

# Fermilab Research Program 1993

# Workbook

March 1993

Roy Rubinstein



Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory  
Batavia, Illinois

Operated by Universities Research Association, Inc.  
Under Contract with the United States Department of Energy

Price \$5.00



## INTRODUCTION

This is the 19<sup>th</sup> Fermilab Research Program Workbook, originally used as an aid to the Physics Advisory Committee in its annual review of the experimental program at the Laboratory, but long since read by a broader audience. As in the last two years, the "Summaries of Approved Experiments" Section has been expanded to include more information on the current status of experiments, including data analysis, publications and theses. Also as in 1991 and 1992, we have included in that same Section descriptions and status of experiments that have completed data-taking, and are still under analysis.

As always, many people have contributed to this Workbook. I gratefully thank Angela Gonzales, who, as for the past eighteen Workbooks, has done the artwork and many of the figures; Jud Parker, who keeps up the data bases used to provide the information used here; Taiji Yamanouchi, who is Head of the Program Planning Office, and has given assistance and encouragement. Lastly, I am deeply indebted to Jackie Coleman, who typed and put it all together.





**TABLE OF CONTENTS**

	<u>Page</u>
I. Statistics on Fermilab Proposals	1
II. Accelerator Performance	5
III. Fermilab Beam Properties and Experiment Location	13
IV. Fermilab Computing Facilities	23
V. Major Research Activities During 1992 and 1993	25
VI. Fermilab Research Program	29
VII. Summaries of Approved Experiments	33
VIII. Master List of Proposals	185



## SECTION I. STATISTICS ON FERMILAB PROPOSALS

The status of Fermilab proposals is summarized in this Section of the Workbook. All proposals are classified into one of the following categories:

	<u>Categories</u>	<u>Definitions</u>
Approved Proposals	Completed	Approved proposals that have completed data-taking.
	Remaining	Approved proposals either running or waiting for data-taking.
	Inactive	Approved proposals which are now unlikely to ever be completed.
Pending Proposals	Unconsidered	Relatively new proposals awaiting consideration
	Deferred	Proposals for which consideration has been postponed for a specific reason
	"Not Approved"	Proposals for which a conventional decision cannot be made.
Obsolete Proposals	Rejected	Proposals rejected from further consideration
	Withdrawn/Inactive	Proposals that were not considered at the request of the spokesperson or that are no longer being considered for other reasons.

At the present time, 867 proposals have been received. Table 1 and Figure 1 show the number of proposals in each category each year since 1970.

**TABLE 1. STATUS OF PROPOSALS AT FERMILAB**

	Aug. 1970	July 1971	July 1972	July 1973	July 1974	July 1975	July 1976	July 1977	July 1978	July 1979	July 1980	July 1981	July 1982	July 1983	July 1984	July 1985	July 1986	July 1987	July 1988	July 1989	July 1990	July 1991	July 1992	Jan 1993
<b>APPROVED PROPOSALS</b>																								
Completed	0	0	0	16	57	97	152	190	234	248	264	278	295	297	300	310	324	326	339	341	348	355	383	389
Remaining and Inactive	21	53	70	75	89	121	100	82	57	52	41	41	29	33	43	48	39	42	34	43	38	34	20	24
Subtotals	21	53	70	91	146	218	252	272	291	300	305	319	324	330	343	358	363	368	373	384	386	389	403	413
<b>PENDING PROPOSALS</b>																								
Unconsidered	23	16	19	10	0	2	6	12	6	6	13	27	16	25	11	8	8	13	13	11	21	50	36	12
Deferred	29	35	39	43	54	45	25	24	11	2	10	7	9	11	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	3
"Not Approved"	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Subtotals	52	51	58	53	54	47	31	36	17	8	23	34	26	37	14	9	10	14	14	12	22	51	39	16
<b>OBSOLETE PROPOSALS</b>																								
Rejected	8	15	20	42	65	85	135	166	185	189	191	210	221	229	231	234	236	237	239	241	242	243	245	247
Withdrawn/Inactive	1	33	35	47	61	71	80	93	114	127	131	139	147	149	159	163	166	168	169	168	169	170	173	191
Subtotals	9	48	55	89	126	156	215	259	299	316	322	349	368	378	390	397	402	405	408	409	411	413	418	438
<b>TOTAL NUMBER OF PROPOSALS</b>	<b>82</b>	<b>152</b>	<b>183</b>	<b>233</b>	<b>326</b>	<b>421</b>	<b>498</b>	<b>567</b>	<b>607</b>	<b>624</b>	<b>650</b>	<b>702</b>	<b>718</b>	<b>745</b>	<b>747</b>	<b>764</b>	<b>775</b>	<b>787</b>	<b>795</b>	<b>805</b>	<b>819</b>	<b>853</b>	<b>860</b>	<b>867</b>

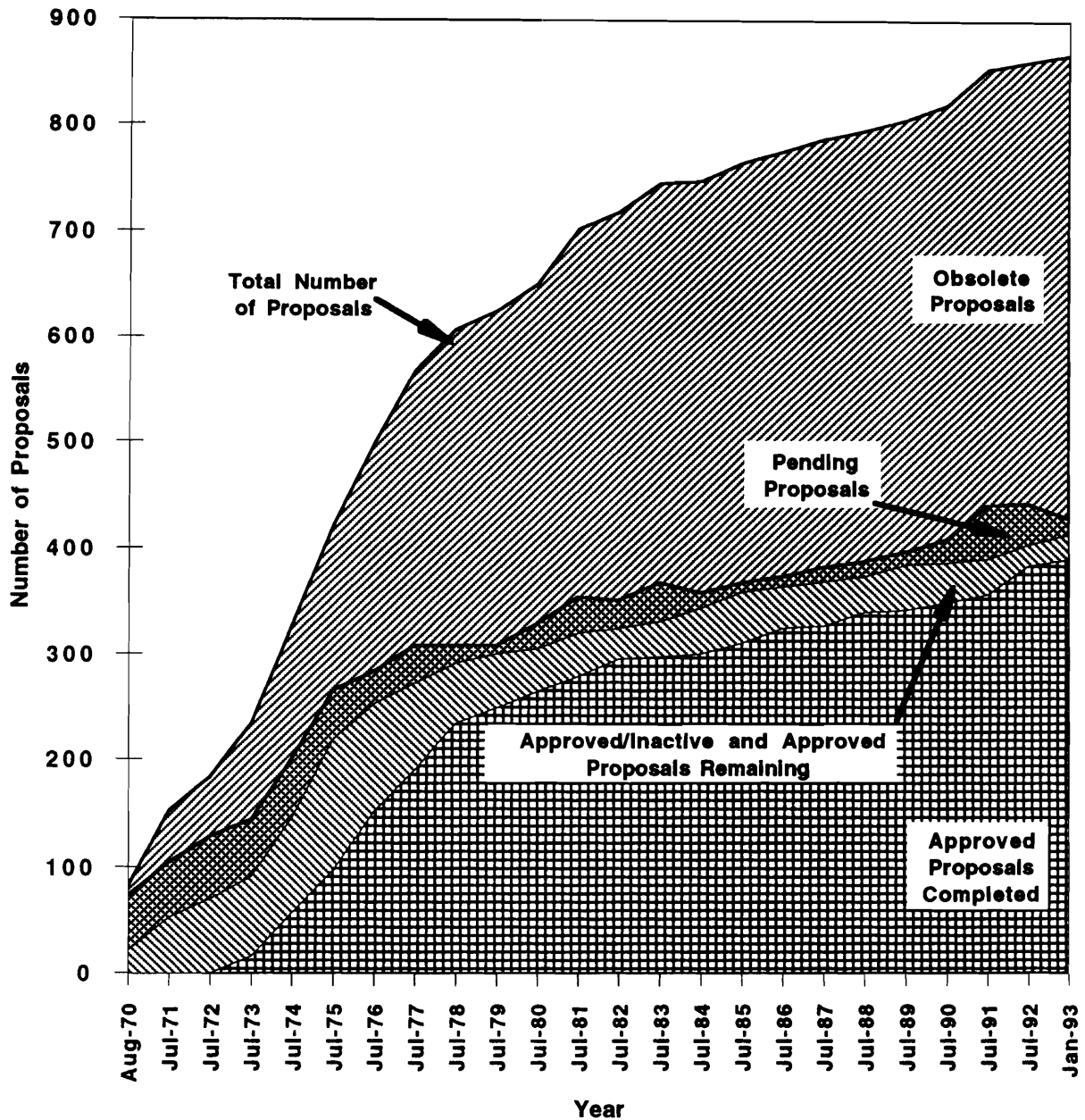


Figure 1. Growth of the Fermilab research program. The total number of approved experiments is obtained by adding the numbers shown as completed and those remaining and approved/inactive. Pending proposals are those which are unconsidered, deferred or "not approved"; obsolete proposals are rejected or withdrawn/inactive.



## **SECTION II. ACCELERATOR PERFORMANCE**

**This Section gives summaries of Tevatron operation for the Collider runs of 1988/89 and 1992/93, and also the Fixed Target runs of 1987, 1990 and 1991.**

### 1992 vs. 1988 Collider Run Luminosity

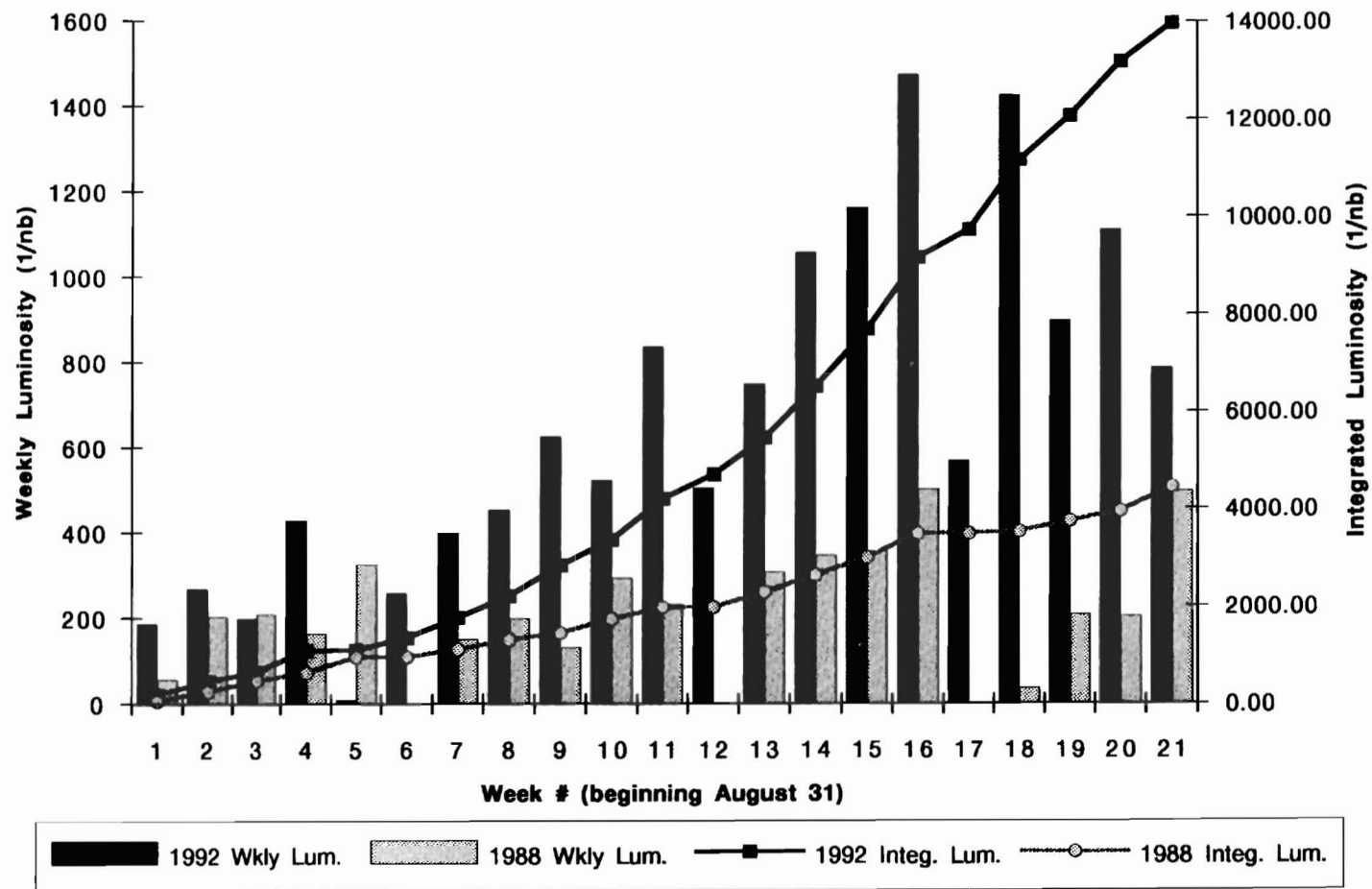


Figure 2. Tevatron Collider operation during the 1988/1989 and 1992/93 running periods - luminosity per week and integrated luminosity.



### 1992 vs. 1988 Collider Run Pbar Stacking

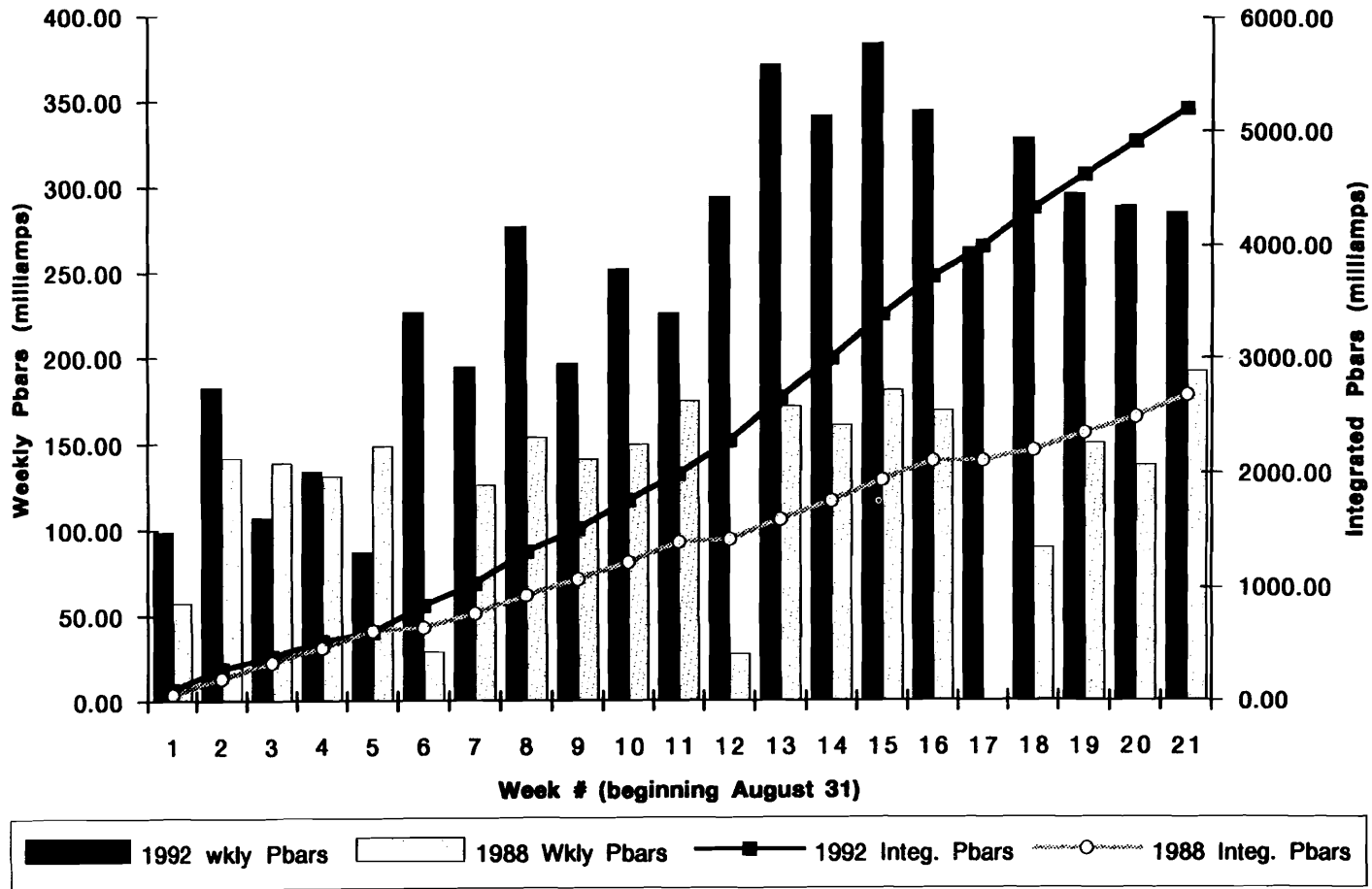


Figure 3. Tevatron Collider operation during the 1988/1989 and 1992/93 running periods - antiproton stacking per week and integrated stacking.

**1992 vs. 1988 Collider Run  
Peak Luminosity per Day**

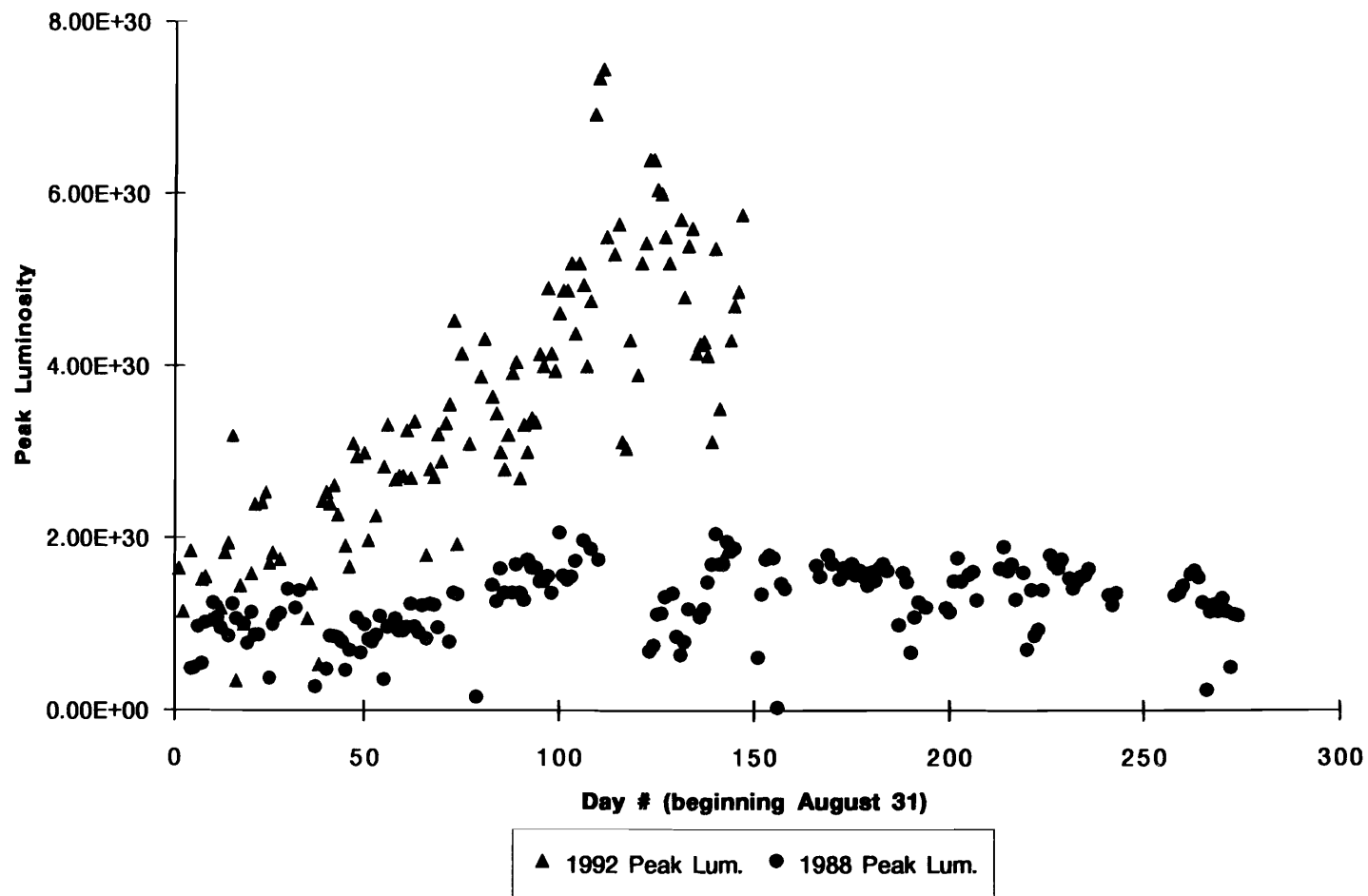


Figure 4. Tevatron Collider operation during the 1988/1989 and 1992/93 running periods - daily peak luminosity.

### Comparison of 1987, 1990, & 1991 Fixed Target Runs

#### Integrated Intensity

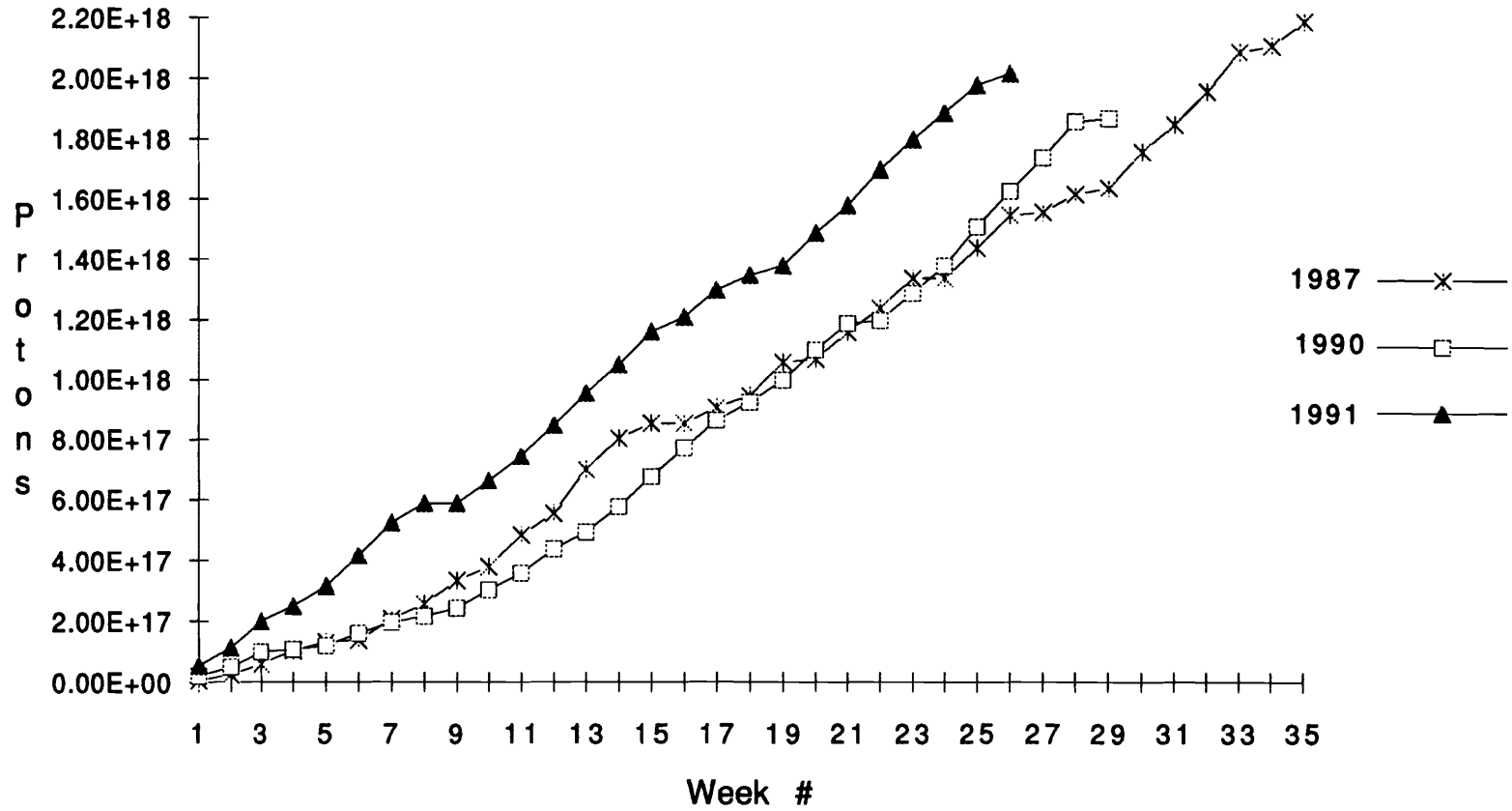


Figure 5. Integrated intensity for the 1987, 1990 and 1991 Fixed Target running periods.

**Comparison of 1987, 1990, & 1991 Fixed Target Runs**  
**Integrated HEP Hours**

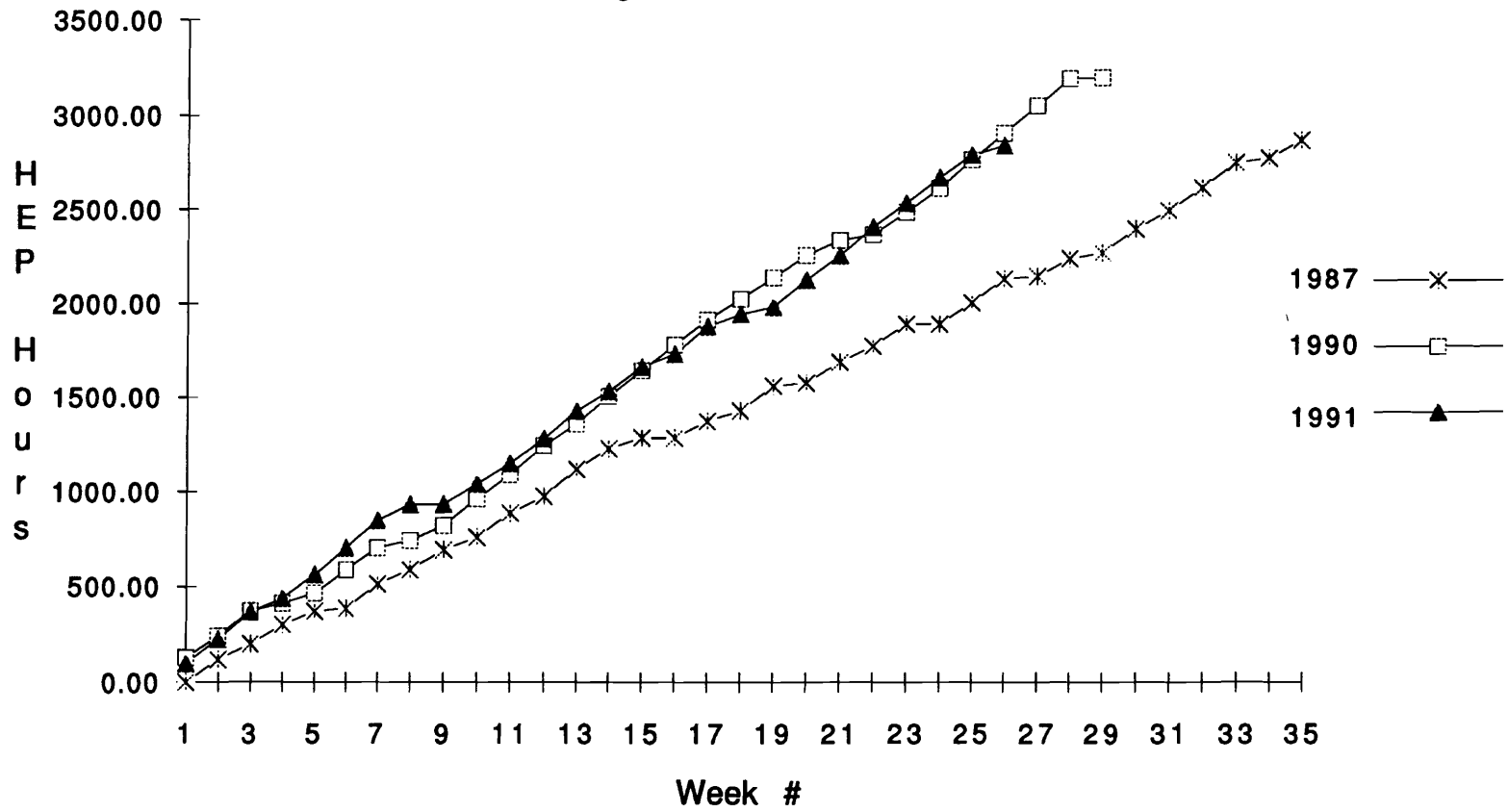


Figure 6. Integrated high energy physics hours for the 1987, 1990 and 1991 Fixed Target running periods.

