

# Status of the ZEUS Detector

R. Hamatsu  
 Phys. Dept. 30. Sept. 1989  
 Tokyo Metropolitan Univ.  
 Tokyo 158, Japan

1. Introduction
2. Overview of the Zeus detector
- (3. Recent results of calorimeter tests)
4. Summary

The ZEUS starts experiment in  
 Nov. 1990 !!

## 1. Introduction

DESY (Hamburg, BRD)  
 HERA (See Fig. 1 and Table 1)

e - p collider  
 30 GeV 820 GeV

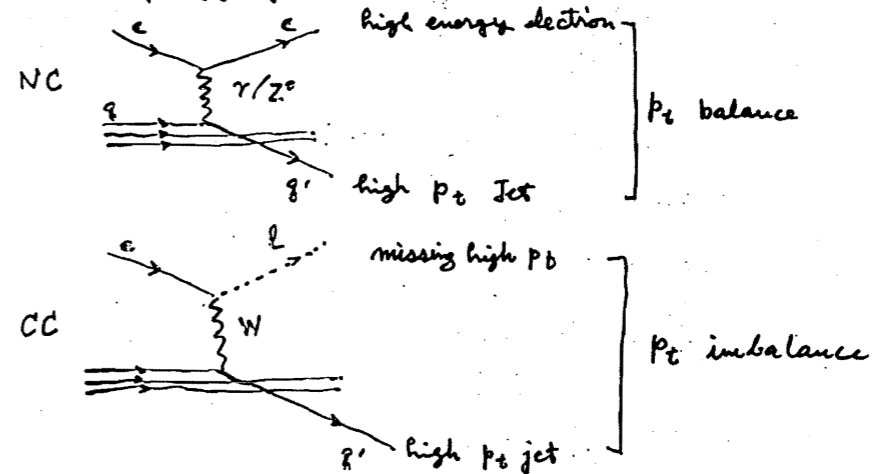
Electron-Quark collider ; Unique!!  
 $Q^2_{max} \approx 10^5 \text{ GeV}^2$

### Interesting Physics

- Neutral and charged current reactions
- ⇒ Study of { the quark and gluon distributions of proton  
 the structures of the electroweak currents

NC and CC measurements up to  
 $Q^2 \approx 30.000 - 40.000 \text{ GeV}^2$

### - Topology of NC and CC events



⇒ A calorimeter of the best known hadron energy resolution = ZEUS

- Measurement of the NC and CC cross sections

• Electron and quark substructure

structure as small as  $3 \cdot 10^{-18}$  cm

• Properties of the electroweak current

deep inelastic cross section  $\rightarrow$  New  $W/Z$ 's up to 500 GeV

possibility of longitudinally polarized  $e^\pm$  beams

$\rightarrow$  asymmetry measurements

• QCD interactions  
measurements of the quark and gluon structure  
functions in a wider  $Q^2$ -range  
 $\Rightarrow \alpha_s(Q^2)$

- The photon-gluon and W-gluon fusion

(presence of heavy quarks, c, b, t)

- Search for Exotic Particles

leptoquarks, heavy leptons, SUSY particles ....

mass scale up to 180 GeV

- Requirements for the Detector

• hermetic electromagnetic and hadronic calorimeters  
 $E/h \approx 1 \leftrightarrow$  the best possible hadron energy  
resolution

• tracking detectors: high track densities in the  
polar direction

•  $e/\mu$  identification

•

•

## 2 Overview of the Zeus Detector

1. Central Track Detector (CTD)

- Cylindrical jet type drift chamber (CDF)

• Size 85 cm (r)  $\times$  240 cm (L)

• 9 stereo superlayers  $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 5 \text{ super layers, } 0^\circ \\ (\sim 4600 \text{ sense wires}) \end{array} \right.$  4 super layers,  $5^\circ$  &  $7^\circ$

• Resolution  $\sim 100 \mu\text{m}$

$dP/p = 0.0018 p \oplus 0.0027$  (p in GeV/c)  
for  $B = 1.8$  Tesla

- Transition Radiation Detector (TRD)

- Planar drift chambers (FTD, RTD)

- Vertex chamber (VXD)

- Thin solenoid magnet

$B_{\text{max}} (Z=0) = 1.8$  Tesla

2. Calorimeters

- High resolution calorimeters (FCAL, BCAL, RCAL)

