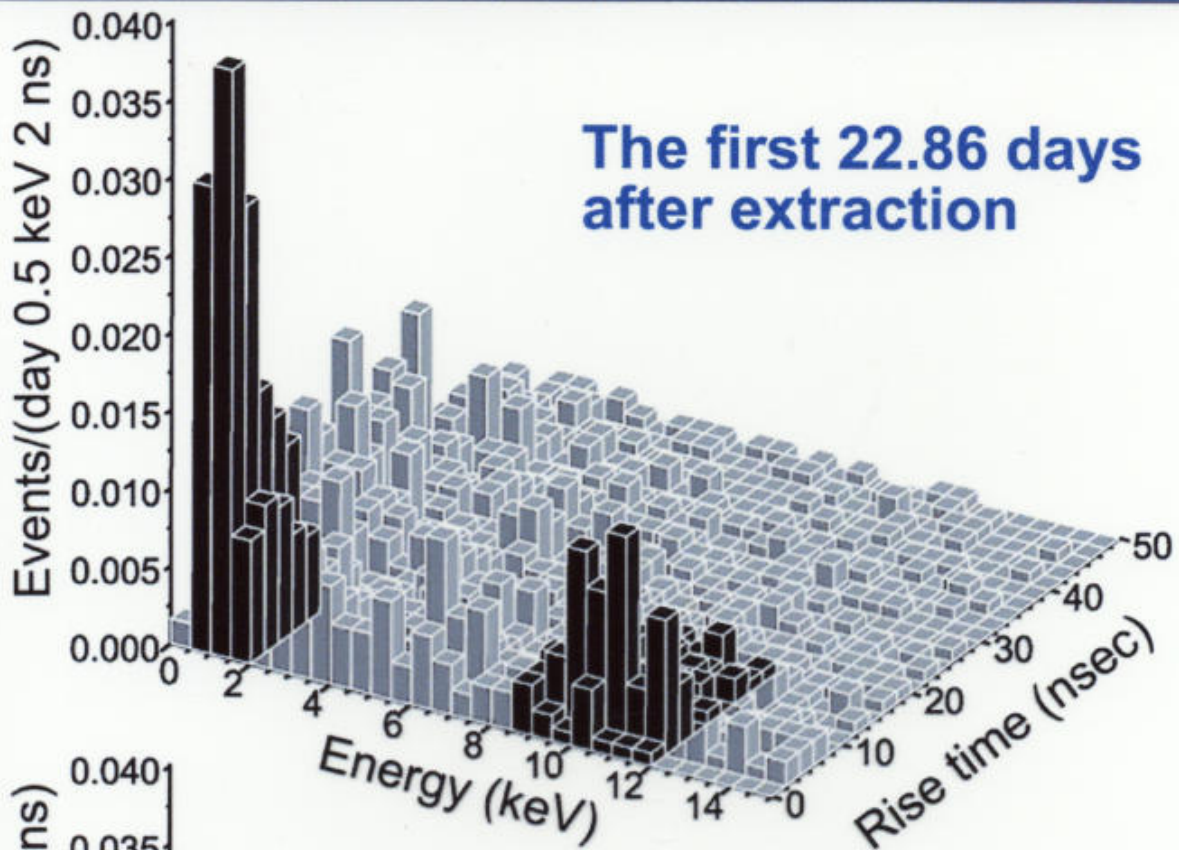
Combined result:

L-peak - 64.8 +8.5/-8.2 SNU

K-peak - 74.4 +6.8/-6.6 SNU

Overall - 70.8 +5.3/-5.2 SNU

1 SNU = 1 interaction of ν_e /sec in 10^{36} atoms/day



Summary of systematic effects and their uncertainties in SNU.

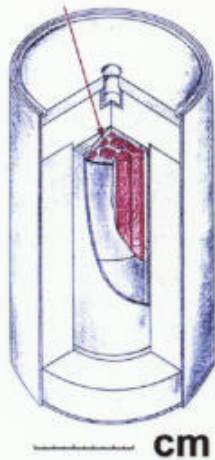
*(The values for extraction and counting
efficiencies are based on a rate of 70.8 SNU.)*

Extraction efficiency	Ge carrier mass	± 1.5
	Extracted Ge mass	± 1.8
	Residual carrier Ge	± 0.6
	Ga mass	± 0.2
Counting efficiency	Counter effects	± 1.3
	Gain shifts	$+2.2$
	Resolution	$-0.4, +0.5$
	Rise time limits	± 0.7
	Lead and exposure times	± 0.6
Backgrounds	Neutrons	< -0.02
	U and Th	< -0.7
	muons	< -0.7
	Internal radon	< -0.2
	External radon	0.0
	Other Ge isotopes	< -0.7
Total		$-3.2, +3.7$