# Weekly Operating Efficiency

1991 800 GeV Fixed Target Run

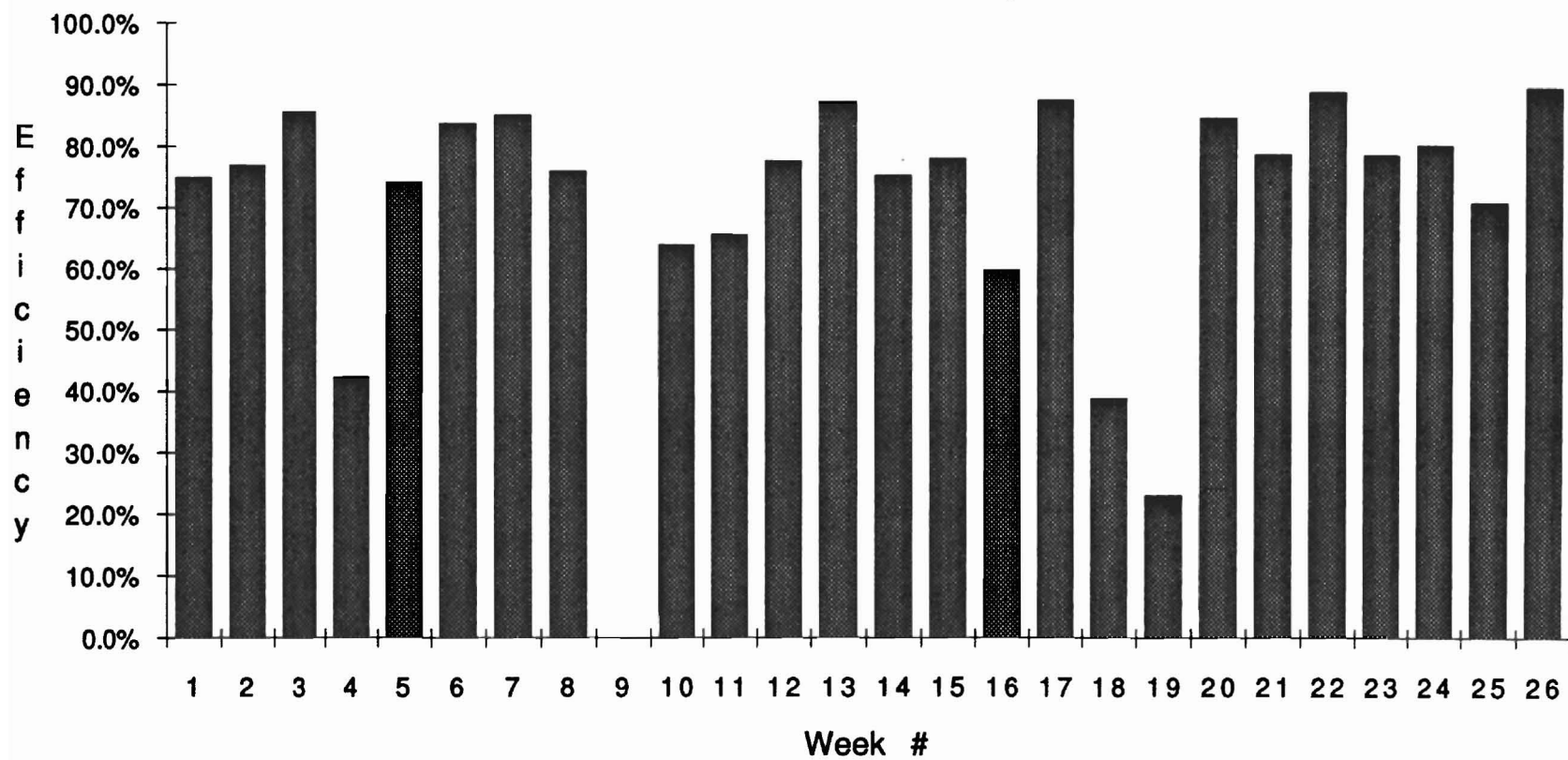


Figure 7. Weekly Operating Efficiency - 1991 Fixed Target Run



### **SECTION III. FERMILAB BEAM PROPERTIES AND EXPERIMENT LOCATION**

Table 2 gives properties of Fermilab beams; their location is shown in Figure 8. The locations of major experiments not yet completed are shown in Figure 9 (Fixed Target) and Figure 10 (Collider and Accumulator). Figures 11-16 give some additional information on beam line particle fluxes (all for 800 GeV incident protons except where indicated).

TABLE 2. FERMILAB BEAM LINE PROPERTIES

Beam	Momentum range (GeV/c)	$\pm \Delta p/p$ (%)	Production angle (mr)	Solid angle ( $\mu\text{sr}$ )	Particles	Flux per $10^{12}$ protons on target*	at (GeV/c)	Comments
PW	925(peak)	4	1.5		$\pi^+, K^+, p$	$2 \times 10^9$	300	High intensity pion beam  Tertiary beams Primary protons
					$\pi^-, K^-, \bar{p}$	$6 \times 10^8$	300	
					$\pi, \bar{p}$	$1 \times 10^7$	300	
					$p$	$1.4 \times 10^9$	800	
PB	500(peak)	12		4	$e^-, e^+$	$\sim 1 \times 10^8$	350	Wide band charged and neutral beam Also capable of $K_L^0$ , $p$ , and $\pi^-$ .
PE	500(peak)	1.7	0		$\pi^+, K^+, p$	$\sim 1.5 \times 10^9$	250	Also provides tagged photons
			0	10.	$\pi^-, K^-, \bar{p}$	$\sim 4 \times 10^7$	500	
PC	1000	16	0-3.5		$\pi^-, K^-, \Sigma^-$ $\Xi^-, \Omega^-$	$3 \times 10^8$	450	Primary protons, neutral and charged hyperons
ME	1000(peak)	0.1			$p$	$\sim 4 \times 10^{12}$	1000	Primary protons
MP	200	5.0	$0 \pm 1.0$		$p$	$\sim 10^7$	200	Polarised protons from 800 GeV primary Polarised antiprotons from 800 GeV primary (Average polarisation expected $\sim 30\%$ )
					$\bar{p}$	$\sim 10^6$		
					$\pi^-$	$5 \times 10^6$		
MC	50-150		1-6		$K_L^0$	$4 \times 10^6$	variable	Neutral beam with 800 GeV primary
					$n$	$1 \times 10^7$	variable	
MB	20-200	5.0	2.5		$\pi, K$	$3 \times 10^6$	75-100	Low intensity wide-angle test beam
					$e^\pm$	$2 \times 10^2$	100	
MT	80-245	5.0	0		hadrons	$1 \times 10^6$	75-245	Test beam
					$e^\pm$	500	25	
					$e$	500-2500	10-150	



MW	1000(peak)	10	0-4		primary p's	$2 \times 10^8$		
					p	$1.3 \times 10^8$	500	Beam transport to new multiparticle spectrometer; assumes 800 GeV on target
					$\pi^+$	$2 \times 10^7$	500	
					$K^+$	$4 \times 10^6$	500	
					$\pi^-$	$2.7 \times 10^7$	500	
					$K^-$	$8 \times 10^5$	500	
					$\bar{p}$	$8 \times 10^4$	500	
NW	10-150	2	0-1	4-16	$\mu^-$			
					$\pi^-$	$4 \times 10^6$	$\sim 100$	
					$e^-$	$6 \times 10^4$	$\sim 100$	
NC-D	750(peak)	10	0	0.6	$\nu/\bar{\nu}$	$5 \times 10^6 \nu/m^{2**}$	500	Narrow band, sign-selected neutrino beam
NC-T	1000(peak)	100	0	6.0	$\nu/\bar{\nu}$	$1.4 \times 10^8 \nu/m^{2**}$	0-800	Broad band, quadrupole focus
NE	1000				p	$1 \times 10^9$	800	To Labs G and D
	25-700	3.3	2	0.2	$\pi^-$	$5 \times 10^5$	600	
NT	25-300	4.75	0-6	0.7	hadrons	$\sim 1 \times 10^6$	450	Test and calibration beam to Lab E neutrino detector and Lab F
NK	25-225	3.2	0-6	0.6	muons	$5 \times 10^3$	225	Muon beam to Lab F
NM	100-700	14			$\mu^\pm$	$\sim 10^7$	500	Tevatron muon beam
NM (test modes)	2.5-200	30	0		hadrons	$\sim 2 \times 10^4$		Test beams to muon spectrometer
	5-200	30	0		electrons	$\sim 10^3$		

\* For 800 GeV protons incident unless otherwise noted. Current beam spill is 23 sec, and cycle time is  $\sim 59$  sec.

\*\* Beam spill times variable ( $\sim 1$ ms to 20 sec). Typically 3 fast pings available per accelerator cycle.

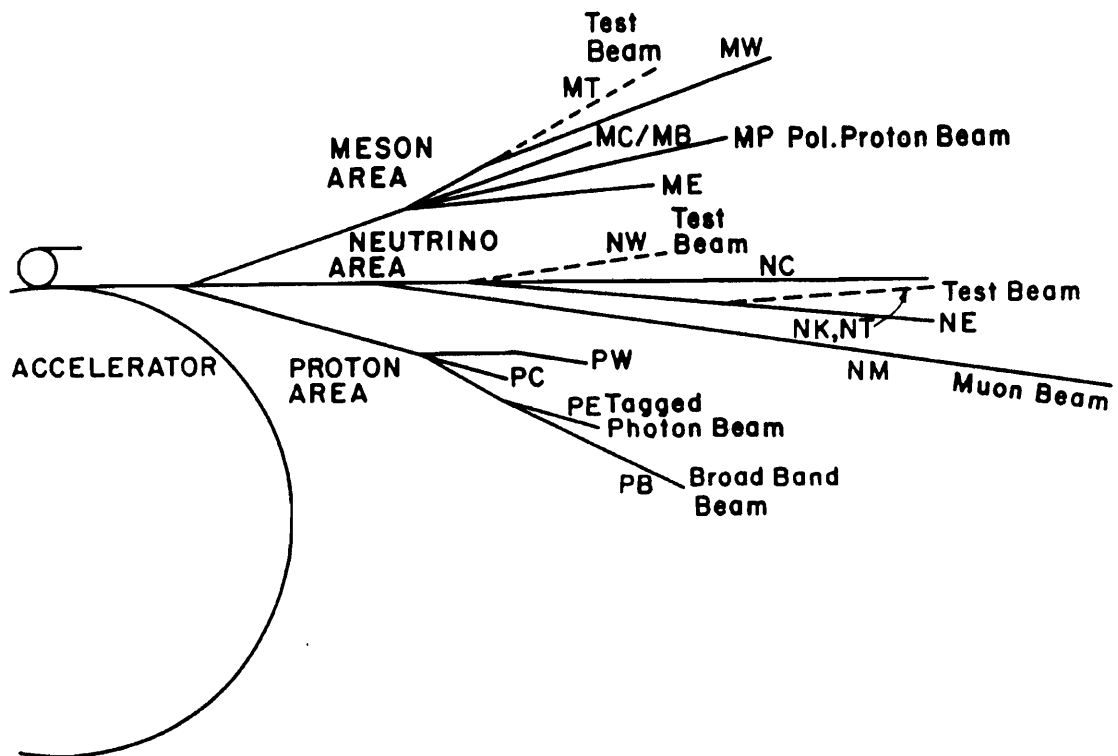


Figure 8. Layout of Fermilab Fixed Target beams. Properties of individual beams are given in Table 2.

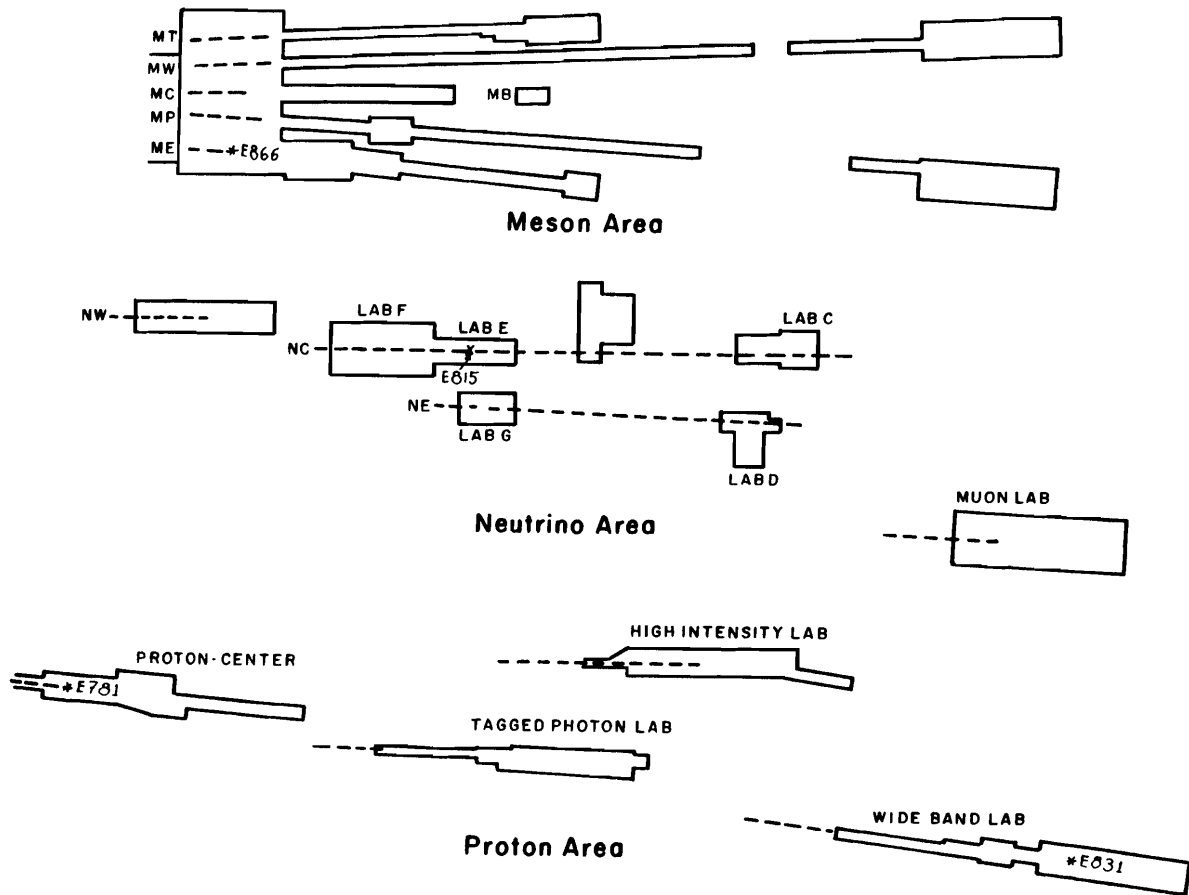


Figure 9. Schematic of the Fixed Target experimental areas with locations of major experiments currently approved for the next Fixed Target run. Not shown are experiments E-799 and E-832, for which a location has not yet been determined. The drawings are not to scale.

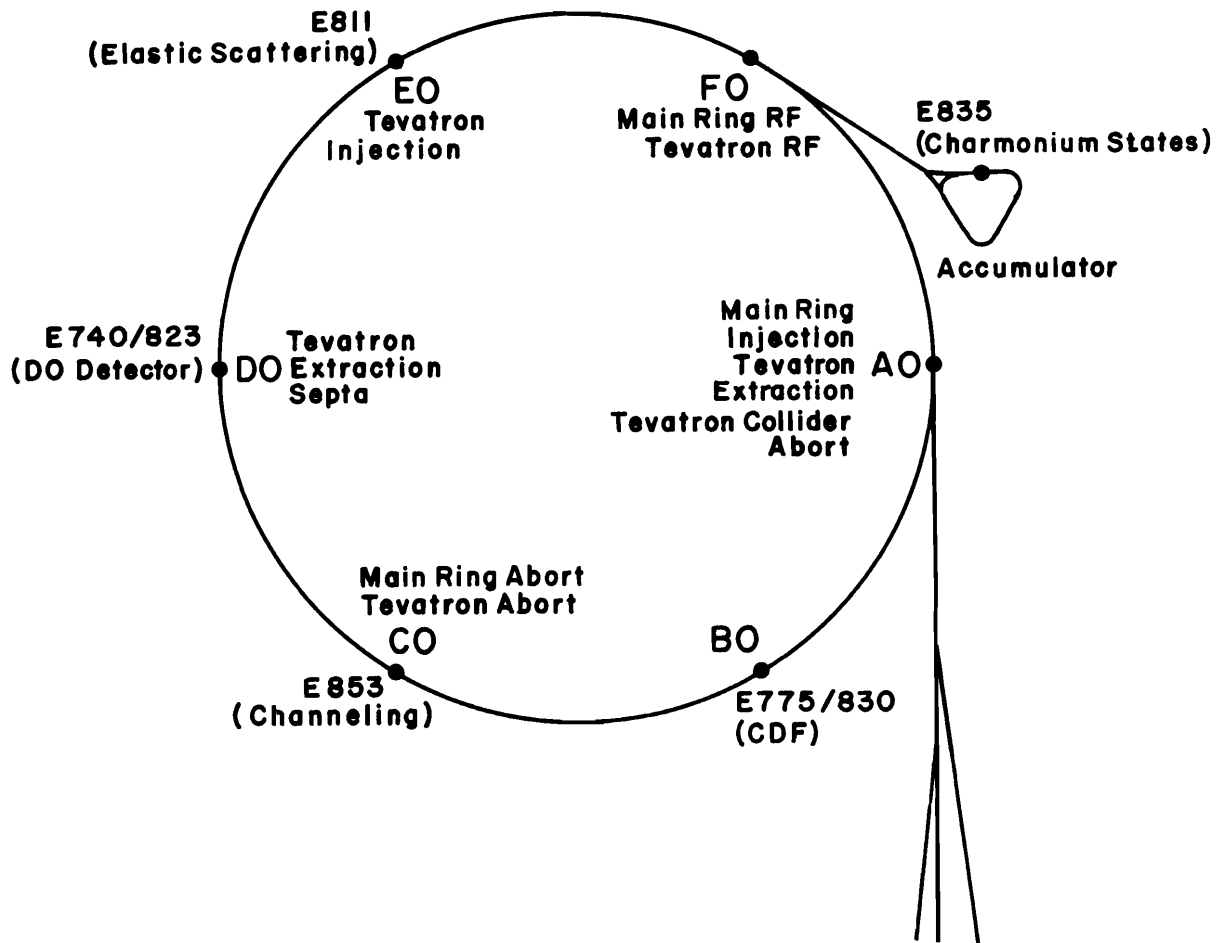


Figure 10. Locations in the Tevatron of the approved  $p\bar{p}$  Collider experiments, the channeling experiment, and the gas jet experiment in the Accumulator.

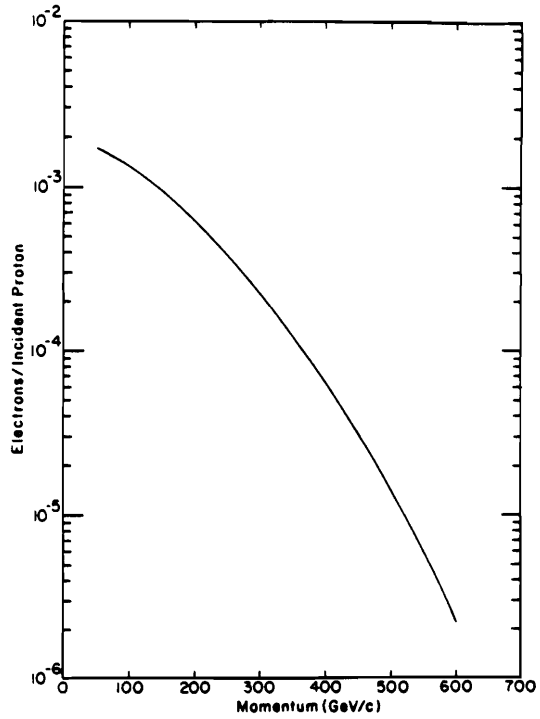


Figure 11.

Proton Area: Electron flux in the Proton Area Wide Band Beam; double band using a deuterium production target.

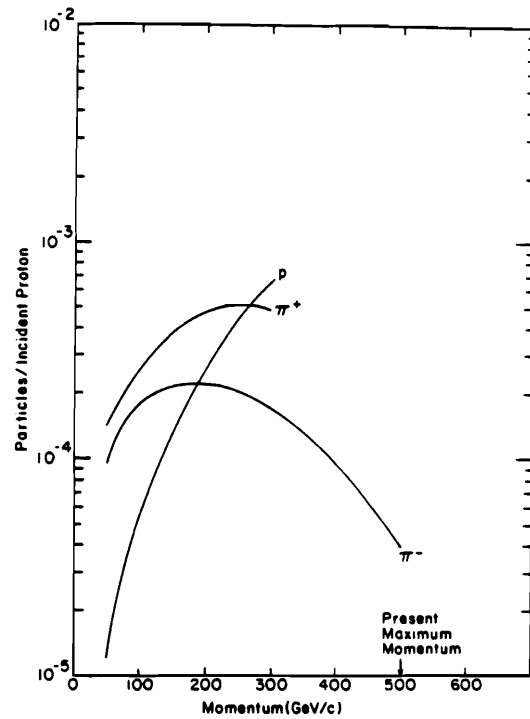


Figure 12.

Proton Area: Hadron flux in the Tagged Photon Laboratory.

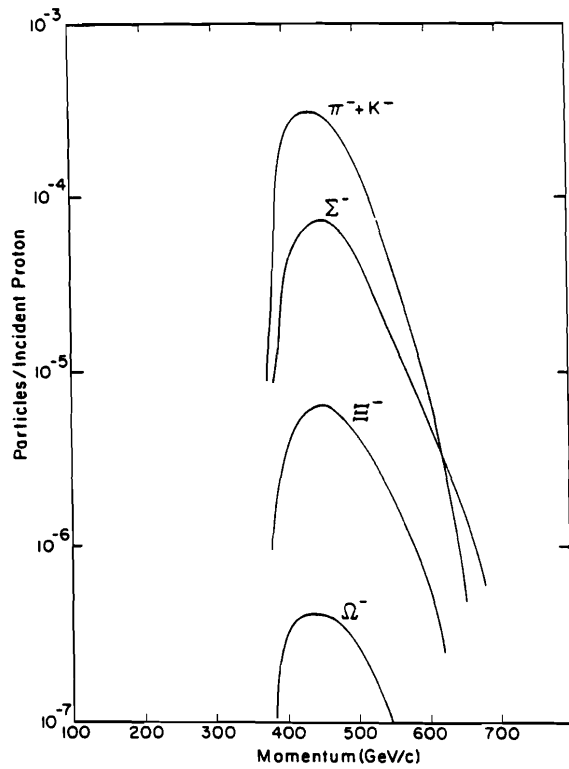


Figure 13.

Proton Area: Fluxes in the Proton Center Hyperon Facility.

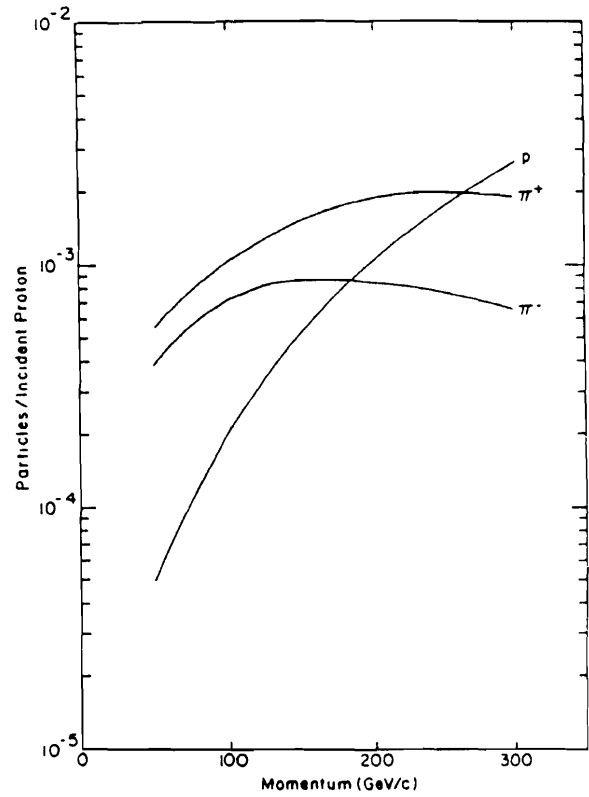


Figure 14.

Proton Area: Proton West High Intensity Laboratory particle flux.

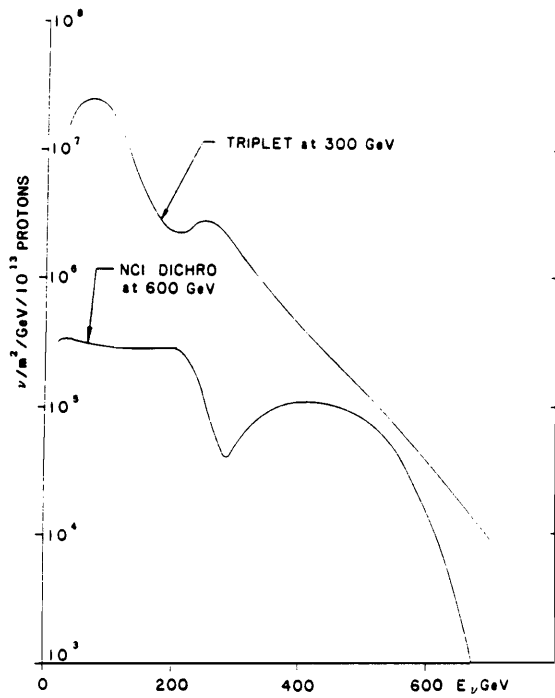


Figure 15.

Neutrino Area: Fluxes at Lab C with the dichromatic and triplet neutrino beams, for 1000 GeV incident protons. Assumed detector radius is one meter.

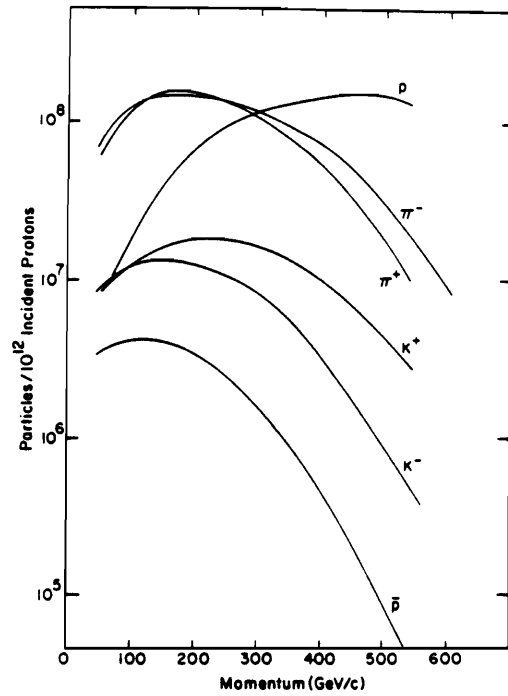
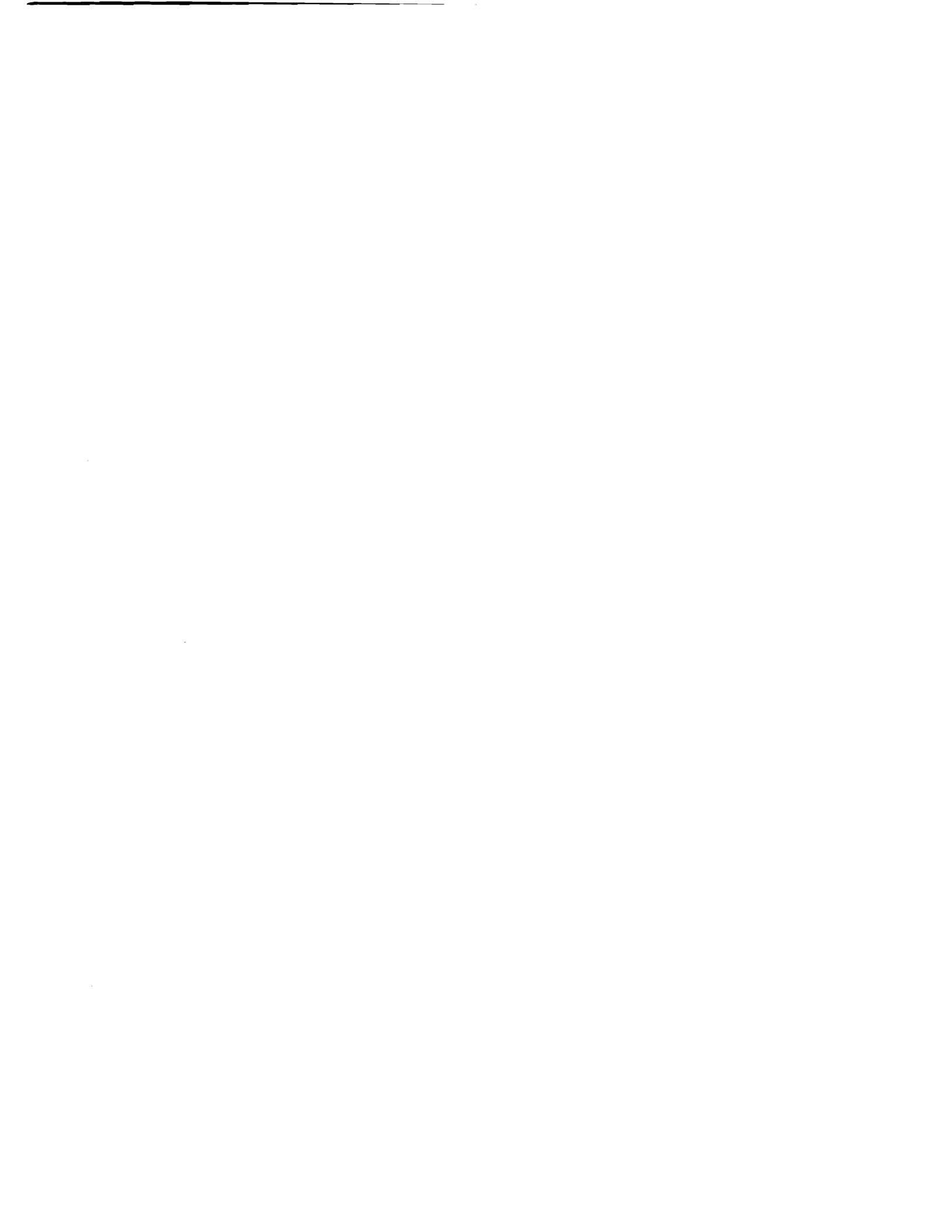


Figure 16.

