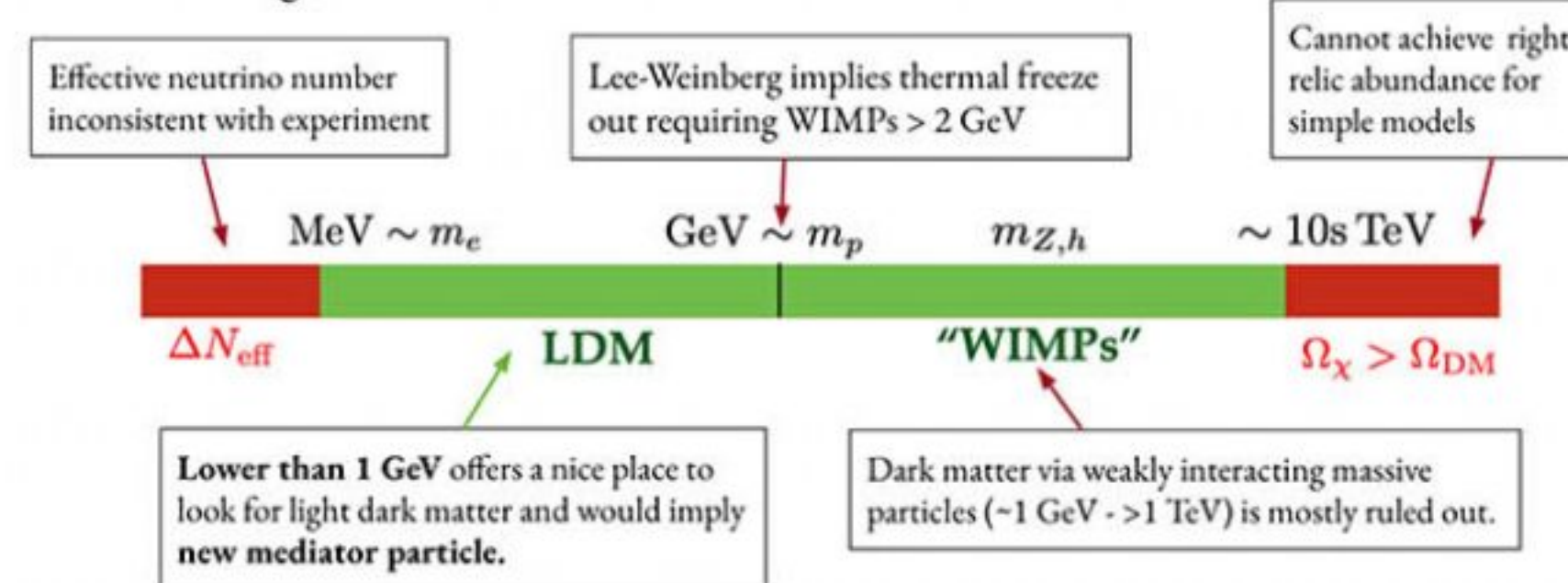


Motivations

Recent phenomenological advances in accelerator searches for “hidden sector” dark matter (DM) models arise from the realization that the existence of *sub-GeV* thermal relic DM requires a new force [3]. The benchmark model envisions LDM to be charged under a new $U(1)'$ gauge boson (the vector mediator, dark/heavy photon, A') that kinetically mixes with standard model photons [1].

Searching for Dark Matter



The **Light Dark Matter eXperiment (LDMX)** is a planned electron-beam fixed-target missing-momentum experiment that has unique sensitivity to light DM in the sub-GeV range. The production process in electron fixed-target experiments is closely analogous to Bremsstrahlung, where instead of a typical photon emitted by the deceleration of the electron, a heavy or “dark” photon is emitted, hence “dark bremsstrahlung.”

