

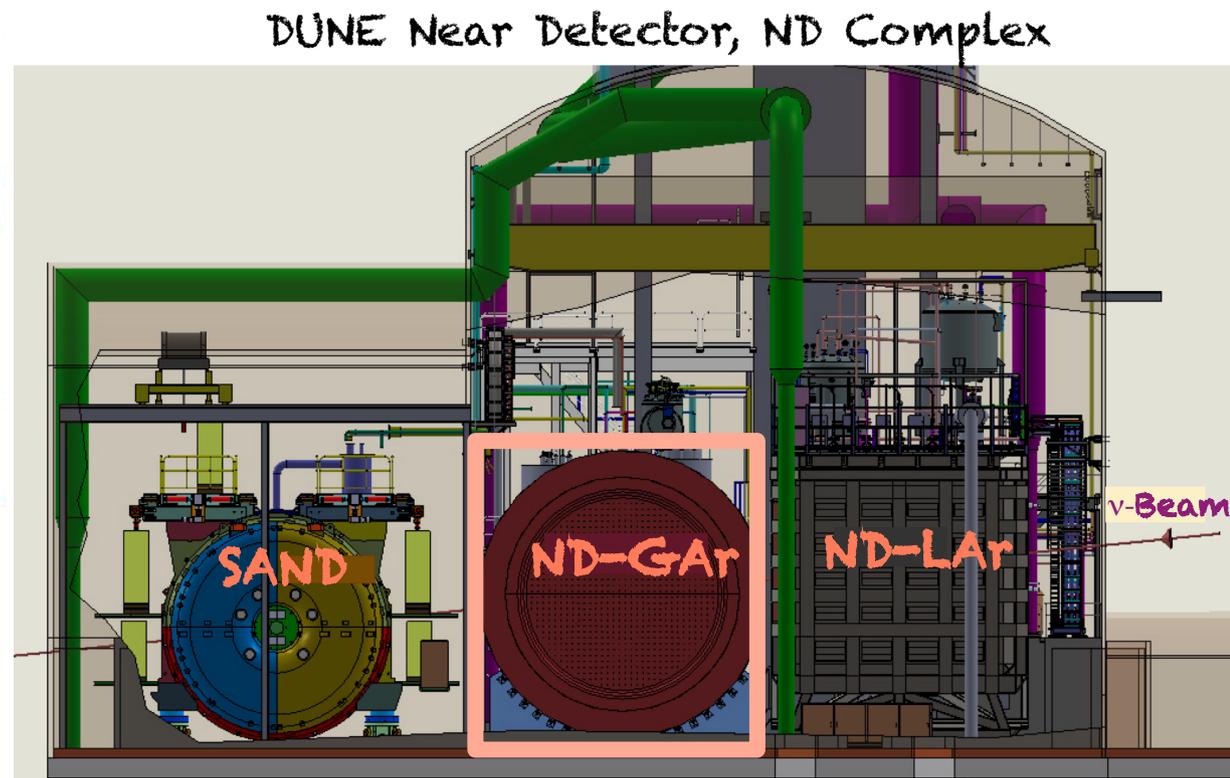
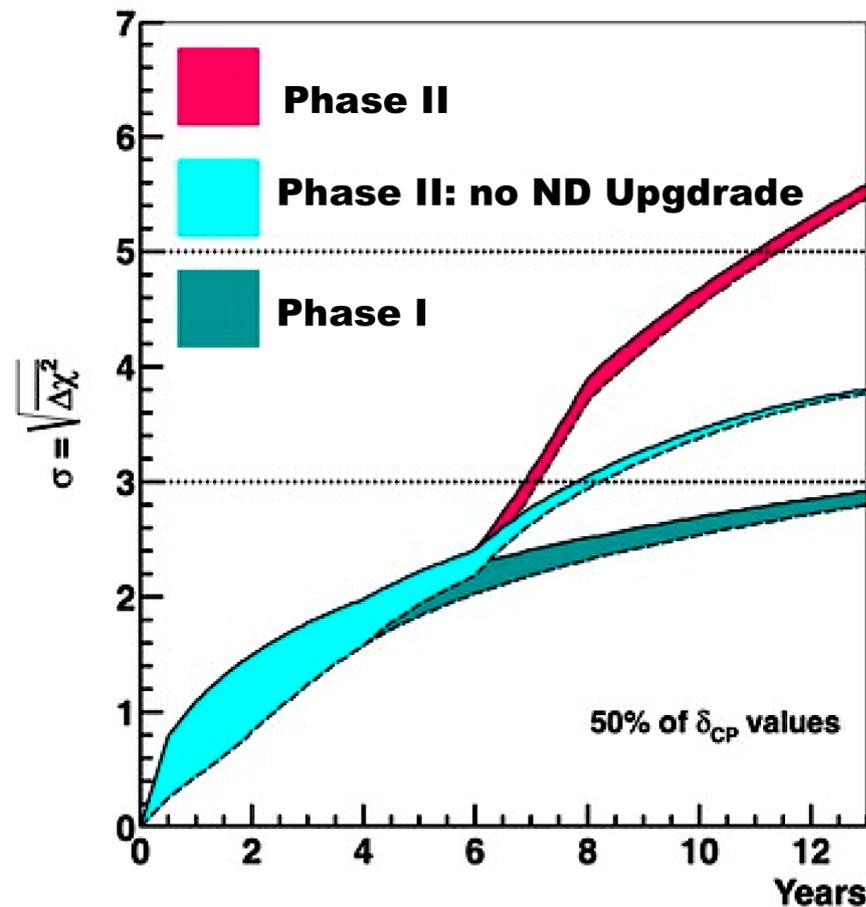


# A Gaseous Argon-Based Near Detector to Enhance the Physics Capabilities of DUNE

Tanaz Angelina Mohayai, for the DUNE Collaboration  
Snowmass Community Summer Study Workshop  
DUNE and Neutrino Interactions Session  
July 23, 2022

# Why a Gaseous-argon Based ND

- **DUNE's gaseous-argon based ND, ND-GAr (Phase II, ND Upgrade)** measures  $\nu$ -Ar interactions with low threshold and high resolution to enable  **$5\sigma$  sensitivity to CP violation** and provides the basis for a comprehensive and a strong BSM program in DUNE



in the early running, a simpler downstream detector can reconstruct muon tracks exiting ND-LAr (Phase I)

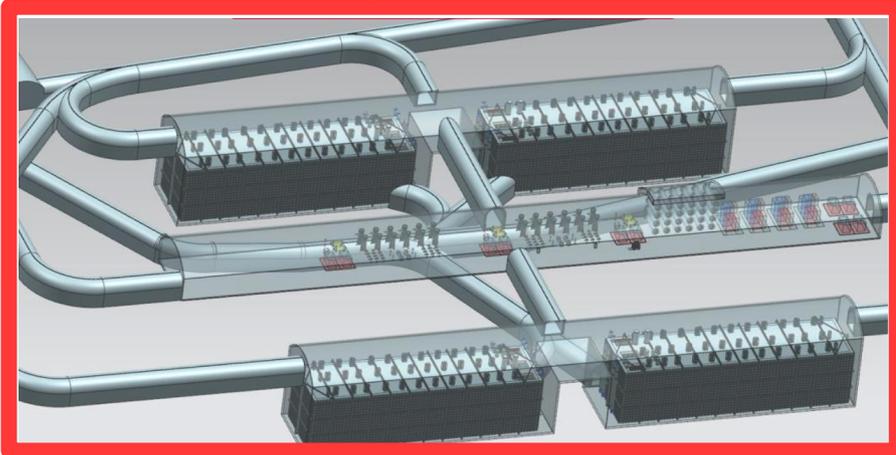
DUNE Collaboration, A. A. Abud et al. in 2022 Snowmass Summer Study, 3, 2022. arXiv:2203.06100 [hep-ex]

# ND-GAr in DUNE

- DUNE's highly capable **ND complex** includes ND-LAr (see Z. Vallari's talk [here](#)), **ND-GAr**, **SAND** (see Z. Ghorbanimoghaddam's talk [here](#)), & **DUNE-PRISM**:

- ★ Precisely measure the  $\nu$ -energy spectrum and  $\nu$ -flavor composition of the 1.2 MW (upgradable to 2.4 MW) high-intensity, wide-band  $\nu$ -beam
- ★ Precisely measure  $\nu$ -Argon cross-sections (see K. Mahn's talk [here](#))