• Compensation  $E/h \approx 1$   
 $\parallel$  best possible energy resolution for hadrons

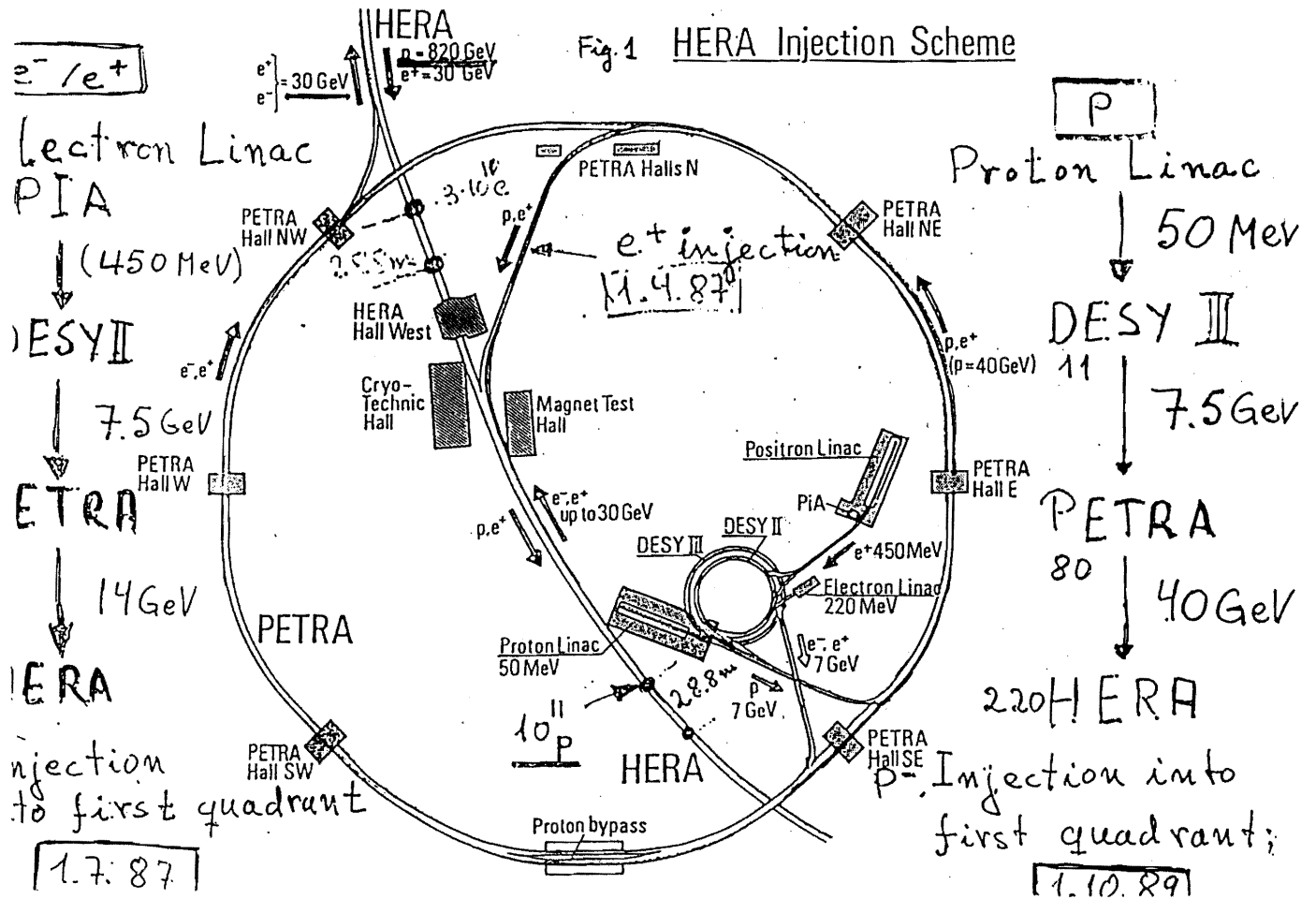
• 3.3 mm thick depleted uranium plate +  
2.6 mm plastic scintillator

• Read out by wave length shifter on left and right  
sides

• Resolution for electron  
 $\sigma(E)/E = 0.15/\sqrt{E} \oplus 2\%$  ( $E$  in GeV)  
for hadron

$\sigma(E)/E = 0.35/\sqrt{E} \oplus 2\%$

Fig. 1 HERA Injection Scheme



- Backing calorimeter (BAC)

- Iron <sup>Thick</sup> 7.5 cm x 11 (Absorption of CA) (total area 2800 cm<sup>2</sup>)
- Limited streamer tubes ...