Meson Area: Fluxes in the MW beam line. Production angle for negatives is zero degrees; for positives it is 1.4 mr.





## **SECTION IV. FERMILAB COMPUTING FACILITIES**

We include in this Section information on recent Fermilab computing usage.

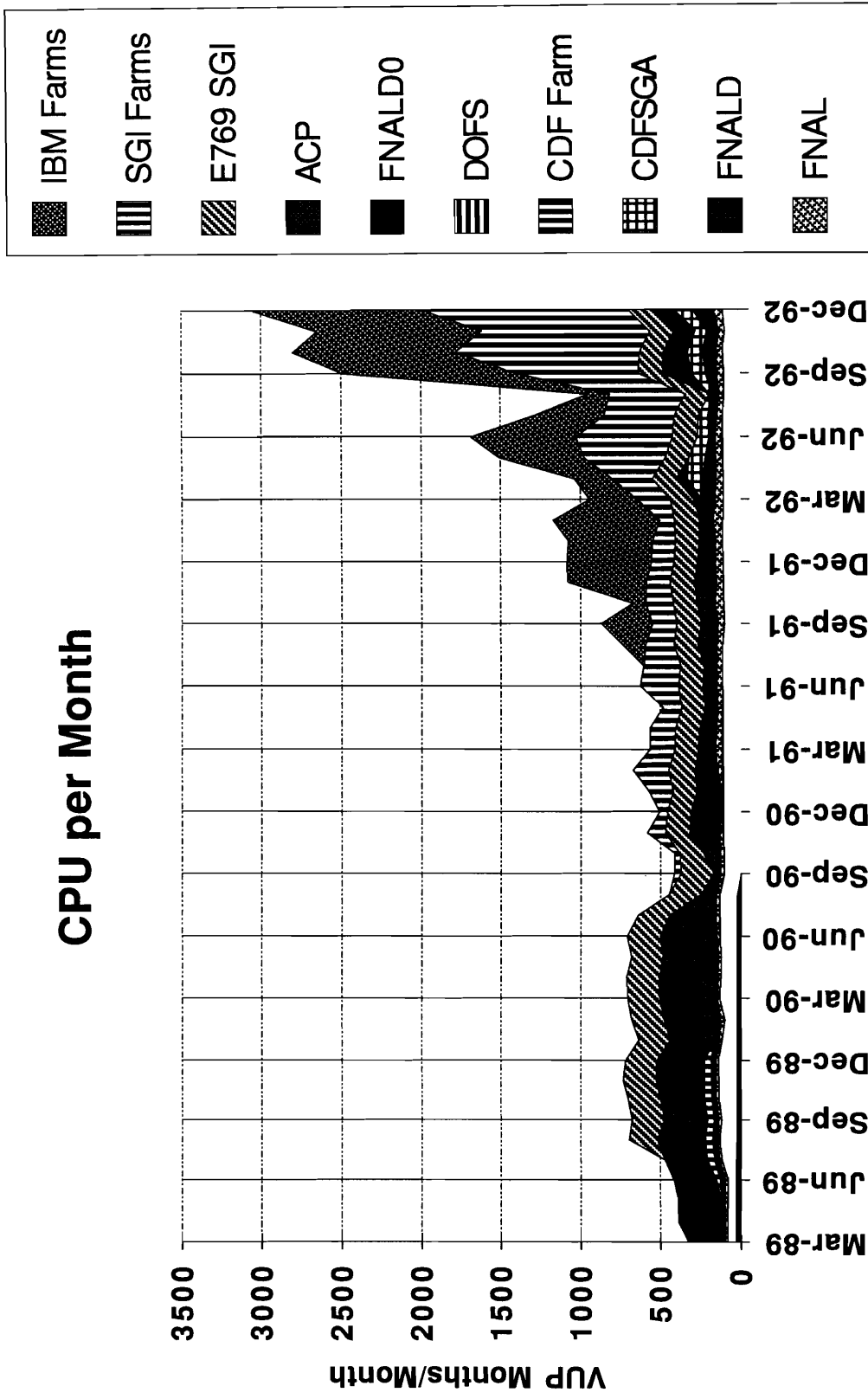


Figure 17. Fermilab computing usage (Vax equivalents).

## **SECTION V. MAJOR RESEARCH ACTIVITIES DURING 1992 AND 1993**

Information on the Fermilab Research Program during the 1992/93 Collider run is given in the following pages. Figure 18 shows when the run took place; Table 3 describes the major research activities in a little more detail.

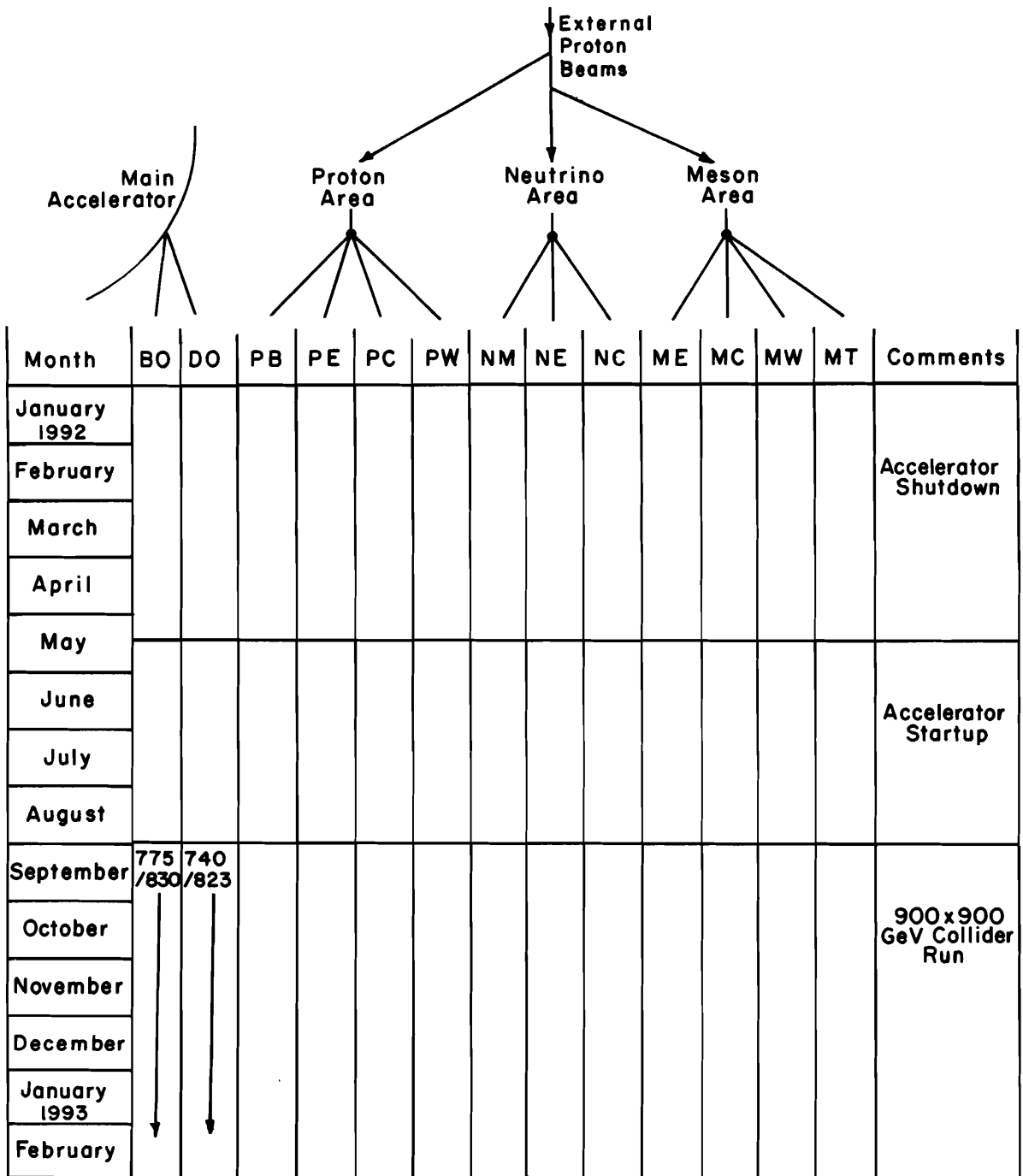


Figure 18. Major experiments running at Fermilab in 1992 and 1993 (through February).

**TABLE 3. DESCRIPTION OF MAJOR RESEARCH ACTIVITIES DURING  
1992 AND EARLY 1993**

<u>EXP. #</u>	<u>AREA</u>
	<u>COLLIDER</u>
740 / 823	Studies of $900 \times 900$ GeV $\bar{p}p$ collisions using the D0 detector - setup and data-taking
775 / 830	Studies of $900 \times 900$ GeV $\bar{p}p$ collisions using the CDF detector - setup and data-taking



## **SECTION VI. FERMILAB RESEARCH PROGRAM**

This Section contains information on the Fermilab research program for the next few years. The Situation Report, given on page 30, is a summary of the current status of the experimental program. Figure 19, based on the Situation Report, illustrates by beam line the major approved experiments.

---

# Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory

## Experimental Program Situation Report as of February 4, 1993

The Experimental Program situation at Fermilab is summarized below. The experiments are listed by experimental area and beamline under categories that best describe their status as of February 4, 1993. For experiments which have completed or received beam, the amount of running time or exposure to date is listed. The experimental area names are abbreviated as follows: Meson Area (MA); Neutrino Area (NA); Proton Area (PA); Collision Area (COL); Accumulator Ring (ACCUM RING); Debuncher Ring (DBNCHR RING); and Unspecified (UNSPEC BEAM).

Total number of approved experiments - 413

Beam Area & Line		Experiment	Spokesperson(s)	
<i>(Only experiments which have completed data taking since January 1, 1991 are listed.)</i>				
<b>A. Experiments that have completed data taking (389)</b>				<b>Completed</b>
MA	ME	B-QUARK MESONS & BARYONS #789	Kaplan, Peng	Jan 8, 1992
	MP	SPAGHETTI CALORIMETRY TEST #840	Para	Jan 8, 1992
		TRD/SHOWER COUNTER TEST #844	Swurdy	Dec 26, 1991
	MC	ETA00 & ETA+ - PHASE DIFFERENCE #773	Gollin	Sep 30, 1991
	MT	WARM LIQUID CALORIMETRY TEST #795	Pripstein	Dec 23, 1991
		CALORIMETER BEAM TEST #T841	Price	Jan 8, 1992
	MW	HADRON JETS #672A	Zieminski	Jan 8, 1992
		DIRECT PHOTON PRODUCTION #706	Slatery	Jan 8, 1992
NA	NM	TEVATRON MUON #665	Schellman	Jan 8, 1992
		MUONS IN EMULSION #802	Chatterjee, Ghosh	Dec 30, 1991
		SDC DETECTOR MUON BEAM TESTS #T816	Lubatti	Jan 8, 1992
		EMPACT DETECTOR TEST FOR SSC #819	Osborne	Oct 15, 1991
		FIBER TRACKING TEST #839	Margulies	Jan 8, 1992
		EMULSION EXPOSURE 600 GeV #843	Kim	Jul 13, 1991
		PIXEL DETECTOR TEST #T852	Arens	Dec 23, 1991
		dE/dx MUONS #855	Kalbfleisch	Jan 8, 1992
		INTEGRATED PIXEL DETECTOR TEST #856	Parker	Jan 8, 1992
	NE	PARTICLE SEARCH #690	Knapp	Jan 8, 1992
	NT	GAS CALORIMETRY FOR SDC #848	Giokaris	Dec 23, 1991
		BARIUM FLUORIDE CALORIMETER #849	Kobrak	Jan 8, 1992
	NW	NEUTRON MEASUREMENTS AT NWA #T821	Johns	Jan 8, 1992
PA	PE	HADROPRODUCTION HEAVY FLAVORS #791	Appel, Purohit	Jan 8, 1992
	PB	PHOTOPRODUCTION OF JETS #683	Corcoran	Jan 8, 1992
		PHOTOPRODUCTION OF CHARM AND B #687	Butler, Cumalat	Jan 8, 1992
		RADIATION EXPOSURE #842	Underwood	Jan 8, 1992
	PC	MAGNETIC MOMENT #800	Johns, Rameika	Jan 8, 1992
	PW	BEAUTY PRODUCTION BY PROTONS #771	Cox	Jan 8, 1992
COL	C-0	FIBER IRRADIATION STUDIES #851	Margulies, Piekarz	Jan 8, 1992
	OTHER	MAGNET APERTURE STUDIES #778	Gerig, Talman	Jan 21, 1991
DBNCHR RING		MUON FLUXES IN THE DEBUNCHER #854	Bross	Jan 8, 1992
ACCUM RING		CHARMONIUM STATES #760	Cester	Jan 10, 1992
		ANTI-PROTON DECAY #T861	Geer	Oct 29, 1992
UNSPEC BEAM		BOTTOM AT THE COLLIDER #784	Lockyer	Jan 8, 1992
		CALORIMETER TEST #847	Sulak	Jan 8, 1992
<b>B. Experiments that are in progress (3)</b>				<b>Recent Run</b>
MA	MC	CP VIOLATION #799	Wah, Yamanaka	Jan 8, 1992
COL	B-0	CDF UPGRADE #775	Shochet, Carithers	Oct 31, 1992
	D-0	D-0 DETECTOR #740	Grannis	Oct 31, 1992
<b>E. Experiments to be set up within a year (2)</b>				
COL	C-0	TEVATRON CRYSTAL EXTRACTION #853	Murphy	
	E-0	PBAR P ELASTIC SCATTERING #811	Orear	
<b>F. Other approved experiments (9)</b>				
MA	ME	ANTI(U-QUARK)/ANTI(D-QUARK) DIST #866	Garvey	
NA	NC	NEUTRINO #815	Shaevitz	
PA	PB	HEAVY QUARK PHOTOPRODUCTION #831	Cumalat	
	PC	LARGE-X BARYON SPECTROMETER #781	Russ	
	OTHER	EMULSION EXPOSURE 1000 GeV #793	Lord	
COL	B-0	CDF UPGRADE #830	Shochet, Carithers	
	D-0	D-0 DETECTOR UPGRADE #823	Grannis	
ACCUM RING		CHARMONIUM STATES #835	Cester	
UNSPEC BEAM		CP VIOLATION #832	Hsiung, Winstein	
<b>Pending proposals (15)</b>				
MA	ME	LOW-MULTIPLICITY BEAUTY DECAYS #865	Kaplan	
	MC	K-SHORT DECAYS #833	Thomson	
PA	PE	HEAVY FLAVORS AT TPL #829	Appel, Purohit	
	PC	CP VIOLATION #796	Thomson	
	PW	HIDDEN CHARM AND BEAUTY #867	Cox	
COL	C-0	MAXIMUM ACCEPTANCE DETECTOR #864	Bjorken, Longo	
DBNCHR RING		SEARCH FOR NEUTRINO OSCILLATIONS #860	Lee	
ACCUM RING		CPT AND GRAVITY TESTS #812	Smith	
		ANTI-HYDROGEN DETECTION #862	Munger	
UNSPEC BEAM		SMALL PHYSICS #813	Jones	
		MUON NEUTRINO MAGNETIC MOMENT #820	Giokaris	
		CP VIOLATION IN HYPERON DECAY #859	Hsueh	
MAIN	INJECTOR	NEUTRINO OSCILLATIONS #803	Reay	
		KAON PHYSICS AT MAIN INJECTOR #804	Winstein	
		SUDAN NEUTRINO OSCILLATIONS #822	Goodman	



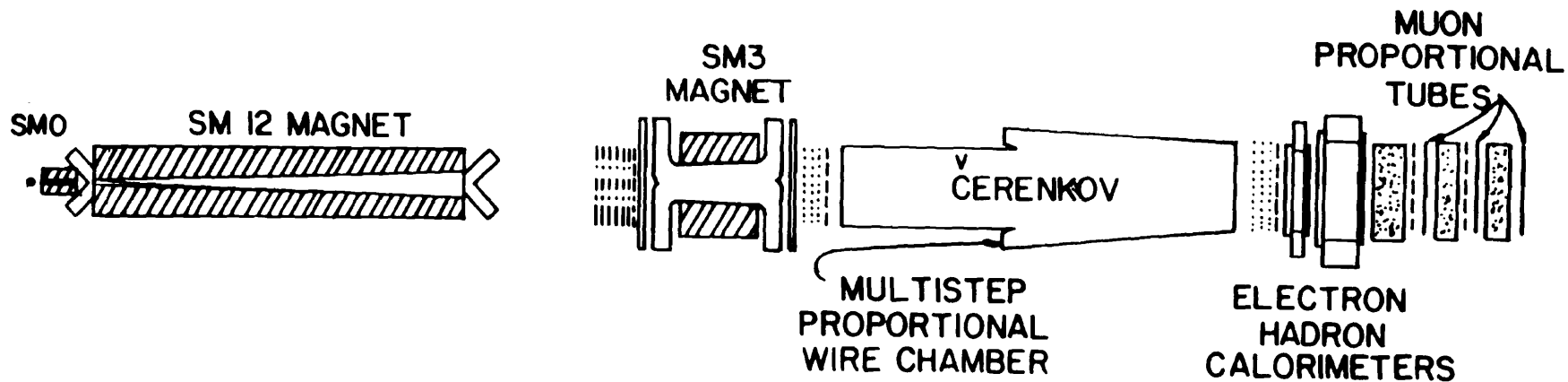
M E S O N	ME	866 Garvey	Abilene Christian, Catech, Fermilab, LANL, Northern Illinois, Taiwan, Texas A&M	$\bar{d}/\bar{u}$ in the Proton
N E U T R I N O	NC	815 Shaevitz	Adelphi, UC/Irvine, Cincinnati, Columbia, Fermilab, Harvard, MIT, Oregon, Rochester	Neutrino Neutral Current Interactions
P R O T O N	PC	781 Russ	Bristol, Carnegie-Mellon, CBPF, Fermilab, IHEP/Beijing, IHEP/Serpukhov, Iowa, ITEP, Moscow State, MPI/Heldelberg, PNPI, Rochester, Sao Paulo, Tel Aviv, Washington	Study of Charm Baryon Physics
	PB	831 Cumalat	UC/Davis, Colorado, Fermilab, Frascati, Illinois, Korea, Lebedev, Milano, North Carolina, Northern Kentucky, Northwestern, Notre Dame, Pavia, Puerto Rico, South Carolina, Tennessee, Vanderbilt	Photoproduction of Heavy Quark States
C O L L I D E R	B0	775/830 Carithers/ Shochet	ANL, Bologna, Brandeis, Chicago, Duke, Fermilab, Frascati, Harvard, Illinois, IPP/Canada, Johns Hopkins, KEK, LBL, Michigan, Michigan State, MIT, New Mexico, Osaka City, Padova, Pennsylvania, Pisa, Pittsburgh, Purdue, Rochester, Rockefeller, Rutgers, SSCL, Texas A&M, Tsukuba, Tufts, UCLA, Wisconsin, Yale	CDF Detector
	C0	853 Murphy	CEBAF, Fermilab, IHEP/Serpukhov, JINR/Dubna, New Mexico, PNPI, SSCL, Texas/Austin, UCLA, Virginia, Wisconsin	Tevatron Crystal Extraction
	D0	740/823 Grannis	Los Andes, Arizona, BNL, Brown, UC/Riverside, CBPF, CINVESTAV, Columbia, Delhi, Fermilab, Florida State, Hawaii, IHEP/Serpukhov, Illinois/Chicago, Indiana, Iowa State, LBL, Maryland, Michigan, Michigan State, Moscow State, New York, Northeastern, Northern Illinois, Northwestern, Notre Dame, Panjab, Purdue, Rice, Rochester, Saclay, SSCL, SUNY/Stony Brook, Tata, Texas/Arlington, Texas A&M	D0 Detector
	E0	811 Orear	CERN, Cornell, Fermilab, Lebedev, World Lab	$\bar{p}p$ Elastic Scattering and Total Cross Section
A C C U M U L A T O R		835 Cester	UC/Irvine, Fermilab, Ferrara, Genova, Northwestern, Pennsylvania State, Torino	Charmonium States

Figure 19. Fermilab experimental program. All major approved experiments not yet completed by the beginning of 1993 are shown here, listed by number, spokesperson, collaborating institutions and a short physics description. Not shown are experiments E-799 and E-832, for which a location has not as yet been determined.

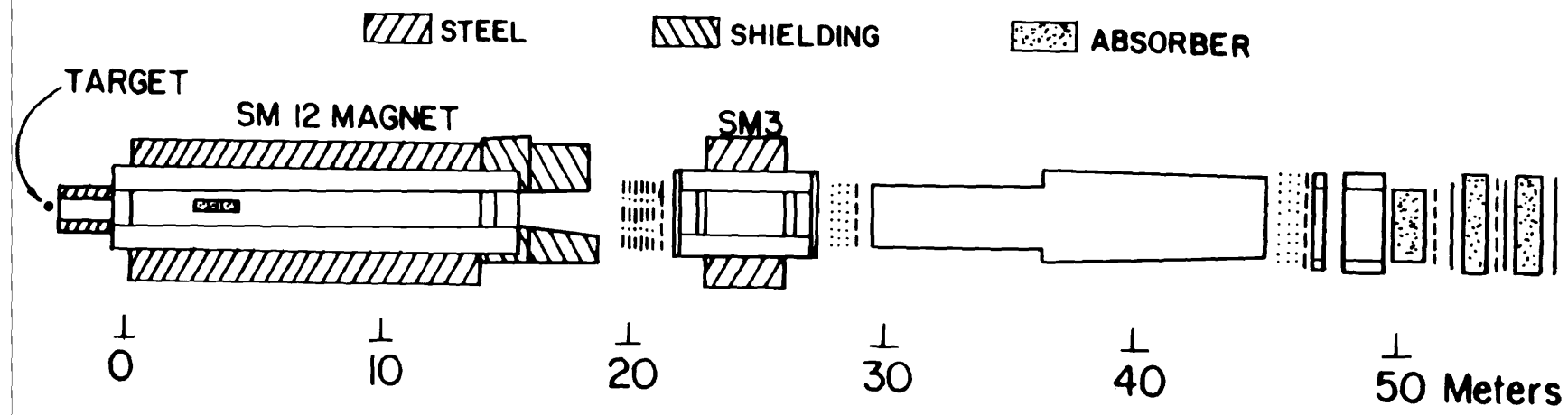


## **SECTION VII. SUMMARIES OF APPROVED EXPERIMENTS**

As in recent Workbooks, this Section is expanded considerably from earlier years. More information is given on the current status of each major experiment, including the status of the data analysis. In addition, we have included experiments that completed data taking in the past few years, but are still analyzing data. Some information on publications and theses is also given. Test beam activities are not included; they are, however, given experiment numbers and are listed in the Situation Report of Section VI and also in Section VIII.



PLAN VIEW E-605



ELEVATION SECTION E-605

- ..... DRIFT CHAMBER
- PROPORTIONAL CHAMBER
- COUNTER BANK

## **E-605 (McCarthy) Study of Leptons and Hadrons Near the Kinematic Limits**

*CERN (Switzerland), Columbia, Fermilab, KEK (Japan),  
Kyoto (Japan), Saclay (France), SUNY/Stony Brook, Washington*

**Status: Data Analysis**

The goal of this experiment is to study lepton and hadron production (both singles and pairs) for particles produced with very high transverse momentum. Any massive hadron or lepton resonance can be studied with excellent resolution. In addition, the experiment will study many QCD predictions deriving from the internal quark structure of hadrons. Particle ratios, lepton yields and  $A$ -dependence of high  $P_T$  yields provide important probes into the detailed dynamics of quarks in nucleons.

The apparatus consists of a wide-aperture magnetic spectrometer in which the first active electronic detectors are protected from the copious low energy fluxes from the production target by a magnetic field of 8.9 GeV transverse kick. A momentum reanalysis in a large .9 GeV transverse kick spectrometer magnet provides excellent background rejection. Proportional wire chambers and drift chambers are used to trace particle trajectories. Calorimetry is performed using lead-scintillator and steel-scintillator arrays. The spectrometer includes a large aperture ring imaging Cerenkov counter capable of full hadron identification from 100 GeV/c to 250 GeV/c. We propose to take approximately  $10^{12}$  protons/pulse at both 400 GeV/c and 800 GeV/c on both solid metal targets and also a LH<sub>2</sub>/LD<sub>2</sub> target. This will enable us to unravel the quark structure of hadrons in a much larger range of fractional quark momentum and quark type than previous experiments.

For the FY 1985 run, an absorber and high-rate drift chamber was added at the exit of the first spectrometer magnet. This will allow a search for dimuon resonances above 8 GeV mass with the highest possible luminosity.

E-605 had substantial data runs at 400 GeV in 1982 and 1984 and at 800 GeV in 1984 and 1985. Data analysis continued until 1990, with the final publication of the remaining results expected to be in 1993. Meanwhile, the E-605 mass-focussing spectrometer has been modified, used for experiment E-772 in 1987, and E-789 in 1990 and 1991. It also forms the basis of pending proposal P-865 and recently approved E-866.

### **Publications**

R. W. Fast et al., IEEE Trans. Magnetics MAG-17, 1903 (1981), 14.4 m Large Aperture Analysis Magnet with Aluminum Coils.

- J. Hanson et al., IEEE Trans. Nucl. Sci. NS-28, 514 (1981), A Study of Some Properties Which Determine the Resolution of a Lead-Scintillator Sandwich Electromagnetic Shower Detector.
- Y. Sakai et al., IEEE Trans. Nucl. Sci. NS-28, 528 (1981), Longitudinal Shower Development in a Lead-Scintillator Calorimeter as a Tool to Separate Pions and Electrons at 10-50 GeV Energies.
- G. Coutrakon et al., IEEE Trans. Nucl. Sci. NS-29, 323 (1982), Identification of 200 GeV/c Particles Using a Ring-Imaging Cherenkov Detector.
- R. Bouclier et al., Nucl. Instrum. Methods 205, 403 (1983), Progress in Cherenkov Ring Imaging, Part 1.
- Ph. Mangeot et al., Nucl. Instrum. Methods 216, 79 (1983), Progress in Cherenkov Ring Imaging, Part 2.
- M. Adams et al., Nucl. Instrum. Methods 217, 237 (1983), Pi/K/p Identification with a Large-Aperture Ring-Imaging Cherenkov.
- H. Glass et al., IEEE Trans. Nucl. Sci. NS-30, 30 (1983), Construction and Operation of a Large Ring-Imaging Cherenkov Detector.
- J. A. Crittenden et al., IEEE Trans. Nucl. Sci. NS-31, 1028 (1984), A Data Acquisition System for Elementary Particle Physics.
- Y. B. Hsiung et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 55, 457 (1985), A-Dependence of the Inclusive Production of Hadrons with High Transverse Momenta.
- H. Glass et al., IEEE Trans. Nucl. Sci. NS-32, 692 (1985), Identification of High Transverse-Momentum Hadrons with a Ring-Imaging Cherenkov Counter.
- R. Gray and J. P. Rutherford, Nucl. Instrum. and Methods, A244, 440 (1986), A Clocked, Fast-Electronics Trigger for High-Energy Physics.
- Y. B. Hsiung et al., Nucl. Instrum. Methods, A245, 338 (1986), Use of a Parallel Pipelined, Event Processor in a Massive-Dimuon Experiment.
- J. A. Crittenden et al., Phys. Rev. D34, 2584 (1986), Inclusive Hadronic Production Cross Sections Measured in Proton-Nucleus Collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 27.4$  GeV.
- R.L. McCarthy et al., Nucl. Instr. and Meth. A248, 69 (1986), Identification of Large-Transverse-Momentum Hadrons Using a Ring-Imaging Cherenkov Counter.
- C. N. Brown et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 57, 2101 (1986), A New Limit on Axion Production in 800 GeV Hadronic Showers.
- D. E. Jaffe et al., Phys. Rev. D38, 1016 (1988), High-Transverse-Momentum Hadron-Hadron Correlations in  $\sqrt{s} = 38.8$  GeV Proton-Proton Interactions.
- Robert E. Plaag and J. P. Rutherford, Nucl. Instr. and Meth. A273, 177 (1988), A Large High-Speed Memory Buffer for High Energy Physics Data.
- D. E. Jaffe et al., Phys. Rev. D40, 2777 (1989), High-Transverse-Momentum Single-Hadron Production in pp and pd Collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 27.4$  and 38.8 GeV.
- T. Yoshida et al., Phys. Rev. D39, 3516 (1989), High Resolution Measurement of Massive-Dielectron Production in 800-GeV Proton-Beryllium Collisions.