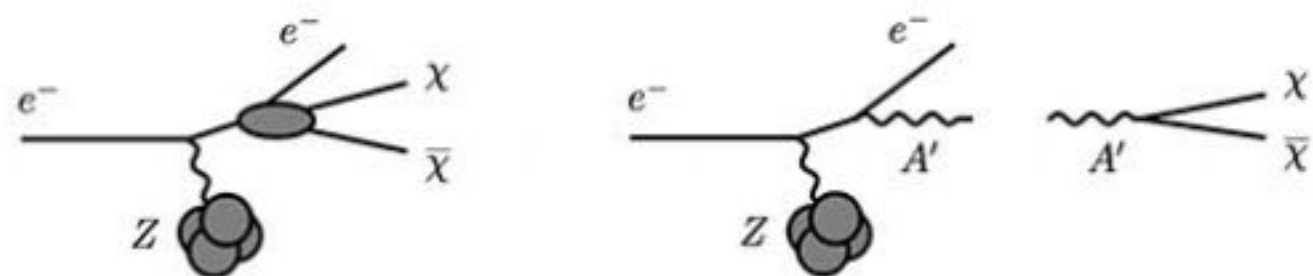
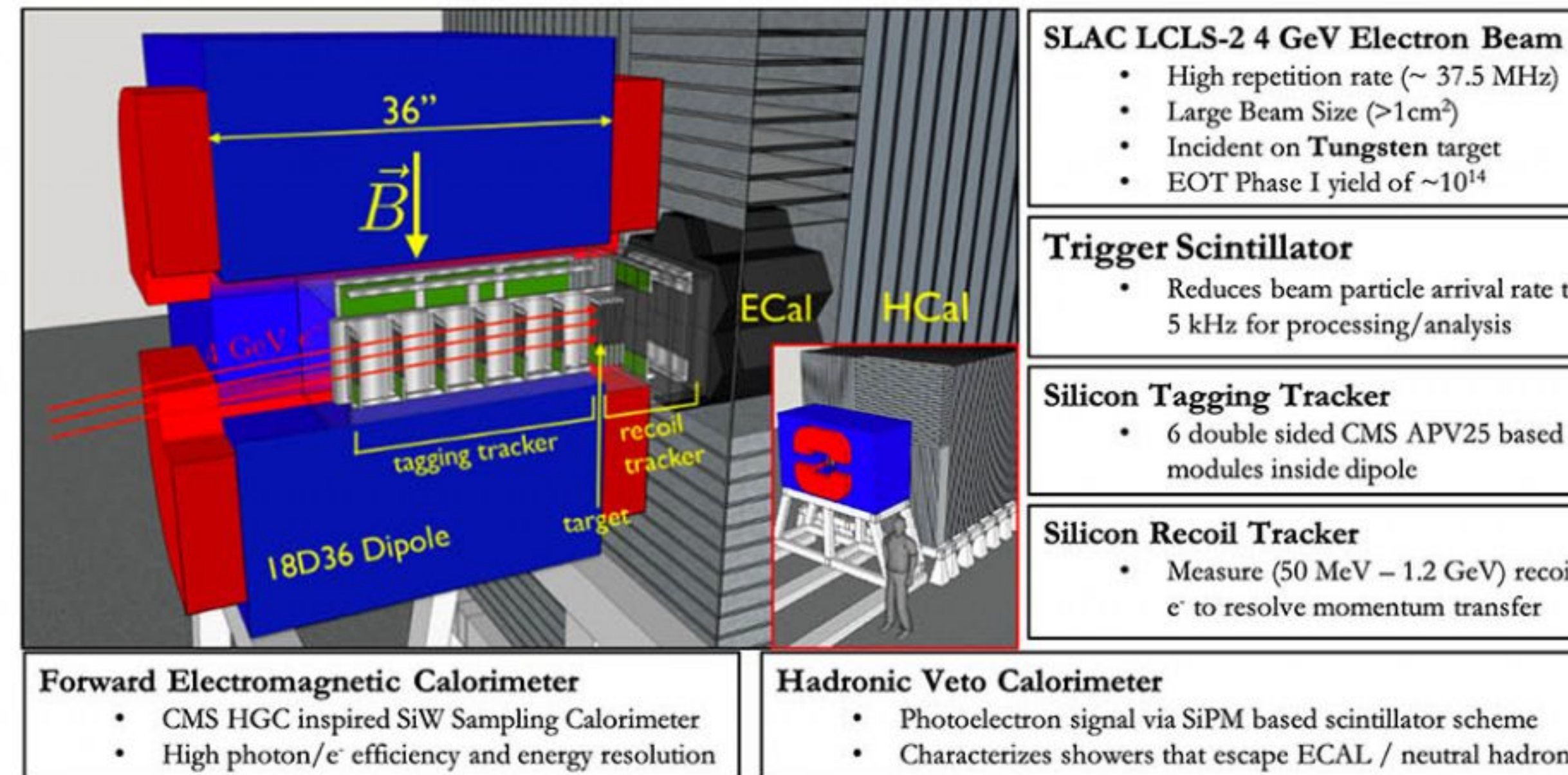


Fig. 2: Two possible invisible primary decay modes as a consequence of kinetic mixing. Left: Direct DM production. Right: Mediator particle, or heavy photon, production via “Dark Bremsstrahlung.”

