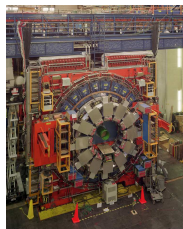


Measurements of the Top Quark Mass at the Tevatron

Karel Soustružník (Charles University in Prague)
on behalf of CDF and D0 Collaborations

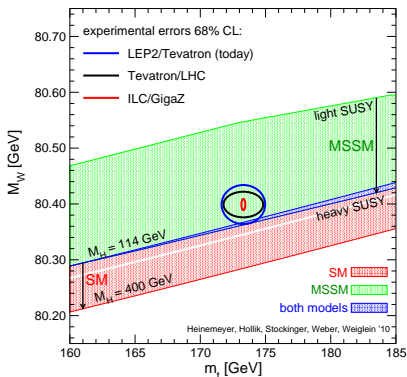
Contents

- Introduction
- Direct Measurements
 - Methods and results
- Top Quark Mass from Production Cross Section
- Top-Antitop Mass Difference
- Summary



Top Quark

- Heaviest known fundamental particle
- Top (together with W) mass constrains Higgs mass
- Window into new physics ?
Couples to new physics ?
- Same properties in different final states ?



Need to precisely measure top mass

Top Quark

- Decay channels

Dilepton: $t\bar{t} \rightarrow l\bar{l}\nu\bar{\nu}b\bar{b}$

Lepton + jets: $t\bar{t} \rightarrow l\nu qq b\bar{b}$

All-jets: $t\bar{t} \rightarrow qqqq b\bar{b}$

- Event selection

kinematics, topology, b-jet ID

- Dominant background

W/Z+jets, multi-jets, diboson

Top Pair Decay Channels

$c\bar{s}$	electron+jets	muon+jets	tau+jets	all-hadronic			
$u\bar{d}$							
$\tau^+\tau^-$	e τ	$\mu\tau$	$\tau\tau$			tau+jets	
$\mu^+\mu^-$	e μ	$\mu\mu$	$\tau\mu$			muon+jets	
e^+e^-	e e	e μ	e τ	electron+jets			
W decay	e^+	μ^+	τ^+	$u\bar{d}$	$c\bar{s}$		

Matrix Element Method

- Matrix element method is based on the calculation of event probability densities estimated from differential cross section and detector resolutions

$$P_{evt} = f_{sig} P_{sig} + (1 - f_{sig}) P_{bkg}$$

$$P_{sig}(x; m_{top}, JES) = \frac{1}{\sigma_{obs}(m_{top})} \times \int dq_1 dq_2 f(q_1) f(q_2) \frac{(2\pi)^4 |M(y, m_{top})|^2}{4\sqrt{q_1 \cdot q_2 - m_1 m_2}} d\Phi \times W(y, x, JES)$$

Parton
densities

LO matrix
element

Transfer
function

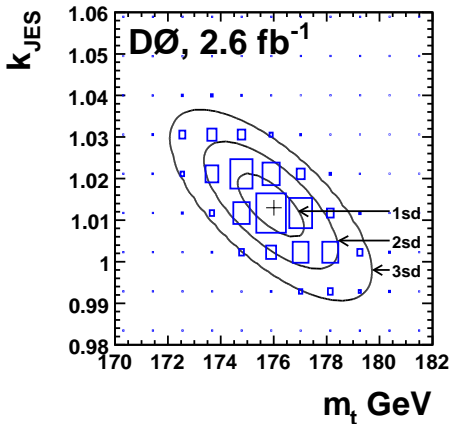
$$P_{bkg}(x; JES) \sim M_{bkg}(y)$$

- *JES* - jet energy scale, global multiplicative factor for jet energies
- **Transfer function** contains detector resolution and provides a map from parton level y to measured set of variables x