C. N. Brown et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 63, 2637 (1989), Dimuon Production in 800 GeV Proton-Nucleus Collisions.

G. Moreno et al., Phys. Rev. D43, 2815 (1991), Dimuon Production in Proton-Copper Collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 38.8$  GeV.

P. B. Straub et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 68, 452 (1992), Nuclear Dependence of High- $X_t$  Hadron and High-Tau Hadron Pair Production in p-A Interactions at  $\sqrt{s} = 38.8$  GeV.

P. B. Straub et al., Phys. Rev. D45, 3030 (1992), Particle Ratios of High- $X_t$  Hadrons in p-A Interactions at  $\sqrt{s}=38.8$  GeV.

### **Articles Currently in Preparation**

C. N. Brown et al., to be published in PRD, Production of Upsilon's and a High Sensitivity Dimuon Resonance Search in p-Cu Collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 38.8$  GeV.

### **Theses**

George Coutrakon, SUNY Stony Brook

Anna Peisert, Univ. of Geneva

Henry Glass, SUNY Stony Brook

Yoshi Sakai, Kyoto Univ.

Jim Crittenden, Columbia Univ.

Yee-Bob Hsiung, Columbia Univ.

Dave Jaffe, SUNY Stony Brook

Bob Plaag, Univ. of Washington

Takuo Yoshida, Kyoto Univ.

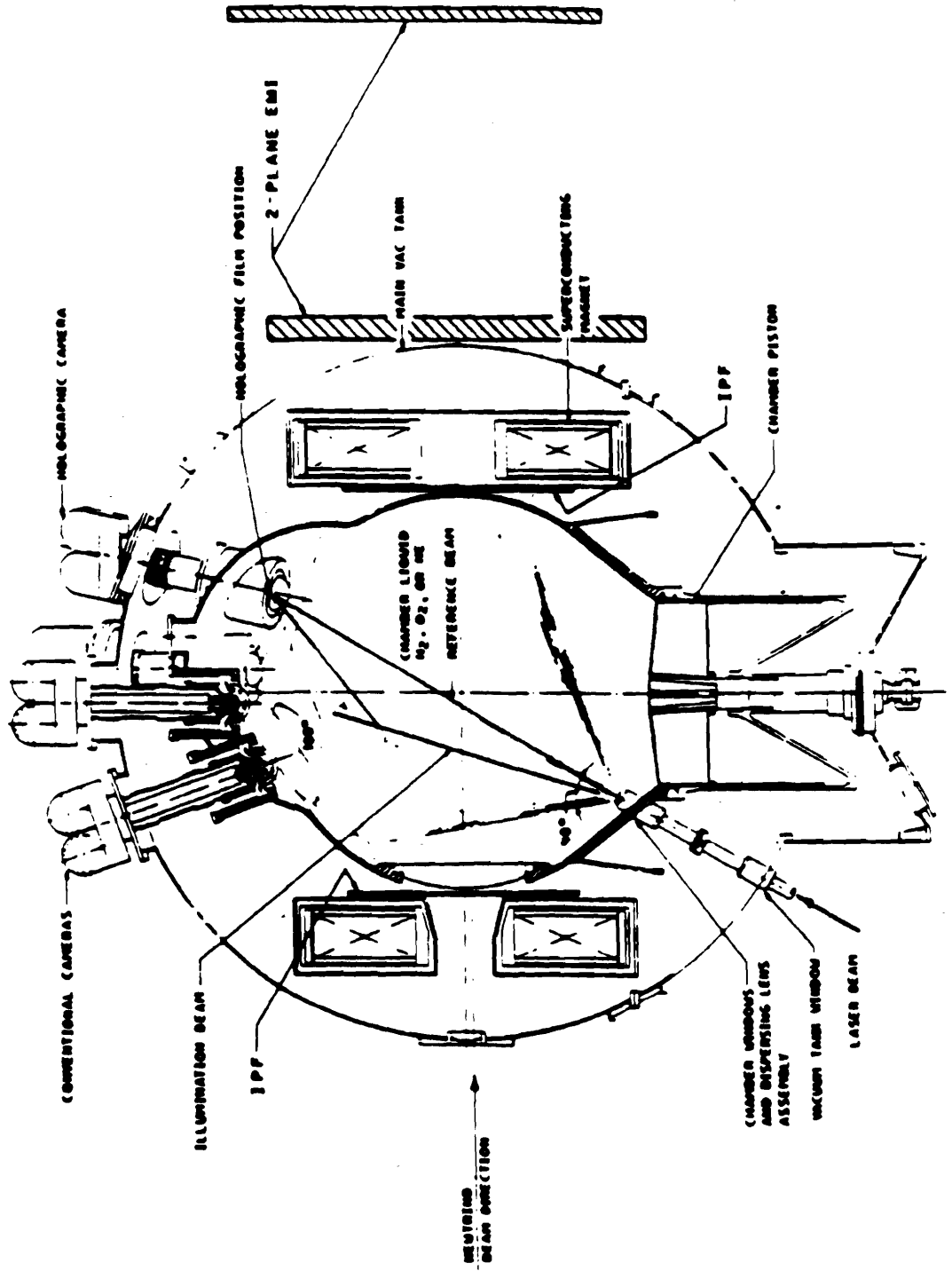
Richard Gray, Univ. of Washington

Gerardo Moreno, CINVESTAV, Mexico

Bruce Straub, Univ. of Washington

E-632

FERMILAB 15' BUBBLE CHAMBER





## **E-632 (Morrison / Peters) An Exposure of the 15' Bubble Chamber with a Neon-Hydrogen Mixture to a Wideband Neutrino Beam from the Tevatron**

*Birmingham (Great Britain), UC/Berkeley, CERN (Switzerland), Fermilab, Hawaii, IHEP/Serpukhov (Russia), IIT, Imperial College (Great Britain), ITEP (Russia), Jammu (India), Libre (Belgium), MPI (Germany), Moscow State (Russia), Oxford (Great Britain), Panjab (India), Rutgers, Saclay (France), Stevens, Tufts*

**Status: Data Analysis**

The experiment E-632 is to study interactions of a quad-triplet neutrino beam of the Tevatron in the 15-foot bubble chamber filled with a neon-hydrogen mixture. The main aim of the experiment is exploratory - to search for new particles or new effects in a new energy range. A second major goal is to study like-sign dileptons in the  $\mu\mu$  mode since previous results at lower energies give the only major experimental deviation from the Standard Model. A third major aim is the study of neutral current interactions by using the Internal Picket Fence to identify such events. Many other physics topics, such as coherent production, will be simultaneously studied. In addition to the three conventional cameras of 500 micron resolution, high resolution for studying short-lived particles has been achieved using a holographic system giving 100 micron resolution in part of the chamber. The bubble chamber has been equipped with four new planes of counters. Two of them, called the Internal Picket Fence (IPF), are close to the chamber but covering the upstream and downstream directions - these have allowed the timing of events by assigning hits to the ends of tracks hitting the chamber wall. The other two planes of counters with absorber in between them and the chamber serve as the External Muon Identifier (EMI). The dimuon events have been selected using the four planes of counters.

### **Publications**

H. Bjelkhagen et al., NIM 220, 300 (1984), Test of High Resolution Two-beam Holography in a Model of the Big European Bubble Chamber.

P. Nailor, Photonics Applied to Nuclear Physics; 2 Nucleophot, Strasbourg (1984) pg. 83, HOLRED - a Machine to Reproduce and Photograph Real Images from Holograms Taken in the 15-foot Bubble Chamber at Fermilab.

M. W. Peters and R. J. Cence, *ibid* pg 95, Design, Testing and Construction of a Holographic Measuring Machine.

G. Harigel et al., *ibid* pg 72, Pulse Stretching in a Q-switched Ruby Laser for Bubble Chamber Holography.

P. Marage (E-632 Collaboration), Proc. of 12th Intl. Conf. on Neutrino Physics and Astrophysics, Sendai, Japan (1986), Hadronic Component in Neutrino Interactions.

H. Akbari and H. Bjelkhagen, SPIE 615, 7 (1986) (Society of Photo-Optical Instrumentation Engineers), Holography in the 15-foot Bubble Chamber at Fermilab.

G. Harigel et al., *Applied Optics* **25**, 4102 (1986), Pulse Stretching in a Q-switched Ruby Laser for Bubble Chamber Holography.

G. G. Harigel (E-632 Collaboration), *NIM* **A257**, 614 (1987), Holography in the 15-foot Bubble Chamber.

J. K. Hawkins and W. A. Williams, *Proc. Intl. Conf. on Lasers - 86*, STS Press McLean, VA. 553 (1987), Laser Pulse Stretching Via Enhanced Closed Loop Control with Slow Q-switching.

P. Marage (E-632 Collaboration), *Proc. of 13th Intl. Conf. on Neutrino Physics and Astrophysics*, Tufts Univ., Medford, Mass. (1988), Coherent Production of Pi-Mesons by Charged Current Interactions of Neutrinos and Antineutrinos on Neon Nuclei at the Tevatron.

G. Harigel (E-632 Collaboration), *NIM* **A279**, 249 (1989), Holography in the 15-foot Bubble Chamber.

G. Harigel (E-632 Collaboration), *Proc. Workshop Physics at UNK, Protvino*, pg 324 (1989), Holography in the 15-foot Bubble Chamber.

M. Aderholz et al., *NIM* **A284**, 311 (1989), HOLRED, a Machine for the Replay of Holograms Made in a Large Bubble Chamber.

R. Naon, H. Bjelkhagen, R. Burnstein and L. Voyvodic, *NIM* **A283**, 24 (1989), A System for Viewing Holograms.

M. Aderholz et al., *Phys. Rev. Letters* **63**, 2349 (1989), Coherent Production of Pi Mesons by Charged Current Interactions of Neutrinos and Antineutrinos on Neon Nuclei at the Tevatron.

V. Jain et al., *Phys. Rev.* **D41**, 2057 (1990), Di-muon Production by Neutrinos in the Fermilab 15-foot Bubble Chamber at the Tevatron.

L. Verluyten et al., *NIM* **A292**, 313 (1990), Laser Pulse Stretching Via Enhanced Closed Loop Control with Slow Q-switching.

L. Verluyten et al., *NIM* **A292**, 551 (1990), Monitoring of a High-Powered Ruby Pulsed Laser.

H. Bingham et al., *NIM* **A297**, 364 (1990), Holography of Particle Tracks in the Fermilab 15-foot Bubble Chamber.

M. Aderholz et al., *Phys. Rev.* **D45**, 2232 (1992), Study of High Energy Neutrino Neutral Current Interactions.

### **Future Publications**

S. Willocq et al., submitted to *Phys. Rev. D*, Coherent Production of Single Pions and Rho Mesons in Charged Current Interactions of Neutrinos and Antineutrinos on Nuclei at the Fermilab Tevatron.

M. D. Jones (E-632 Collaboration), to be published in *Proc. of 15th Intl. Conf. on Neutrino Physics & Astrophysics*, Granada (1992), Neutral Secondary Vertices Associated to High Energy Neutrino Interactions.

M. Kalelkar (E-632 Collaboration), to be published in Proc. Intl. Conf. on High Energy Physics, Dallas, Sept. (1992), Strangeness Production in Neutrino Interactions.

M. Kalelkar (E-632 Collaboration), to be published in Proc. of APS Division of Particles and Fields Meeting, Fermilab, Nov. (1992), Neutral Strange Particle Production in Neutrino-Neon Charged-Current Interactions at the Fermilab Tevatron.

### **Theses**

H. Akbari, Tufts University (1987), High Resolution Imaging of Particle Interactions in a Large Bubble Chamber Using Holographic Techniques.

V. Jain, University of Hawaii (1988), Di-Muon Production by 0 - 600 GeV Neutrinos in the Fermilab 15-foot Bubble Chamber.

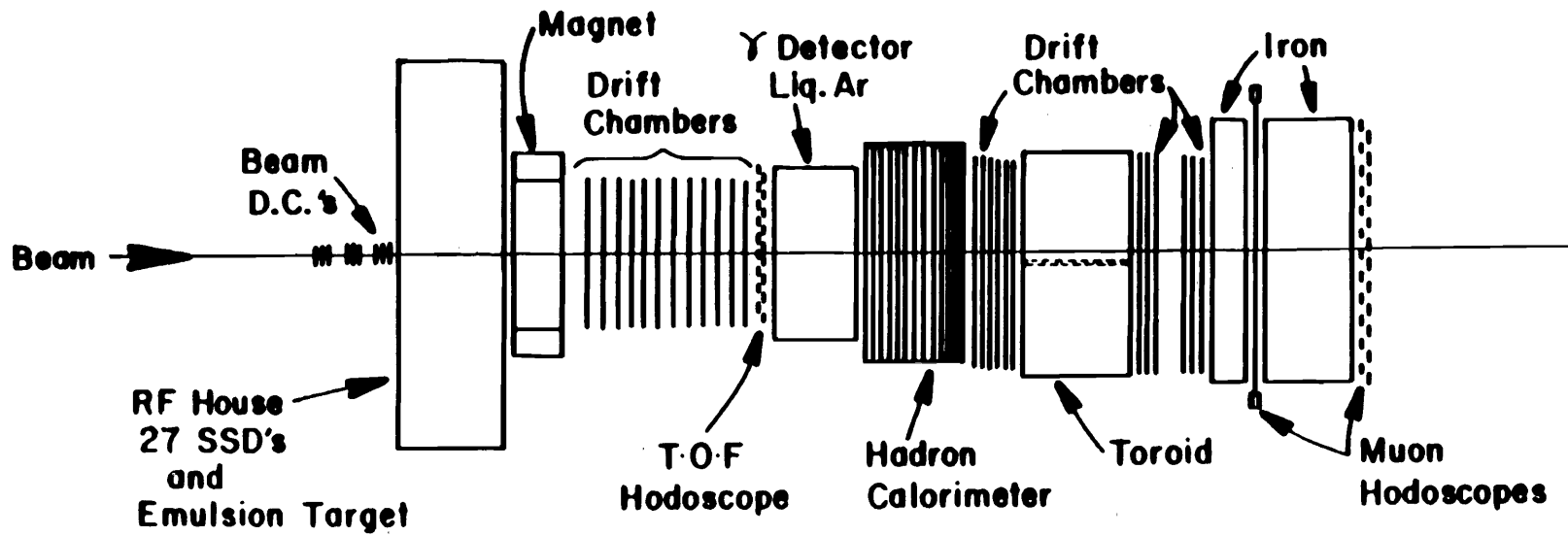
P. R. Nailor, Imperial College, London (1989), Holographic Reconstruction of Tracks in Large Volume Bubble Chambers.

D. F. DeProspero, Rutgers University (1990), Charged Current Neutral Strange Particle Production in Neutrino-Neon Collisions in the 15-ft Bubble Chamber at the Fermilab Tevatron.

L. Verluyten, Universiteit Antwerpen (1991), Holography in the FNAL 15-foot Bubble Chamber and Particle Density Fluctuations in Neutrino Interactions.

S. Willocq, Tufts University (1992), Coherent Production of Pions and Rho Mesons in Neutrino Charged-Current Interactions on Neon Nuclei at the Fermilab Tevatron.

E-653



## **E-653 (Reay) Measuring Charm and Beauty Decays Via Hadronic Production in a Hybrid Emulsion Spectrometer**

*Aichi (Japan), UC/Davis, Carnegie-Mellon, Chonnam National (Korea), Fermilab, Gifu (Japan), Gyeongsang National (Korea), Joenbug (Korea), Kinki (Japan), Kobe (Japan), Korea (Korea), Nagoya (Japan), Nagoya Inst. of Tech. (Japan), Ohio State, Okayama (Japan), Oklahoma, Osaka City (Japan), Osaka Sci. Ed. Center. (Japan), Toho (Japan), Utsunomiya (Japan), Yokohama National (Japan), Won Kwang (Korea)*

**Status:** *Data Analysis*

Scientists from Japan, Korea, and the United States are now analyzing data from E-653, a study of hadronically-produced charm and beauty with a hybrid emulsion spectrometer<sup>1</sup>.

The experiment used an active target of nuclear emulsion in which the primary interaction and short-lived decays can be observed. A spectrometer featuring an 18-plane silicon microstrip vertex detector provides the information for selecting events to be scanned in the emulsion. This spectrometer can also obtain clean samples of charm decays without use of emulsion information. Since the experiment was triggered by a muon, an enhanced sample of semimuonic charm decays was obtained. The trigger muon is also important in identifying the twelve beauty pairs which have so far been found.

Emulsion has a spatial resolution an order of magnitude better than other particle detectors, and can in this experiment measure proper decay times as short as 0.05 picosec, and decaying particle directions typically to 1 milliradian. It is ideally suited for untangling sequential beauty  $\rightarrow$  charm decay events. The silicon vertex detector locates vertices with an accuracy of 10 (200) microns transverse to (along) the beam. Additional apparatus includes a dipole magnet, vector drift chambers with 80 micron rms position resolution and 600 micron two-track resolution, a second magnetic spectrometer for muon analysis, and a liquid argon calorimeter with 1 mm resolution and 8 mm two-shower separation.

E-653 first studied hadroproduction of heavy quarks with an 800 GeV proton run in 1985, and again in a much more sensitive run with 600 GeV  $\pi^-$  in 1987. Published results from the proton run include a measurement<sup>2</sup> of the fraction of  $D^0$  semimuonic decays which proceed via  $K\mu\nu$ , and measurements<sup>3,4</sup> of the production properties of inclusive charm and charm pairs in 800 GeV proton-emulsion collisions.

The pion run has yielded both charm and beauty. The charm results from this run which have so far been published include a measurement<sup>5</sup> of the form factor ratios in  $D^+ \rightarrow K^{*0}\mu\nu$ , with errors half as large as earlier work, a measurement of the branching ratio for this decay mode<sup>6</sup> relative to both  $D^+ \rightarrow K^-\pi^+\pi^+$  and to  $D^0 \rightarrow K^-\mu^+\nu$ , and a study<sup>7</sup> of the production properties of charm produced by 800 GeV  $\pi^-$ . Currently under collaboration review and soon to be submitted for publication are the first measurement<sup>8</sup> of form factor ratios for

$D_s \rightarrow \phi\mu\nu$  and the first observation of  $D_s \rightarrow (\eta+\eta')\mu\nu$ <sup>8</sup>, and a sensitive upper limit<sup>9</sup> on 4- and 5-prong semimuonic decays. Work is now in progress on Cabibbo-forbidden semimuonic decays, and on a remeasurement of the  $D^0 \rightarrow K\mu\nu$  fraction with substantially reduced statistical and systematic errors. In Japan, the emulsion physicists have so far found one good candidate for  $D_s \rightarrow \tau\nu$  and hope for an eventual sample of ten such decays.

A scan of the emulsion for events with muon transverse momentum  $p_{T\mu} > 1.5 \text{ GeV}/c$  has yielded nine beauty pair events, from which separate lifetimes for charged and neutral beauty have been measured<sup>10</sup>, and from which both inclusive production properties and pair correlation information have been obtained<sup>11</sup>. A second emulsion scan with a reduced  $p_{T\mu}$  requirement has so far yielded three more beauty pair candidates. The estimated yield from the full data sample is fifteen to twenty pairs. The tagged charm from the beauty scan, and from semileptonic decays, will yield more than 1000 charm pairs for production studies.

The E-653 analysis schedule calls for most U.S. analysis work to be complete early in 1993. The emulsion analysis in Japan will probably continue for at least another year, with some involvement from the U.S. side.

## References

1. K. Kodama et al., Hybrid Emulsion Spectrometer for the Detection of Hadronically Produced Heavy Flavor States, Nucl. Instr. & Meth. **A289**, 146 (1990).
  2. K. Kodama et al., Measurement of the Relative Branching Fraction  $\Gamma(D^0 \rightarrow K\mu\nu)/\Gamma(D^0 \rightarrow \mu X)$ , Phys. Rev. Lett. **66**, 1819 (1991).
  3. K. Kodama et al., Charm Meson Production in 800 GeV/c Proton-Emulsion Interactions, Phys. Lett. **B263**, 573 (1991).
  4. K. Kodama et al., Charm Pair Correlations in 800 GeV/c Proton-Emulsion Interactions, Phys. Lett. **B263**, 579 (1991).
  5. K. Kodama et al., Measurement of the Form Factor Ratios in the Decay  $D^+ \rightarrow K^*\mu\nu$ , Phys. Lett. **B274**, 246 (1992).
  6. K. Kodama et al., Measurement of the Branching Ratio for  $D^+ \rightarrow K^*\mu\nu$ , Phys. Lett. **B286**, 187 (1992).
  7. K. Kodama et al., Charm Meson Production in 600 GeV/c  $\pi^-$  Emulsion Interactions, Phys. Lett. **B284**, 461 (1992).
  8. K. Kodama et al., Study of  $D_s$  Semileptonic Decays, Manuscript under collaboration review.
  9. K. Kodama et al., Limits for Four- and Five-Prong Semileptonic D Meson Decays, Manuscript under collaboration review.
-

10. K. Kodama et al., Measurement of the Lifetimes of Charged and Neutral Beauty Hadrons, Ohio State preprint OHSTPY-HEP-E-92-019 (Sept., 1992), submitted to Prog. Theo. Phys. (Japan).
11. K. Kodama et al., Measurement of Beauty Hadron Pair Production in 600 GeV/c  $\pi^-$  Emulsion Interactions, Manuscript under collaboration review.

### **Theses**

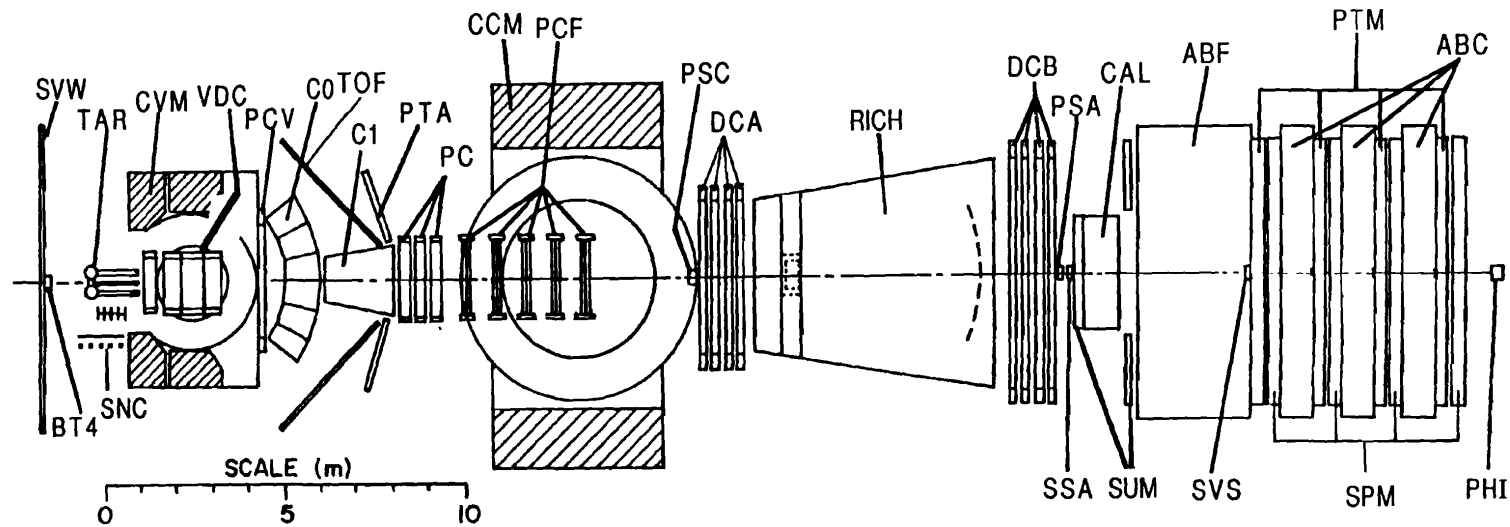
J. M. Dunlea, Ohio State University (1987).  
G. A. Oleynik, Ohio State University (1987).  
K. Taruma, Kobe University (1987).  
A. Mokhtarani, University of California/Davis (1988).  
Y. L. Zhang, Carnegie-Mellon University (1989).  
V. S. Paolone, University of California/Davis (1990).  
A. P. Freyberger, Carnegie-Mellon University (1990).  
T. Watanabe, Osaka City University (1990).  
W. R. Nichols, Carnegie-Mellon University (1991).  
S. Watanabe, Toho University (1992).  
J. O. Wilcox, University of California/Davis (1992).  
S. Yoshida, Nagoya University (1992).

### **Conference Presentations**

Physical Society of Japan (1991); APS Washington (1991); DPF Vancouver (1991); San Miniato (1992); Dallas (1992).

---

# FERMILAB E665 MUON SPECTROMETER



SVW 7m x 3m Veto Counter Wall  
 BT4 Beam Tagging, Station 4  
 PBT 0.13m x 0.13m MWPC 6 Planes  
 SBT 0.13m x 0.18m Scintillation Counter Array  
 TAR 1m LH<sub>2</sub> + LD<sub>2</sub> + Solid Targets  
 SNC Neutron Scintillators  
 CVM CERN Vertex Magnet  
 VDC Vertex Drift Chambers, 16 Planes  
 PCV 2.8m x 1m MWPC, 6 Planes  
 C0 144 Cell Threshold Cerenkov Counter

C1 58 Cell Threshold Cerenkov Counter  
 TOF 4.2m x 1.6m Scintillation TOF Arrays  
 PTA 2m x 2m Prop. Tube Arrays, 4 Planes  
 PC 2m x 2m MWPC, 12 Planes  
 CCM Chicago Cyclotron Magnet  
 PCF 2m x 1m MWPC, 15 Planes  
 PSC 0.13m x 0.13m Small Angle MWPCs, 8 Planes  
 DCA 4m x 2m Drift Chambers, 8 Planes  
 RICH Ring Imaging Cerenkov Counter  
 DCB 6m x 2m Drift Chambers, 8 Planes

PSA 0.13m x 0.13m Small Angle MWPCs, 8 Planes  
 SSA 0.13m x 0.13m Scintillation Counter Array  
 SUM 7m x 3m Scintillation Counter Array  
 CAL 3m x 3m EM Shower Calorimeter  
 ABF 7m x 3m x 3m Iron Absorber  
 SVS 0.23m x 0.3m Scintillation Counter Array  
 PTM 7m x 3m Prop. Tube Arrays, 8 Planes  
 SPM 7m x 3m Scintillation Counter Arrays  
 PHI 0.025m x 0.025m rf Phase Lock Scintillation Counters  
 ABC 0.9m Concrete Absorbers



**E-665 (Schellman) Muon Scattering with Hadron Detection**

*ANL, UC/San Diego, Fermilab, Freiburg (Germany), Harvard,  
Illinois/Chicago, INP/Krakow (Poland), LLNL, Maryland,  
Max-Planck (Germany), MIT, Northwestern, Ohio, Pennsylvania,  
Washington, Wuppertal (Germany), Yale*

<b>Status: Data Analysis</b>
------------------------------

The experiment studies the interactions of muons with average beam energies up to 500 GeV in various targets and with the capability of making detailed measurements of the hadrons that emerge from the collision vertex. To this end, the collaboration has combined two large magnets, the CERN Vertex Magnet (CVM) and the Chicago Cyclotron Magnet in a spectrometer that is as powerful as any known. We use this spectrometer in two basic, and for the most part complementary, ways to explore:

- 1) The properties of hadrons emerging from deep inelastic muon collisions in hydrogen and heavy nuclei. It is possible to study single quark fragmentation and jet physics in the same CM energy range as  $e^+e^-$  annihilation experiments which directly observe gluon radiation. In deep inelastic muon scattering, the fragmentation of the current and diquark jets (not seen in  $e^+e^-$ ) can be measured relative to the precise knowledge of the exchanged virtual photon direction. By studying the  $A$ -dependence of these phenomena, we expect to learn new things about the propagation of quarks in nuclear matter and to use the nucleus as a length scale to study non-perturbative quantum chromodynamics.
- 2) Complementing the fragmentation studies are studies of the deep inelastic structure functions on the same nucleon and nuclear targets. Although the targets are relatively thin, the high incident muon energy makes this experiment particularly suited to the study of structure functions at small  $x_{Bj}$  ( $<0.02$ ). This region is of great interest in the study of nucleon structure. Here, all experiments are limited by kinematics rather than rates, and the increased muon energy available at Fermilab automatically increases the available kinematic range.