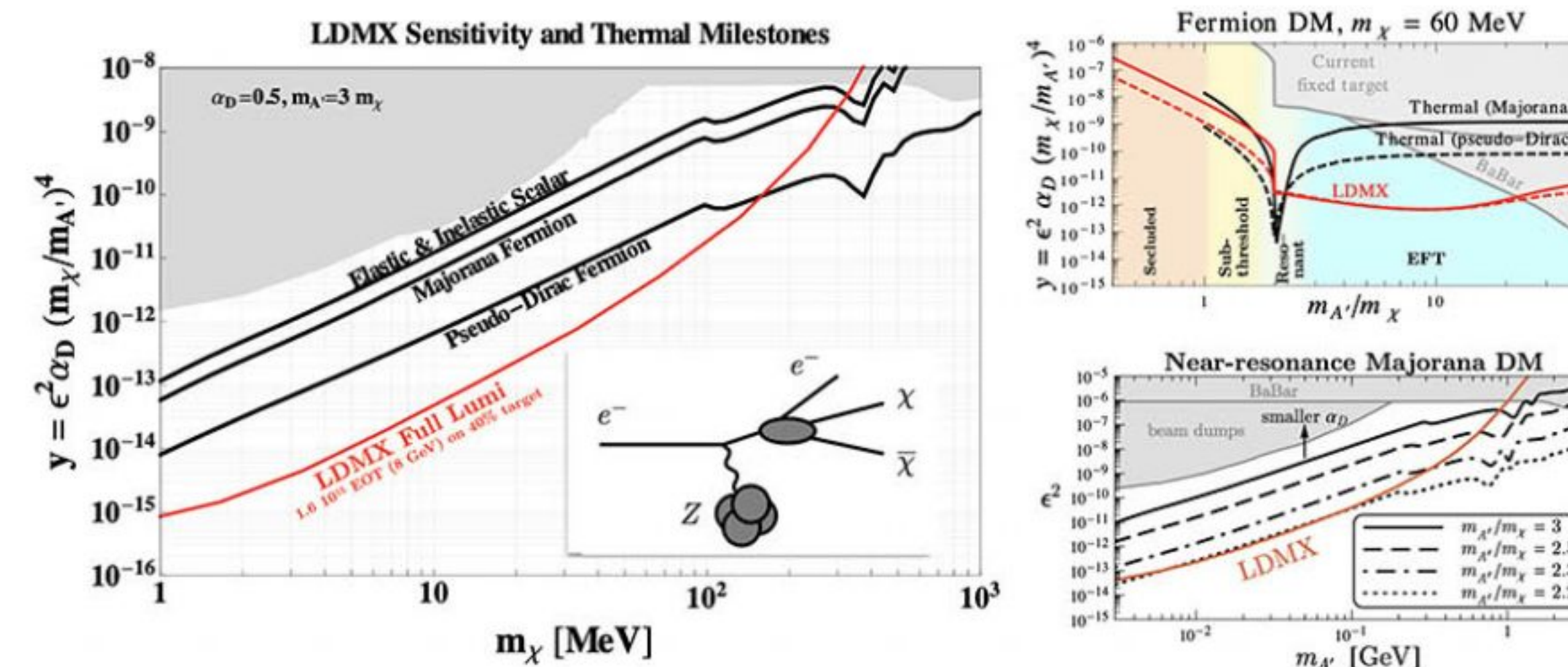
Missing Momentum Search

A **silicon tagging tracker**, housed in a **1.5T dipole magnet**, tags incoming electrons via the sector 30 transfer line from the high rate **SLAC LCLS-II 4 GeV Electron Beam** and incident on a **tungsten target**. A **silicon recoil tracker** and electromagnetic calorimeter (ECAL) selects electrons with approximate $E_{e_{recoil}} < \frac{E_{beam}}{4}$. A **hadronic calorimeter** (HCal) is further downstream and vetos events on other particles that could have carried away momentum from the production reaction. A **trigger scintillator** subsystem counts the number of incoming electrons and significantly reduces typical beam particle arrival rate. The LDM signature would have **large missing transverse momentum** dependent on the mediator mass. The trackers would be able to resolve this momentum and be sensitive to the mediator mass with a large sample of signal events.

