Results of the commissioning phase of GERDA

and short status report on neutrino-less double beta decay experiments

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2β decay



 2β decay with 2 neutrinos





 2β decay with 0 neutrinos

 $(A,Z) \rightarrow (A,Z+2) + 2e^{-} + 2\overline{v}_{e}$

allowed and observed

$$\left(T_{1/2}^{0\nu}\right)^{-1} = F^{0\nu} \cdot \left|\mathcal{M}^{0\nu}\right|^2 \cdot m_{\beta\beta}^2$$
$$\left\langle m_{\beta\beta}\right\rangle^2 = \left|\sum_i U_{ei}^2 m_{\nu i}\right|^2$$

(A,Z)→(A,Z+2) + 2e⁻

violates lepton number conservation

 $M^{0\nu}$ - nuclear matrix element $F^{0\nu}$ - phase space integral depends on the Q value

 $\langle m_{\beta\beta} \rangle$ - effective neutrino mass

Present status

$$T_{1/2}^{0\nu} \sim \sqrt{\frac{M \cdot t}{B \cdot \Delta E}} \ [y]$$

This is what we measure

M - mass of the isotope t - time

B - background ΔE - resolution

For a better limit we need:

- more mass
- lower background
- better energy resolution
- measure longer ??

Isotope	2nu T1/2	0nu T1/2	Q(MeV)
⁴⁸ Ca	4.4x10 ¹⁹ (NEMO3)	>1.3x10 ²² (NEMO3)	4.77
⁷⁶ Ge	1.78x10 ²¹ (HdM)	1.19x10 ²⁵ ? (HdM)	2.04
⁸² Se	9.6x10 ¹⁹ (NEMO3)	>2.1x10 ²³ (NEMO3)	2.29
⁹⁶ Zr	2.3x10 ¹⁹ (NEMO3)	>8.6x10 ²¹ (NEMO3)	3.35
¹⁰⁰ Mo	7.1x10 ¹⁸ (NEMO3)	>5.8x10 ²³ (NEMO3)	3.03
¹¹⁶ Cd	2.8x10 ¹⁹ (NEMO3)	>1.18x10 ¹⁹ (COBRA)	2.81
¹³⁰ Te	7.6x10 ²⁰ (NEMO3)	>2.8x10 ²⁴ (Cuoricino)	2.53
¹³⁶ Xe	>8.5x10 ²¹ (Baksan)	>3.1x10 ²³ (Baksan)	2.46
¹⁵⁰ Nd	9.11x10 ¹⁸ (NEMO3)	>1.8x10 ²² (NEMO3)	3.36

Not so Near future expectations

Future experiments, R&D projects and proposals, (without completeness)

Experiment	lsotope	Mass	T1/2	m _{ββ} (meV)
CANDLES	⁴⁸ Ca	~ton	>10 ²⁶ y	~30
GERDA Ph I	⁷⁶ Ge	~15 kg	>2.2x10 ²⁵ y	<mark>230 - 39</mark> 0
GERDA Ph II	⁷⁶ Ge	~40 kg	<mark>>Ⅰ.5×Ⅰ0</mark> ² ⁶ y	< 150
MAJORANA	⁷⁶ Ge	~120 kg	>5.5x10 ²⁶ y	< 100
GERDA +MAJORANA	⁷⁶ Ge	~ ton	> 10 ²⁷ y	< 50
superNEMO	⁸² Se	>100 kg	>10 ²⁶ y	40 - 110
MOON	¹⁰⁰ Mo	~ton	10 ²⁶ y	~30
LUCIFER	¹¹⁶ Cd,	~10 kg	>2x10 ²⁶ y	50 - 100
COBRA	¹¹⁶ Cd, ¹³⁰ Te	400 kg	> 10 ²⁶ y	50
CUORE	¹³⁰ Te	203 kg	>2x10 ²⁶ y	20 - 160
EXO-200	¹³⁶ Xe	200 kg	>6.4x10 ²⁵ y	133 - 186
NEXT	¹³⁶ Xe	100 kg	10 ²⁶ y	~ 100
KamLAND-Zen	¹³⁶ Xe	400 kg	>4x10 ²⁶	40-80
SNO+	¹⁵⁰ Nd	44 kg	>10 ²⁵ y	100 - 250
DCBA	¹⁵⁰ Nd	330 kg	>10 ²⁵ y	~30