Matrix Element in Lepton+Jets Channel

- High p_t $e, \mu + 4$ jets
- Missing p_t , $\Delta\phi(l, \cancel{p}_t)$, ≥ 1 b-tagged jet
- Likelihood fit to derive top mass
- 3.6 fb^{-1} ($2.6 + 1.0 \text{ fb}^{-1}$)
- **most precise DØ measurement**

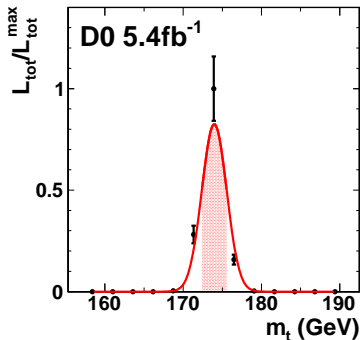


$$m_t(3.6 \text{ fb}^{-1}) = 174.9 \pm 0.8(\text{stat}) \pm 1.3(\text{syst} + \text{JES}) \text{ GeV}$$



Matrix Element in Dilepton Channel

- 2 OS high p_t isolated leptons
- ≥ 2 jets, large p_t or p_t significance
- Likelihood fit to obtain top mass
- 5.4 fb⁻¹ sample
- **most precise measurement in dilepton channel**



$$m_t = 174.0 \pm 1.8(\text{stat}) \pm 2.4(\text{syst}) \text{ GeV}$$

arXiv:1105.0320

Recent Results from Matrix Element Method



new since summer 2010

channel		Top quark mass [GeV]	luminosity
l+jets	In-situ JES with NN selection	$173.0 \pm 0.9(\text{stat}+\text{JES}) \pm 0.9(\text{syst})$	5.6 fb^{-1}
l+jets	In-situ JES	$172.4 \pm 1.4(\text{stat}+\text{JES}) \pm 1.3(\text{syst})$	3.2 fb^{-1}
dilepton	NN selection	$171.2 \pm 2.7(\text{stat}) \pm 2.9(\text{syst})$	1.9 fb^{-1}

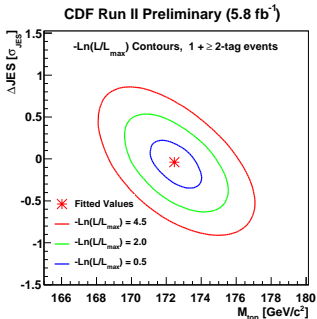
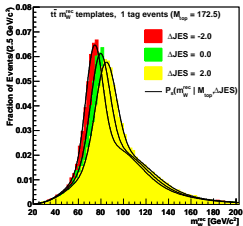
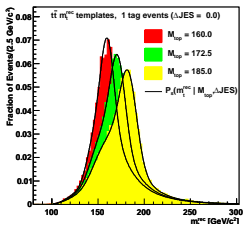


channel		Top quark mass [GeV]	luminosity
l+jets	In-situ JES	$174.9 \pm 0.8(\text{stat}) \pm 1.3(\text{syst}+\text{JES})$	3.6 fb^{-1}
dilepton		$174.0 \pm 1.8(\text{stat}) \pm 2.4(\text{syst})$	5.4 fb^{-1}



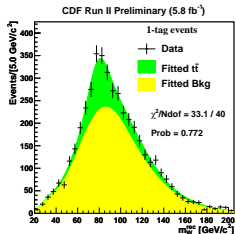
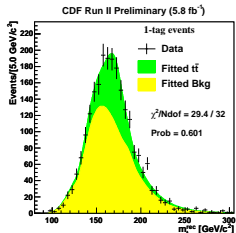
Template Fitting in All Hadronic Channel

