

Addendum to
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Addendum to Minimal Dynamical Symmetry Breaking of the Standard Model

William A. Bardeen, Christopher T. Hill, Manfred Lindner

Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory
P.O. Box 500, Batavia, Illinois, 60510

CDF at Fermilab and Mark II at the SLC have recently announced precision measurements of the the Z mass consistent with a combined value of 91.0 ± 0.2 . This significantly affects the standard limits on the mass of the top quark obtained by comparing all experiments, principally including neutrino deep-inelastic scattering (ν -DIS), to the radiatively corrected definition, $\sin^2 \theta_W = A^2/M_W^2(1 - \Delta r)$, combined with the direct definition, $\sin^2 \theta_W = 1 - M_W^2/M_Z^2$.

These changes are reflected in the accompanying modified versions of Figs.(6) and (7) of our preprint FERMILAB-PUB-89/127-T. Fig.(6) now shows the highly constrained allowed region at the 90% confidence level for m_{top} and $\sin^2 \theta_W$ when: (a) the ν -DIS is treated as in Amaldi *et al.*, (*Phys. Rev. D***36**, 1385 (1987)) with $m_c = 1.5 \pm 0.3$ GeV; (b) ν -DIS is parameterized with $m_c = 1.3 \pm 0.5$ GeV; (c) ν -DIS is ignored completely in the comparison. The data is presented in Fig.(7) with the new precise determination of M_Z reflected in the box on the *rhs*.

Should future determinations favor smaller values of $\sin^2 \theta_W$, then a heavy top quark is indicated, as proposed in the minimal dynamical breaking scheme.