*Data collected from proposals and public presentations

The goal of every future experiment is to reach at least 50 meV, but 10 meV needed to exclude inverted hierarchy

Missing from the table: timescale and cost

We got competitors !

GERDA

• GERDA will test the Claim



- Phase I: HdM and IGEX detectors will be redeployed. total mass 17.66 kg with a projected background level of 10⁻² cts/(keV kg y)
- Phase II: 37 kg additional enriched ⁷⁶Ge is available for detector production. Projected background level 10⁻³ cts/(keV kg y)
- GERDA is also an R&D project for a future 1 ton experiment with Majorana



GERDA at Gran Sasso



Tuesday, May 31, 2011

GERDA Milestones



2009 April Clean Room built up



Cryostat delivered March 2008

Water tank completed May 2008



2009 construction completed: In Nov. 2009 started filling with LAr

Cryogenic Infrastructure

- LAr level stable, no evaporation losses: active cooling with LN
- Slow control with web interface
- Operating since 2009, Nov



Muon veto

- 580 t of water instrumented with 66 PMTs
- 4 m² plastic scintillator panels on the top
- Completed in 2010, fully functional





Detector handling

- Class 10000 clean room with a class 100 flow box inside for detector handling
- HPGe detectors never come in contact with air:

 \bigstar Stored in vacuum

 \bigstar Mounted in flow box in N₂





Read-out chain

- DAQ with FADCs
- Amplifiers have to be close to the HPGe

Cryogenic **low activity** front-end







All up and running

Calibration Spectra with ²²⁸Th source

Commissioning runs



- One string operated with 3 natural Ge detectors
- Taking data since June 2010
- 1.7 kg/y data collected with non-enriched detectors
- Background level already better than in the HdM experiment
- First surprise: main background source ⁴²Ar/⁴²K
 - In the ROI background from ~3 MeV β 's
 - Sensitive to E-field, we hope to reduce it





Commissioning runs



- Background level of 0.055 ± 0.023 cts/(keV kg y) reached.
- Commissioning will take some time because we need weeks to see a few counts

R&D for Phase II

LArGe facility at LNGS



- R&D project for LAr instrumentation
- 1t LAr low background cryostat at LNGS
- LAr scintillation light read out with 9 PMTs
- + low background HPGe detectors



⁷⁶Ge for Phase II

- 53 kg of enriched GeO₂ bought from ECP reduced and purified
- 36.6 kg Ge metal produced out of which 35.4 kg is 6N purity and is available for detector production
- Stored underground in the Rammelsberg mining museum, Goslar







 Cosmogenic ⁶⁸Ge and ⁶⁰Co two orders of magnitude less than in equilibrium

R&D for Phase II

- BeGe's are the preferred candidates for Phase II
- Good Pulse Shape Discrimination capabilities and commercially available
- BeGe prototype detectors already produced from depleted Ge





R&D for Phase II and beyond

- Crystal pulling R&D at Institute f
 ür Kristallz
 üchtung (IKZ) continues
- The best crystal produced has the imp. conc. 4x10¹⁰ / cm³
 - A test-diode is being produced now







Segmented detector R&D is still continuing

Conclusion

- Construction of GERDA is finished
- We are taking data with natural Ge detectors
- Background level already lower than in the HdM experiment
- Enriched detectors will be deployed soon
- The preparation of Phase II is progressing fast

The Collaboration



- about 100 members
- I9 institutions from
 6 countries

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