- Build **MC templates** for variables sensitive to top quark mass and JES
- Fit data to MC templates with different generated top masses and JES



$$m_t = 172.5 \pm 1.4(\text{stat}) \pm 1.5(\text{syst})$$

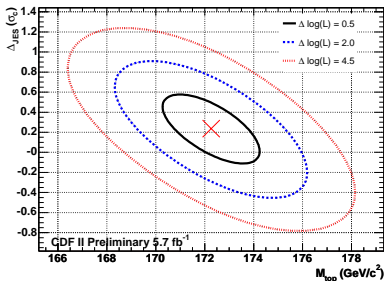
CDF Public Note 10456





Template Fitting in MET+Jets Channel

- Event selection : MET, ≥ 4 jets
- NN to enhance signal to background ratio
- 3D template fit
M3, m_{jj} (hadronic top decay)
- m_{jj} - provides in situ improvement of jet energy scale (JES)
- 1 btag, 2 btags events
- Log-likelihood fit to obtain top mass



$$m_t = 172.3 \pm 2.4 (\text{stat} + \text{JES}) \pm 1.0 (\text{syst}) \text{ GeV}$$

CDF Public Note 10433

Recent Results from Template Fitting Method



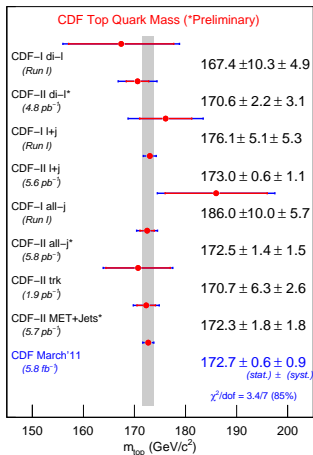
new since summer 2010

channel		Top quark mass [GeV]	luminosity
l+jets/dilepton	m_t^{reco} with in-situ JES	$172.1 \pm 1.1(\text{stat}) \pm 1.0(\text{syst})$	4.8 fb^{-1}
l+jets/dilepton	lepton p_t	$172.8 \pm 7.2(\text{stat}) \pm 2.3(\text{syst})$	2.8 fb^{-1}
l+jets	L_{xy} of b-jets and lepton p_t	$170.7 \pm 6.3(\text{stat}) \pm 2.6(\text{syst})$	1.9 fb^{-1}
all hadronic	m_t^{reco} with in-situ JES	$172.5 \pm 1.4(\text{stat}) \pm 1.5(\text{syst})$	5.8 fb^{-1}
MET+jets	m_t^{reco} with in-situ JES	$172.3 \pm 1.8(\text{stat}) \pm 1.8(\text{syst})$	5.7 fb^{-1}



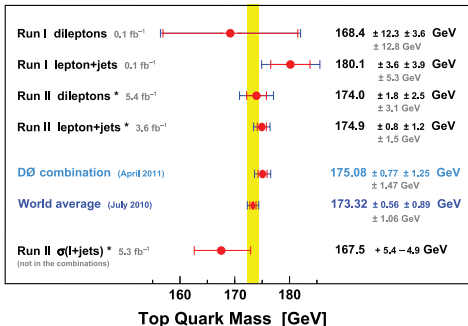
channel		Top quark mass [GeV]	luminosity
electron+muon	$w(m_t)$ with ν weighting	$173.3 \pm 2.4(\text{stat}) \pm 2.1(\text{syst})$	5.3 fb^{-1}
dilepton/l+track	ν and matrix weighting	$174.7 \pm 4.4(\text{stat}) \pm 2.0(\text{syst})$	1.0 fb^{-1}

Latest CDF and D0 Top Mass Results



D0 * = preliminary

April 2011



Tevatron combination July 2010

$m_t = 173.3 \pm 0.6(\text{stat}) \pm 0.9(\text{syst}) \text{ GeV}$

Top Mass Systematics

II ME | +jets ME | alljets TF | MET+jets TF

- **Physics modeling**

higher order effects, ISR/FSR, color reconnection, showering, hadronization, underlying event, multiple proton interactions, PDF, b fragmentation, background modeling

- **Detector modeling**

JES/residual JES, trigger, lepton ID, lepton energy scale and resolution, (b)jet ID, jet energy resolution, b/light jet response