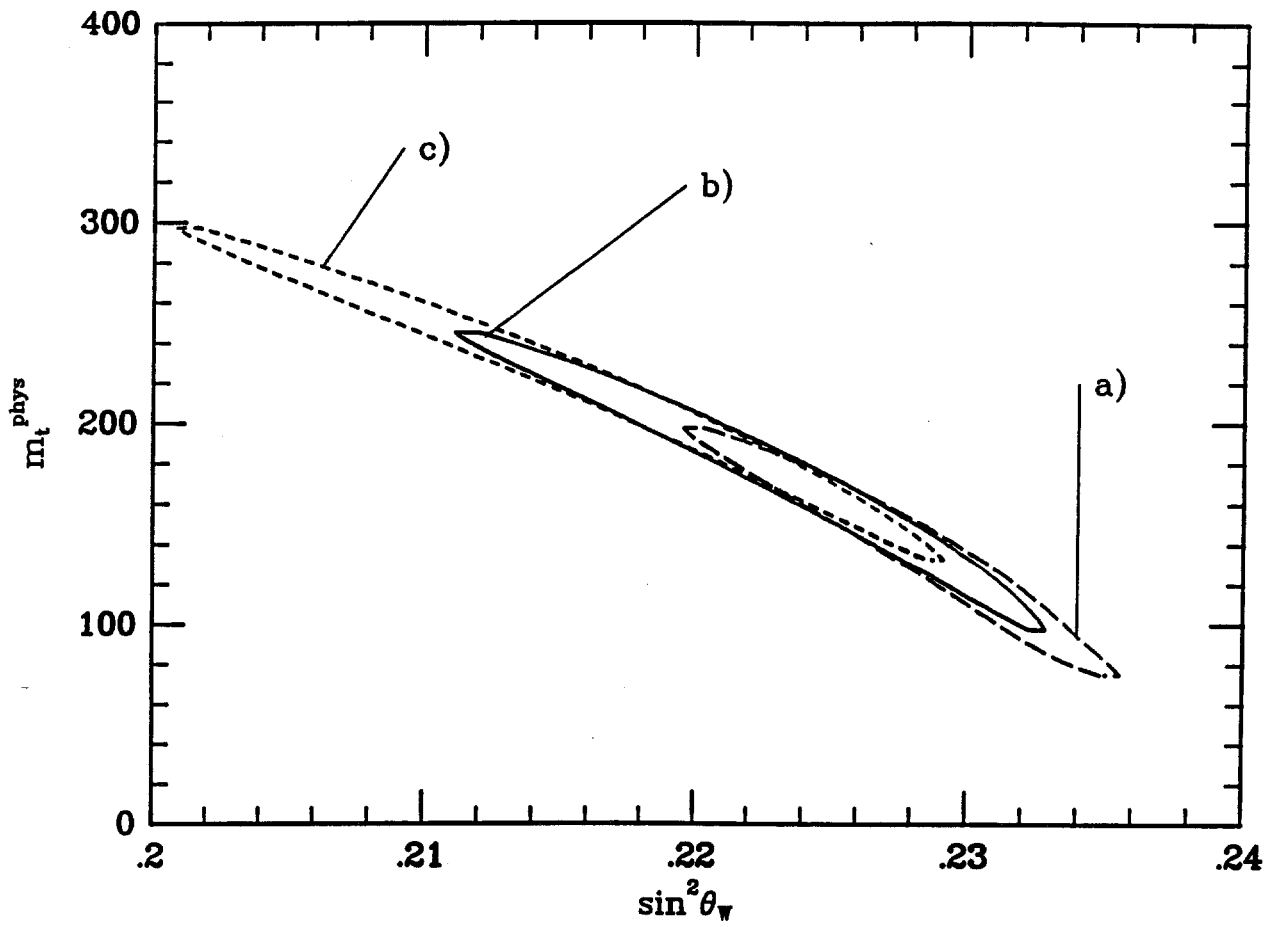


Fig. 6

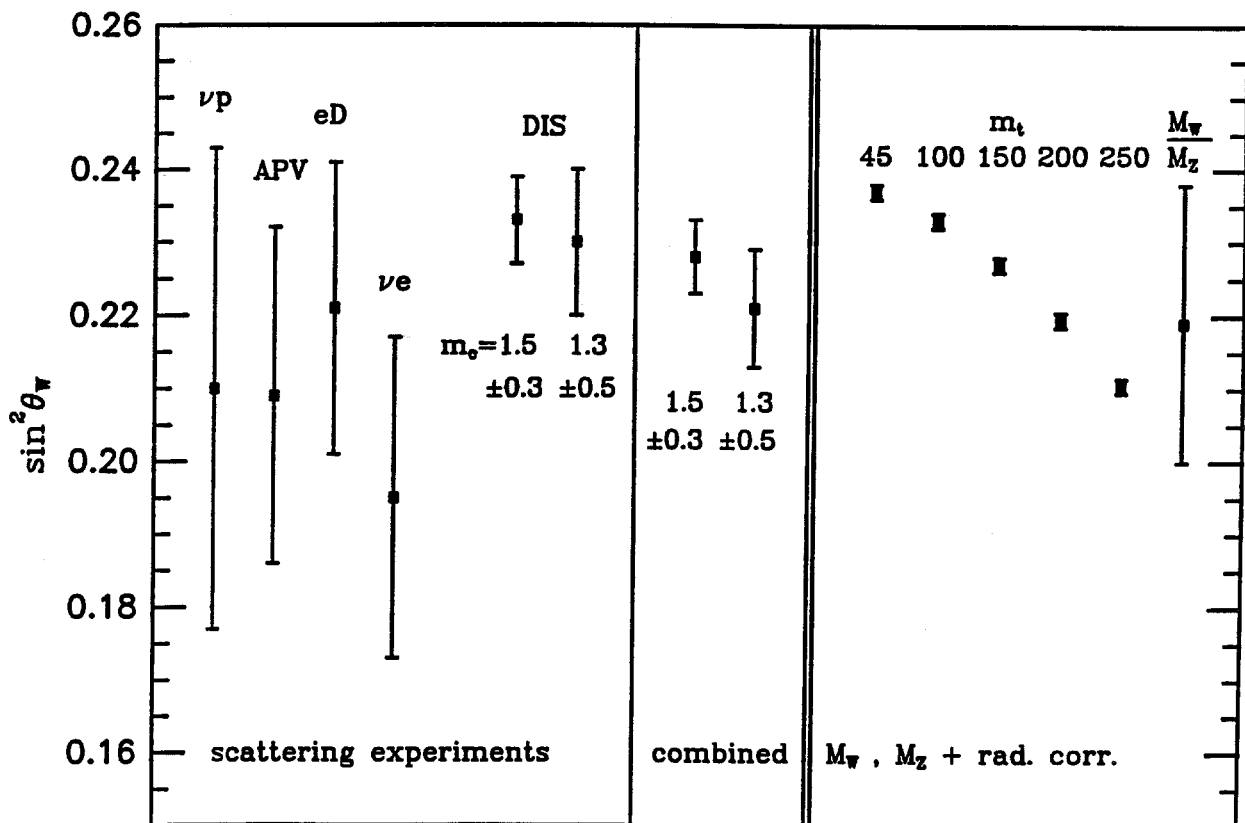


Fig. 7