The experiment took data for the first time during 1987-88 using deuterium, hydrogen and xenon targets. In 1990 the apparatus was supplemented with a tracking system of drift chambers inside the CVM to improve the pattern recognition capabilities and resolution of the spectrometer. With a new target system, allowing targets to be changed every 60 seconds, muon interactions in hydrogen, deuterium, carbon, calcium and lead were studied. During the 1991 fixed-target run, higher luminosity studies of hydrogen and deuterium focussed on the difference between the quark content of neutrons and protons and on the structure of events at the highest center of mass energies yet available in lepton-nucleon scattering experiments.

Efforts in 1992 concentrated on completion of analysis of the 1987-88 data and systematic studies of the 1990-91 data samples. Thirty percent of the 1990

data sample was processed and the neutron to proton cross section ratio (Figure 1) was presented at the DPF meeting in November 1992.

### **Publications**

M. R. Adams et al., Saturation of Shadowing at Very Low  $x_{Bj}$ , Phys. Rev. Lett. 68, 3266 (1992).

M. R. Adams et al., Shadowing in the Muon-Xenon Inelastic Scattering Cross Section at 490 GeV, Phys. Lett. B287, 375 (1992).

M. R. Adams et al., First Measurement of Jet Production Rates in Deep-Inelastic Lepton-Proton Scattering, Phys. Rev. Lett. 69, 1026 (1992) (see Figure 2).

Eight more papers are in preparation.

### **Theses**

Silhacén Aid, University of Maryland, Measurement of the Ratio of Neutron Cross Section to Proton Cross Section in Muon Deep Inelastic Scattering at 490 GeV/c (1991).

Anwar Bhatti, University of Washington, The Ratio of the Proton and Neutron Structure Functions in 90 GeV/c Deep Inelastic Muon Scattering (1991).

Uwe Ecker, Wuppertal, Distributions of Charged Hadrons Observed in Deep Inelastic Muon-Deuterium Scattering at 490 GeV (1991).

Douglas Jansen, University of Washington, Transverse Momentum and the Energy Flow of Charged Hadrons Produced in 490 GeV/c Deep Inelastic Muon Scattering (1991).

Arnd Roser, Wuppertal, Hadron Multiplicities in Deep Inelastic Muon-Nucleon Scattering with a Maximum Center of Mass Energy of 30 GeV (1992).

Michael Schmitt, Harvard University, Deep Inelastic Exclusive  $\rho^0$  Production using 485 GeV Muons (1991).

Stefan Söldner-Rembold, Technischen Universität München, Die Erzeugung von Hadronen in der Myon-Streuung an Deuterium und Xenonkernen bei 480 GeV (1992).

Robert D. Kennedy, University of California at San Diego, Measurement of the Neutron and Proton Structure Functions  $F_2$  in Inelastic Muon Scattering (1992).

Mark David Baker, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Azimuthal Asymmetry and Transverse Momentum of Hadrons in Deep Inelastic Muon Scattering at 490 GeV (1993).

Janet Conrad, Harvard University, A Study of the  $Q^2$  Dependence of the QCD Coupling Constant from the Transverse Momentum of Jets in Deep Inelastic Muon Scattering (1993).

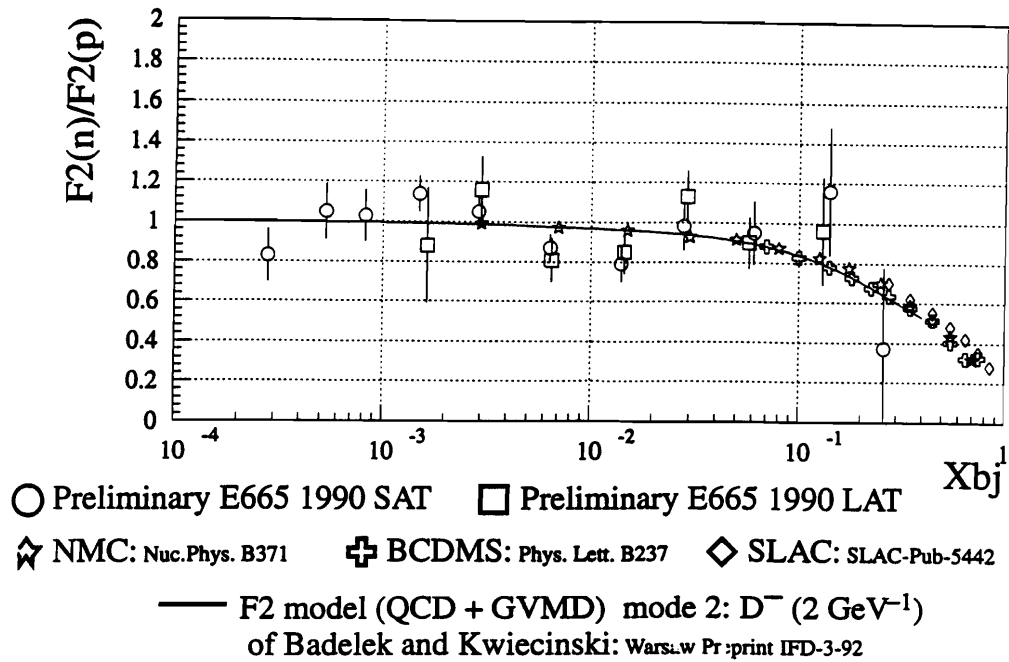


Figure 1. Preliminary neutron-to-proton structure function ratio from 30% of the 1990 data sample. The  $x$  region below  $2 \times 10^{-3}$  is unique to E-665. This plot represents only 3% of the total 1990/91 data sample.

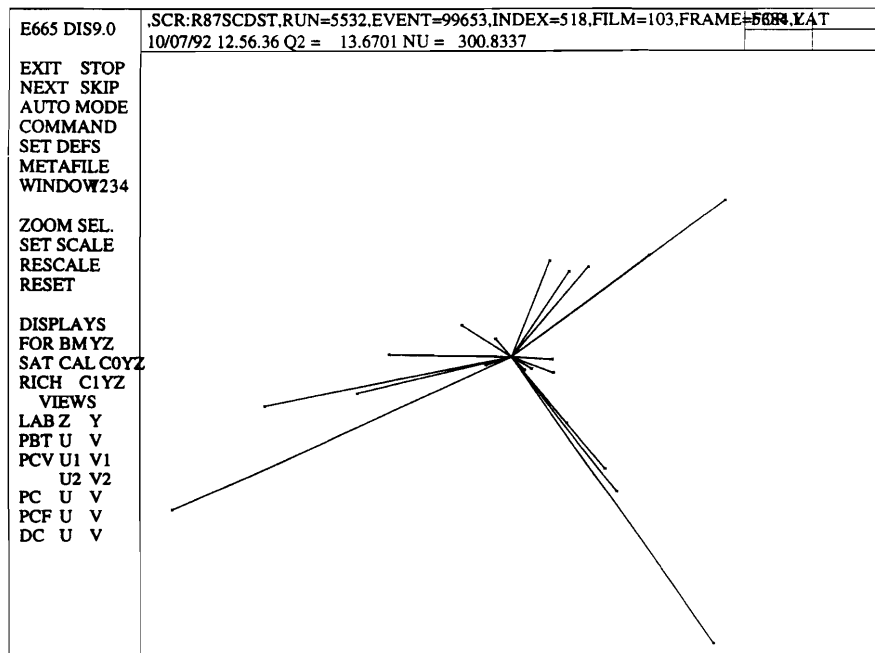
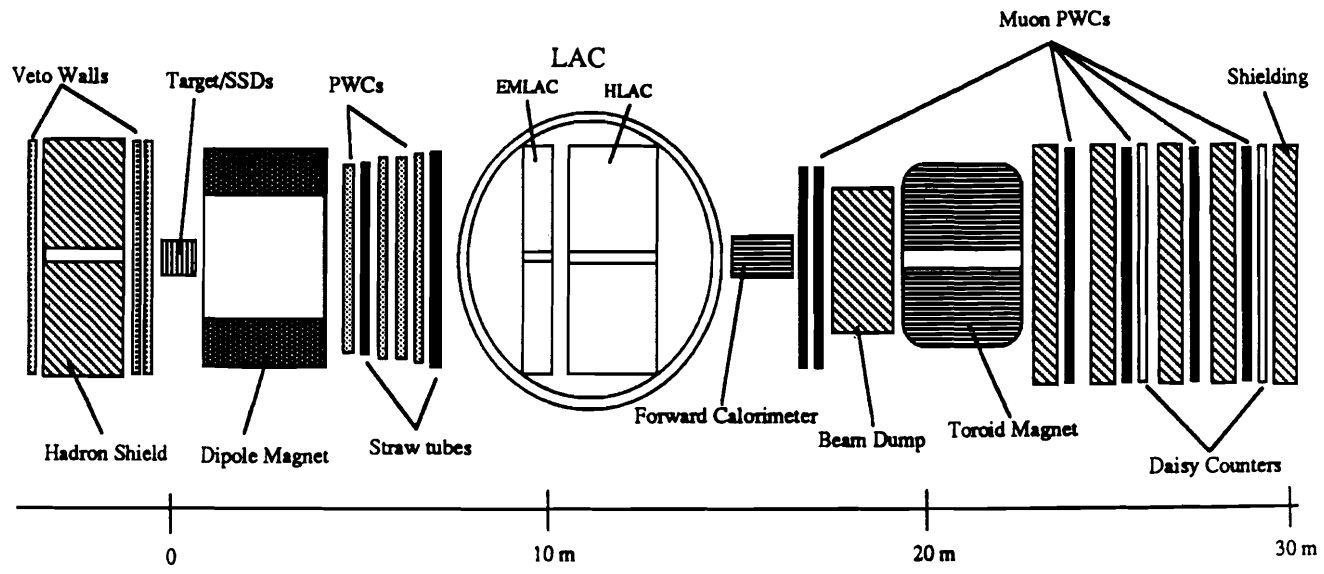


Figure 2. A multi-jet event from the 1987 data in the virtual photon-proton center-of-mass frame. Forward ( $\theta < 90^\circ$ ) jet rates from 12,000 events taken in the 1987 run have been published [PRL 69, 1026 (1992)]. The 1990/91 sample will have of order 100,000 events with  $E_{\text{cm}} > 20 \text{ GeV}$ . (The jet at  $\theta \approx 180^\circ$  was reconstructed in the photographic streamer chamber.)

E-672



The Meson-West apparatus.

**E-672 (Zieminski) Study of Hadronic Final States  
in Association with High Mass Dimuons**

*Fermilab, Illinois/Chicago, IHEP/Serpukhov (Russia),  
Indiana, Louisville, Michigan/Flint*

**Status: Data Analysis**

The aim of the E-672 experiment is to study hadronic processes yielding vector mesons ( $\rho/\omega$ ,  $\phi$ ,  $J/\psi$ ,  $\psi'$ ) and high mass dimuon pairs (the trigger) and associated particles. The experiment shares the MW beam line, magnetic spectrometer and calorimetry with the E-706 experiment. The dimuon detector is located downstream of the forward hadronic calorimeter and consists of a toroid magnet, six PWC's with three or four planes each, two scintillator hodoscopes used in the dimuon pretrigger and pretrigger and trigger processors.

E-672 is an open geometry dimuon experiment. The geometrical acceptance for dimuon pairs produced in hA collisions at 530 GeV/c is approximately 20% and has a maximum for Feynman  $x = 0.25$ . The physics goals, which all are related to experimental tests of Quantum Chromodynamics, include:

- (a) Production of  $\chi$  states by observing their radiative decays into  $J/\psi\gamma$  with gammas either converting into  $e^+e^-$  pairs inside the target or observed in the LAC;
- (b) Production of b-quarks observed via their decays to  $J/\psi$  (inclusive and exclusive modes:  $J/\psi K$ ,  $J/\psi K^*$  and  $J/\psi K^0$ );
- (c) Production of b-quarks observed via double semileptonic BB decays into like-sign dimuons;
- (d) General properties of the production of vector mesons ( $\rho/\omega$ ,  $\phi$ ,  $J/\psi$ , and  $\psi'$ ) and Drell-Yan pairs
  - total and differential cross sections
  - gluon structure function of the incident hadron
  - production of associated charged and neutral particles
  - dependence on the inelasticity on the collision
  - the A-dependence of total and differential cross sections
- (e)  $J/\psi + n\pi$  spectroscopy (same for  $\phi$ ).

The first test/physics run of the experiment took place in 1987/88. Approximately 2000  $J/\psi$ 's were recorded and successfully reconstructed under various running conditions. Two papers were published: one on the A-dependence (PRL D141, 1 (1990)) and another on properties of  $J/\psi$  production in  $\pi^-$  Be and pBe collisions at 530 GeV/c (Fermilab-PUB-91-62E).

During the 1990 run we collected 5 million triggers with the 530 GeV/c  $\pi^-$  beam incident on Be and Cu targets. All triggers were processed through the off-line reconstruction. This gave us over 500,000 events with both muons originating from the target. The sample includes 15,000 reconstructed  $J/\psi$  events with  $J/\psi$  mass resolution better than 60 MeV/c<sup>2</sup> and over 500  $\psi'$  events in the  $\mu^+\mu^-$  and  $J/\psi\pi^+\pi^-$  decay modes. It also contains approximately 15,000  $\phi$  events and 50,000  $\rho/\omega$  events. The quality of the data is far superior compared to the 1987/88 run due to extra tracking chambers, new SSD planes and reading out the LAC data without zero suppression.

We reconstructed over 100  $\chi \rightarrow J/\psi + e^+e^-$  decays and several hundred  $\chi \rightarrow J/\psi\gamma$  decays. A 10 MeV mass resolution enabled a clear separation of the  $\chi$  (3510) and  $\chi$  (3555) signals in the  $\chi \rightarrow J/\psi e^+e^-$  mode.

Several multivertex finding algorithms were developed. There are 73 events with  $J/\psi$  originating from well-separated vertices (3 sigma in transverse and longitudinal directions). Ten of the secondary vertices are outside the target region. We estimate that  $26 \pm 10$  events are due to  $B \rightarrow J/\psi X$  decay. We also observe five exclusive  $B \rightarrow J/\psi K$  and  $B \rightarrow J/\psi K^*$  decays.

During the 1991 run we collected 10 million triggers with 530 GeV/c and 800 GeV/c protons incident on H, Be and Cu targets.

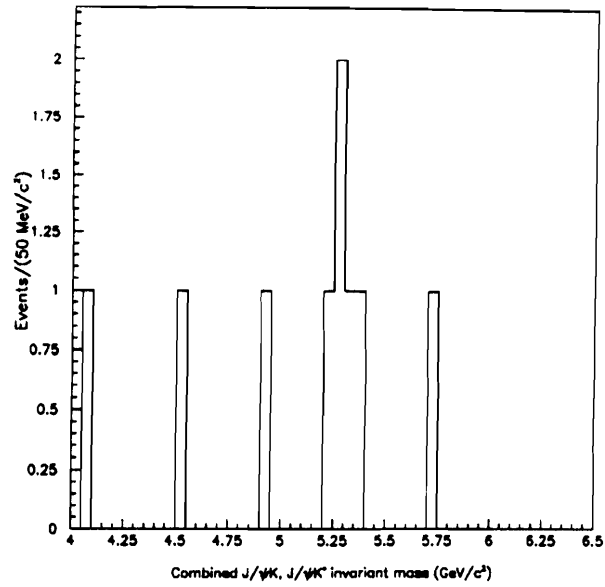


Figure 1. Combined  $J/\psi K^\pm$ ,  $J/\psi K^{0*}$  invariant mass.

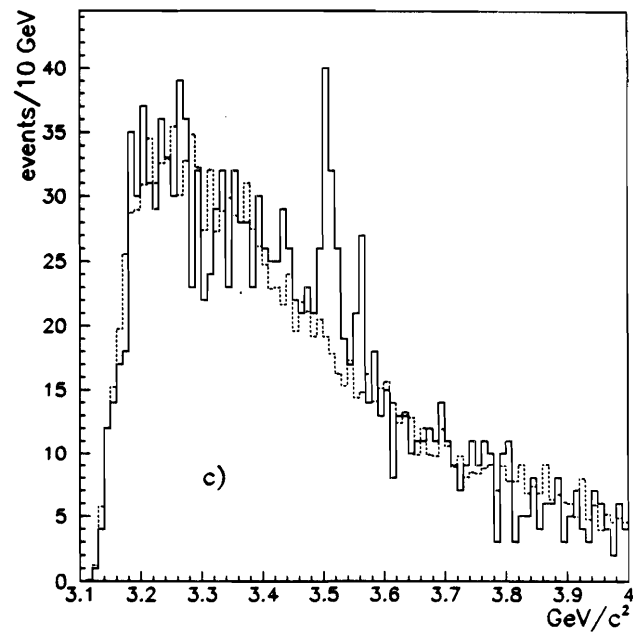
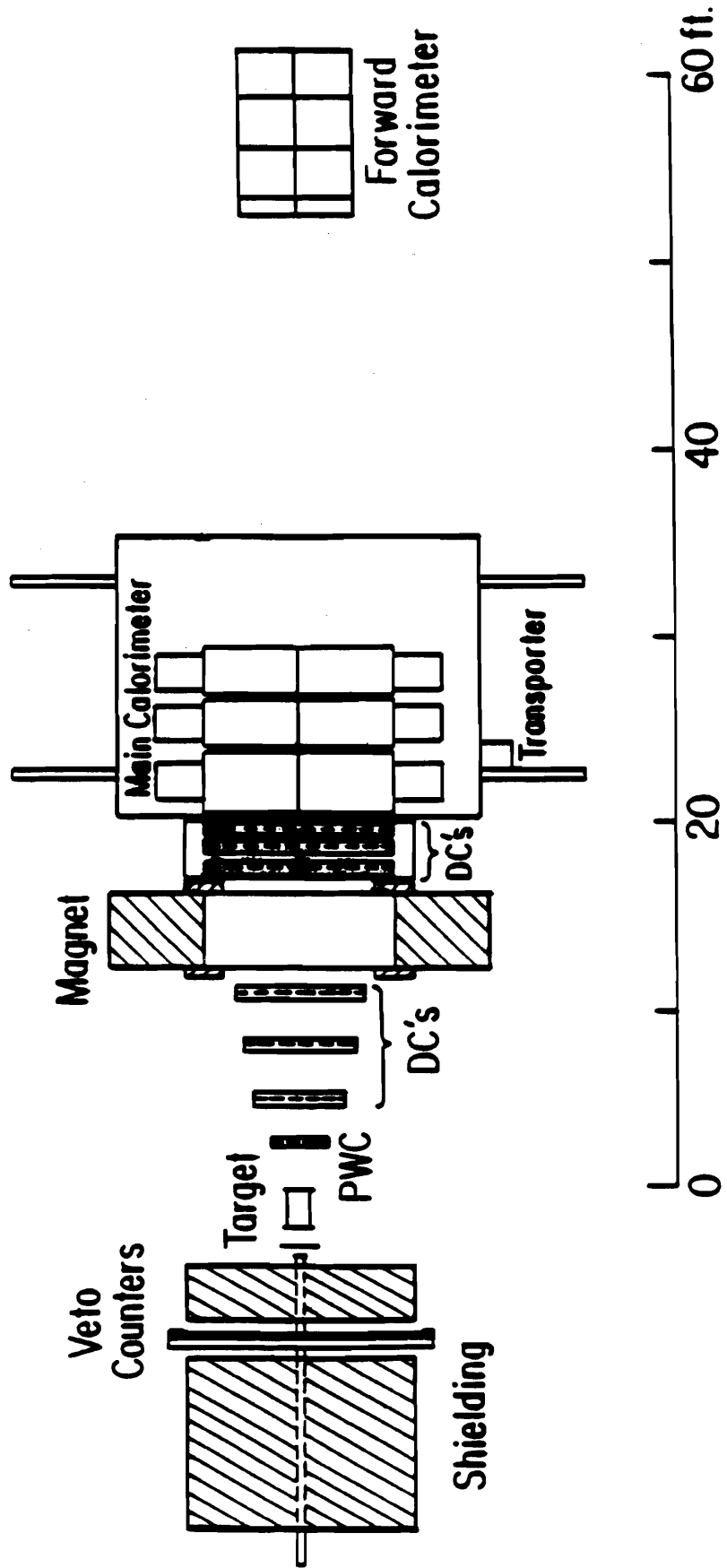


Figure 2. Mass distribution of  $e^+e^- J/\psi$  (solid histogram) with calculated background (dashed histogram) showing peaks corresponding to  $\chi_{c1}$  and  $\chi_{c2}$ .

FERMILAB E683 APPARATUS





**E-683 (Corcoran) Photoproduction of High  $P_t$  Jets**

*Ball State, Fermilab, Houston, Iowa, Lehigh, Maryland, Michigan,  
Rice, Texas/Austin, Vanderbilt, Wisconsin*

<b>Status: Data Analysis</b>
------------------------------

This experiment is studying the photoproduction of high  $p_t$  jets in the Wide Band Photon Beam of the Tevatron. The QCD processes of interest are QCD Compton scattering  $\gamma q \rightarrow gq$  (which dominates at high  $x_t$ ), and quark-gluon fusion  $\gamma g \rightarrow q\bar{q}$ . These processes are very distinctive, with the photon coupling as a point particle, giving all its energy to the two high- $p_t$  jets, and producing no beam jet. The three-jet topology allows the separation of the direct-coupling processes from vector-meson-dominance-type processes, which produce the four-jet topology familiar in  $pp$  and  $\pi p$  interactions. Due to the lack of a beam jet and the large energy in the parton-parton frame, these jet events are expected to be very clean compared to jets produced in a  $\pi$  or  $p$  beam. We will measure the cross sections of both three-jet and four-jet events as functions of  $x_t$ ,  $p_t$ , and  $y$ , and compare to QCD calculations. Full second-order calculations for these processes have been done by Jeff Owens at FSU.

Photoproduction of jets has a number of interesting features. The QCD Compton process is especially interesting and unique, since the gluon jet appears at the lowest order, well separated from the quark jet. Also, the angular distribution of the Compton process allows a separation of quark and gluon jets, allowing comparisons of their fragmentations. The quark-gluon fusion process probes the gluon structure function of the proton, and the four-jet events probe the high- $x$  structure function of the photon.

The  $A$ -dependence of jet production from nuclei is of interest. The photon can produce partons deep inside a nucleus, allowing one to study the propagation of partons through nuclear matter. A photon beam is a clean probe of such processes. Also, in regions where the Compton diagram dominates, differences in propagation of quarks and gluons through nuclear matter might be observed.

Other processes which can be studied in this experiment include a higher-twist process,  $\gamma q \rightarrow (\pi, p) + q$ , and QED Compton scattering,  $\gamma q \rightarrow \gamma q$ . Confirmation of higher-twist processes is an important test of higher order effects in QCD. The  $A$ -dependence of the QED Compton process is an especially clean way to study the propagation of partons through nuclear matter.

Photons in the momentum range 100 to 400 GeV/c are tagged with a momentum uncertainty of about 2%. A plan view of the apparatus is shown in the accompanying figure. It consists of a wide-angle magnetic spectrometer, the main calorimeter array, and a forward calorimeter. The spectrometer is comprised of an SCM-105 magnet with 20 planes of drift chambers and PWC's. The main calorimeter is segmented in area and depth and consists of 528 modules. The forward calorimeter measures the energy flow in the region from  $\theta_{cm} = 0^\circ$  to

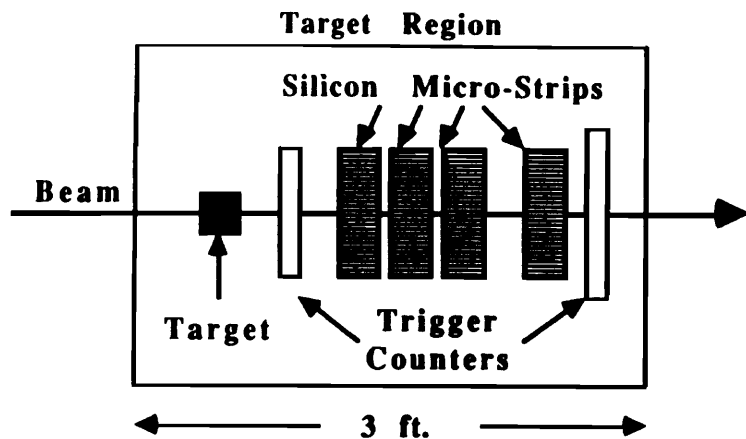
about 20°. Most of this equipment has already been used in E-609, where it performed quite well.

E-683 began data-taking in June of 1991, when the fixed-target program resumed. Data-taking was complete in January of 1992. A total of about 10 million triggers were recorded to tape, fairly equally divided between hydrogen, deuterium, and six different nuclear targets. Analysis is proceeding, both at Fermilab and at the various institutions.

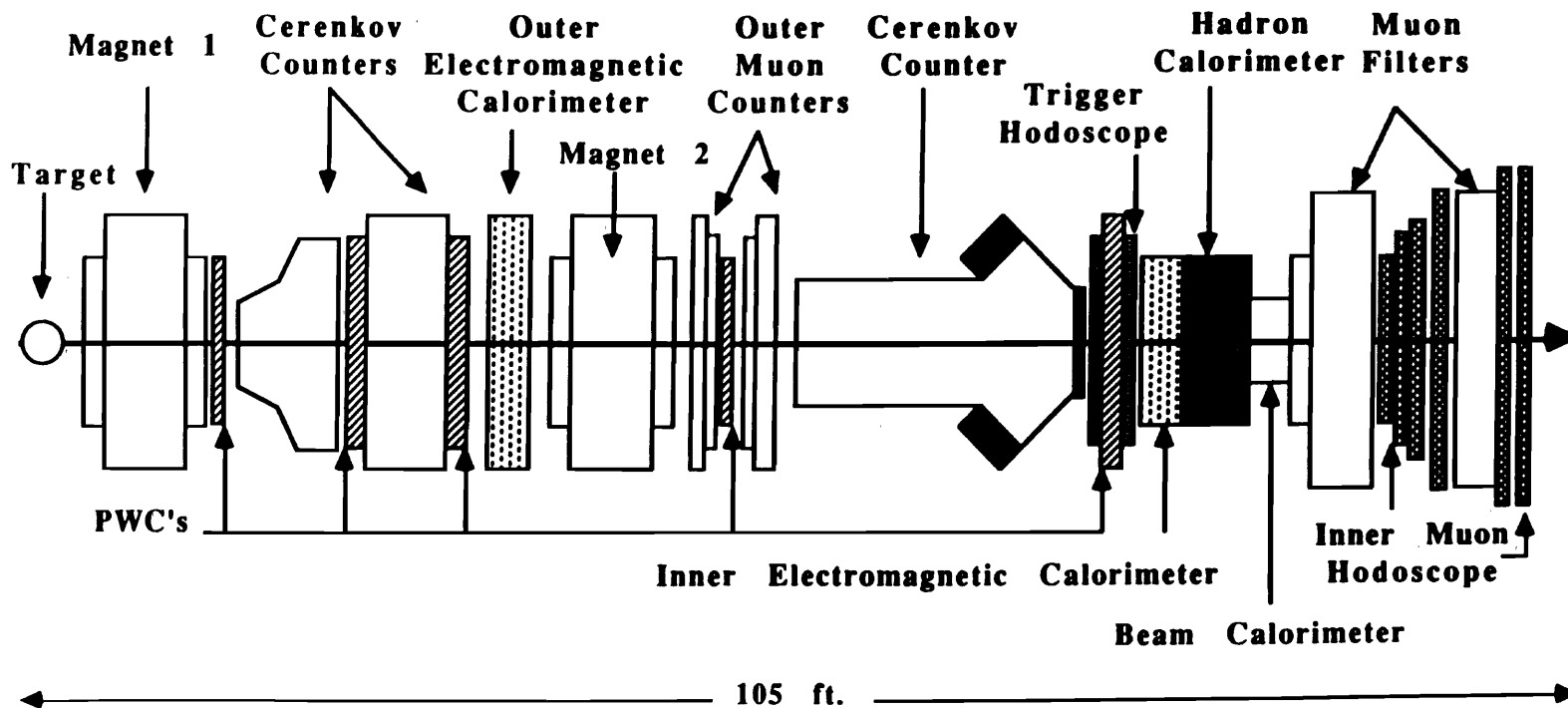
One Rice student, Qiuhan Zhu, has completed his thesis and taken a post doctoral position at UC Riverside. The title of Mr. Zhu's thesis is "A Study of Photon-Nucleus Collisions at High Transverse Energy." Bill Davis from Ball State University has received a Masters degree from his work on E-683.

Three E-683 students presented papers at the DPF meeting at Fermilab in November of 1992. The students and their papers were: Don Lincoln, Rice University, "Measurement of the Photon Structure Function;" Donna Naples, University of Maryland, "The A-dependence of  $K_t$  of Photoproduced Jets;" and Q. Zhu, Rice University, "A Study of Photon-Nucleus Collisions at High Transverse Energy." All three of these talks will appear in the proceedings. We currently have two Physical Review Letters and one NIM article in preparation.