⁵¹Cr neutrino source experiment

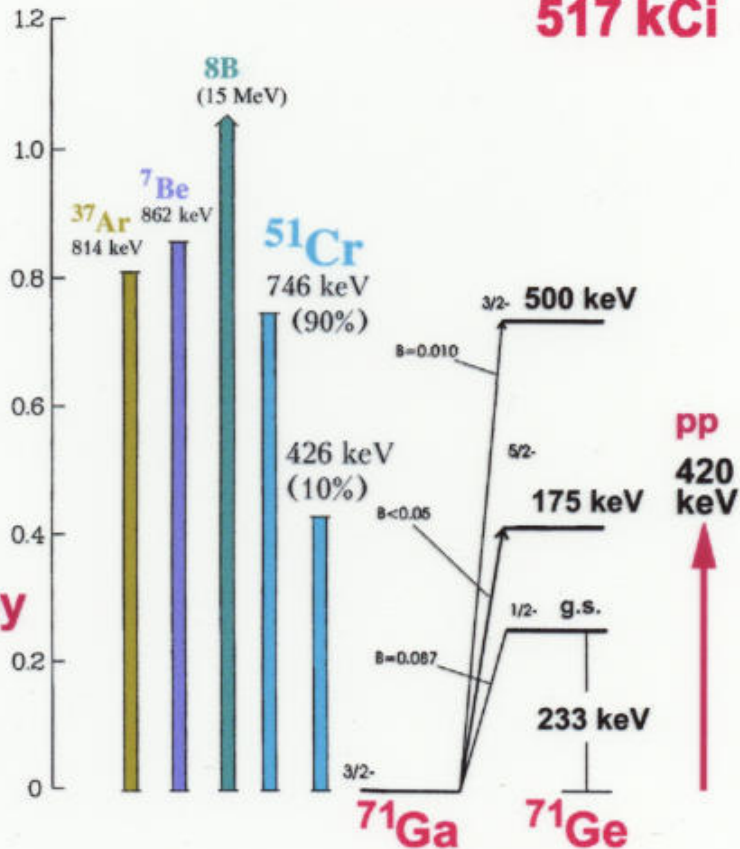
Source strength
517 kCi

Chromium rods