3. Muon detectors

- drift chambers, limited streamer tubes scintillation counters
- magnetized iron yoke and droids
- momentum read.  $\sigma(p)/p \approx 3\%$  for 100 GeV/c muons

4. Forward proton detector

- Roman pots at 20m and 90m
- Electron/photon detector at 30-100m  $\Rightarrow$  luminosity monitor
- Small  $\alpha^2$  tagging

# The ZEUS Detector

Table 1. Parameters of HERA

	p-ring	e-ring	units
Nominal energy	820	30	GeV
c.m. energy		314	GeV
$Q^2_{max}$		98.400	GeV <sup>2</sup>
Luminosity		$1.5 \cdot 10^{31}$	cm <sup>2</sup> s <sup>-1</sup>
Polarization time		28	min
Number of interaction points	4		
Crossing angle	0		mrاد
Free space for experiments	±5.5		m
Circumference	6336		m
Length of straight sections	360		m
Bending radius	588	608	m
Magnetic field	4.65	0.165	T
Energy range	300-820	10-33	GeV
Injection energy	40	14	GeV
Circulating current	160	58	mA
Total number of particles	$2.1 \cdot 10^{13}$	$0.8 \cdot 10^{13}$	
Number of bunches		200	
Number of bunch buckets		220	
Time between crossings		96	ns
Emittance ( $\epsilon_x/\epsilon_y$ )	0.71/0.71	3.4/0.7	$10^{-8}$ m
Beta function ( $\beta_x/\beta_y$ )	10/1.0	2/0.7	m
Beam tune shift ( $Q_x, Q_y$ )	0.0026/0.0014	0.023/0.026	
Beam size at crossing $\sigma_x$	0.27	0.26	mm
Beam size at crossing $\sigma_y$	0.08	0.07	mm
Beam size at crossing $\sigma_z$	11	0.8	cm
Energy loss /turn	$1.4 \cdot 10^{-10}$	127	MeV
Critical energy	$10^{-6}$	111	keV
Max. circumf. voltage	0.2/2.4	260	MV
Total RF power	1	13.2	MW
RF frequency	52.033/208.13	499.667	MHz
Filling time	20	15	min