**E-687**



## E-687 (Butler) Photoproduction of Charm and B

*INFN/Bologna (Italy), UC/Davis, Colorado, Fermilab, Illinois,  
INFN/Frascati (Italy), Korea (Korea), INFN/Milano (Italy), Milano (Italy),  
North Carolina, Northwestern, Notre Dame, Pavia (Italy), Puerto Rico/Mayaguez,  
South Carolina, Tennessee, Western Kentucky, Vanderbilt*

**Status: Data Analysis**

E-687 is a photoproduction experiment in the Wide-Band Photon Beam. Interactions of photons whose energies are typically above 200 GeV are analyzed in a multiparticle spectrometer. The physics goal of the experiment is to reconstruct large samples of particles containing heavy quarks, charm and bottom, in order to study the dynamics of heavy quark photoproduction, to carry out detailed studies of the weak decays of charmed mesons and baryons, to study the decays of charmed mesons and baryons, to study the decays of particles containing B-quarks, and to study J/psi photoproduction. The spectrometer consists of two large analysis magnets, each having 30"  $\times$  50" aperture and transverse momentum kicks of up to 1 GeV/c; an 8400 element silicon microstrip detector with pitch varying from 25 microns to 100 microns; a system of proportional chambers with 13,500 wires of 2 and 3 mm spacing; three atmospheric gas Cerenkov counters each having about 100 cells; two electromagnetic calorimeters for photon reconstruction and electron identification; a gas hadron calorimeter for triggering, total energy measurement and neutral hadron reconstruction; and a muon identification system consisting of scintillation counters and proportional tubes.

In the first run of the experiment, in 1987/88, over 70 million events were collected. For the 1990 run, a beam tagging system was installed which measured the incident electron energy to better than 2%. The inner electromagnetic calorimeter was replaced with a scintillating fiber calorimeter. A new high speed data acquisition system, based on the Fermilab PANDA system, was installed. In the 1990/1991 run, more than 500 million events were collected with an improved trigger. The total data set contains more than  $10^5$  fully reconstructed examples of charm decay. These data have been entirely reconstructed and turned into Data Summary Tapes. Physics analysis is now underway. One paper from the 1991 run has been accepted for publication, two more have been submitted, and several more are being prepared for publication.

Below are three results on charmed baryons. Figure 1 shows the signal and lifetime of the  $\Xi_c^+$ , the charmed baryon with one charmed, one strange, and one up quark. This is based on the decay mode  $\Xi_c^- \pi^+ \pi^+$ . It is now the best measurement of this quantity. Figure 2 shows a signal for the  $\Omega_c$ , which is composed of a charm and two strange quarks (ssc), decaying into  $\Omega^- \pi^+$ . As a final example, the group has made a new measurement of the  $\Lambda_c$  lifetime. The signal is shown in Figure 3 with a variety of "significance of detachment" cuts. All these results have been

submitted for publication. Many other charmed baryon decays have been observed and are being studied, including decay modes containing  $\Sigma$ 's.

Many hadronic decays of the D and  $D_s$  mesons have been observed and are being studied. The signal for  $D_s^+$  decay and a comparison of the E-687 lifetime measurements to other experiments is shown in Figure 4.

Another area of study has been semileptonic decays. Here nearly all the data has been analyzed for the decays  $D^0 \rightarrow K^- \mu^+ \nu$  and  $D^+ \rightarrow K^{*0} \mu^+ \nu$ . Figure 5 shows results for these modes for part of the 1990/91 data. The experiment has also succeeded in observing these semileptonic decays using electrons.

Another important set of studies involves the dynamics of charm photoproduction. Many inclusive cross sections (times branching fraction) can be measured. We are particularly interested in studying events in which both charmed particles have been fully reconstructed. The decay modes used in this study so far are:

$$\begin{aligned} D^0 &\rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \\ D^0 &\rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+ \\ D^+ &\rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \pi^+ \end{aligned} \quad (1)$$

Figure 6 shows a scatterplot of D meson candidates vs  $\bar{D}$  meson candidates. The variable plotted is the 'normalized mass' defined as:

$$M_{\text{norm}} = \frac{M_{\text{obs}} - M_{\text{PDG92}}}{\sigma_{\text{obs}}} \quad (2)$$

where  $M_{\text{obs}}$  is the observed mass of the candidate,  $\sigma_{\text{obs}}$  is its mass resolution, and  $M_{\text{PDG92}}$  is the mass value for the charm particle ( $D^0$  or  $D^+$ ) from the latest Particle Data Group listing. Use of this variable allows the three different modes to be plotted even though they have different mass values and more importantly, different mass resolutions. There is a clear accumulation at 0 (i.e. the PDG mass) in both variables, indicating D -  $\bar{D}$  pair events. We are studying distributions of the following quantities for these pair events: the azimuthal angle correlation, the D -  $\bar{D}$  invariant mass, and the rapidity difference.

These represent just a few of the many studies now underway. With this sample, we expect to gain a much better understanding of the dynamics of charm photoproduction, to make a definitive set of lifetime measurements, to improve the understanding of semileptonic decays, to investigate hadronic decays of charm baryons and mesons at a new level of sensitivity, and to look for rare and exotic processes, such as  $D^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$ . The group also is studying more conventional topics such as vector meson photoproduction and the spectroscopy of higher mass vector bosons.

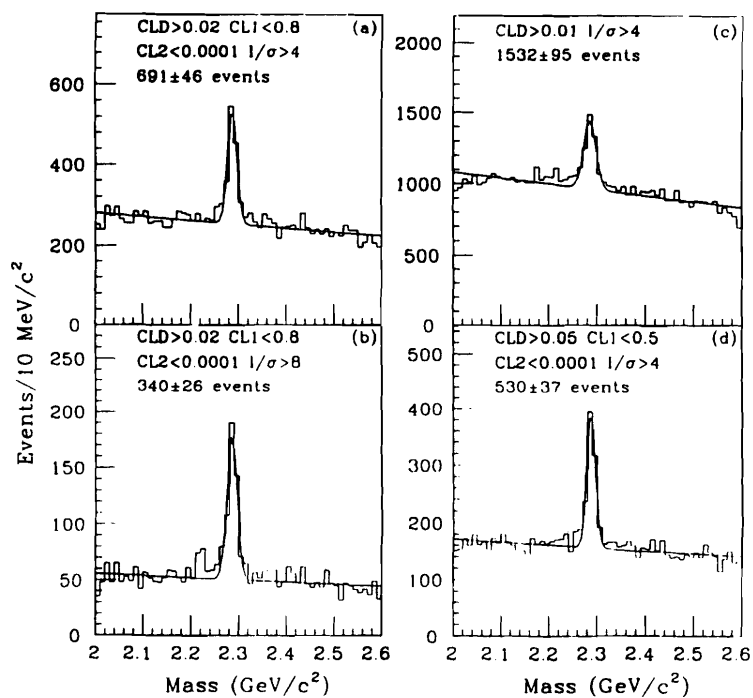
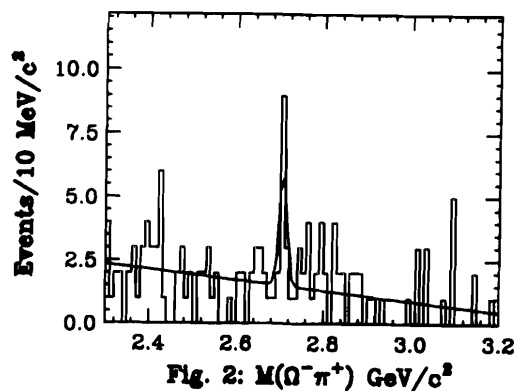
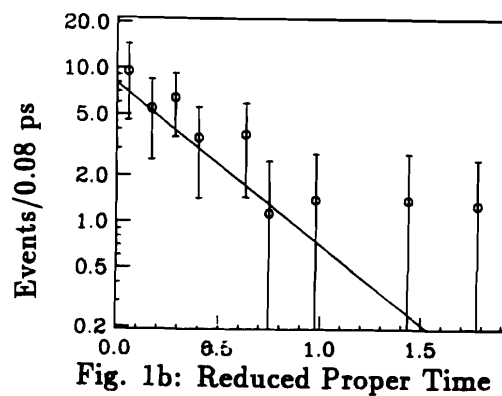
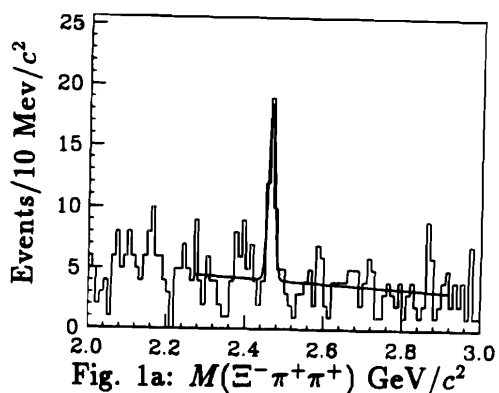


Fig. 3:

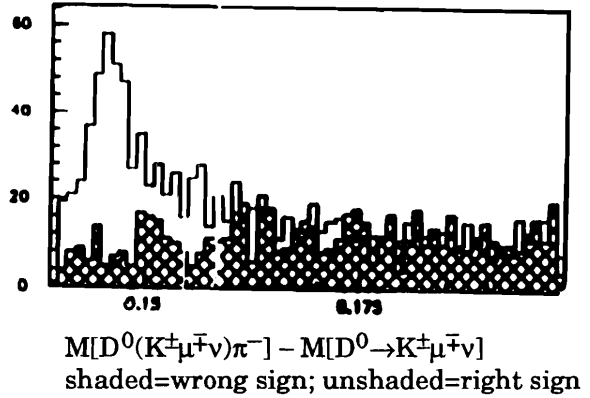
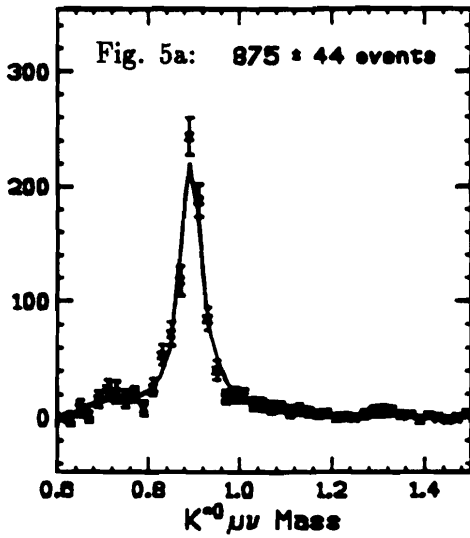
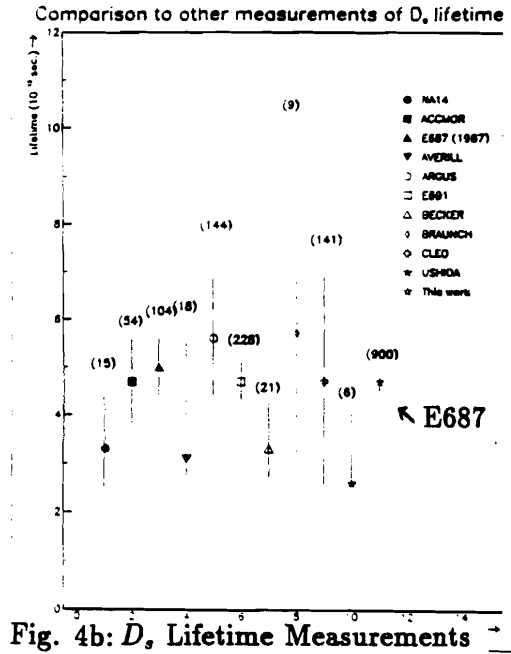
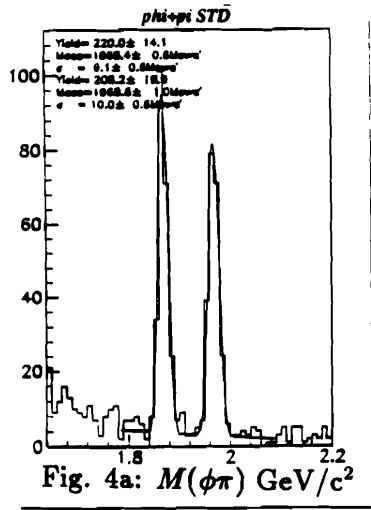


Fig. 5b

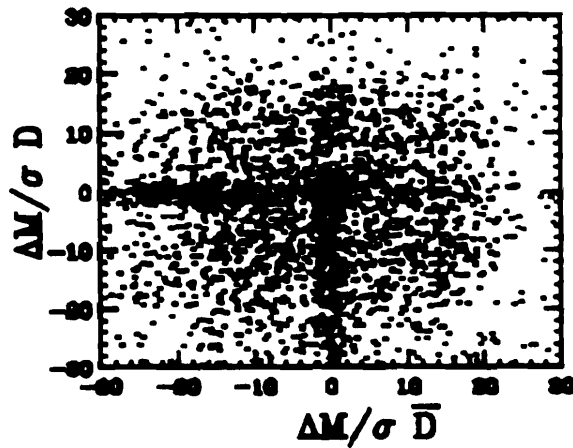
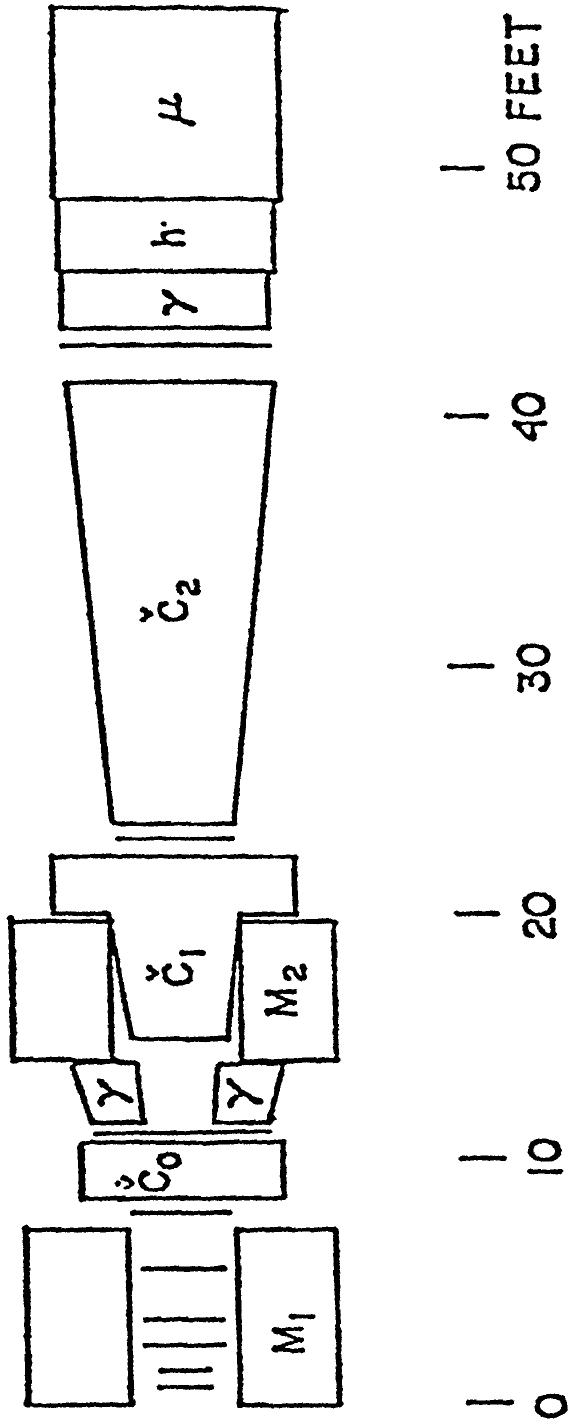


Fig. 6:  $D$  vs.  $\bar{D}$  normalized mass





E-690



**E-690 (Knapp) Study of Charm and Bottom Production**

*Columbia, Fermilab, Guanajuato (Mexico),  
Massachusetts, Texas A&M*

**Status: Data Analysis**

---

---

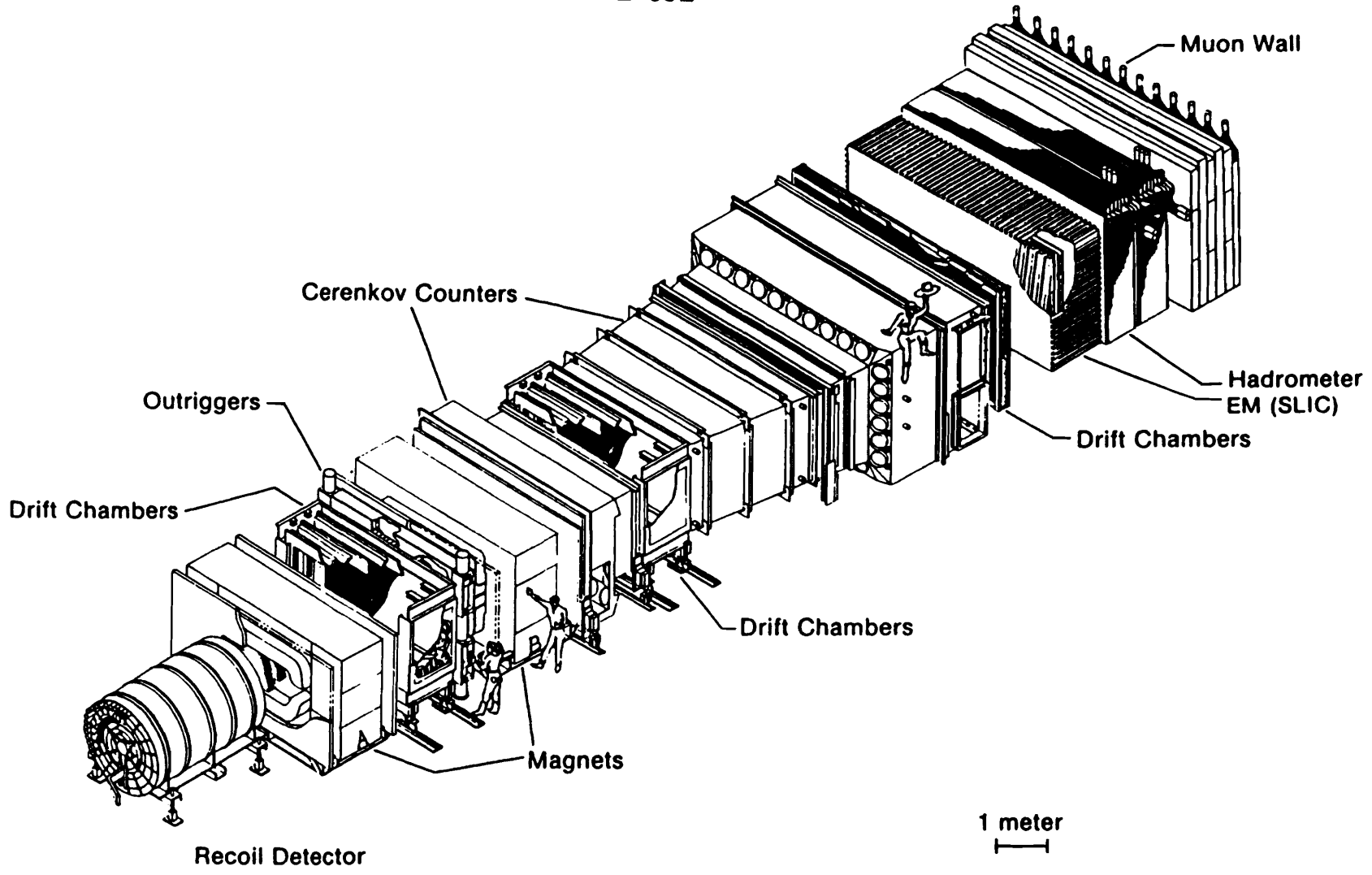
The primary purpose of this experiment is a detailed accurate study of the production and decay of charm and bottom particles. We will concentrate on fully reconstructed events, for which all final state particles have been accurately reconstructed. We observe a wide range of topologies with excellent resolution and acceptance and with few ambiguous particle identities. Assuming that  $C\bar{C}$  production represents at least  $10^{-3}$  of hadron interactions at Tevatron energies, we expect more than  $10^4$   $C\bar{C}$  per hour, fully reconstructed and isolated from backgrounds. For  $B\bar{B}$  a production level of  $10^{-6}$  should still permit several  $B\bar{B}$  per hour, fully reconstructed and isolated.

The experiment measures charged particles with a two-magnet spectrometer using drift chambers with small cells. Particle identities are established with time-of-flight counters and segmented Cerenkov counters, some of whose cells will eventually be ring imaging. Photons and neutral hadrons will be observed with finely segmented calorimeters. This detector can measure complicated reactions, accurately and efficiently, at rates above  $10^6$  interactions per second. The readout electronics, including pipelined digital computation hardware, permits detailed numerical reconstruction of  $10^5$  events per second with little deadtime. A distributed hierarchy of trigger decisions can select any subset of raw data and calculations for transfer to an online computer and its tape drive.

The high rate capability of the detector and its associated event reconstruction hardware permit rare phenomena to be studied with high statistics, with trigger specificity and complexity normally reserved for tedious offline analysis. During each hour of data acquisition, the detector should be "live" for more than  $10^9$  interactions, and providing detailed numerical analysis of  $10^8$  events. Charm production reactions, if adequately measured, are highly constrained and readily isolated, but with multiparticle kinematic signatures well beyond the scope of traditional fast trigger logic.

We require a beam capable of providing a few  $10^7$  particles/sec of up to full accelerator energy. We measure the direction and momentum of the beam particle, and will eventually provide beam particle identification.

E-691



## E-691 (Witherell) Charm Production with the Tagged Photon Spectrometer

*UC/Santa Barbara, Carleton (Canada), CBPF (Brazil), Colorado, Fermilab, NRC (Canada), Oklahoma, Sao Paulo (Brazil), Toronto (Canada)*

**Status: Data Analysis**

---

While E-691 completed its data-taking in 1985, members of the collaboration continue to obtain interesting physics results from the 100 million event data set. Many of the measurements by E-691 dominate the world averages of relevant parameters. Over the past several years, the papers in refereed journals have covered topics relating to tests of the Standard Model, determination of the mechanisms of the electroweak decay of charm particles, QCD measurements, etc. Physics results are still coming out at a prolific rate.

The first publication from E-691 was of the A-dependence of  $J/\psi$  photoproduction. This data was taken in a special closed geometry period at the end of the run. Precision measurements of the lifetimes of charm mesons and the lowest mass charm baryon, from data taken with the standard open geometry spectrometer used during most of the run, followed soon after. These lifetime measurements, along with a wealth of branching ratios, serve as the basis of understanding the dynamics of charm quark decay, selecting among spectator, W exchange, annihilation and penguin diagrams in the hadronic decay sector. The measurements in the semileptonic domain include the first full Dalitz plot analysis in terms of all the kinematic variables available. This has become possible only with the size of the data set and good signal to background obtained after event selection.

Tests of the Standard Model have included searches for  $D^0-\bar{D}^0$  mixing and flavor changing neutral currents in leptonic decays of  $D^0$ 's.

The above open charm results derive from the observed decays in the experiment. The most copious signals have been used to study the production mechanism, dominated by photon-gluon fusion. From the data, interpreted with next to leading order calculations recently available, E-691 has been able to determine such fundamental parameters as the mass of the charm quark and has made the most direct determination of the distribution of gluons in nucleons.

All the above physics information has come from an upgraded version of the original Tagged Photon Spectrometer (TPS). The most significant upgrade was the introduction of 9 silicon microstrip detectors downstream of a 5 cm beryllium target. These detectors, each with 50 micron-wide detector elements, supplied the capability of resolving the decay vertex from the primary production point of long-lived charm particles. This permitted events with charm particles to be selected from the much more copious, but less interesting background events. In addition, by using only those tracks which came from the decay vertex, the combinatoric background was enormously reduced.

Additional upgrades to the TPS included improvements in tracking (with six additional planes of drift chambers) and improvements in particle identification. The trigger for the experiment was a very general high- $E_t$  trigger. This allowed accumulation of data for the wide variety of physics which has come out of the experiment. The Tevatron itself provided upgraded capability relative to earlier experiments. The higher energy allowed greater photon fluxes in the incident beam and the improved spill duty factor allowed collection of the formerly unprecedented amount of data. Finally, the experiment benefitted from the availability of the first ACP farm of microprocessors which significantly sped up the reconstruction of raw data to allow results with the full data set.

## Publications

Experimental Study of the A Dependence of  $J/\Psi$  Photoproduction, M.D. Sokoloff, et al. Phys. Rev. Lett. 57, 3003 (1986).

Measurement of the  $D^+$  and  $D^0$  Lifetimes, J.C. Anjos, et al. Phys. Rev. Lett. 58, 311 (1987).

Measurement of the  $D_s^+$  Lifetimes, J.C. Anjos, et al. Phys. Rev. Lett. 58, 1818 (1987).

Measurement of  $D_s^\pm$  Decays and Cabibbo-Suppressed  $D^\pm$  Decays, J.C. Anjos, et al. Phys. Rev. Lett. 60, 897 (1988).

Study of  $D^0$ - $\bar{D}^0$  Mixing, J.C. Anjos, et al. Phys. Rev. Lett. 60, 1239 (1988).

Measurement of the  $\Lambda_c^+$  Lifetime, J.C. Anjos, et al. Phys. Rev. Lett. 60, 1379 (1988).

Measurement of the  $D^0$ ,  $D^+$ , and  $D_s^+$  Lifetimes, J.R. Raab, et al. Phys. Rev. D37, 2391 (1988).

Measurement of  $D_s^\pm$  and  $D^\pm$  Decays to Nonstrange States, J.C. Anjos, et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 62, 125 (1989).

Charm Photoproduction, J.C. Anjos, et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 62, 513 (1989).

Experimental Study of the Semileptonic Decay  $D^+ \rightarrow \bar{K}^{*0}e^+\nu_e$ , J.C. Anjos, et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 62, 722 (1989).

Study of the Semileptonic Decay Mode  $D^0 \rightarrow K^-e^+\nu_e$ , J.C. Anjos, et al. Phys. Rev. Lett. 62, 1587 (1989).

Observation of Excited Charmed Mesons, J.C. Anjos, et al. Phys. Rev. Lett. 62, 1717 (1989).

Observation of  $\Sigma_c^0 \rightarrow \Lambda_c^+\pi^-$  Decays, J.C. Anjos, et al. Phys. Rev. Lett. 62, 1721 (1989).

A Study of  $D_s^\pm$  and  $D^\pm$  Decays into Four-Body Final States Including  $\eta\pi^\pm$  and  $\omega\pi^\pm$ , J.C. Anjos, et al. Phys. Lett. 223, 267 (1989).

D-Mesons, R. Morrison and M. Witherell, Ann. Rev. of Nuc. & Part. Sci., 39, 183 (1989).

Study of Decays of the  $\Lambda_c^+$ , J.C. Anjos, et al. Phys. Rev. D41, 801 (1990).

Study of  $D_s^+ \rightarrow \Phi e^+\nu$  and the Absolute  $D_s^+ \rightarrow \Phi\pi^+$  Branching Fraction, J. C. Anjos, et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 64, 2885 (1990).

A Study of the Decays  $D^+ \rightarrow K^0\pi^+$  and  $D_s^+ \rightarrow K^0K^+$ , J. C. Anjos et al., Phys. Rev. D41, 2705 (1990).

Photon Gluon Fusion Analysis of Charm Photoproduction, J. C. Anjos, et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 65, 2503 (1990).

Measurement of the Form Factors in  $D^+ \rightarrow K^*e\nu$  Decay, J. C. Anjos, et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 65, 2630 (1990).

Experimental Results on the Decays  $D \rightarrow K4\pi$ , J. C. Anjos et al., Phys. Rev. D42, 2414 (1990).

### **Theses**

Johannes Raab, UCSB, Measurement of the Lifetimes of the D-Mesons (1987).

Thomas Browder, UCSB, A Study of  $D^0$ - $\bar{D}^0$  Mixing (1988).

Scott Menary, Toronto, Observation of Excited Charmed Mesons (1989).

Gregory Punkar, UCSB, Measurements of  $D_s^+$  Decays and Cabibbo-Suppressed  $D^+$  Decays (1989).

Mark Gibney, Colorado, Photoproduction of Charmed Baryons (1989).

Additional theses based on E-691 data are being worked on by

Audrius Stundzia, Toronto  
 David Schmidt, UCSB  
 Dan Sperka, UCSB  
 Tony Shoup, Cincinnati  
 Bill Ross, Yale  
 Jean Duboscq, UCSB  
 Jenny Huber, UCSB

### **Papers In Publication Process**

A Study of the Decay  $D_s^+ \rightarrow \eta'\pi^+$  (Phys. Rev. Brief Report).