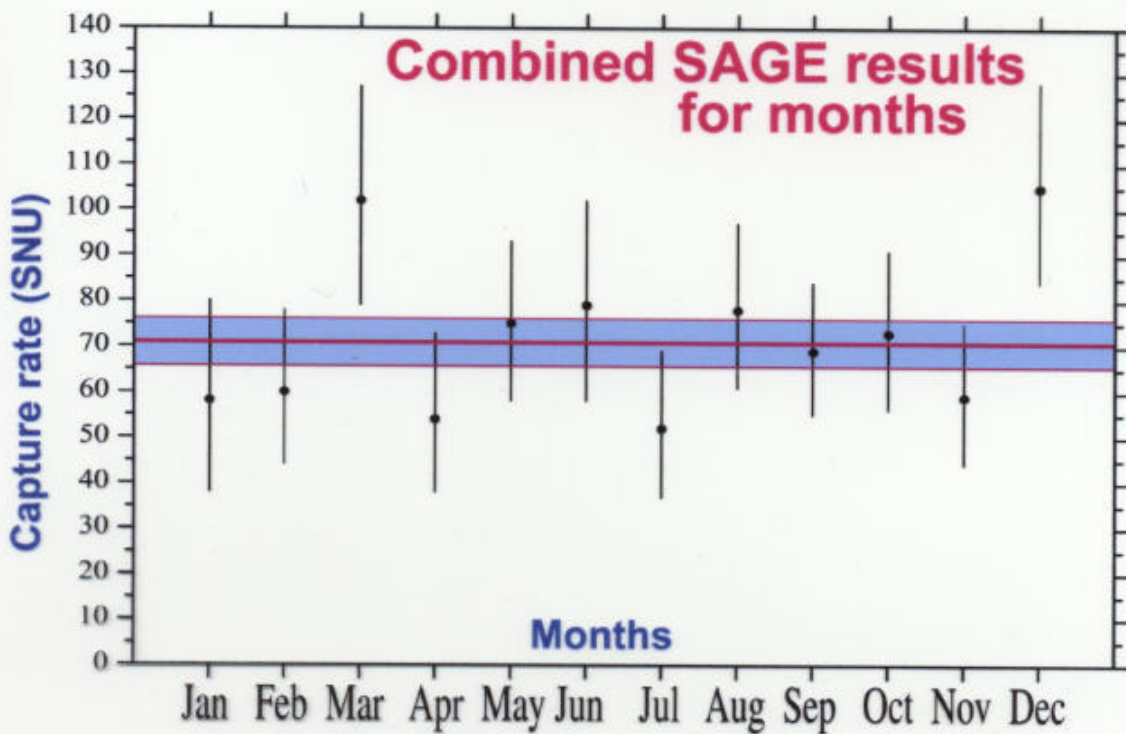
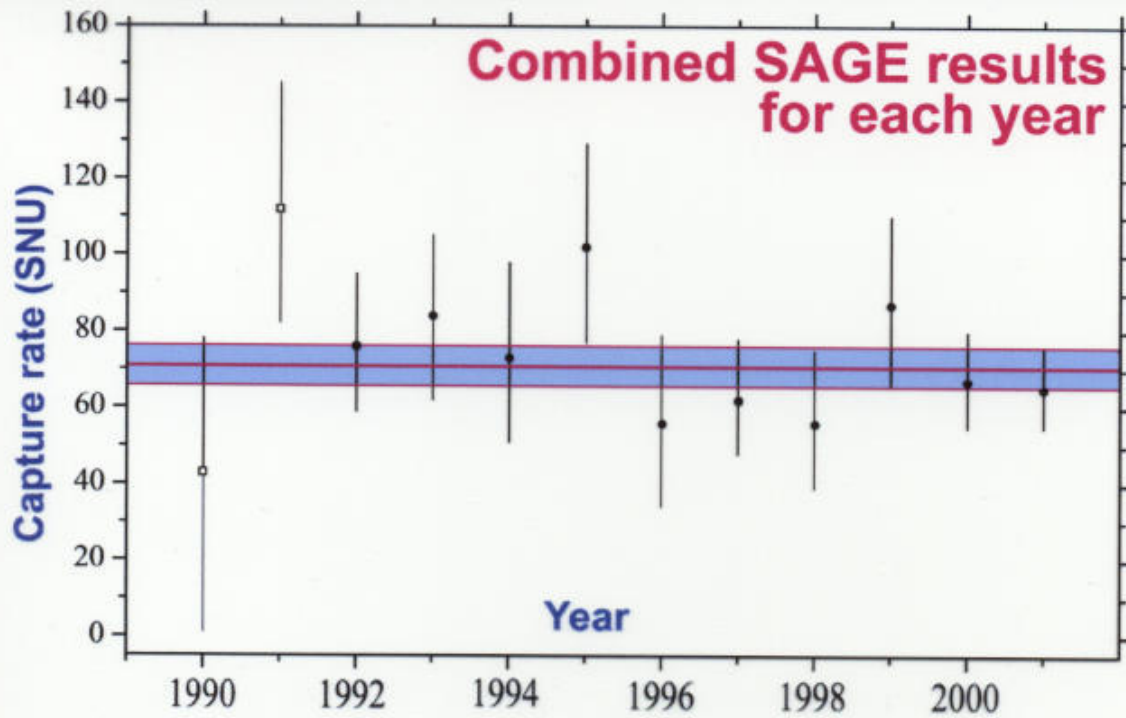
$q_{\text{exp}} = 14.0$ at/day