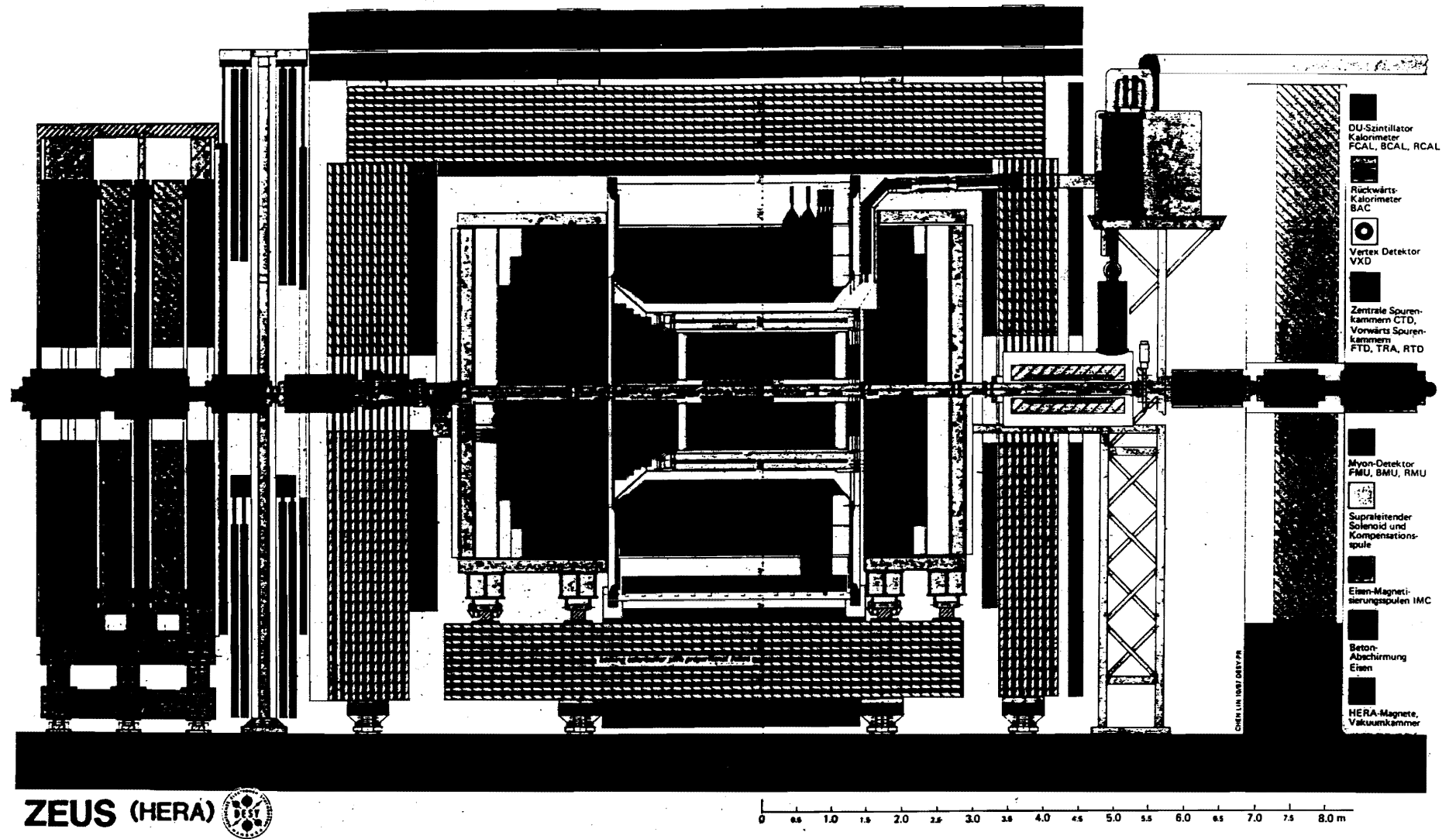
~ 52 Tev

441

Magnets  $\swarrow$  Italy / Germany  
 S.C. Dipole (4.7T, 8.8m) ~ 420 t  
 S.C. Quadrupole (41T/m, 1.86m, 1.52m) ~ 240 t  
 $\nwarrow$  France / Germany (Saclay)