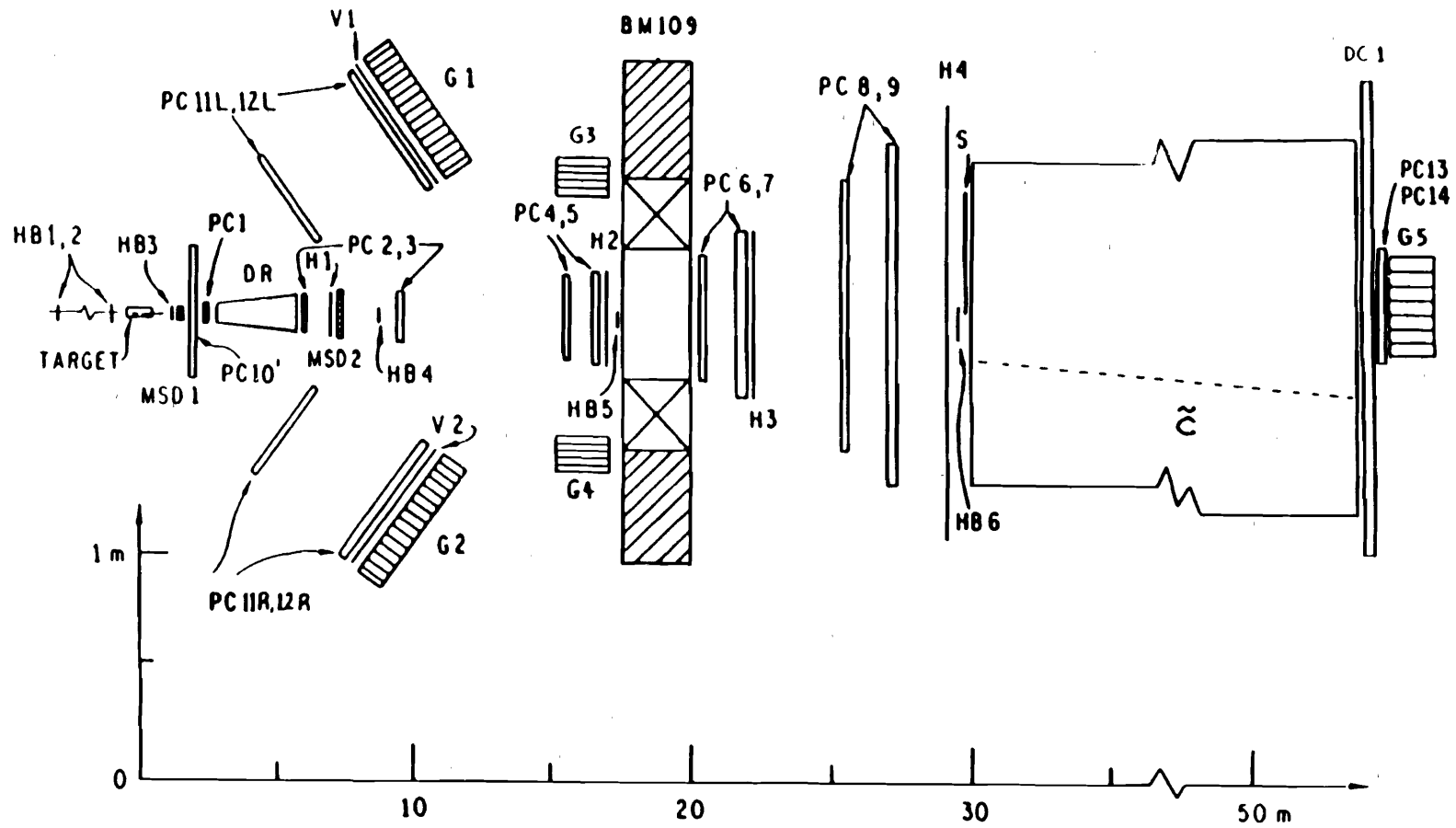
Some Cabibbo-Suppressed Decays of the  $D^0$  Meson, Fermilab Pub-90/183-E (Phys. Rev. Brief Report).

### **Conference Papers In Preparation As Articles** (Expected Journal)

Measurement of the Decay Modes  $D^0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$  and  $K^+K^-$  (Phys. Rev. Brief Report).

There are about eight additional analyses underway, which should produce at least five separate journal articles. These are in the areas of semileptonic decay, multibody D meson decays, resonant structure in  $D \rightarrow K\pi\pi$  decay modes, photoproduction of charmonium, rare leptonic decay modes, and decays of charmed baryons.

E-704





## E-704 (Yokosawa) Experiments with the Polarized Beam Facility

*ANL, Fermilab, Hiroshima (Japan), IHEP/Serpukhov (Russia), Iowa, Kyoto (Japan), Kyoto Sangyo (Japan), Kyoto Education (Japan), LANL, LAPP/Annecy (France), Northwestern, Univ. of Occup. & Env. Health (Japan), Rice, Saclay (France), Trieste (Italy), Udine (Italy)*

**Status: Data Analysis**

Experiment 581, Construction of a Polarized Beam Facility and Measurement of the Beam Polarization by Polarimeters, has obtained initial data on the properties of the new polarized beam.

Completion of a 200-GeV/c conventional-magnet beam line allowed observation of polarized protons and polarized antiprotons from decaying lambdas and antilambdas, respectively. A beam tagging system and two polarimeters, using the Primakoff effect and Coulomb-nuclear interference, measured the beam polarization during the 1987-1988 TeV-II period. Measured beam polarization was consistent with the designed value.

Experiment 704, the Integrated Proposal on First Round Experiments with the Polarized Beam Facility, constitutes a proposal to simultaneously perform substantial parts of previously proposed Experiments 674, 676, 677 and 678. The first 1200 hours of beam time for E-704 were allocated as follows:

- 1) First 300 hours for  $\Delta\sigma_L^{\text{Tot}}(pp)$  including tuning.
- 2) 300 hours for  $\Delta\sigma_L^{\text{Tot}}(\bar{p}p)$

The experimenters intend to explore the spin dependence of the interactions in a global way using a straightforward experiment which measures the difference in pp and  $\bar{p}p$  total cross sections between the states with helicities of target and beam parallel and antiparallel. Experience shows that an accuracy of  $\pm 100$  microbarns can easily be achieved. A longitudinally-polarized proton target in a superconducting solenoid was used with the polarized beam during the 1990 fixed-target period. The data are being analyzed.

- 3) 600 hours for simultaneous measurements using a hydrogen target for  $A_N$  in large- $p_\perp$   $\pi^0$ , large- $x$   $\pi$ 's, lambda and sigma-zero production.

Studies of the inclusive production of neutral pions around  $x_F \approx 0$  and large  $p_\perp$  of neutral and charged pions at large  $x$ , and of  $\Lambda^0(K^0)$  and  $\Sigma^0$  at large  $x_F$  were carried out simultaneously. These measurements investigate the spin effects as a function of  $x_F$  and  $p_\perp$ . Interpretation of the polarization of  $\Lambda^0$  and  $\Sigma^0$  produced inclusively from an unpolarized initial state has given rise to extensive discussion about the origin of this polarization. It is expected that information on spin transfer from initial to final states in these reactions will enlighten the debate.

Elements of the existing polarization monitor were used in conjunction with new detectors in E-704. Two large calorimeters, each consisting of 500 lead-glass cells, detected photons from the  $\pi^0$ -decay. The magnetic spectrometer with proportional and drift chamber systems observed the  $\pi^\pm$  and  $\Lambda^0$  and  $\Sigma^0$  decay products.

The technique for measuring single spin asymmetries in hadron production was considerably improved over the previous experiments since the polarized beam allowed the use of a liquid hydrogen target.

The following data are being analyzed:

$$\Delta\sigma_L^{\text{Tot}}(pp) \text{ and } \Delta\sigma_L^{\text{Tot}}(\bar{p}p), \bar{p}^\uparrow p \rightarrow \pi^\pm X,$$

$$p^\uparrow p \rightarrow (\Lambda, \Sigma^0) X, p^\uparrow p \rightarrow (\text{direct } \gamma) X, \text{ and}$$

detailed analyses of  $p^\uparrow p \rightarrow \pi^0 X$  at  $x_F = 0$ .

The following data are published, or are to be published in Physics Letters:

$$p^\uparrow p \rightarrow \pi^0 X, \bar{p}^\uparrow p \rightarrow \pi^0 X \text{ at large } x_F,$$

$$p^\uparrow p \rightarrow (\pi^0, \eta) X \text{ at } x_F = 0,$$

$$A_{LL} \text{ measurement in } p^\uparrow p^\uparrow \rightarrow \pi^0 X \text{ at } x_F = 0, \text{ and}$$

$$p^\uparrow p \rightarrow \pi^\pm X \text{ at } x_F = 0 \text{ to } 1.0.$$

## Publications

Analyzing Power-Measurement in Inclusive  $\pi^0$  Production at High  $x_F$ , B. E. Bonner et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 61, 1918 (1988).

Polarized-Proton and -Antiproton Beams at Fermilab and Associated Experiments, A. Yokosawa, Int. Journal of Modern Physics A, Vol. 3, No. 12, 2753 (1988).

Analyzing Power-Measurements of Coulomb-Nuclear Interference with the Polarized-Proton and -Antiproton Beams at 185 GeV/c, N. Akchurin et al., Phys. Lett. B229, 299 (1989).

Measurement of the Analyzing Power in the Primakoff Process with a High-Energy Polarized Proton Beam, D. C. Carey et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 64, 357 (1990).

The Design and Performance of the FNAL High-Energy Polarized-Beam Facility, D. P. Grosnick et al., Nucl. Instr. Meth. in Phys. Research, A290, 269 (1990).

First Results for the Two-Spin Parameter  $A_{LL}$  in  $\pi^0$  Production by 200-GeV Polarized Protons and Antiprotons, D. L. Adams et al., Phys. Lett. B261, 197 (1991).

Comparison of Spin Asymmetries and Cross Sections in  $\pi^0$  Production by 200-GeV Polarized Antiprotons and Protons, D. L. Adams et al., Phys. Lett. **B261**, 201 (1991).

Analyzing Power in Inclusive  $\pi^+$  and  $\pi^-$  Production at High  $x_F$  with a 200 GeV Polarized Proton Beam, D. L. Adams et al., Phys. Lett. **B264**, 462 (1991).

High- $x_t$  Single-Spin Asymmetry in  $\pi^0$  and  $\eta$  production at  $x_F = 0$  by 200 GeV Polarized Antiprotons and Protons, D. L. Adams et al., Phys. Lett. **B276**, 531 (1992).

Large  $x_F$  Spin Asymmetry in  $\pi$  Production by 200-GeV Polarized Protons, D. L. Adams et al., Zeit Physik C, to appear.

### **Papers Being Prepared on the E-704 Data**

High  $x_F$  Single- and Double-Spin Asymmetry in  $\Lambda$  Production

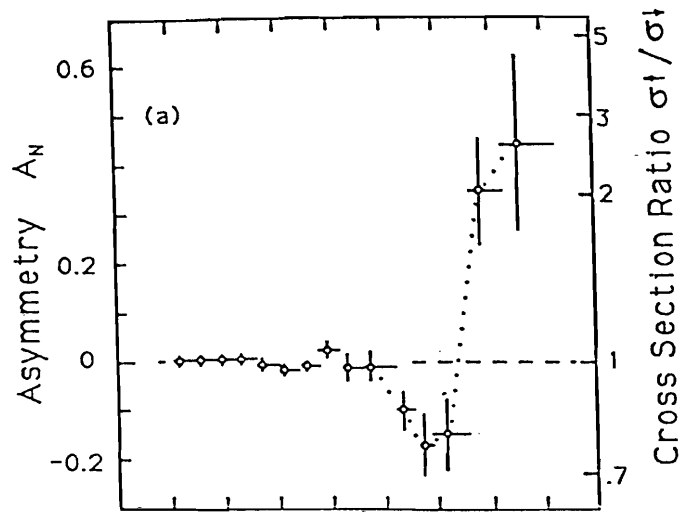
Large  $x_F$  Spin Asymmetry in  $\pi^+$  and  $\pi^-$  Production by 200-GeV Polarized Antiprotons

Differences in Total Cross Sections,  $\Delta\sigma_L$

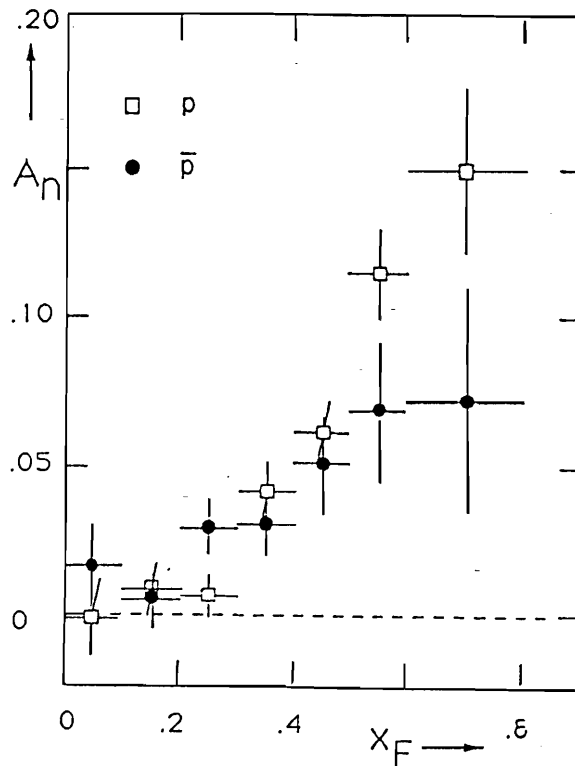
Complete Asymmetry Analysis on High  $x_T$   $\pi^0$  Production

Comments on data analysis and future plans:

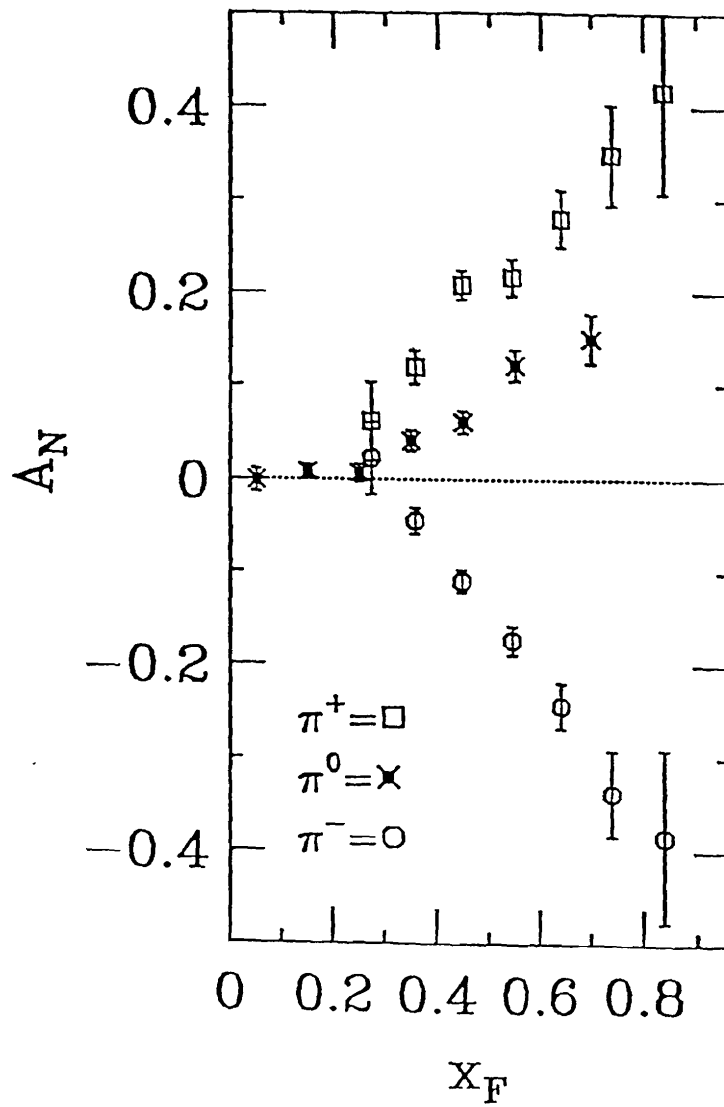
1. We plan to finish the analysis of single-spin asymmetry  $A_N$  in  $\pi^0$  production at high  $p_T$  at  $90^\circ$  in the c.m.s. in p(pol.)p-interactions. Final results should include the impact on the asymmetry of charged particles associated with  $\pi^0$  in both the same solid angle and in the opposite one. A scaling behavior of asymmetry in the hard interactions should be eventually checked at 200 GeV.
2. The  $\pi^0$  and  $\eta(550)$  invariant cross sections in pp- and  $\bar{p}p$  interactions can be obtained from the data. The kinematic region will be as follows:  $x_F \sim 0$ ;  $1 < p_T < 5$  GeV/c. The interest is, do we see some dip in the cross section behavior. If we do, this dip (or break in the slope of cross section) should be connected with some structure in the asymmetry behavior at the same  $p_T$  values.
3. We will study from our data a single-spin asymmetry  $A_N$  in the  $\eta$ -meson production at large  $x_F$  in both pp and  $\bar{p}p$  interactions. The kinematic region will be as follows:  $0.3 < x_F < 0.8$  and  $p_T \sim 1$  GeV/c. Earlier we saw a significant asymmetry in the  $\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$  production in the same kinematic region. Is it a case for  $\eta$ ?



$p_{\perp}$  dependence of the asymmetry  $A_N$  in the reaction  $p + p \rightarrow \pi^0 + X$  at  $x_F \approx 0$ .

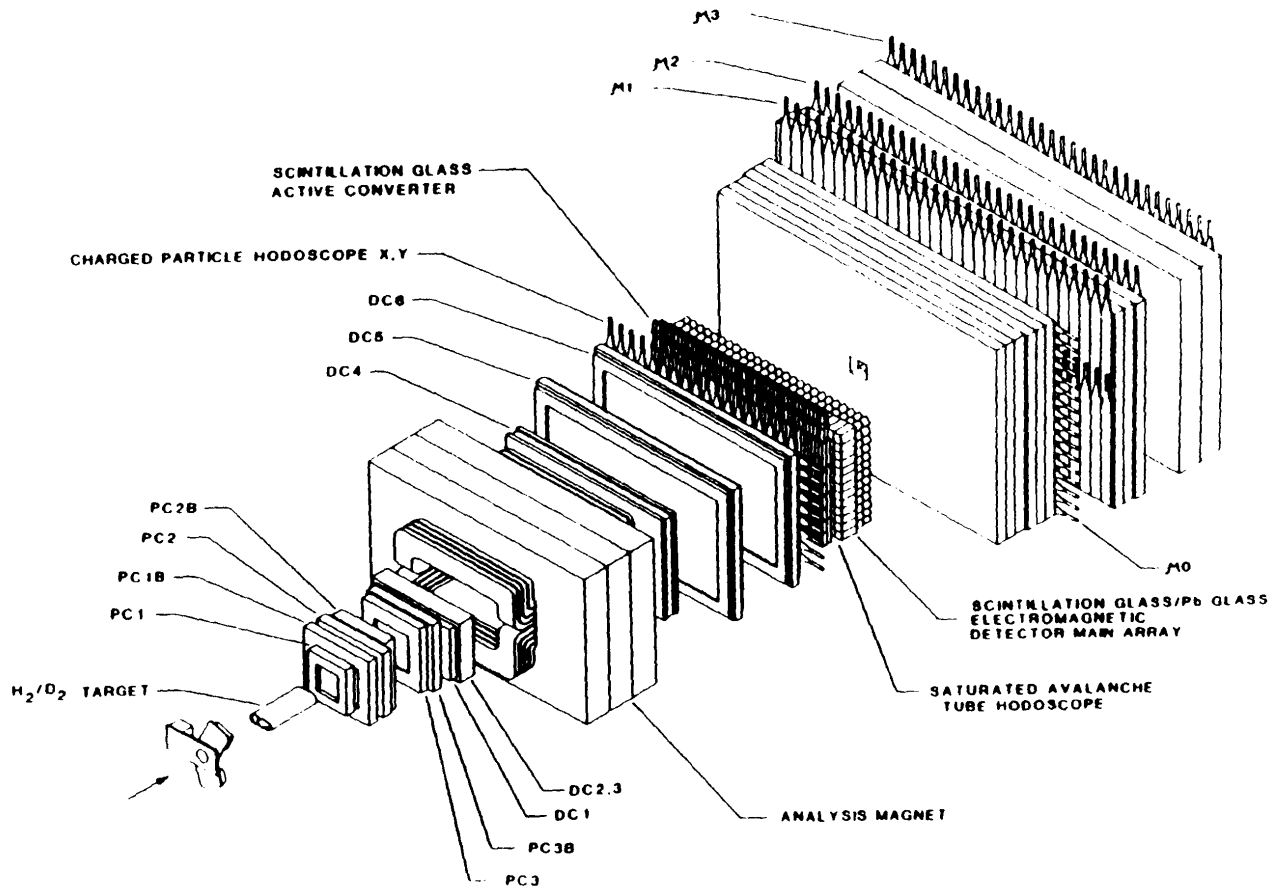


The asymmetry  $A_N$  in the reactions  $P + P \rightarrow \pi^0 + X$  and  $\bar{P} + P \rightarrow \pi^0 + X$  at 200 GeV in different regions of  $x_F$ , integrated over  $p_T$  from 0.5 to 2 GeV/c.



$x_F$  dependence of the asymmetry  $A_N$  for  $\pi^+$  (squares) and  $\pi^-$  (circles) production in the  $p^+p$  reaction. For comparison,  $\pi^0$  data (crosses) are also shown.

E-705  
FERMILAB HIGH INTENSITY LABORATORY SPECTROMETER



## **E-705 (Cox) A Study of Charmonium and Direct Photon Production by 300 GeV/c Antiproton, Proton, and $\pi^{+-}$ Beams**

*South Alabama, Arizona, Athens (Greece), Duke, Fermilab, INFN/Florence (Italy), McGill (Canada), Nanjing (PRC), Northwestern, Prairie View A&M, Shandong (PRC), SSCL, Virginia*

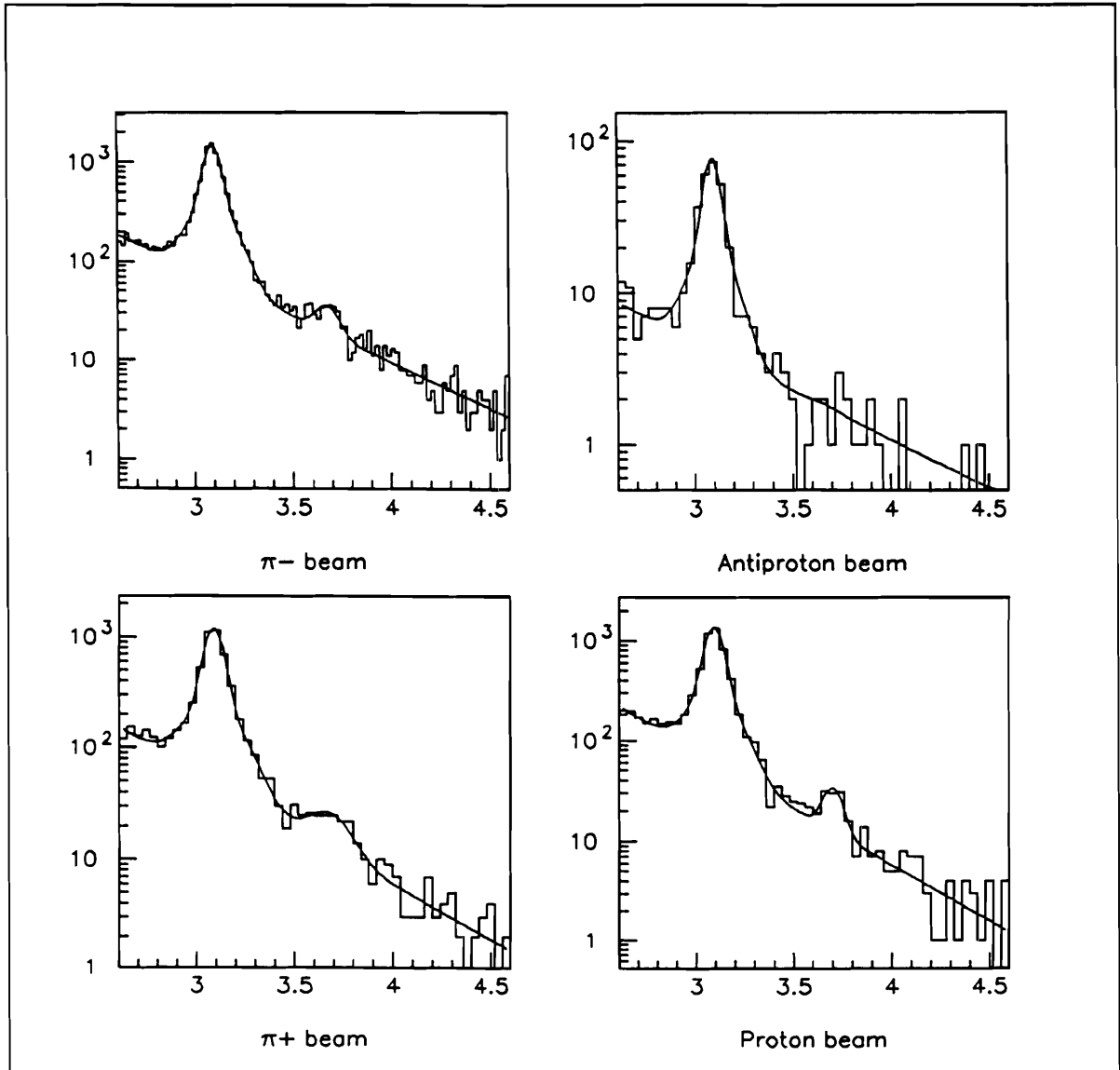
**Status: Data Analysis**

E-705 constructed and commissioned a large aperture spectrometer to study direct photon and charmonium production using 300 GeV/c  $\pi^{+-}$  and  $p^{+-}$  beams in the High Intensity Laboratory in the Proton West Area. The unique features of this spectrometer include a high resolution electromagnetic shower detector constructed from scintillation glass. The good electromagnetic energy resolution for photons should allow the separation of the closely spaced charmonium states which are detected through their  $\chi \rightarrow \psi\gamma$ ;  $\psi \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$  decay modes. Comparison of the production of direct photons and charmonium states using different beam types should allow the separation of  $\gamma\gamma$  and  $q\bar{q}$  components of the production process. The high resolution, high statistics measurements of the chi states will allow the determination of the decay angular distributions of the charmonium states yielding more information on the production processes.

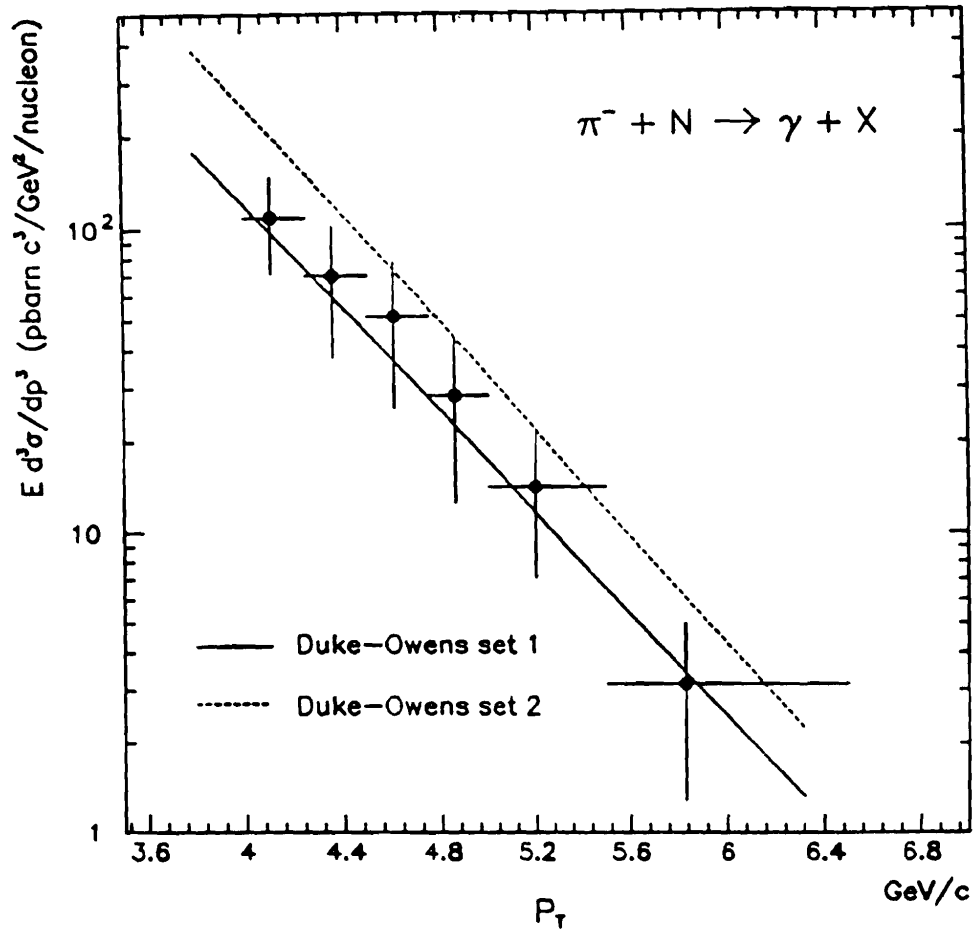
In 1990, E-705 completed a massive amount of data analysis, processing between December 1, 1989 and October 1, 1990, over 6,000 data tapes with both dimuon and direct photon triggers. This work continued the 1989 activity in which the E-705 analysis code was tuned up by a complete analysis of approximately fifteen percent of the data. In addition, 1,500 calibration and test tapes were processed and studied to obtain the final constants for the experiment.