50 times higher,
than from the Sun

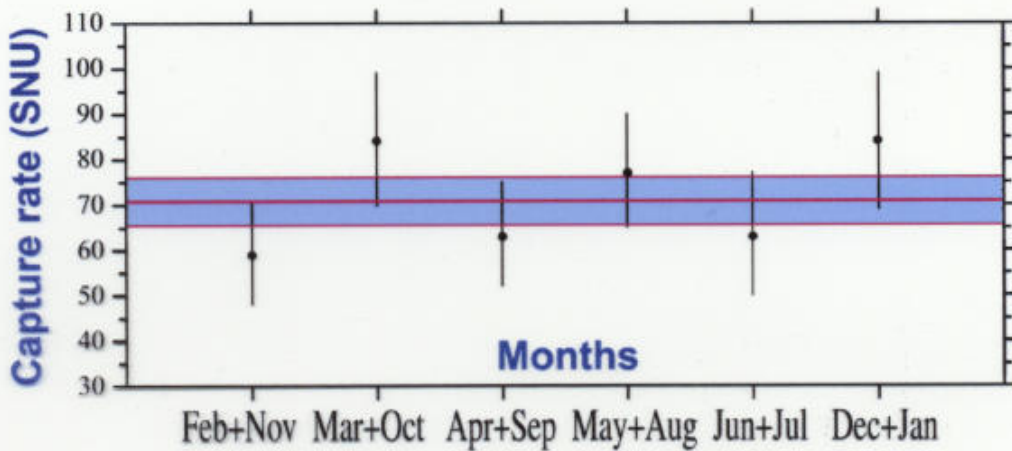
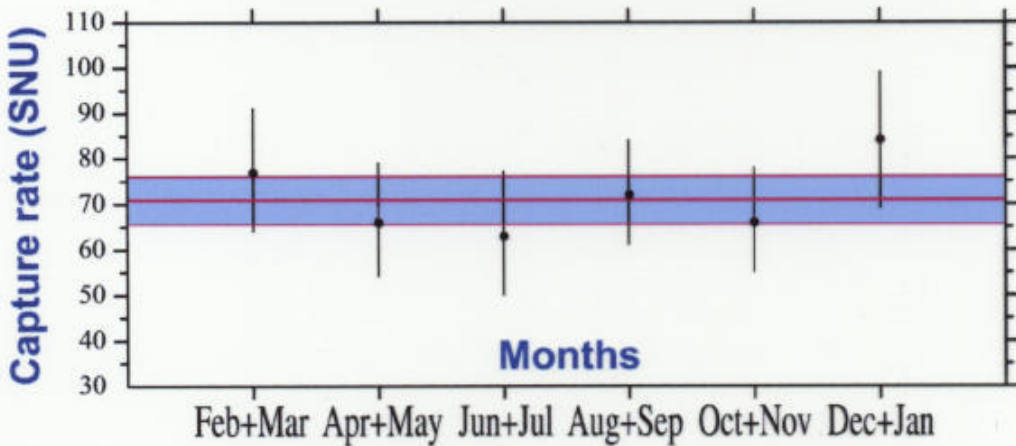
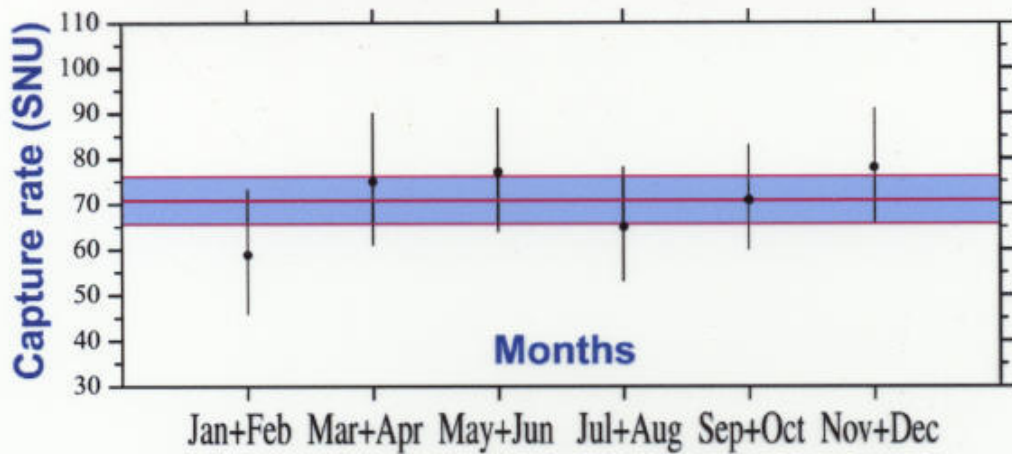


$$R = q_{\text{exp.}} / q_{\text{pred.}}$$

0.95 +/- 0.12 (exp.) +0.035/-0.027 (theor.)



Two months combinations



SAGE Results

12-year period

January 1990 – December 2001

92 runs, 158 separate counting sets
Total counting live time – 29.5 years

In the L- and K- peaks – 1723 counts
with 406.4 assigned by time analysis to ^{71}Ge

L-peak – 64.8 +8.5/-8.2 SNU

K-peak – 74.4 +6.8/-6.6 SNU

Overall – 70.8 +5.3/-5.2 +3.7/-3.2 SNU

or

70.8 +6.5/-6.1 SNU

$$Nw^2 = 0.053$$

$$\text{Probability} = 72.0 \pm 4 \%$$

PP NEUTRINO FLUX

simple analyses

■ SAGE, GALLEX + GNO

$$[\text{pp} + {}^7\text{Be} + \text{CNO} + \text{pep} + {}^8\text{B}|\text{Ga}, \text{exp}] = 72 \pm 5 \text{ SNU}$$