Subsystems of the Experiment



Physics Reach Estimates

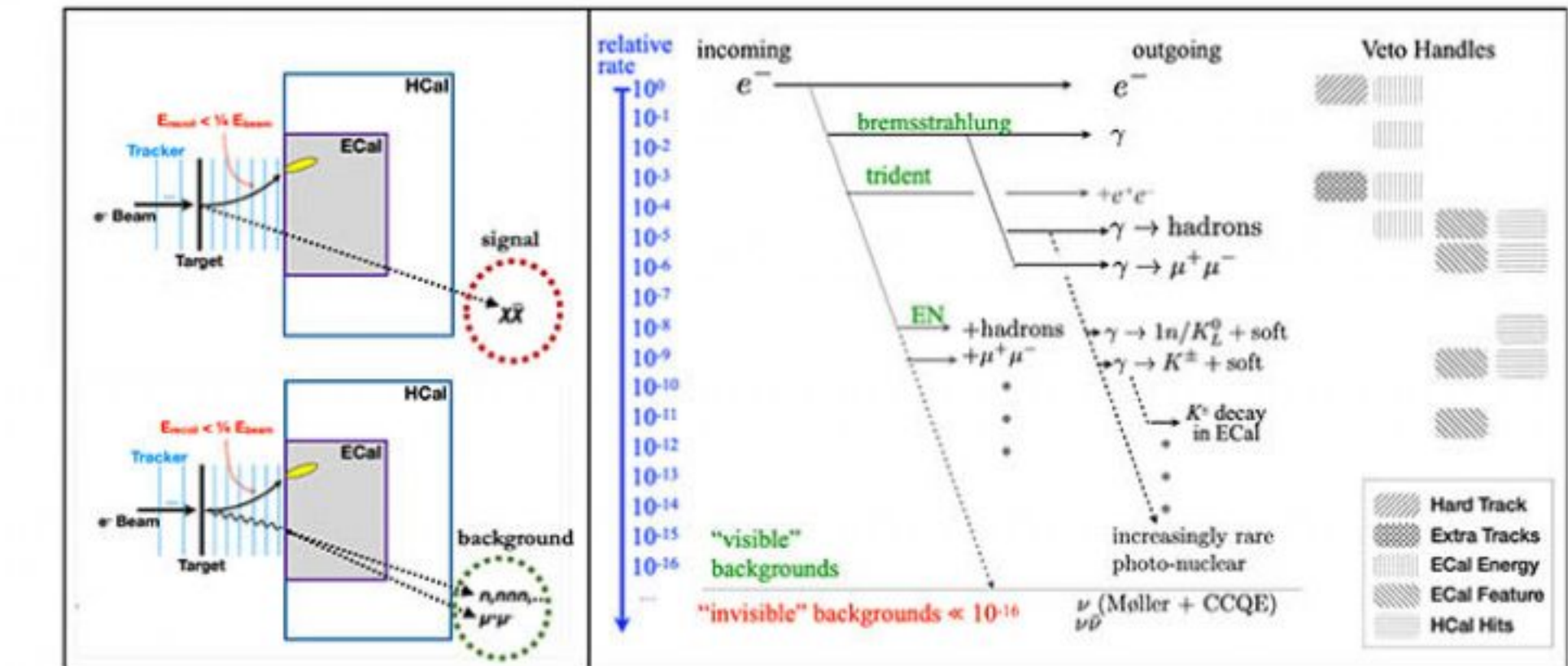


Left: Projected full luminosity LDMX sensitivity where the experiment is able to probe three orders of magnitude lower than existing searches. **Top Right:** Here DM is assumed to have a mass of 60 MeV and LDMX explores both Majorana and Pseudo-Dirac DM. **Bottom Right:** LDMX sensitivity to various ratios of near-resonance Majorana DM as calculated in [3].