40 kT LATPC **far detector modules**

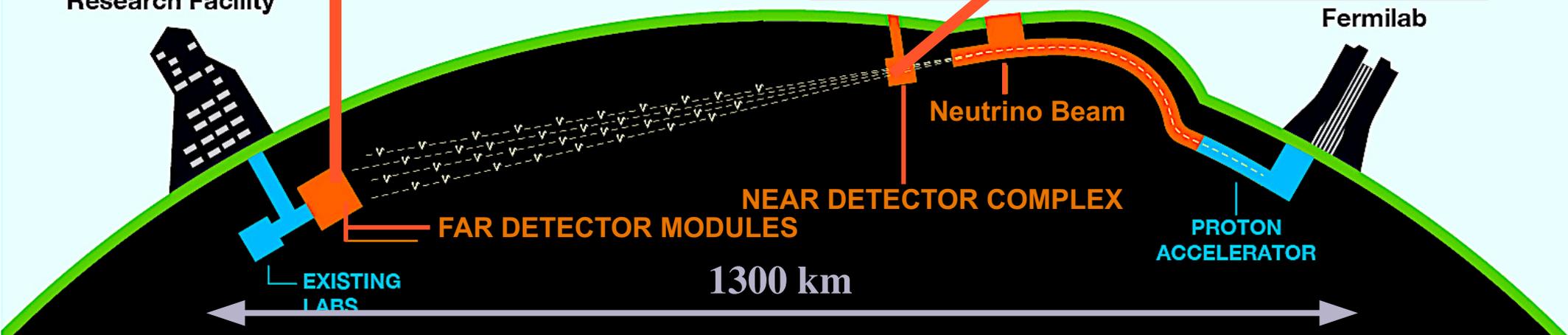


Sanford Underground Research Facility

**ND complex**



Fermilab



Neutrino Beam

NEAR DETECTOR COMPLEX

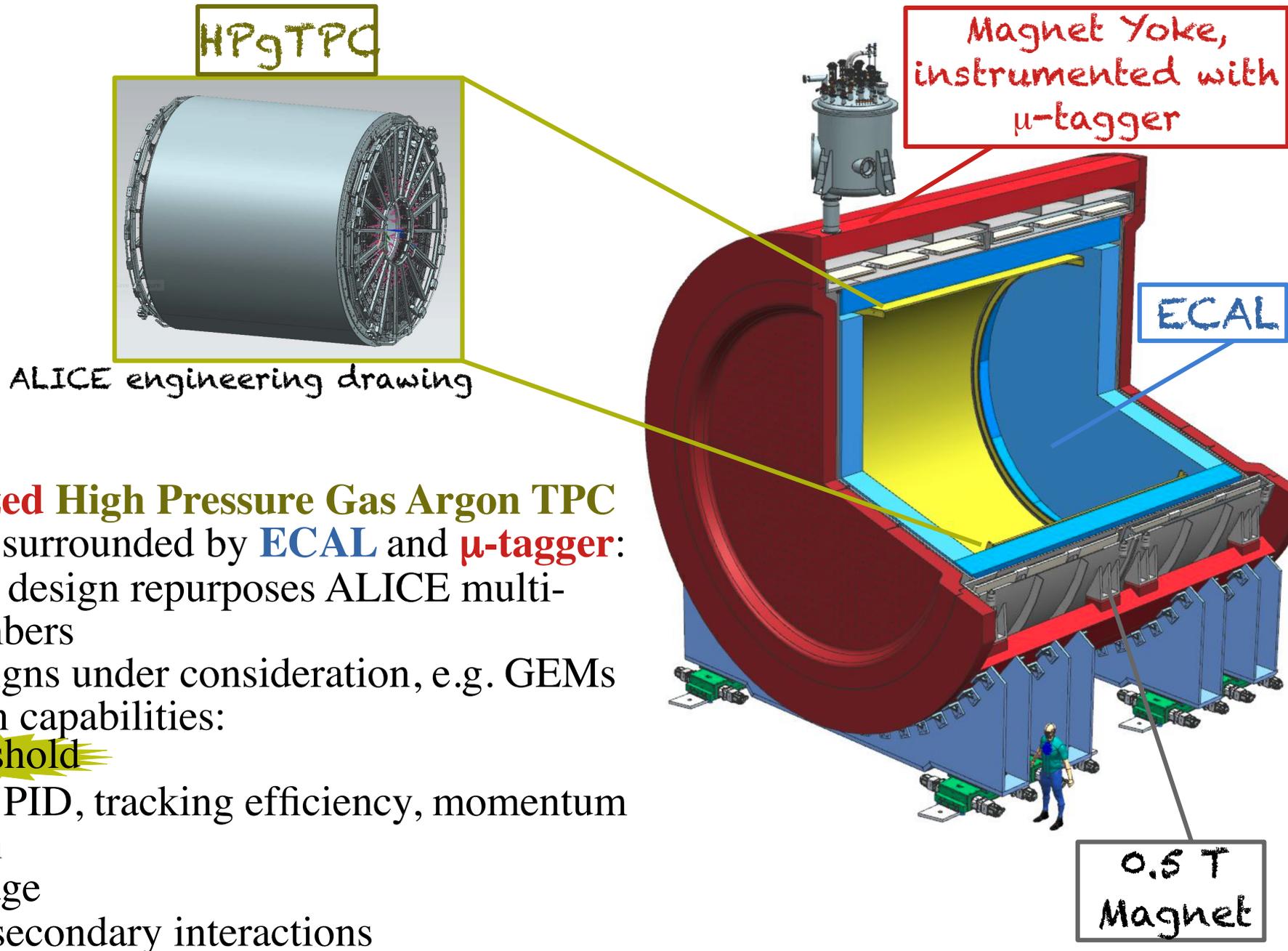
FAR DETECTOR MODULES

PROTON ACCELERATOR

1300 km

EXISTING LABS

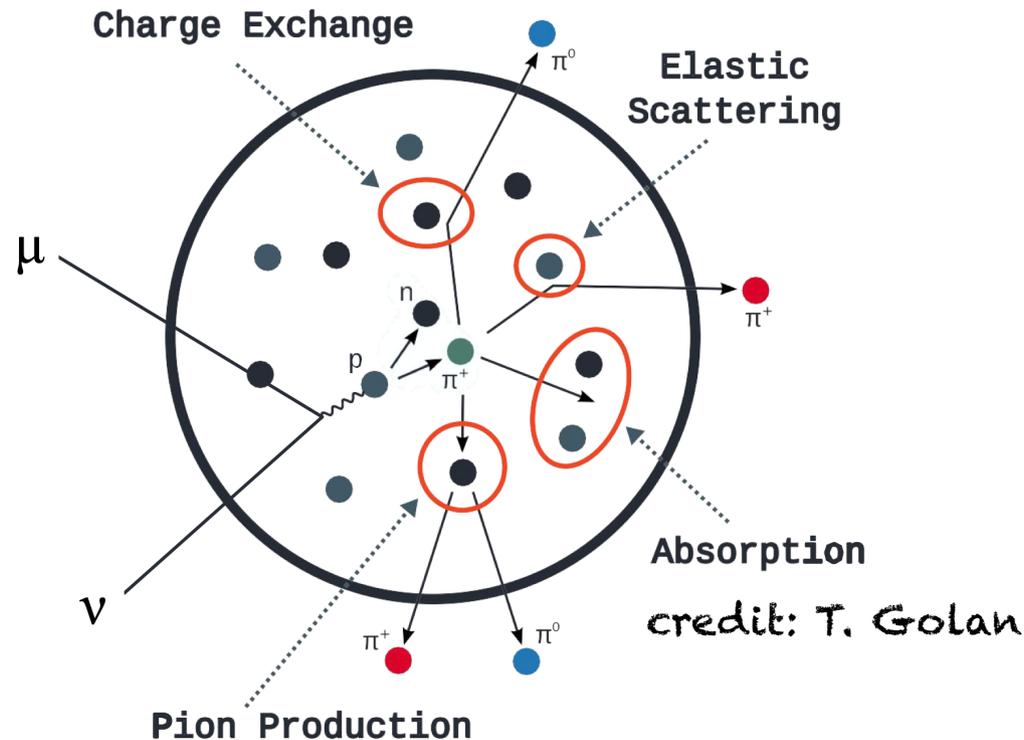
# ND-GAr Concept



- A **magnetized High Pressure Gas Argon TPC (HPgTPC)** surrounded by **ECAL** and  **$\mu$ -tagger**:
  - ★ Reference design repurposes ALICE multi-wire chambers
  - ★ Other designs under consideration, e.g. GEMs
- Main design capabilities:
  - ★ **Low threshold**
  - ★ Excellent PID, tracking efficiency, momentum resolution
  - ★  $4\pi$  coverage
  - ★ Minimal secondary interactions

# The Need for the Low Threshold ND-GAr

- Nucleus is a complicated environment (e.g. specially problematic when using heavy nuclei as target):
  - ★ Nuclear effects, e.g. final state interactions not yet fully understood
  - ★ Introduces uncertainties in neutrino energy reconstruction and neutrino event rate estimation which need to be constrained



# Examples from Existing Experiments

- Cross sections/neutrino interaction model uncertainties from existing experiments (all using high threshold detectors) are too large for DUNE
- We need to do better – low threshold ND-GAr can help

T2K <https://doi.org/10.1038/s41586-020-2177-0>

Type of Uncertainty	$\nu_e/\bar{\nu}_e$ Candidate Relative Uncertainty (%)
Super-K Detector Model	1.5
Pion Final State Interaction and Rescattering Model	1.6
Neutrino Production and Interaction Model Constrained by ND280 Data	2.7
Electron Neutrino and Antineutrino Interaction Model	3.0
Nucleon Removal Energy in Interaction Model	3.7
Modeling of Neutral Current Interactions with Single $\gamma$ Production	1.5
Modeling of Other Neutral Current Interactions	0.2
Total Systematic Uncertainty	6.0

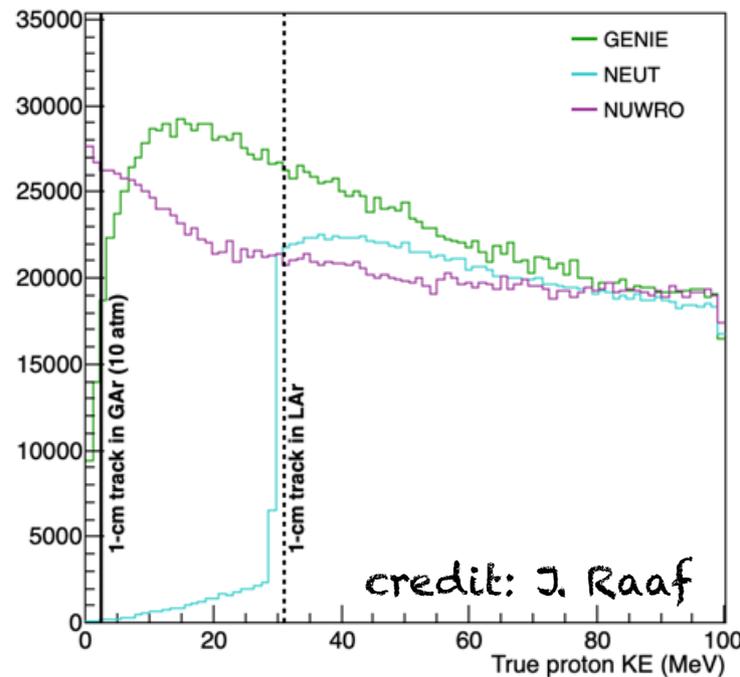
NOvA <https://doi.org/10.1103/PhysRevLett.123.151803>

Source	$\nu_e$ Signal (%)	$\nu_e$ Bkg. (%)	$\bar{\nu}_e$ Signal (%)	$\bar{\nu}_e$ Bkg. (%)
Cross-sections	+4.7/-5.8	+3.6/-3.4	+3.2/-4.2	+3.0/-2.9
Detector model	+3.7/-3.9	+1.3/-0.8	+0.6/-0.6	+3.7/-2.6
ND/FD diffs.	+3.4/-3.4	+2.6/-2.9	+4.3/-4.3	+2.8/-2.8
Calibration	+2.1/-3.2	+3.5/-3.9	+1.5/-1.7	+2.9/-0.5
Others	+1.6/-1.6	+1.5/-1.5	+1.4/-1.2	+1.0/-1.0
Total	+7.4/-8.5	+5.6/-6.2	+5.8/-6.4	+6.3/-4.9

# The Need for the Low Threshold ND-GAr

- Lower threshold of **ND-GAr's HPgTPC** than **ND-LAr**:
  - ★ Leads to high sensitivity to low energy protons or pions:
  - ★ Reveals discrepancies between neutrino event generators, getting us closer to choosing more accurate neutrino-nucleus interaction models and constraining uncertainties in neutrino oscillation measurements

neutrino generator discrepancies  
at low proton KE, accessible with a  
GAr-based detector