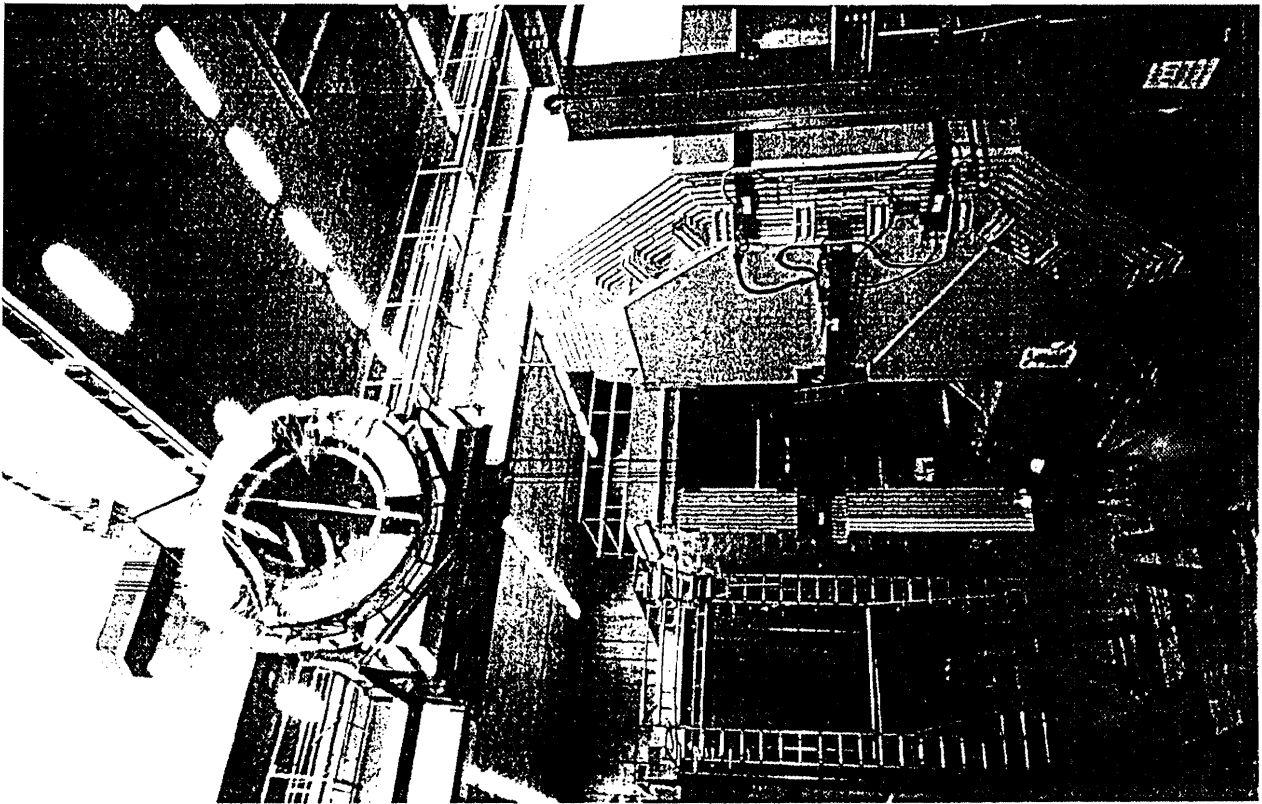
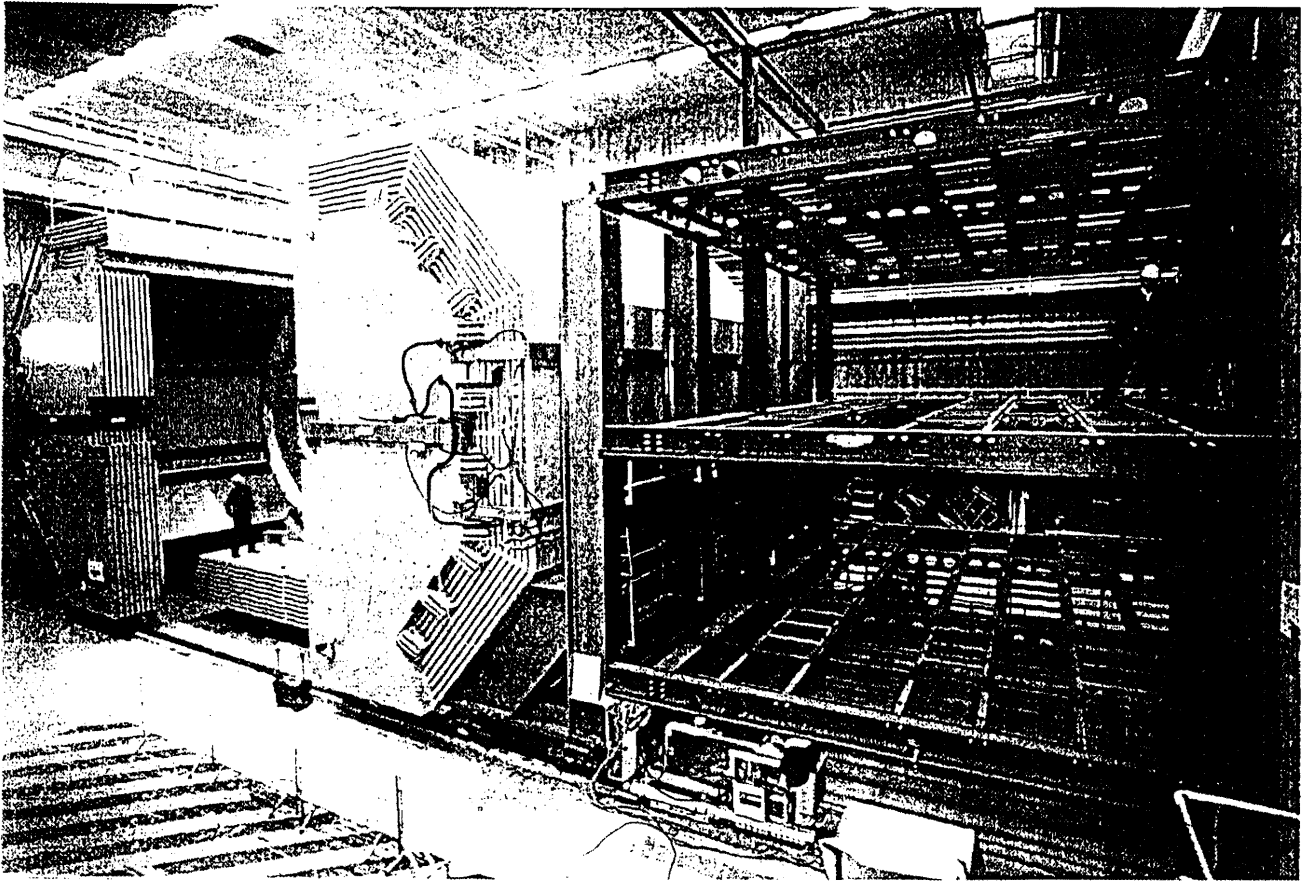
## ZEUS - COLLABORATION