References

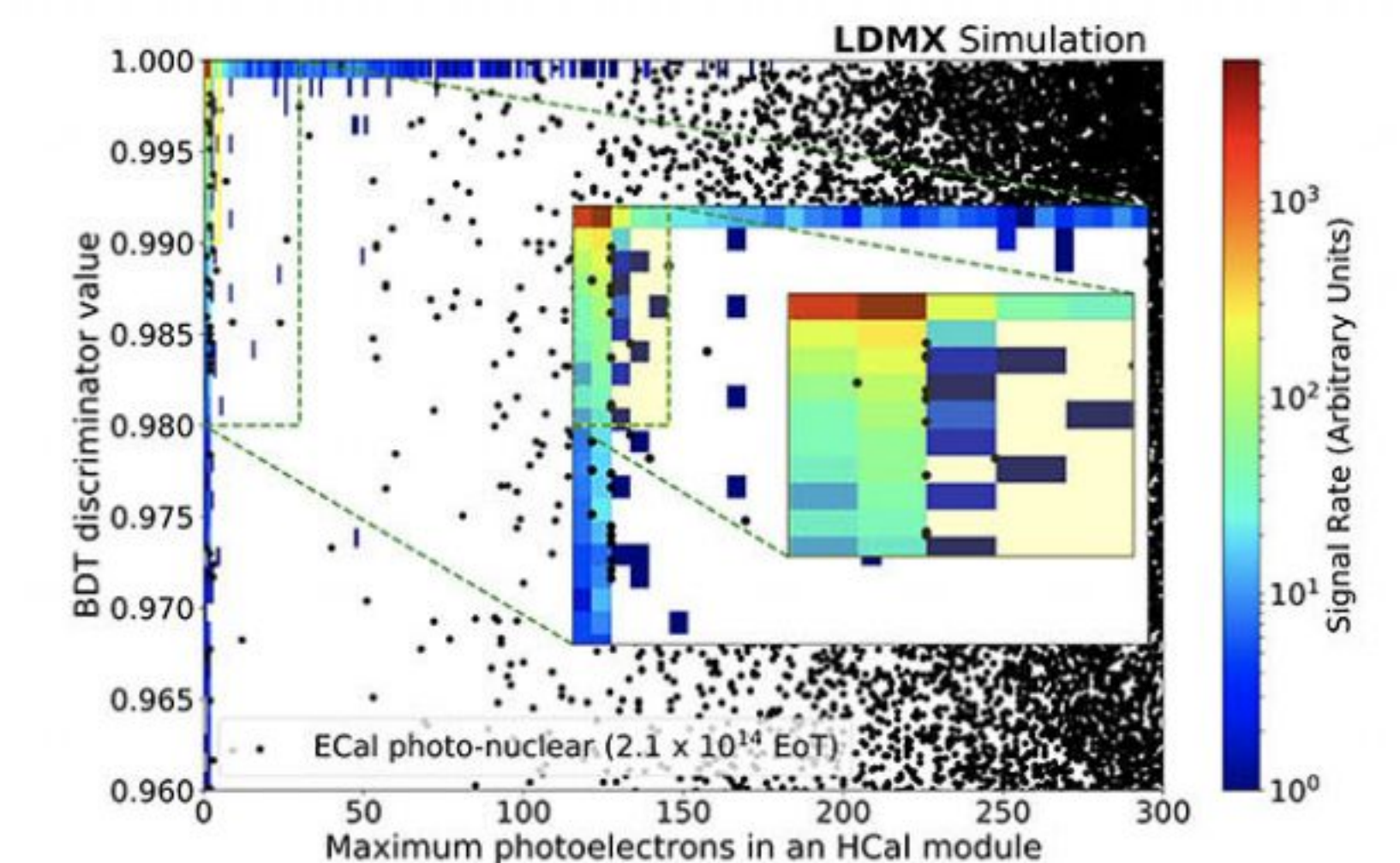
- [1] T. Akesson, A. Berlin, and N. Blinov. “Light Dark Matter eXperiment (LDMX)”. In: *arXiv* (Aug. 2018).
- [2] Torsten Akesson et al. *A High Efficiency Photon Veto for the Light Dark Matter eXperiment*. 2019. arXiv: 1912.05535 [physics.ins-det].
- [3] Asher Berlin et al. “Dark matter, millicharges, axion and scalar particles, gauge bosons, and other new physics with LDMX”. In: *Physical Review D* 99.7 (Apr. 2019). ISSN: 2470-0029. DOI: 10.1103/physrevd.99.075001. URL: <http://dx.doi.org/10.1103/PhysRevD.99.075001>.

Primary Background Processes



Top Left: Simple illustration representing direct LDM production. **Bottom Left:** Background illustration of hard Bremsstrahlung in target with a photonuclear reaction. **Right:** Primary background modes and rates. Veto handles show which subsystems can detect and reject the corresponding background process. [2]

Using BDT/HCAL to reject background for A' Production



Distribution of ECAL Boosted Decision Tree (BDT) Discriminator value vs maximum number of photoelectrons in HCal module. The black data points represent a 2.1×10^{14} EoT background. The heat map represents the expected signal from a 100 MeV A' . The signal region is defined by a BDT score of < 0.99 and PE # < 5 . Background events in this region are further rejected by the recoil tracker and ECAL [2].

Acknowledgements and Resources

This presentation was supported by the Dark Sectors group at SLAC National Accelerator Laboratory under the guidance of Dr. Timothy Knight Nelson.

LDMX Website

<https://confluence.slac.stanford.edu/display/MME/Light+Dark+Matter+Experiment>