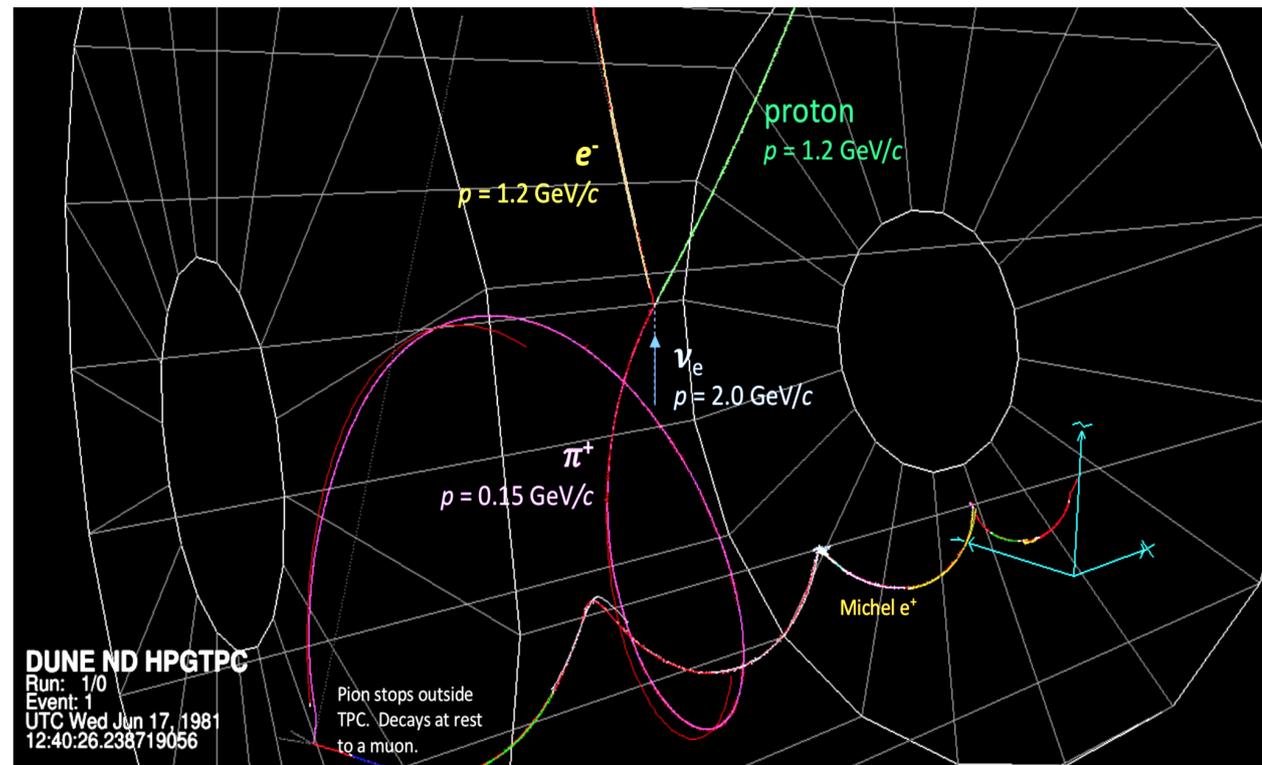
# A Wealth of $\nu$ -Argon Interaction Data

- Using high-pressure gas-argon as detecting medium allows for an independent sample of  $\nu$ -interactions on argon and constrains the cross-section systematic uncertainties to the level needed by the oscillation analysis
  - e.g. high statistics sample of exclusive neutrino interactions without a **pion** or **with some number of pions in final state**

1 ton fiducial mass for 1 year of  $\nu$ -mode running with a 1.2MW Beam Power

Event class	Number of events per ton-year
$\nu_\mu$ CC	$1.6 \times 10^6$
$\bar{\nu}_\mu$ CC	$7.1 \times 10^4$
$\nu_e + \bar{\nu}_e$ CC	$2.9 \times 10^4$
NC total	$5.5 \times 10^5$
$\nu_\mu$ CC0 $\pi$	$5.9 \times 10^5$
$\nu_\mu$ CC1 $\pi^\pm$	$4.1 \times 10^5$
$\nu_\mu$ CC1 $\pi^0$	$1.6 \times 10^5$
$\nu_\mu$ CC2 $\pi$	$2.1 \times 10^5$
$\nu_\mu$ CC3 $\pi$	$9.2 \times 10^4$
$\nu_\mu$ CC other	$1.8 \times 10^5$

A detailed view of the  $\nu$ -interaction vertex

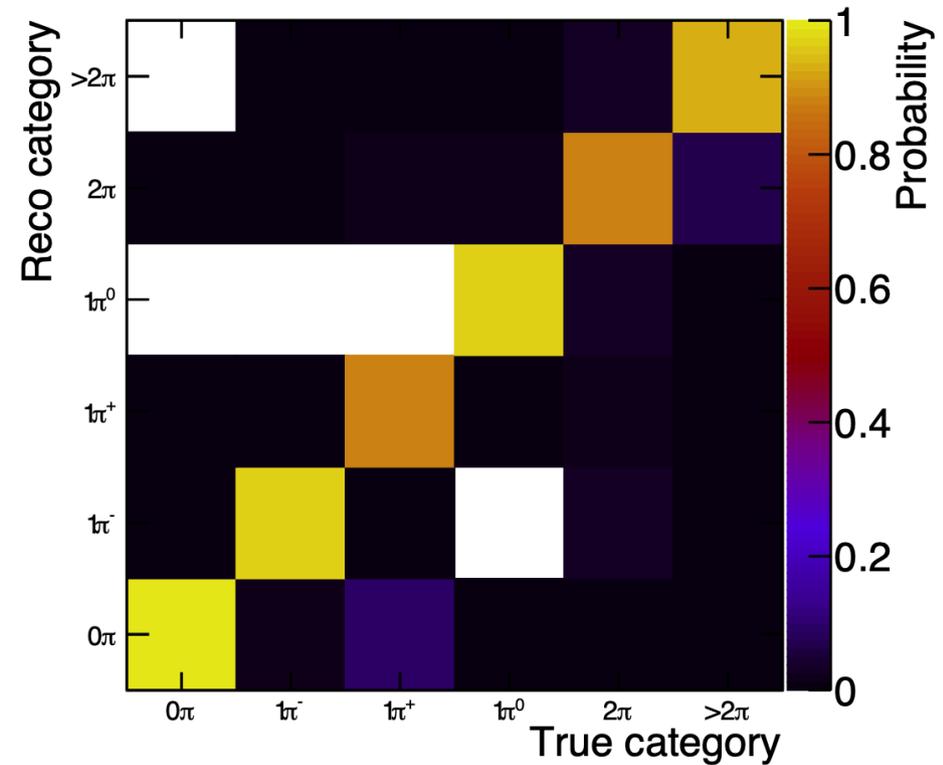
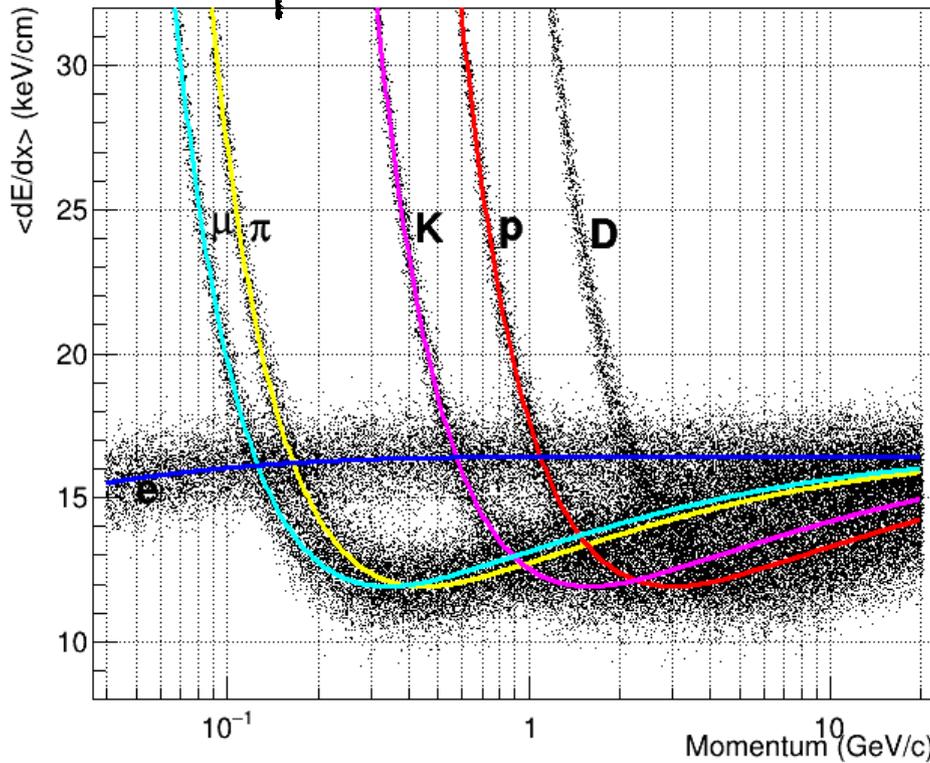




# Superb PID for $\nu$ -Ar Interaction Measurements

- $dE/dx$  resolution: 0.8 keV/cm
- Excellent PID combined with low threshold feature allows ND-GAr to help with correctly identifying the **different final state topologies e.g. pion multiplicities** very well

*dE/dx-based PID will be comparable to PEP-4's*

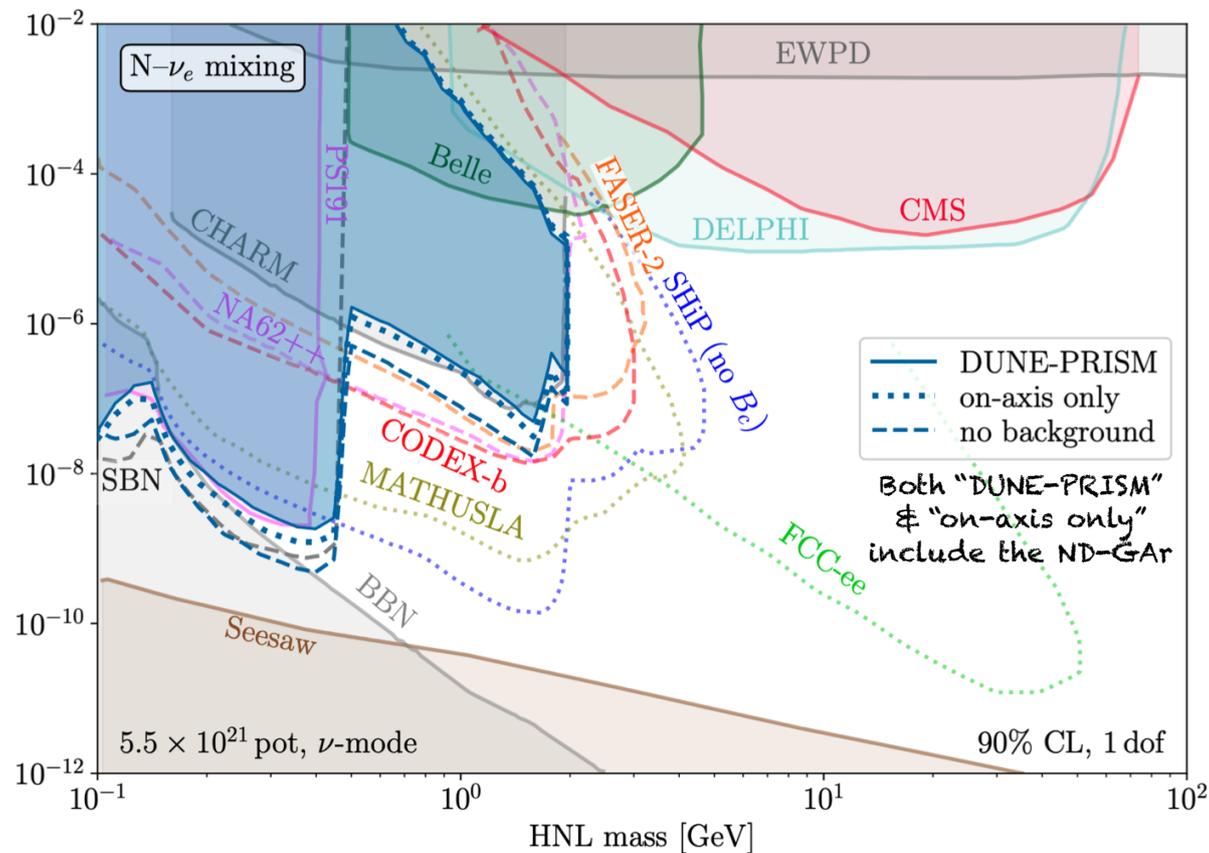


DUNE Collaboration, A. Abed Abud et al. Instruments 5 no. 4, (2021) 31, arXiv:2103.13910 [physics.ins-det].

