

VLHC

CRYOGENICS & BEAM SCREEN
WORKING GROUP

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BEAM SCREEN

- 1.9 K system is easy. Regeneration interval \gg year.
- Both 4.5 **and 20** K high field magnets require beam screen. R&D is required. LHC requires solutions for both their 4.5 & 300 K magnets. Two VLHC options exist:
 1. Physical absorption:
 - a) shield is required
 - b) absorber (e.g., metal sponge) is required
 - c) regeneration 20 K, tri-monthly
 2. Chemical absorption:
 - a) finite life
 - b) regeneration 600 K, annual



CRYOGENIC PARAMETERS & ISSUES

- Sensible heat vs. latent heat systems
 - e.g., Nb₃Sn magnet operating between 4.5 & 5.0 K vs. 4.5 & 5.5 K
 - Trade off between:
 - Short sample
 - Complexity
 - Cooling passages and cryostat sizes
- String length and / or re-cooler spacing

??? Temperature requirements for injection



RELIABILITY AND MAINTENANCE

- Integrated Design
 - You can't get there with separate working groups on magnets and cryogenics.
 - Trade-off's required between efficiency and availability
 - Require up front itemization of all off design modes
- Scaling LHC is not an option; a simple magnet cryogenic system is required
(LHC tunnel cryogenics has more than 1 valve per magnet average)
- Vendor Issues
 1. We must maintain core competency within the government lab community
 2. We require smart procurements / full time resident inspectors
 3. We must be prepared to deal with costs and time required for vendor development
- Capital vs. life cycle costs (5, 10, or 20 yr. ????)



REQUIRED R&D; PRIORITIZED

NON VLHC FUNDED R&D

- Screw compressor efficiency (> half of total inefficiency)
Use multi stage systems with pressure ratios of ~3 not 6 to 8
Use more efficient stages
**** **Buy and try** ****
Option: Use IHEM funding
\$\$\$\$ Has three-year pay back ???
- HTS power leads; ongoing LHC & Fermi effort (FY94 W.G.)

WILL HAPPEN ANYWAY

- Short sample vs. dT optimizations for Nb₃Sn (FY94 W.G.)



REQUIRED R&D; PRIORITIZED (cont'd.)

R&D THAT SHOULD BE FUNDED BY VLHC

1. Flow instabilities
 - . Density wave instabilities
 - . Major issue if density is varying by factor 3 or more
 - . Can be stabilized by inlet pressure drops (costs efficiency)
 - . Numeric simulations are needed
2. Beam screens
 - . Start at when LHC effort stops
3. Cycle and efficiencies for sensible heat vs. latent heat systems