- Carleton, Manitoba, McGill, Toronto, York  
CANADA  
FCAL/RCAL
- Bonn, DESY, Freiburg, Hamburg I, Hamburg II, Jülich, Siegen  
GERMANY  
Magnet, Yoke, DAQ  
Weizmann Institute  
ISRAEL  
FCAL/RCAL, TRD  
FTD, RTD
- Bologna, Cosenza, ENEA - Rome, Florence, Frascati,  
L'Aquila, Lecce, Milan, Padua, Palermo, Rome, Trieste, Turin  
ITALY  
MUON, VXD  
FCAL/RCAL
- Tokyo - INS, Tokyo - Metropolitan  
JAPAN  
FCAL/RCAL
- NIKHEF - Amsterdam  
THE NETHERLANDS  
FCAL/RCAL, DAQ
- Cracow, Warsaw  
POLAND  
BAC, LUMI
- Madrid  
SPAIN  
FCAL/RCAL
- Bristol, London (I.C.), London (U.C.), Oxford, Rutherford  
UNITED KINGDOM  
CTD
- Argonne, Brookhaven, Columbia, Illinois, Ohio State,  
Pennsylvania State, U.C. Santa Cruz, Virginia, Wisconsin  
USA  
BCAL, DAQ



ZEUS (HERA) 

0 0.5 1.0 1.5 2.0 2.5 3.0 3.5 4.0 4.5 5.0 5.5 6.0 6.5 7.0 7.5 8.0 m



## PROGRAM

September 28 (Thu)

Color-sextet condensation	I. Watanabe
Calculating the decay constants in dynamical symmetry breaking	K.-I. Aoki
The equivalent photon approximation vs. exact calculation for the single weak boson production in $e^+e^-$ collision	H. Iwasaki
Production and decay of superheavy quarkonia in multi-TeV colliders	T. Morii
Higgs boson production in $\gamma\text{-}\gamma$ collision in TeV region	R. Najima
Signal and background of standard Higgs particle	M. Biyajima
New physics signals and QCD backgrounds in TeV collider experiments <sup>†</sup>	H.-U. Bengtsson
Higgs physics	K. Hikasa
(Lunch Break)	
SUSY search at supercolliders*	K. Hidaka
SUSY search at HERA	T. Kon
Single $W$ production associated with SUSY particles in longitudinally polarized $e^+e^-$ collisions	M. Jimbo
$CP$ -violation in SUSY and $T$ -odd asymmetry	Y. Kizukuri
Flipped left-right gauge model with $\tau$ -gaugino mixing	K. Yamamoto
Superstring phenomenology	T. Matsuoka
Purely stringy model building with lower-rank gauge groups*	H. Sato
Search for realistic orbifold models	Y. Ono
The fifth force <sup>†</sup>	Y. Fujii

September 29 (Fri)