# BSM Reach

- In addition to precise measurements of neutrino-argon cross sections, ND-GAr also enables a rich BSM physics program in DUNE, e.g. rare events such as:

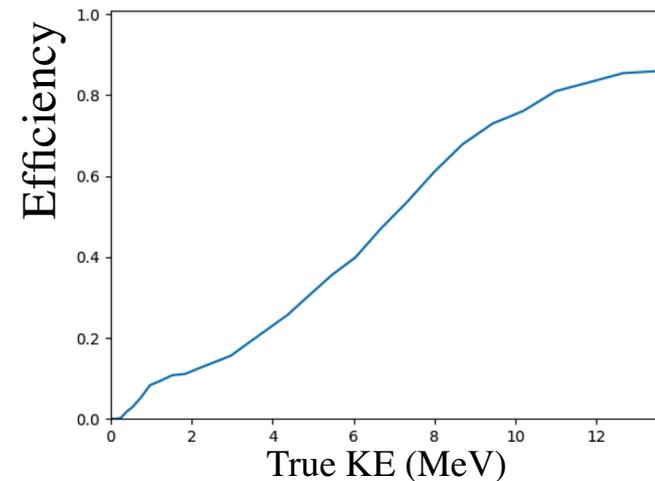
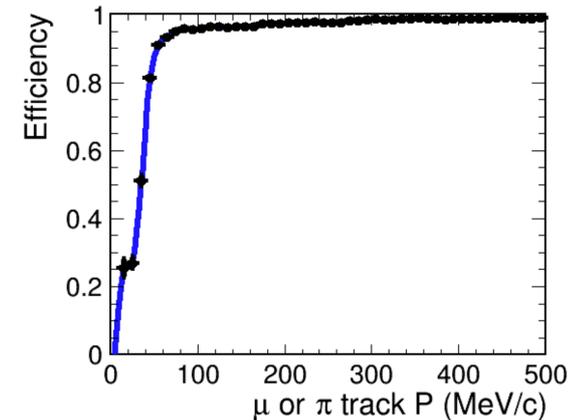
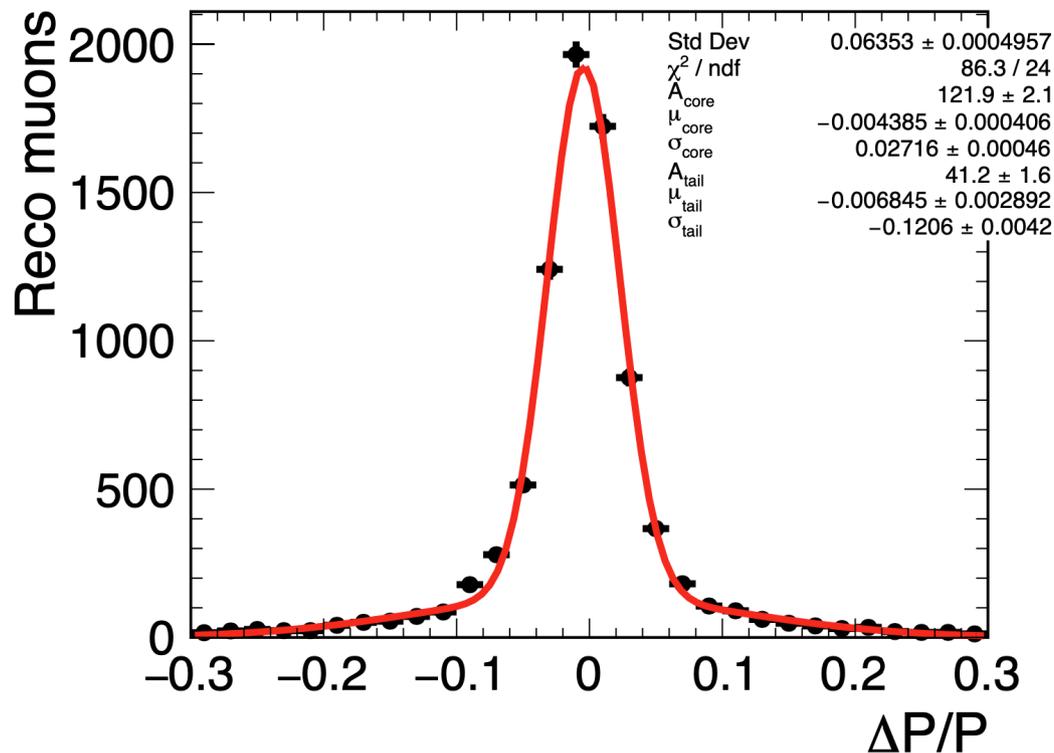
- ★ Neutrino tridents
- ★ Heavy neutral leptons, HNL
- ★ Anomalous Tau neutrinos
- ★ Light dark matter
- ★ Heavy axions



M. Breitbach, L. Buonocore, C. Frugiuele, J. Kopp and L. Mittnacht, Searching for physics beyond the standard model in an off-axis dune near detector, 2102.03383

# Projected Performance

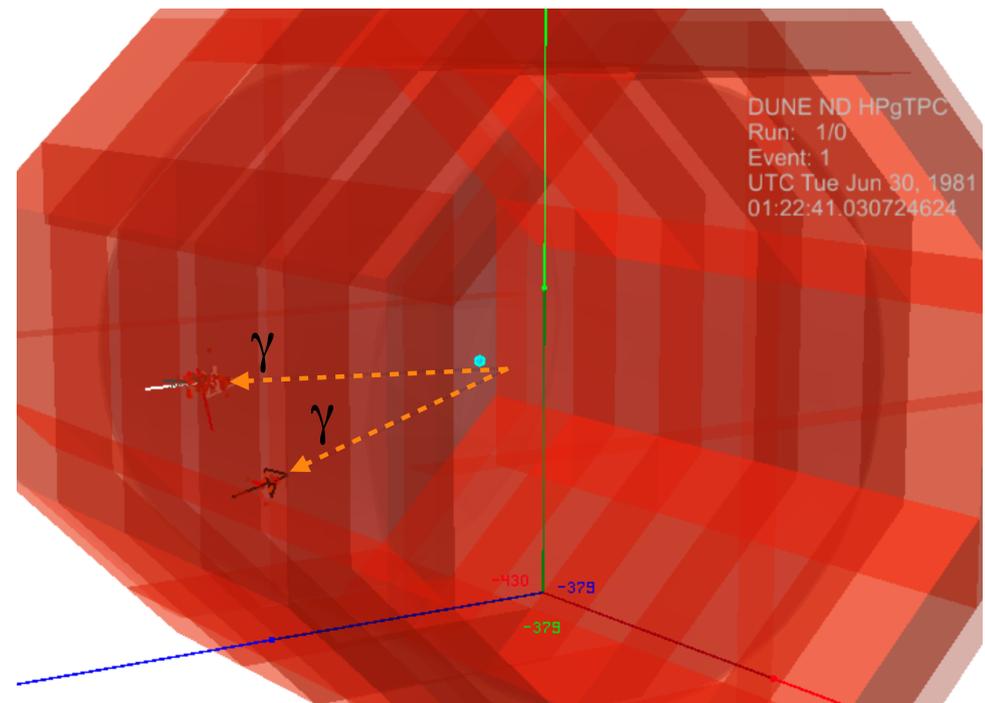
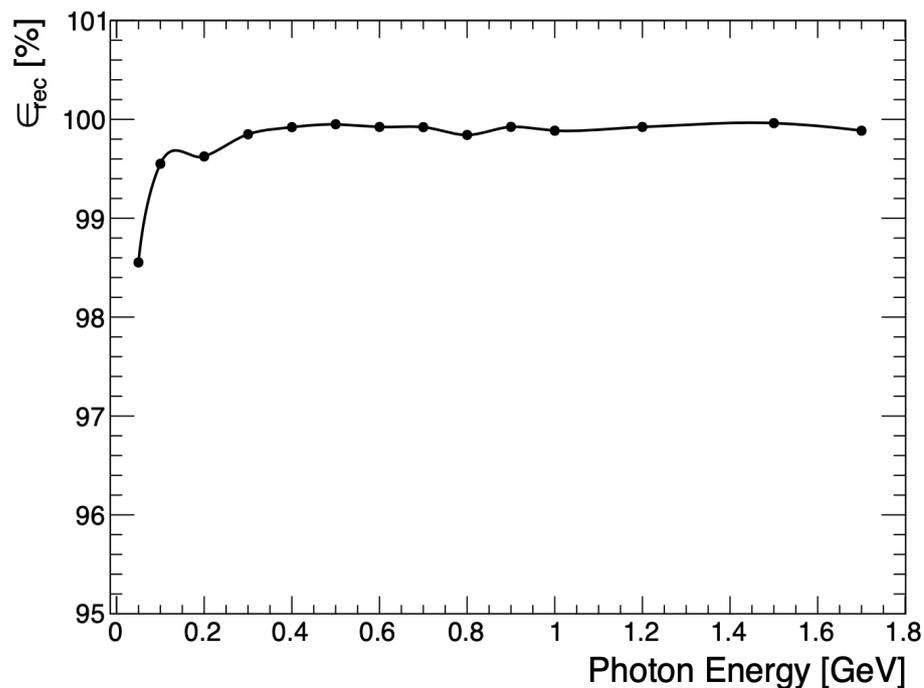
- A full end-to-end simulation and reconstruction already exists (GArSoft)!
- ★ Momentum resolution and tracking efficiency from a sample of muon neutrino events: **2.7%** & **>90%** for tracks with **>40 MeV/c momenta**, respectively
- ★ Proton tracking efficiency from a sample of isotropic protons at the vertex: **>80%** for proton tracks with **>10 MeV energies**



DUNE Collaboration, A. Abed Abud et al. Instruments 5 no. 4, (2021) 31, arXiv:2103.13910 [physics.ins-det].