■ Cl - Ar

$$[{}^7\text{Be} + \text{CNO} + \text{pep} + {}^8\text{B}|\text{Cl}, \text{exp}] = 2.56 \pm 0.23 \text{ SNU}$$

■ SNO

$$\Phi_{\nu_e}, \quad E > 5.5 \text{ MeV}$$

$$[{}^8\text{B}|\text{SNO}, \text{exp}] = (1.75 \pm 0.15) \cdot 10^6 \nu_e/\text{cm}^2 \text{ sec}^{-1}$$

■ SSM

above 5 MeV shape of ${}^8\text{B}$ spectrum SNO \approx SK \approx SSM

$\sigma_{\text{Ga}}, \sigma_{\text{Cl}}$ is dominated by ν_e above 5 MeV

$$\sigma_{\text{Ga}} (\text{SSM}) = (2.4 \pm 0.77/-0.36) \cdot 10^{-42} \text{ cm}^2$$

$$\sigma_{\text{Cl}} (\text{SSM}) = (1.14 \pm 0.04/-0.04) \cdot 10^{-42} \text{ cm}^2$$



(2)

PP NEUTRINO FLUX

simple analyses

$$[{}^8\text{B}|\text{Ga, exp}] = 4.2. +1.4/-0.7 \text{ SNU}$$

$$[{}^8\text{B}|\text{Cl, exp}] = 2.00 \pm 0.18 \text{ SNU}$$

$$[\text{pp} + {}^7\text{Be} + \text{CNO} + \text{pep}|\text{Ga, exp}] = 67.8 +5.1/-5.2 \text{ SNU}$$

$$[{}^7\text{Be} + \text{CNO} + \text{pep}|\text{Cl, exp}] = 0.56 \pm 0.29 \text{ SNU}$$

$$[{}^7\text{Be} + \text{CNO} + \text{pep}|\text{Cl, SSM}] = 1.79 \pm 0.23 \text{ SNU}$$

Assuming neutrinos oscillate and their survival factor P_{ee} varies slowly with E_ν ,

$$P_{ee} = (0.56 \pm 0.29)/(1.79 \pm 0.23) = 0.31 \pm 0.17$$

$${}^7\text{Be} \sim 64\%; \text{ CNO} + \text{pep} \sim 36\%;$$

$$P_{ee} = 0.31 \pm 0.17 \pm (0.31 \cdot 0.36) = 0.31 \pm 0.28$$

$$E_m^{\text{Cl}} = 0.31 \pm 0.28, \quad E_m^{\text{Ga}} = E_m^{\text{Cl}} \quad (\text{no oscillation models})$$

$$[\text{pp}|\text{Ga, exp}] = 53 \pm 14 \text{ SNU}$$

$$\sigma_{\text{Ga}}(0.23 - 0.42) = (11.7 \pm 0.3) \cdot 10^{-46} \text{ cm}^2$$

$$\Phi_{\text{pp}}^{\text{exp}}(\oplus) = (4.6 \pm 1.2) \cdot 10^{10} / \text{cm}^2 \text{ sec}$$



(3)

PP NEUTRINO FLUX

simple analyses

The rate of pp neutrino emission in the solar fusion reaction with survival factor 0.6 (favored LMA solution):

$$\Phi_{pp}^{\text{exp}}(\odot) = (7.6 \pm 2.0) \cdot 10^{10} / \text{cm}^2 \text{ sec}$$

Comparison with SSM

$$f_{\text{(SAGE)}} = \frac{\Phi_{pp}^{\text{exp}}(\odot)}{\Phi_{pp}^{\text{SSM}}(\odot)} = 1.28 (1 \pm 0.26)$$

post-SNO second presentation

J.N.Bahcall, M.C.Gonzalez-Garcia,
C.Pena-Garay
archiv: ph/0204194 v2 05.09.2002

$$f_{\text{(Bahcall)}}(\text{all experiments}) = \frac{\Phi_{pp}^{\text{exp}}(\odot)}{\Phi_{pp}^{\text{SSM}}(\odot)} = 1.05 (1 \pm 0.18)$$

After results from KamLAND and BOREXINO:

$$f_{\text{(Bahcall)}}(\text{Ga/SNO/KamLAND/BOREXINO}) = 1.05 (1 \pm 0.14)$$



Error is dominated by uncertainty in Ga result;
therefore need continuation Ga measurements