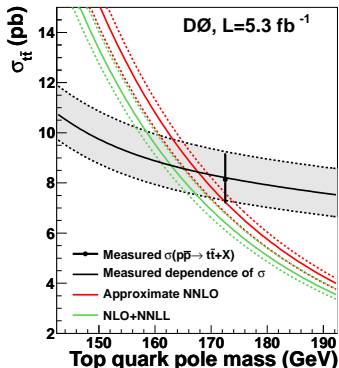
- **Method**

signal fraction, MC calibration

Top Quark Mass from Cross Section

- Top quark mass depends on the renormalization scheme.
- Direct measurements use LO MC with parton shower to extract the mass from data. The renormalization scheme is not well defined.
- It is believed that the mass from direct measurements is close to pole mass.

Top Quark Mass from Cross Section



arXiv:1104.2887

Theoretical prediction	m_t^{pole} (GeV)	
MC mass assumption	$m_t^{\text{MC}} = m_t^{\text{pole}}$	$\Delta(m_t^{\text{MC}} = m_t^{\overline{\text{MS}}})$
NLO	$164.8^{+5.7}_{-5.4}$	-3.0
NLO+NNLL	$166.5^{+5.5}_{-4.8}$	-2.7
NLO+NNLL	$163.0^{+5.1}_{-4.6}$	-3.3
Approximate NNLO ¹	$167.5^{+5.2}_{-4.7}$	-2.7
Approximate NNLO ²	$166.7^{+5.2}_{-4.5}$	-2.8

- What is the theoretical interpretation of the measured parameter ?
- Extract m_t from cross section measurement assuming pole or $\overline{\text{MS}}$ mass.
- The world average is more compatible with pole mass.

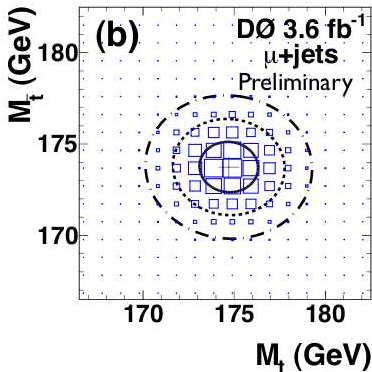
Top-Antitop Quark Mass Difference

- Top (and antitop) has very short life time and decays before it hadronizes.
- This allows direct measurements of top and antitop masses and to examine the CPT invariance theorem.
- The first result from D0 (1 fb^{-1}) in 2009 :
 $\Delta m_t = 3.8 \pm 3.4(\text{stat}) \pm 1.2(\text{syst}) \text{ GeV}$ [PRL 103, 132001 \(2009\)](#)
- The first result from CDF (5.6 fb^{-1}) in 2010 :
 $\Delta m_t = -3.3 \pm 1.4(\text{stat}) \pm 1.0(\text{syst}) \text{ GeV}$ [PRL 106, 152001 \(2011\)](#)
 $\sim 2\sigma$ effect



Mass Difference from ME Method

- 1 isolated high p_t e or μ
4 jets, \cancel{p}_t , $\Delta\phi(l, \cancel{p}_t)$
 ≥ 1 b-tag (NN based)
- $P_{evt} \sim P_{sig}, P_{bkg}$ by
ME method
- Likelihood fit to extract
 m_t and Δm_t
- 3.6 fb^{-1} sample



$$\Delta m_t = 0.8 \pm 1.8(\text{stat}) \pm 0.8(\text{syst}) \text{ GeV}$$

Summary

- Thanks to well-developed analysis methods, well-understood detectors and largest top quark samples, top quark mass from Tevatron is currently better than 0.6 % and is dominated by systematics.
- Results are consistent among different final states and between CDF and D0.
- With the final data sample of 2-3 times the statistics shown here and improved systematics could be the expected uncertainty from the Tevatron below 1 GeV.

Summary

Mass of the Top Quark