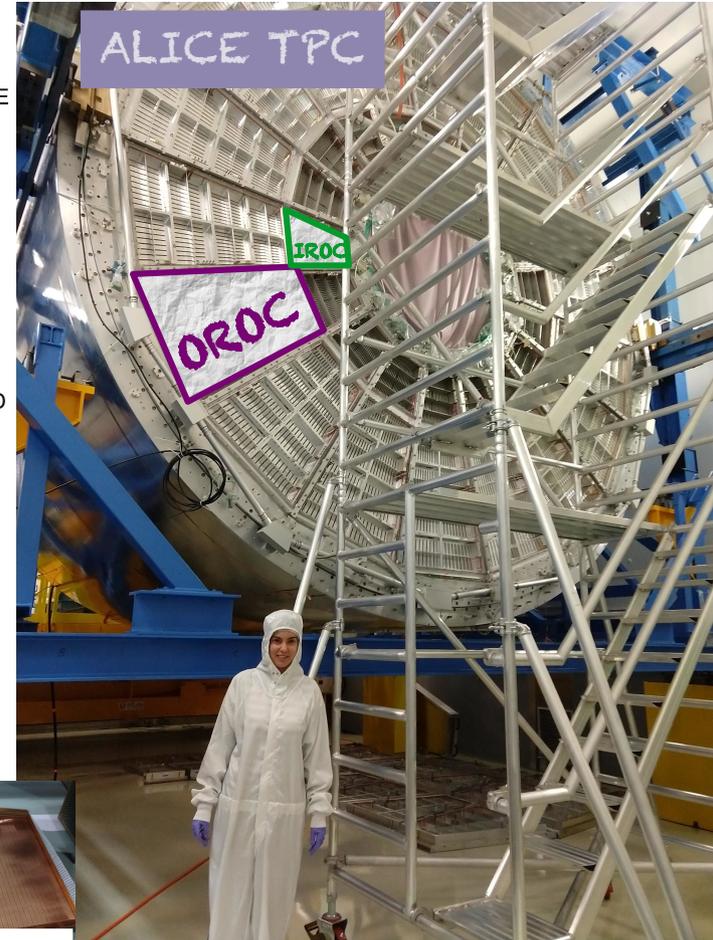
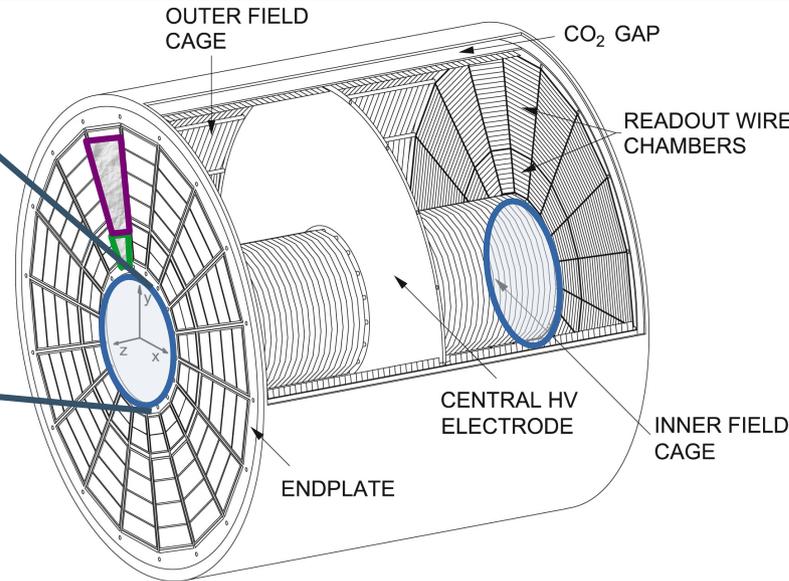
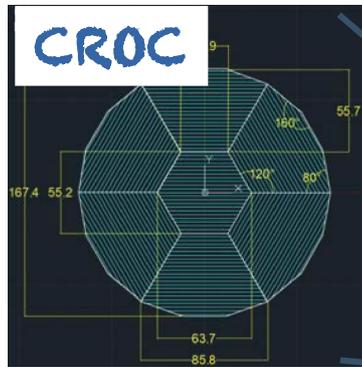
# Projected Performance

- ECAL can efficiently tag/reject  $\pi^0$ s,  $\gamma$ s (background to electron-neutrinos), neutrons – without ECAL, sensitivity to neutral particles is almost non-existent
- Can also tag/reject outside of fiducial volume backgrounds using timing



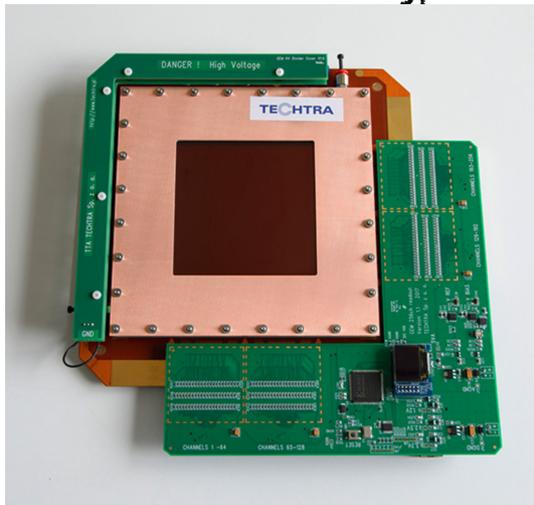
DUNE Collaboration, A. Abed Abud et al. Instruments 5 no. 4, (2021) 31, arXiv:2103.13910 [physics.ins-det].

# R&D Efforts



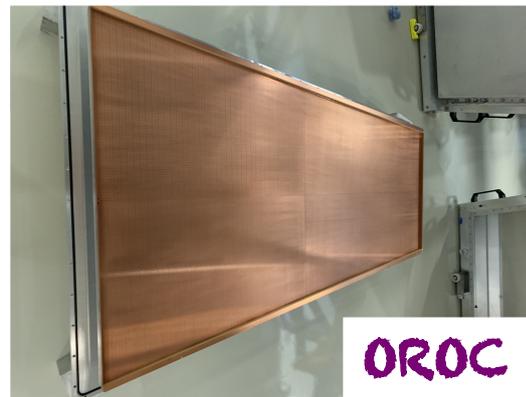
ALICE multi-wire proportional chambers

Example of a Fully-assembled GEM TPC Prototype



Techtra TTA

<http://techtra.pl/en/technology/gem-based-detector/>



- Bulk of the charge readout R&D focused on optimizing the ALICE **inner (IROC)** and **outer (OROC)** multiwire chambers, **CROCs** need to be built
- But there are opportunities for exploring alternate designs, e.g. **Gas-electron multipliers, GEMs (T. Mohayai FNAL New Initiatives R&D award)**

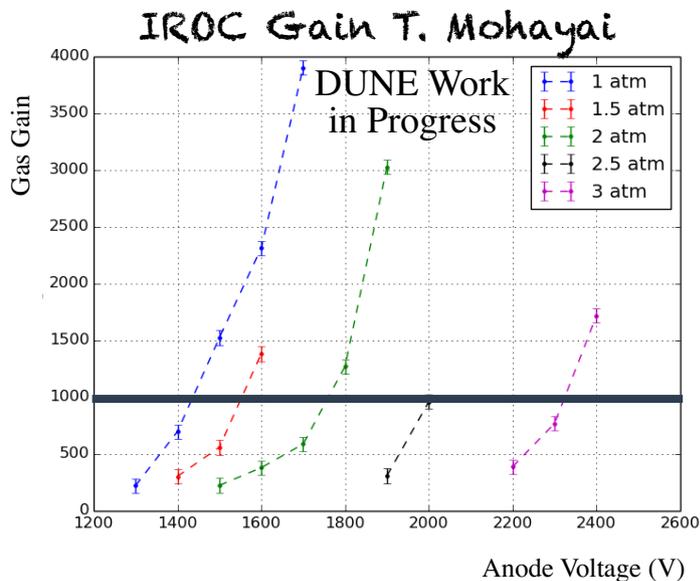
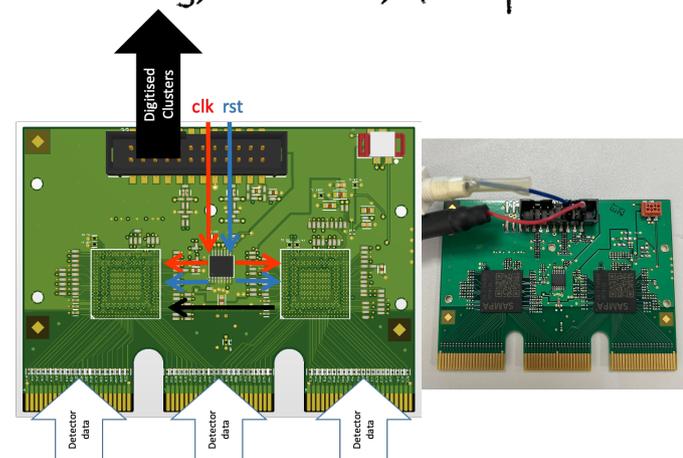
# R&D Efforts

- What is involved in the charge readout optimization studies:
  - ★ Testing the chambers @ various pressures up to 10 atm (e.g. ALICE chambers previously operated at 1 atm)