Report of the SLAC Lepton-Photon Symposium (Experimental) <sup>†</sup>	A. Maki
Report of the SLAC Lepton-Photon Symposium (Theoretical) <sup>†</sup>	T. Morii
Rare decays and $CP$ violation in $K$ and $B$ systems	C. S. Lim
$CP$ violation in $B$ meson decays in 3- and 4-generation models	S. Wakaizumi
Quark mass matrix and $B_d^0-\bar{B}_d^0$ mixing	M. Tanimoto
(Lunch Break)	
Estimations of long-distance effects on $K^0-\bar{K}^0$ mixing by chiral Lagrangian	T. Kurimoto
Rare kaon decays	T. Shinkawa
Present status and future of Kamiokande	K. Nakamura
Present status of neutrino oscillation experiments*	A. Suzuki
Coherence condition for resonant neutrino oscillation	H. Anada
Dark matter search by scintillating fiber gamma ray satellite	R. Enomoto
New physics at TeV scale II	H. Terazawa
Recent topics on technicolor theory	M. Bando
Extra composite $W$ and $Z$ bosons implied by complementarity	M. Yasuè
Effects of exotic composite particles in the TRISTAN, SLC, and LEP energy region	K. Akama



September 30 (Sat)

Neutrino mass matrix and double beta decay	T. Kotani
Double beta decays of $^{100}\text{Mo}$ and double weak decays with $\Delta S = -2$	H. Ejiri
Recent results from AMY at TRISTAN	Y. Sakai
Recent results and future prospects of TOPAZ experiment	I. Adachi
Recent results from VENUS	M. Daigo
(Lunch Break)	
Recent results from CDF*	K. Yasuoka
Present status of LEP	H. Takeda
Verification of the quantum electroweak effects through the weak boson mass relation	Z. Hioki
$B$ physics with an asymmetric collider at KEK	K. Abe
Present status and physics prospects of SSC	S. Sugimoto
Detection of heavy particles—quarks and Higgs	Y. Asano
Status of the ZEUS detector*	R. Hamatsu

† Manuscript not available.

\* Copy of transparencies included in the Appendix.

研究会 Physics at TeV Scale 出席者名簿

所属	氏名	所属	氏名
基研 東理 京工	青木健一 岡友三 山本克治	兵庫教育大 阪大理 KEK UCLA	佐藤 光 岩本 忠史 宮本 彰也 ハンス ベンソン
神大自然 欲理 九大 神大理 徳島大 陽大機	定田 一 松岡武夫 大柳昭一郎 森井俊行 日置善郎 栗本 猛	立教大理 核研 核研/KEK 成蹊大工 神奈川大 東海大理	後藤 明弘 登井 聖二 安江 正幸 近 匡 服部 孝 木造 芳樹
滋大 女教大理 KEK 京大理 京理 東大教養	河林 正広 神保 雅人 日笠 健一 田中 秀和 中野 博章 多田 司	京大 KEK KEK KEK KEK 神岡大 KEK	中西 健一 行川 孝男 堀江 隆雄 大野 本哲也 河辺 征次 一瀬 祥一 高橋 嘉九
高工研 横海大 埼玉大 京大表 東理 高研	榎本良治 名島 隆一 赤間 啓一 藤井 保憲 猪木 慶治 栗原 良博	愛知大 KEK 九大理 KEK	谷本 盛光 小川 和男 梶川 良一 石原 信弘

研究会 Physics at TeV Scale 出席者名簿

所属	氏名	所属	氏名
金大自然	小野 恭二	大学院大	小谷 恒之
筑波大	田五 正臣	KEK	香月 保寿
茨城大	水谷 剛	東大理	釜江 尚好
愛知大	坂東 昌子	名大	尺立 一郎
学芸大	日高 啓晶	恵工大	仁藤 修
東大理	小野 瑞城	KEK	狩手 亨人
京大理	渡部 勇	金沢大	植本 泰武
北大理	石川 健三	中央大	松本 茂郎
信大教	美谷 島 実	KEK	雪島 清
信大理	李 次 修	UCLA-LBL	ハリス ベンソン
名大理	若原 啓誠	KEK	津村 直城
徳島大	若原 誠一	都立大	渡津 良輔
中部大	岡村 吉彦	東大	田中 良太郎
KEK	沼田 乾	東邦大	渋谷 寛
京大理	末広 一彦	東洋理工研	中野 運成
日大	関口 泉男	核研	中野 英和
日大	田崎 祐一		
日大	半田 修		
金沢大	大坪 範原		
東大理	村山 春		
京大理	前川 臣祐		
東大理	車 俊之		
京大理	池田 直樹		
日大	池田 祐輔		
KEK	尾 茂大		