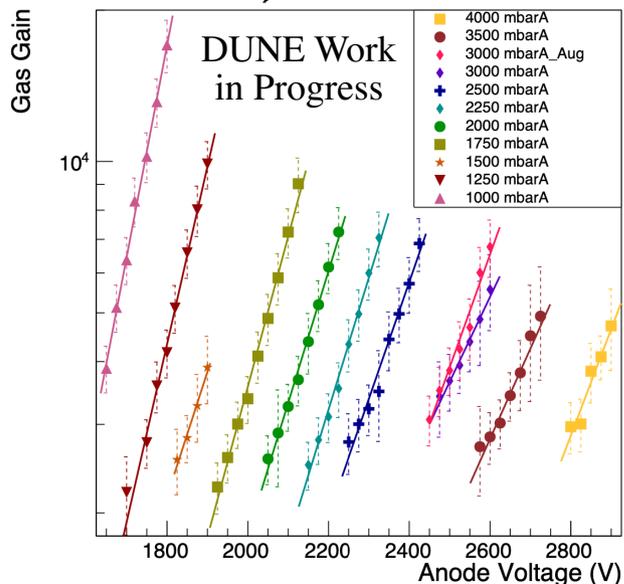
Fermilab Test Stand, housing an IROC



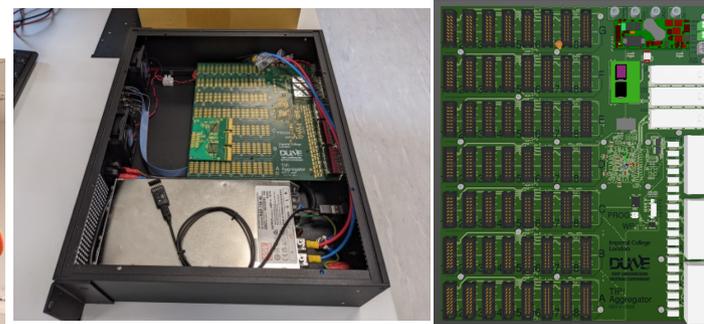
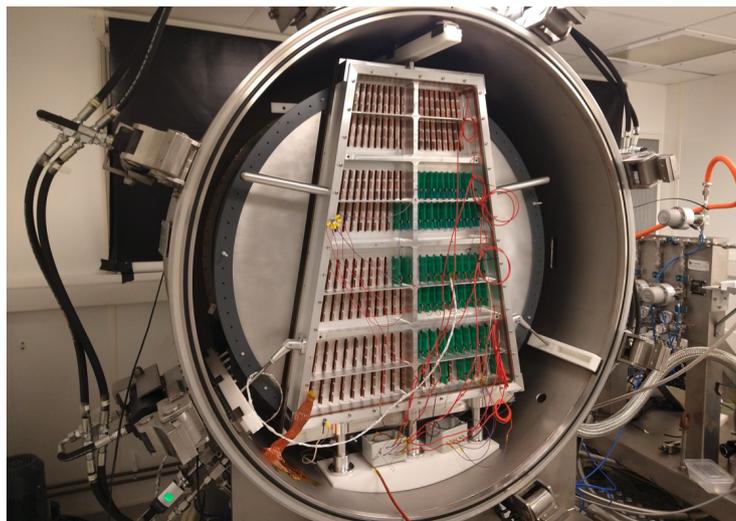
Electronics under development by Pittsburg, Fermilab, & Imperial



OROC Gain, A. Ritchie-Yates

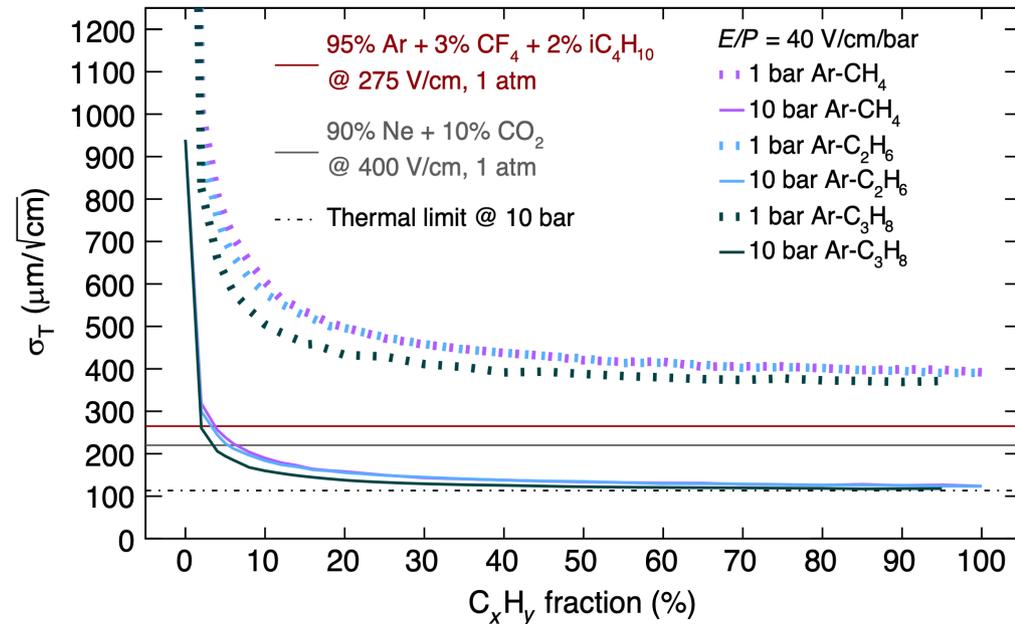
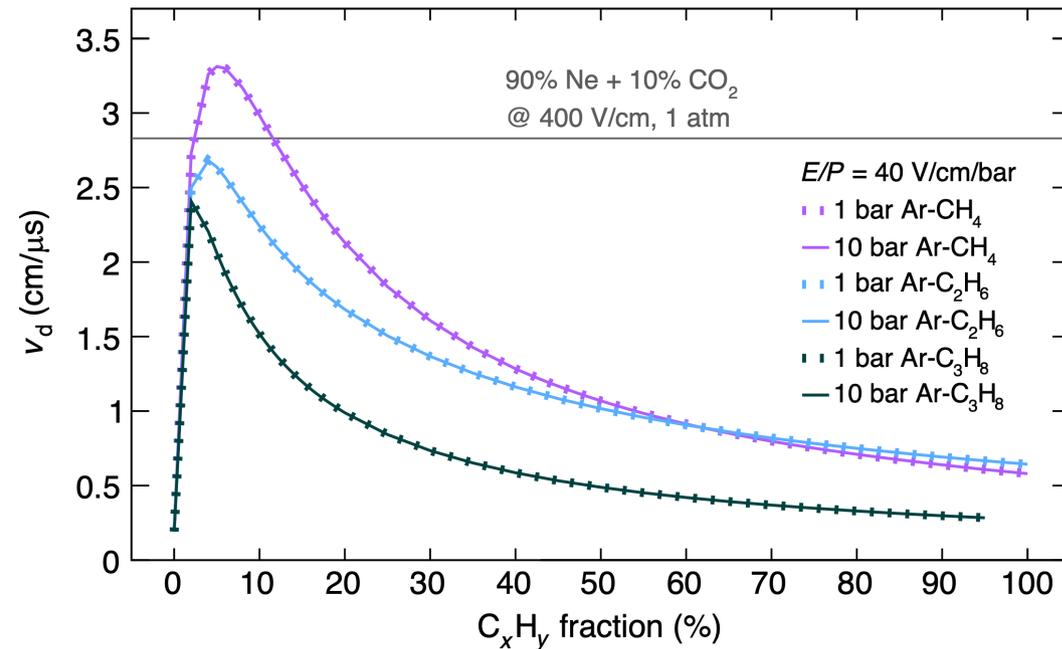


Royal Holloway Test Stand, housing an OROC, moving to Fermilab Test Beam



# R&D Efforts

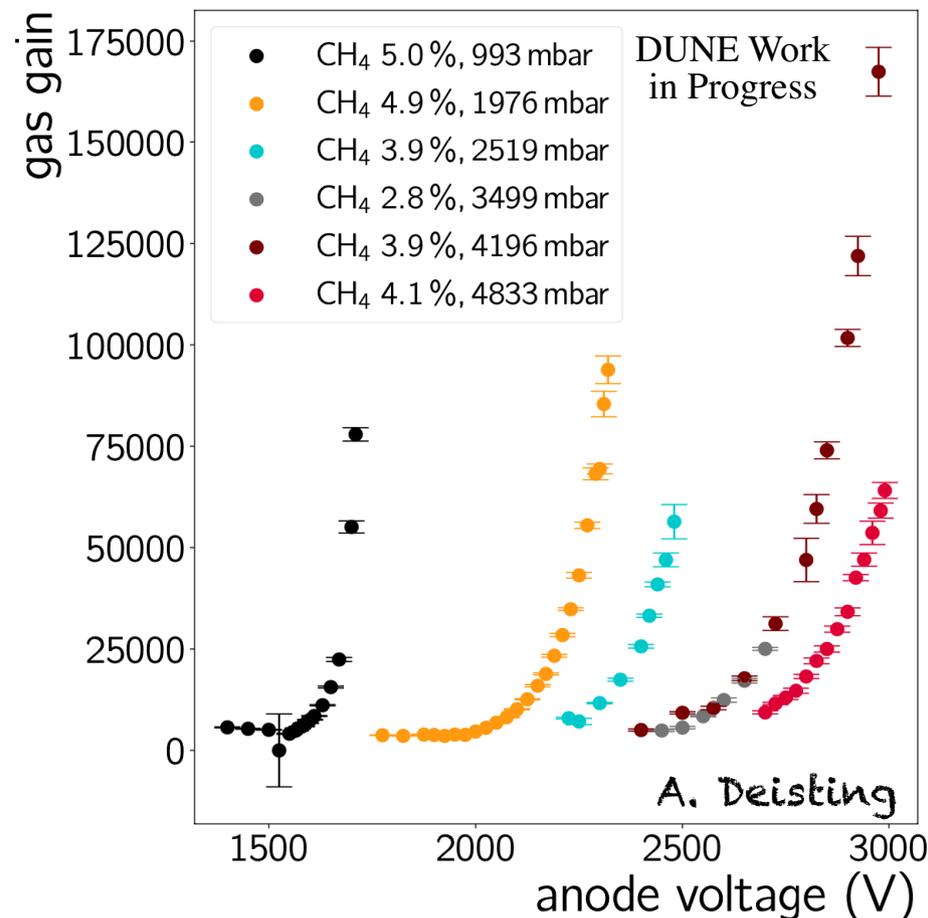
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  - ★ Defining a base gas mixture – reference is argon-based gas with 10% CH<sub>4</sub> admixture (97% of interactions on Ar) but can be optimized to:
    - ▶ Control pile up (drift velocity) and improve spatial resolution (diffusion)



P. Hamacher-Baumann et al., Phys. Rev. D 102, 033005 (2020)

# R&D Efforts

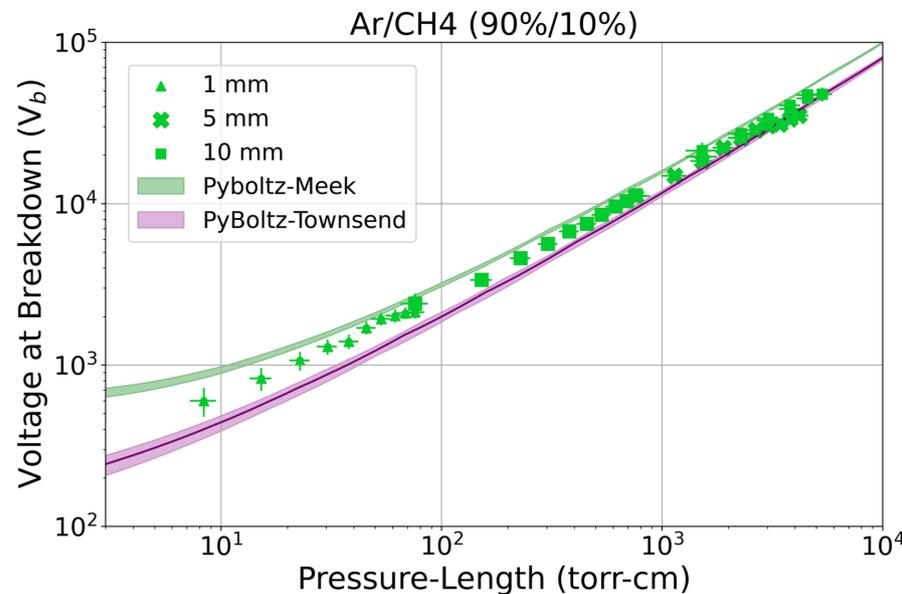
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    - ▶ Maximize gas gain





# R&D Efforts

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    - ▶ Control pile up (drift velocity) and improve spatial resolution (diffusion)
    - ▶ Maximize gas gain, while minimizing gas electrical breakdown

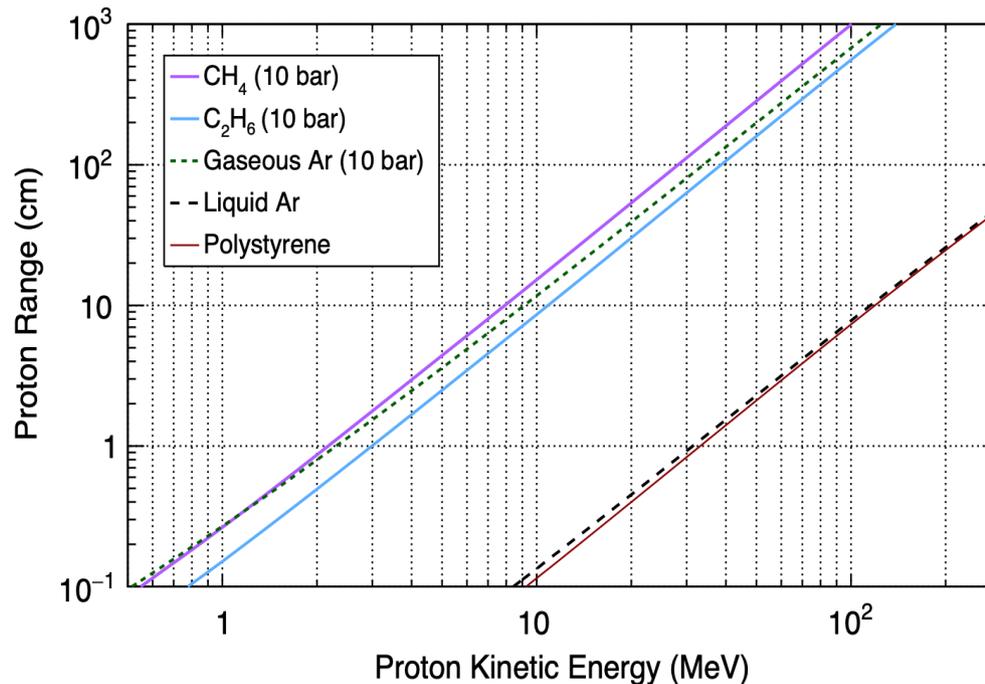


Norman, L. *et al.* Dielectric strength of noble and quenched gases for high pressure time projection chambers. *Eur. Phys. J. C* **82**, 52 (2022)

Projected Breakdown Voltage at 10 bar, 1 cm (kV)							
	Ar	Xe	Ar-CF <sub>4</sub>	Ar-CH <sub>4</sub>	Ar-CO <sub>2</sub>	CO <sub>2</sub>	CF <sub>4</sub>
Townsend	<b>52.6</b>	<b>75.4</b>	61.7	63.9	68.6	129.5	179.7
Meek	69.9	98.9	72.1	80.3	87.3	<b>171.2</b>	<b>212.2</b>

# R&D Efforts

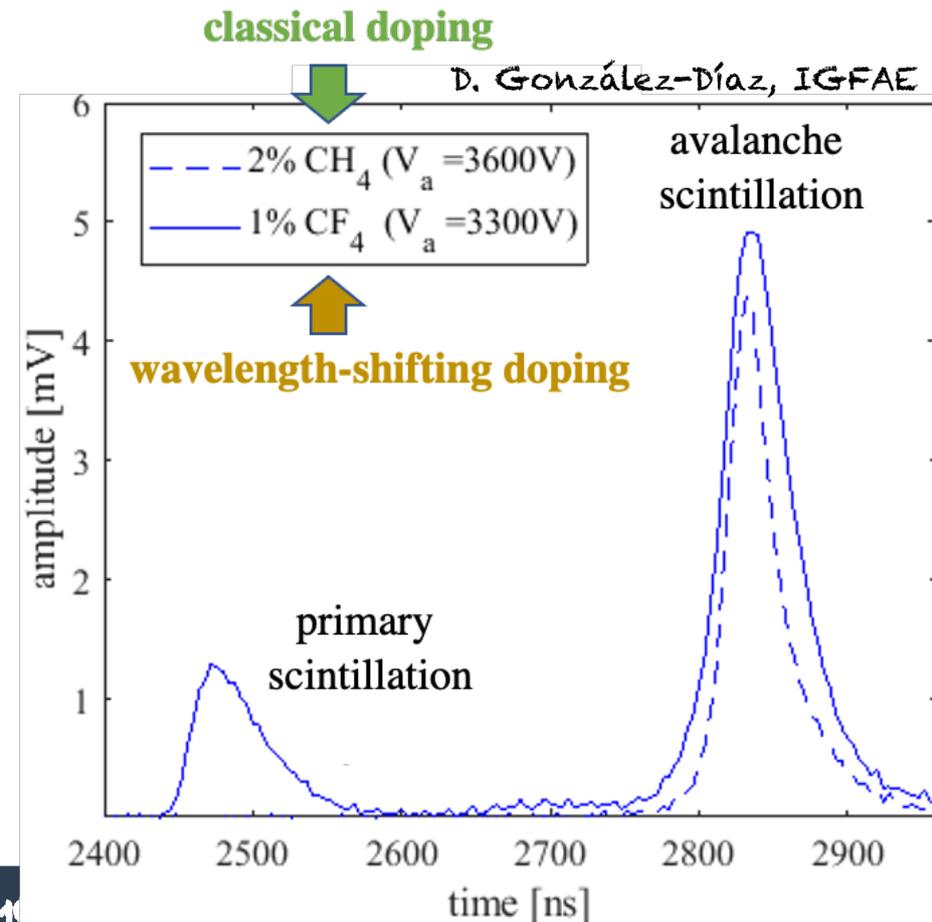
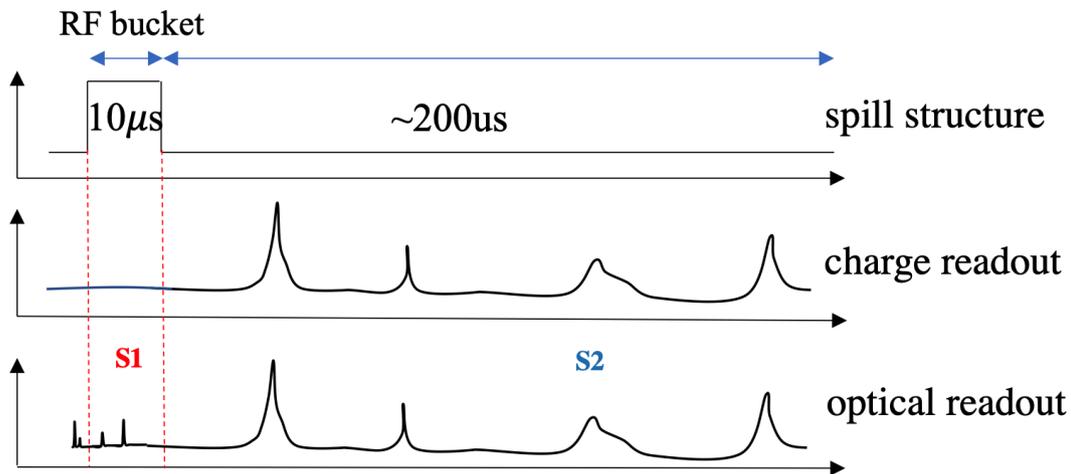
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    - ▶ Control pile up (drift velocity) and improve spatial resolution (diffusion)
    - ▶ Maximize gas gain, while minimizing gas electrical breakdown
    - ▶ Ability to operate with a hydrogen-rich gas mixture to probe more fundamental neutrino-hydrogen interactions



P. Hamacher-Baumann et al., Phys. Rev. D 102, 033005 (2020)

# R&D Efforts

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    - ▶ Control pile up (drift velocity) and improve spatial resolution (diffusion)
    - ▶ Maximize gas gain, while minimizing gas electrical breakdown
    - ▶ Ability to operate with a hydrogen-rich gas mixture to probe more fundamental neutrino-hydrogen interactions
- Optical readout & light collection:
  - ★ Choose an admixture/dopant that will not quench the scintillation signal
  - ★ Benefits: t<sub>0</sub> time-tag, BSM searches, improved track matching with ND-LAr, neutral particle reconstruction via time-of-flight, NC interaction



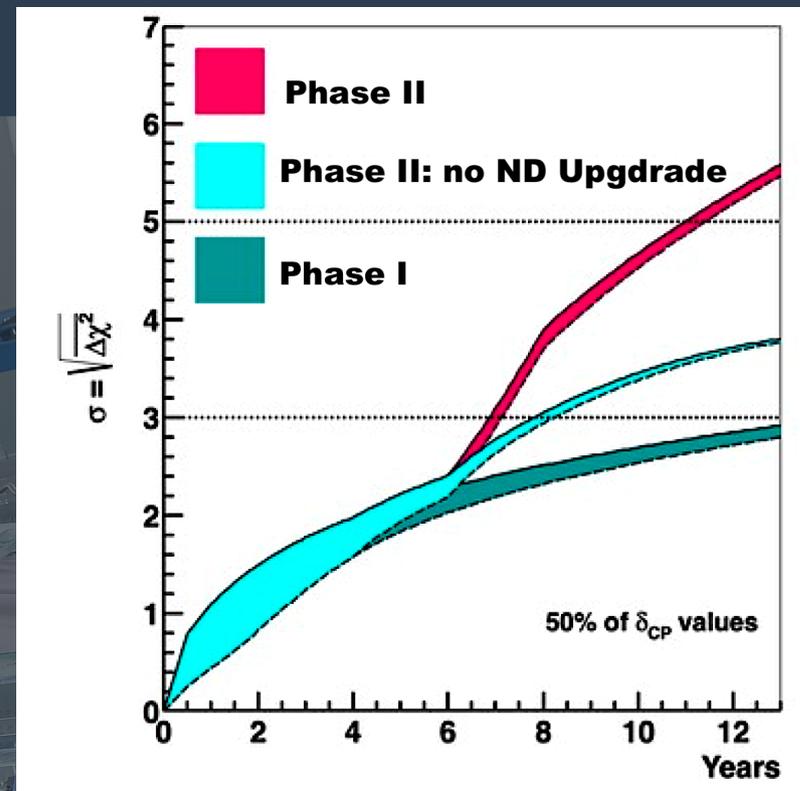
# Summary

The DUNE ND-GAr unique design includes components that enable:

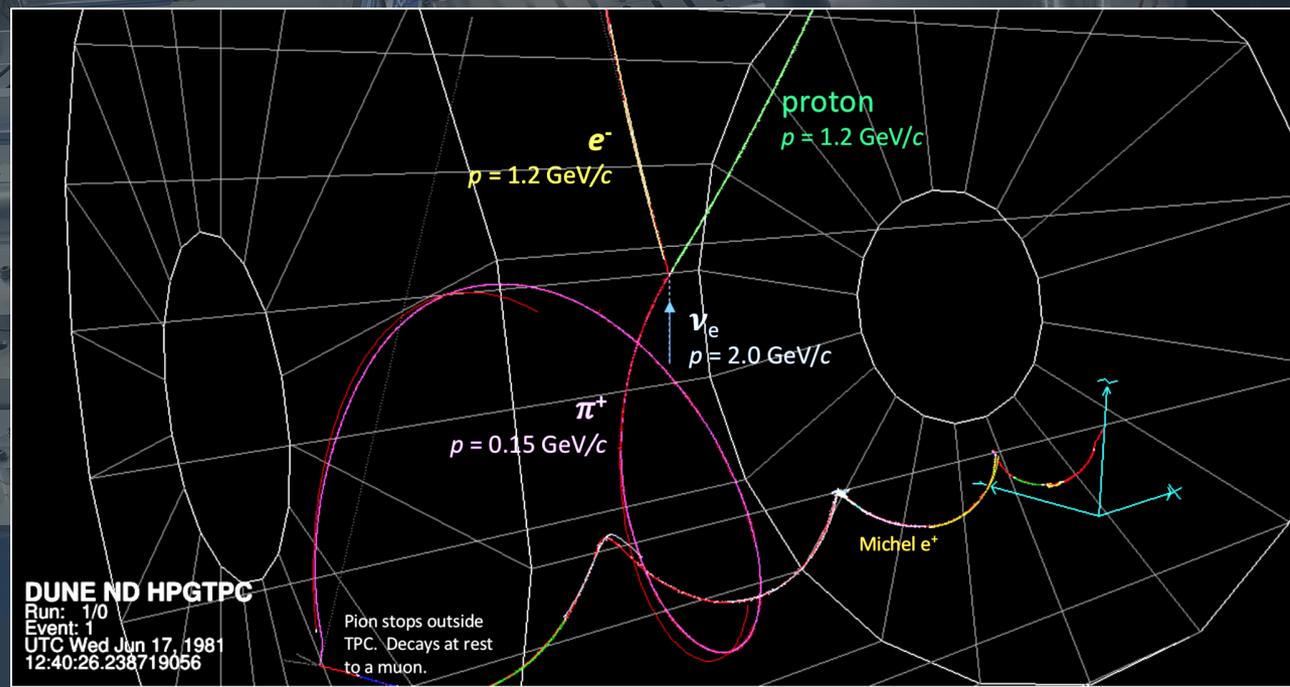
- ★ DUNE to reach  $5\sigma$  sensitivity to CP violation
- ★ A close-up view of  $\nu$ -Ar interactions to more precisely identify and resolve the discrepancies in neutrino-nucleus interaction models
- ★ A comprehensive search for rare decays and symmetries beyond the standard model

A wide range of detector R&D efforts are underway to build a highly capable ND-GAr:

- ★ Besides R&D on the acquired ALICE multiwire readout chambers, we are exploring various new detector R&D areas, including GEM development & optical readout



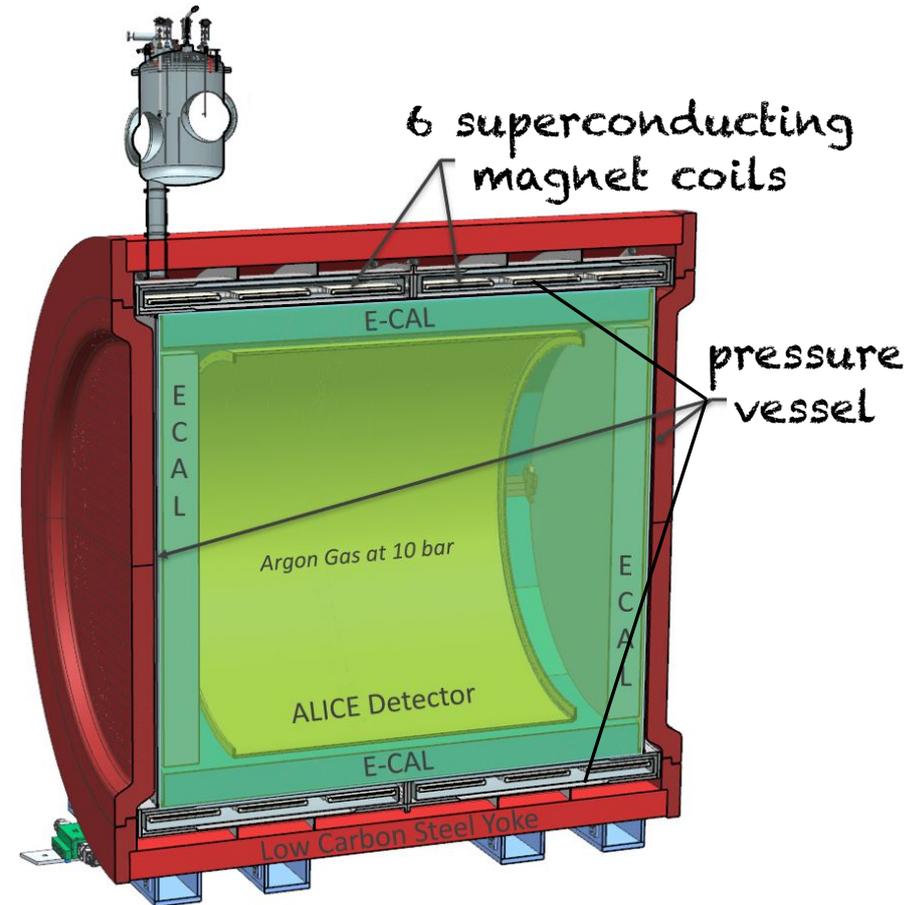
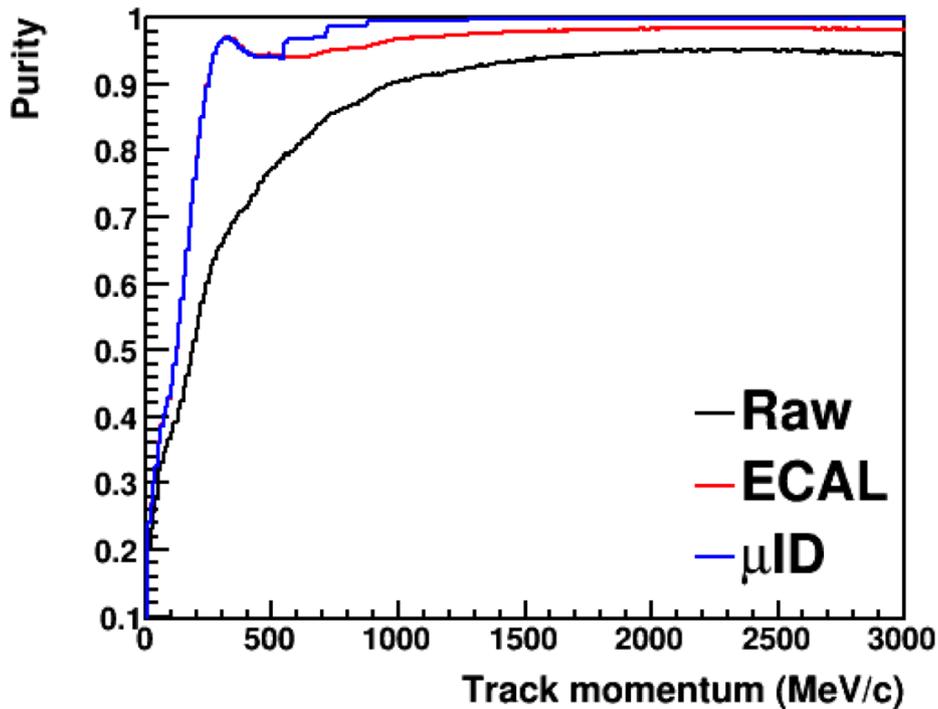
DUNE Collaboration, A. A. Abud et al. in 2022 Snowmass Summer Study, 3, 2022. arXiv:2203.06100



Additional  
Slides

# Projected Performance

- High-momentum muons and pions will range out of ECAL
- A muon tagger can achieve a purity of 100% above 1 GeV/c



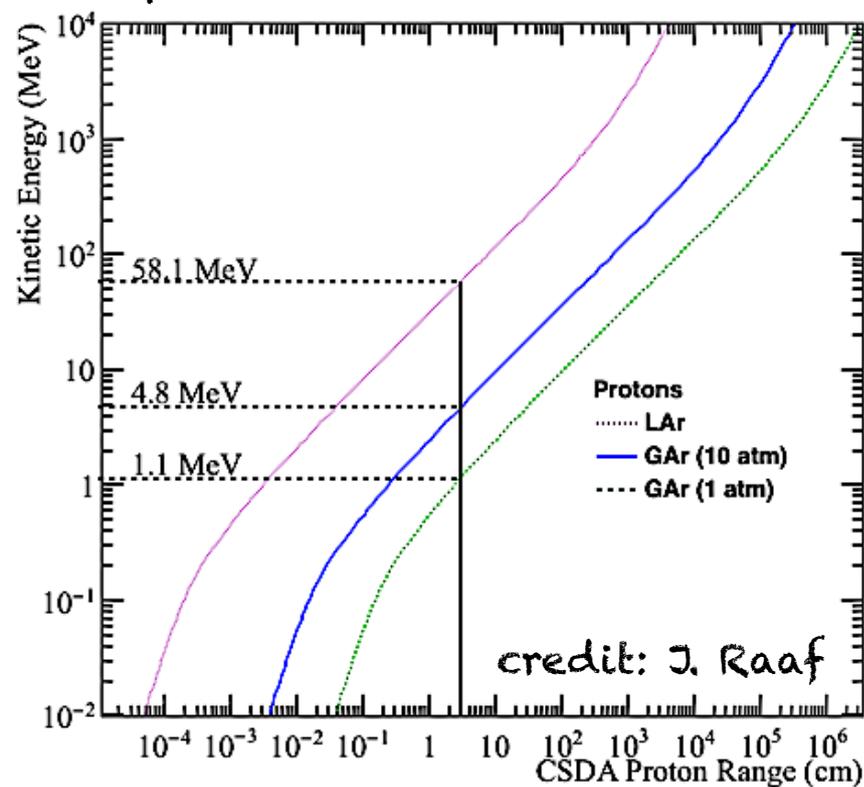
magnet yoke instrumented with a muon tagger, μID

DUNE Collaboration, A. Abed Abud et al. Instruments 5 no. 4, (2021) 31, arXiv:2103.13910 [physics.ins-det].

# Low Threshold ND-GAr

- Lower threshold of **ND-GAr's HPgTPC** than **ND-LAr**:
  - ★ Leads to a high sensitivity to low energy protons or pions:

A GAr-based detector sees lower KE protons than a LArTPC



# Gas Multiplication Gain Concept