The final step of analysis of  $J/\psi$  data was accomplished in 1990 and total and differential cross sections for production of  $J/\psi$ 's by 300 GeV/c protons, antiprotons, and  $\pi^{+-}$  have been obtained from a sample of greater than 30,000  $J/\psi$ 's. Studies of  $\psi'$  production and decay have also been accomplished with observations in the dimuon and  $J/\psi \pi^+\pi^-$  decay modes. The  $J/\psi \pi^+\pi^-$  mass spectrum is under examination in a search for evidences of exotic states. The final determination of the various charmonium state production cross sections is almost completed pending the final photon reconstruction code tuning for maximum photon resolution.

The direct photon analysis has proceeded in parallel; both  $\gamma/\pi^0$  and absolute direct photon  $x_F$  and  $p_t$  differential cross sections have been determined for  $\pi^{+-}$  Li interactions out to  $p_t$  of 7 GeV/c. Structure functions for the  $\pi^{+-}$  have been determined with a pronounced prejudice toward a soft gluon distribution (Duke-Owens set II). The analysis of the proton and antiproton data is underway.

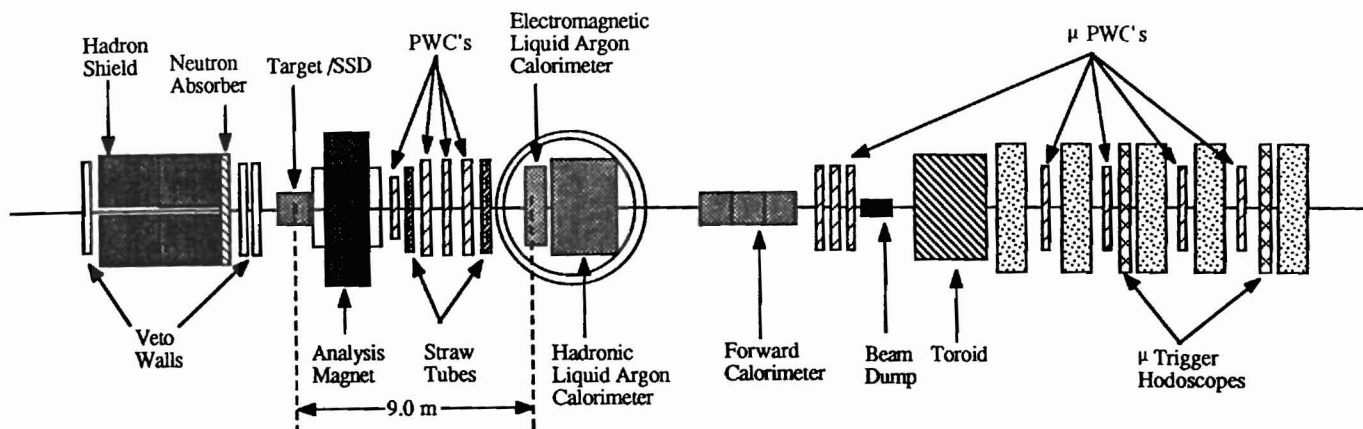




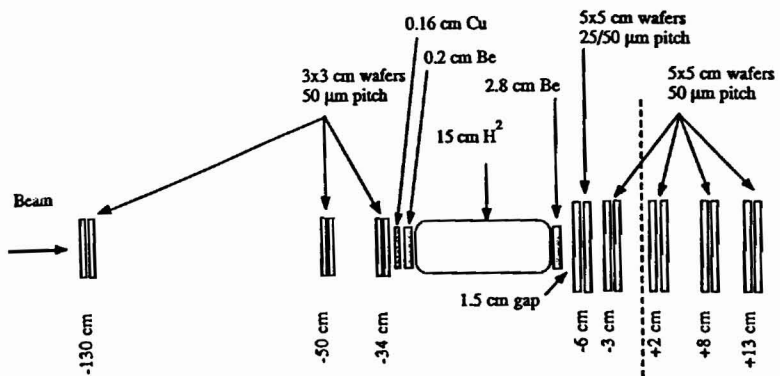


**Figure 7.11** Direct photon inclusive invariant cross section for the  $\pi^-$ -Li data as a function of  $p_T$  averaged over  $x_F$ . The errors are statistical only. The solid and dotted lines are the QCD predictions with optimized scales and the Duke and Owens sets 1 and 2 structure functions respectively.

E-706



**M WEST SPECTROMETER**



**Target Region**

## **E-706 (Slattery) A Comprehensive Study of Direct Photon Production in Hadron Induced Collisions**

*UC/Davis, Delhi (India), Fermilab, Michigan State, Northeastern, Oklahoma, Pennsylvania State, Pittsburgh, Rochester*

**Status:** *Data Analysis*

E-706 is a second generation fixed target experiment to study events containing high transverse momentum direct photons produced in hadronic interactions. Only two leading order diagrams contribute to direct photon production: the QCD Compton diagram ( $q + g \rightarrow q + \gamma$ ) and the quark-antiquark annihilation process ( $\bar{q} + q \rightarrow g + \gamma$ ). Next-to-leading order QCD calculations now exist for both inclusive direct photon cross sections and for direct photon plus jet production.

The physics goals of E-706 include measuring the gluon structure function of the nucleon and the charged pions. The E-706 data for incident mesons is at a significantly higher CM energy (31 GeV) than previous experiments, which are clustered at CM energies between 19 and 24 GeV. The study of direct photon plus jet events (including  $\gamma\gamma$  production) provides sensitive tests of next-to-leading order QCD predictions. Direct photon data also provide input to quark and gluon fragmentation studies.

Since electromagnetic decays of neutral pions are the primary source of background to direct photon data, precision measurements of neutral pion cross sections are an essential part of this experimental program. These measurements are of interest in their own right since they provide insight into hard scattering processes. Next-to-leading order calculations of large transverse momentum neutral pion production have also recently become available.

The MWest spectrometer, which was simultaneously employed to acquire data for E-706 and E-672, is a large acceptance multiparticle spectrometer. The MWest beamline includes spoilers to reduce the muon flux incident upon the spectrometer, and a differential Cerenkov counter to identify incident particle types. Veto walls and hadron shielding upstream of the target minimize the impact of incident beam halo on the experiment. There are six planes of 50  $\mu\text{m}$  pitch silicon strip detectors upstream of the target. Different targets allow for investigation of the nuclear dependence of the various processes. Immediately downstream of the target is a pair of silicon strip detectors, with 25  $\mu\text{m}$  pitch in the central region and 50  $\mu\text{m}$  pitch on their outer edges, followed by eight additional silicon strip planes of 50  $\mu\text{m}$  pitch. The large aperture ( $122 \times 91 \text{ cm}^2$ ) conventional analysis magnet provides a transverse impulse of 450 MeV to charged particles. Downstream of the magnet are four proportional wire chamber modules, each containing four planes with 2.54 mm pitch. There are also two straw tube drift chambers, each with four planes in each of two views. The drift chamber resolutions are 300  $\mu\text{m}$  and 250  $\mu\text{m}$  per plane, respectively. The finely segmented, focused electromagnetic lead and liquid argon calorimeter has a radius of 1.6 m and is located 9 m downstream of the target. The standard deviation of

the reconstructed  $\pi^0$  mass peak is 8 MeV, while that of the  $\eta$  is 24 MeV. A steel hadronic calorimeter is located behind the electromagnetic calorimetry within the liquid argon cryostat. An iron and scintillator calorimeter intercepts the forward cone passing through a central hole in the liquid argon calorimeters. Downstream of the forward calorimeter is a muon identification system provided by E-672. For the purposes of E-706, the spectrometer triggers upon large transverse momentum electromagnetic showers detected in the liquid argon calorimeter.

The MWest spectrometer was commissioned during the 1987-1988 fixed target run. Approximately 5 million physics-quality triggers were recorded during that run using positive and negative 500 GeV beam on copper and beryllium targets. This data sample corresponds to a sensitivity of about 0.5 events per picobarn for the negative beam and about 0.8 events per picobarn for the positive beam. Seventeen students have completed their Ph.D. research using this data sample. These students have investigated a wide variety of topics including neutral pion production at low transverse momentum, neutral pion and eta production at high transverse momentum, direct photon production at high transverse momentum, recoiling jet structure in high transverse momentum events, fragmentation properties of strange particles produced in high transverse momentum hadronic interactions, neutral pion pair production, characteristics of forward energy production, and leading particle production at 800 GeV.

Inclusive high transverse momentum neutral pion and direct photon cross section measurements for incident negative pions and protons at 500 GeV have recently been published (PRD 45, R3899 and PRL 68, 2584). A more detailed paper on this analysis has been prepared. The analysis of jets recoiling from high transverse momentum electromagnetic triggers acquired in this initial data run is nearly complete. Cross sections for neutral-pion-plus-jet and photon-plus-jet production have been presented at the November 1992 DPF meeting at Fermilab. Comparisons of angular distributions for the photon and neutral pion triggered events were also presented. A paper on these topics is in preparation.

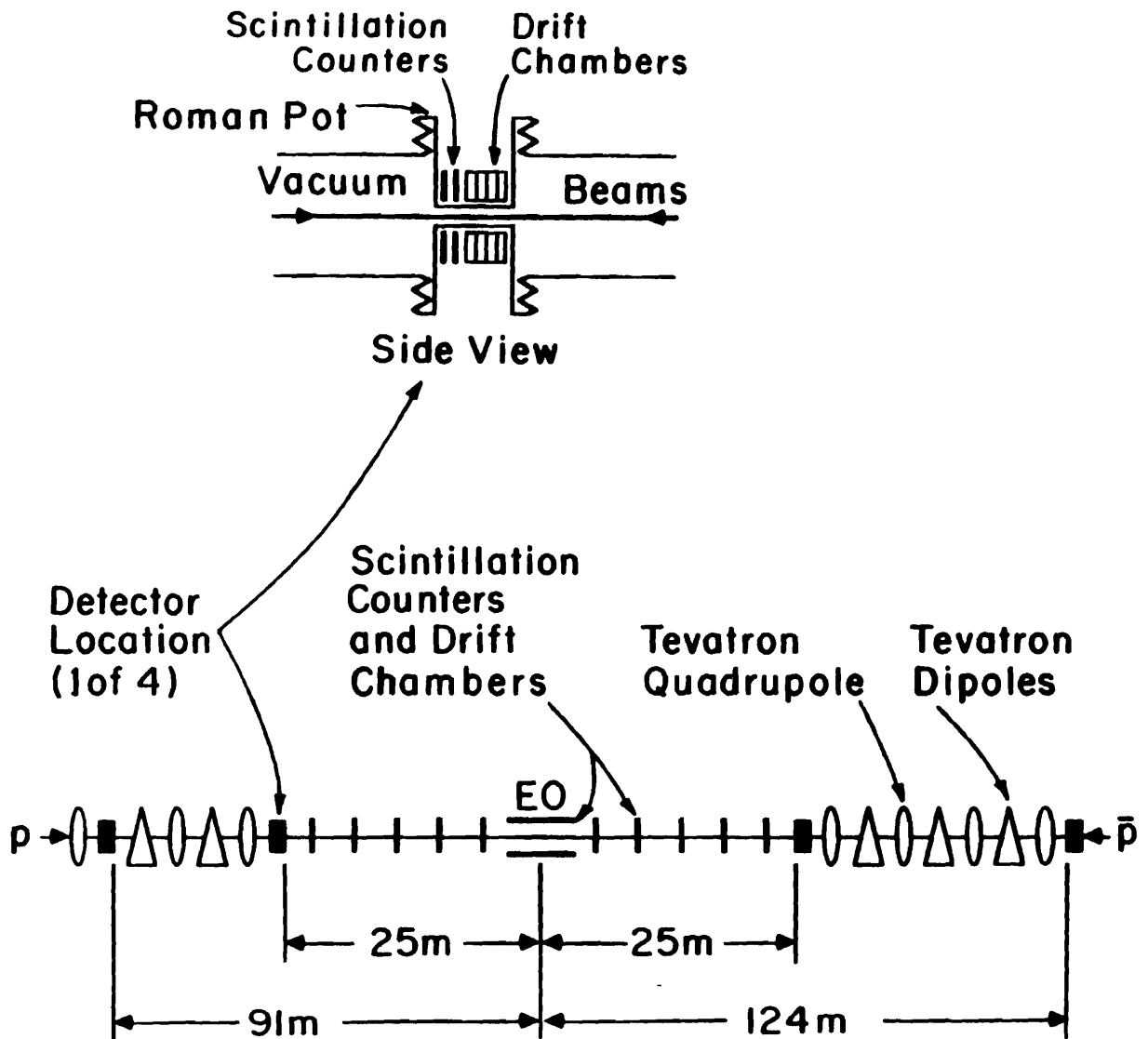
During the 1990 fixed target run, about 30 million triggers induced by a negative 530 GeV beam incident on beryllium and copper targets were recorded. These data provide more than a factor of fifteen increase in sensitivity relative to that acquired during our initial run. Prior to the 1991 fixed target running, a 0.02 interaction length liquid hydrogen target was installed. During 1991, we accumulated 23 million triggers using an 800 GeV primary proton beam incident on hydrogen, beryllium, and copper targets. This data sample corresponds to a sensitivity of about ten events per picobarn. An additional 14 million triggers induced by a 530 GeV positive beam incident upon the same targets were also accumulated during this run. These data represent a sensitivity of about ten events per picobarn. A smaller sample (4 million triggers) of negative 530 GeV beam induced data was also recorded during the 1991 running, and will provide the opportunity to investigate nuclear dependence effects in the negative data, and also help establish the relative normalization of the 1990 and 1991 data samples.

It is expected that within the next two years at least sixteen additional graduate students will complete their Ph.D. research using data accumulated during the 1990-91 fixed target runs. We will measure the cross section for neutral pion, eta, and direct photon production at high transverse momentum by

both positive and negative 530 GeV beams as well as by 800 GeV primary protons. High statistics studies of photon-plus-jet and neutral-pion-plus-jet events will also be carried out. We also have the capability to study the inclusive production of low transverse momentum neutral pions and kaons. The variety of targets employed in this experiment will allow us to investigate the nuclear dependence of these results. We can also study leading particle production at 800 GeV.

The large acceptance MWest multiparticle spectrometer has already demonstrated its power and versatility. The large statistics, high quality direct photon data samples acquired by E-706 will provide unique insights into hadronic structure and QCD dynamics.

E-710



## E-710 (Orear / Rubinstein) Measurements of Elastic Scattering and Total Cross Sections at the Fermilab $\bar{p}p$ Collider

*Bologna (Italy), Cornell, Fermilab, George Mason, Maryland, Northwestern*

**Status: Data Analysis**

The goal of this experiment is to measure the  $\bar{p}p$  total cross section, the logarithmic slope of the elastic scattering distribution, and  $\rho$  (the ratio of the real to imaginary part of the forward scattering amplitude) at energies from  $\sqrt{s} = 300$  GeV to 1.8 TeV. Preliminary results at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$  TeV were obtained in the 1987 Collider run, and final data during the 1988/89 Collider run.

The experiment was located around the Tevatron E0  $\bar{p}p$  interaction point. Detectors (scintillation counters and high precision drift chambers) for registering small angle scattering in the vertical plane were located in Roman Pots, thin-walled re-entrant vessels which could be moved remotely, allowing the detectors to be placed close to the circulating beams. A pair of these pots was symmetrically placed, one above and one below the circulating beams. There were four such pairs, one each at the two ends of the 50m E0 straight section, and the others located about 100m from E0 at the D47 and E14 locations in the Tevatron lattice. The beam optics were such that the effective distances to these latter pairs were about 80m in the vertical plane, allowing detection of scattering at very small angles. Located around the E0 straight section beam pipe were 48 scintillation counters and 16 small drift chambers used to measure the total inelastic counting rate.

The experiment covered a  $|t|$  range from the Coulomb region to  $0.01$   $(\text{GeV}/c)^2$  at  $\sqrt{s} = 300$  GeV and to  $0.6$   $(\text{GeV}/c)^2$  at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$  TeV. Data was normalized with use of the total interaction rate measured using all of the detectors.

Data taking was completed in June 1989, and analysis has been underway since then. Among the results obtained so far are, at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$  TeV,

$$\sigma_T = 72.8 \pm 3.1 \text{mb}; \rho = 0.140 \pm 0.069; \sigma_{\text{single diffraction}} = 9.4 \pm 1.4 \text{mb};$$

the logarithmic slope of elastic scattering is constant within errors over the range  $0.034 \leq |t| \leq 0.65$   $(\text{GeV}/c)^2$ . The value of  $\rho$  fits the prediction based on previously existing  $pp$  and  $\bar{p}p$   $\sigma_T$  and  $\rho$  data (except for a UA4 value at  $\sqrt{s} = 546$  GeV), and no new physics, as had been suggested earlier, is needed to fit this result.

Current analysis efforts are now on the data taken at the lower energies.

### Publications

Drift Pots for Small Angle Elastic Scattering at the Fermilab Collider, N. A. Amos et al., Nucl. Inst. & Meth. **A252**, 263 (1986).

Measurement of the Nuclear Slope Parameter of the  $\bar{p}p$  Elastic-Scattering Distribution at  $\sqrt{s} = 1800$  GeV, N. A. Amos et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 61, 525 (1988).

Measurement of the  $\bar{p}p$  Total Cross Section at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$  TeV, N. A. Amos et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 63, 2784 (1989).

A Luminosity Independent Measurement of the  $\bar{p}p$  Total Cross Section at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$  TeV, N. A. Amos et al., Phys. Lett. B243, 158 (1990).

Antiproton-Proton Elastic Scattering at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$  TeV from  $|t| = 0.034$  to  $0.65$  (GeV/c)<sup>2</sup>, N. A. Amos et al., Phys. Lett. B247, 127 (1990).

Measurements of Proton-Antiproton Elastic Scattering at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$  TeV at the Fermilab Tevatron Collider, N. A. Amos et al., Revista Colombiana de Fisica, Vol. 23, No. 1 (1991).

Measurement of  $\rho$ , the Ratio of the Real to Imaginary Part of the  $\bar{p}p$  Forward Elastic Scattering Amplitude, at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$  TeV, N. A. Amos et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 68, 2433 (1992).

Antiproton-Proton Elastic Scattering at  $\sqrt{s} = 1020$  GeV, N. A. Amos et al. (Nuovo Cimento A, to be published).

Diffraction Dissociation in  $\bar{p}p$  Collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$  TeV, N. A. Amos et al. (Physics Letters, to be published).

### Theses

M. Bertani, R. Mondardini, I. Veronesi (Bologna); D. Dimitroyannis (Maryland); C. Guss (Northwestern).

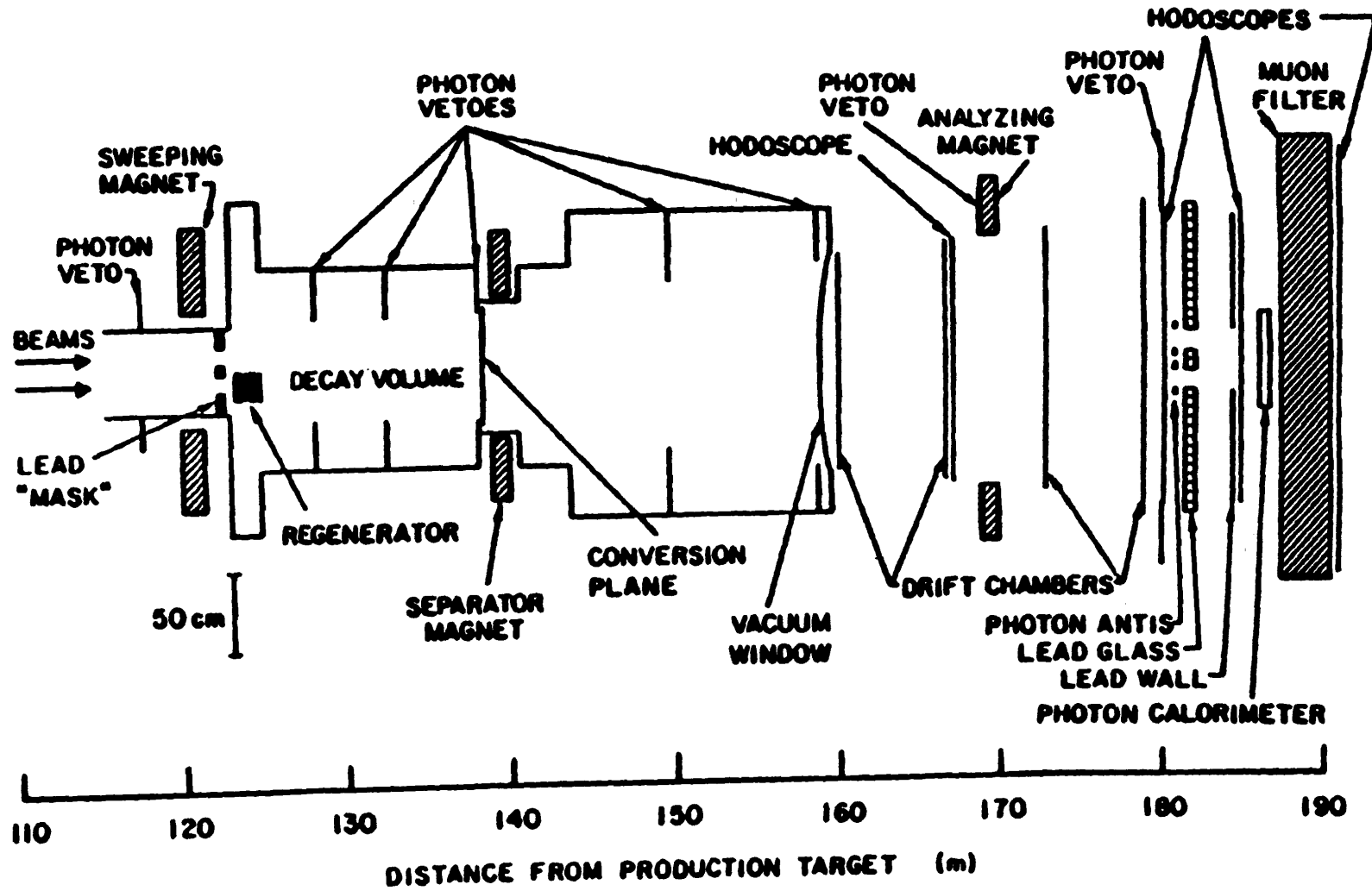
### Major Conference Reports

Colliders to Supercolliders, Madison, 1987; APS Particles and Fields, Storrs, 1988; International Europhysics Conference on HEP, Madrid, 1989; International Conference on Elastic and Diffractive Scattering, Northwestern, 1989; Physics in Collision, Duke, 1990; International Conference on Elastic and Diffractive Scattering, Elba, 1991; Lepton-Photon Conference, Geneva, 1991; APS Particles and Fields, Vancouver, 1991; Physics in Collision, Boulder, 1992.





E-731



**E-731 (Winstein) A Precision Measurement of the CP Violation Parameter ( $\epsilon'/\epsilon$ ) in the Neutral Kaon System**

*Chicago, Elmhurst, Fermilab, Princeton, Saclay (France)*

**Status: Data Analysis**

The goal of this experiment is a measurement of the ratio of the CP nonconservation parameters,  $\epsilon'/\epsilon$ , in the  $K^0-\bar{K}^0$  system to a precision of  $\pm 0.0007$ .

So far the only manifestations of CP nonconservation are a result of a lack of time symmetry in the  $\Delta S = \pm 2$  processes  $K^0 \leftrightarrow \bar{K}^0$ . This experiment addresses the issue as to whether the CP nonconservation is confined to a  $\Delta S = 2$  interaction (the superweak model) or has a  $\Delta S = 1$  component, as naturally arises in, for example, the Kobayashi-Maskawa model. Although there is considerable uncertainty in the predictions for the size of  $\epsilon'/\epsilon$ , this measurement would severely constrain the models and, if non-zero, would give an important new "handle" on the phenomenon of CP nonconservation.

The experiment makes use of a double beam whereby both  $K_L$  and  $K_S$  decays are studied simultaneously: a thick  $B_4C$  regenerator is placed in one of the beams to provide a  $K_S$  component and the regenerator is alternated from beam to beam to reduce the effects of any detector asymmetries.

For this effort, a new neutral beam has been constructed which takes full advantage of the 800 GeV primary protons and the superior duty cycle of the Tevatron to provide a factor of five higher usable  $K_L$  flux in the 100 GeV/c region than ever before at Fermilab. Attention has also been paid to significantly reducing other sources of background which traditionally plague high sensitivity neutral kaon experiments: soft neutrons and photons.

The neutral final state is detected with an 800 element 1.9m diameter lead glass array while the  $\pi^+\pi^-$  are detected with a 2000 sense wire high rate drift chamber spectrometer. Triggering in the neutral mode is effected by counting clusters in the lead glass. The most serious background,  $K_L \rightarrow 3\pi^0$  is greatly reduced by means of several anticoincidence planes designed to detect extra gammas outside the solid angle of the lead glass. Inelastic regeneration is significantly reduced by means of hodoscope planes within the regenerator to detect the production of secondaries.

E-731 finished data-taking in February 1988. The data statistics were as follows: 300K  $K_L \rightarrow 2\pi^0$  events, 370K  $K_L \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$  events, and 1M each of  $K_S \rightarrow 2\pi^0$  and  $K_S \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$ . Several results have been published based on a 20% subset of the data. The value of  $\text{Re}(\epsilon'/\epsilon)$  obtained from the 20% subset is  $-0.0004 \pm 0.0014 \pm 0.0006$  (E-731, 20%).

Since then, the remaining 80% of data have been analyzed with much better understanding of the acceptance, energy resolution, and of the

backgrounds. These have allowed major reduction in the systematic error. The 20% data sample was re-analyzed with little change in its central value of  $\epsilon'/\epsilon$ , which is  $-0.0001$ . The preliminary result from the full E-731 data set, given at Fermilab, Lepton-Photon at Geneva, DPF at Vancouver in the summer of 1991, is

$$\epsilon'/\epsilon = (6.0 \pm 5.8 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 3.2 \text{ (syst.)} \pm 1.8 \text{ (monte carlo)}) \times 10^{-4}$$

which combines to

$$\epsilon'/\epsilon = (6.0 \pm 6.9) \times 10^{-4}. \quad (\text{E-731 full data sample})$$

This result is still consistent with zero, in agreement with the superweak model, though it can still be accommodated in the standard model.

The same  $2\pi$  data have also been fitted for other parameters of the neutral kaon system, using exactly the same techniques of background subtraction and acceptance corrections. The results, where both statistical and systematic errors are included, are

$$\begin{aligned} \tau_S &= (0.8912 \pm 0.0013) \times 10^{-10} \text{ sec;} \\ \Delta m &= m_L - m_S = (0.5339 \pm 0.0034) \times 10^{10} \text{ h sec}^{-1}; \\ \phi_{+-} &= (43.2 \pm 1.6)^\circ; \\ \Delta\phi &= \phi_{00} - \phi_{+-} = (-0.6 \pm 1.6)^\circ. \end{aligned}$$

These results are either comparable to or exceed in precision the best previous determinations.

The  $\epsilon'/\epsilon$  result has led the group to propose a new experiment P-832 to measure  $\epsilon'/\epsilon$  to a precision at  $1 \times 10^{-4}$  in the near future.

There are other rare decay results from the E-731 data analysis, which are listed as follows:

Process	Branching Ratio	
$K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 ee$	$< 7.5 \times 10^{-9}$ (90% CL)	
$K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \gamma\gamma$	$(1.86 \pm 0.88) \times 10^{-6}$	
$K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 e\pi\nu$	$(5.1 \pm 0.5) \times 10^{-5}$	720 events
$K_L \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \gamma$ (IB)	$(1.40 \pm 0.05) \times 10^{-5}$	$E_\gamma^* > 20 \text{ MeV}$
$K_S \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \gamma$ (IB)	$(4.59 \pm 0.14) \times 10^{-3}$	$E_\gamma^* > 20 \text{ MeV}$
$K_L \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \gamma$ (DE)	$(3.04 \pm 0.14) \times 10^{-5}$	
$\eta_{+-} \gamma$	$(2.6 \pm 0.5 \pm 0.2) \times 10^{-3}$	first observation
$\phi_{+-} \gamma$	$(41 \pm 28 \pm 11)^\circ$	first observation

The effort on the  $K_L$  rare decay analysis has led to the new experiment E-799 to search for the direct CP violation decay in  $K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 ee$  and many other rare decay modes.

## Publications

First Result on a New Measurement of  $\epsilon'/\epsilon$  in the Neutral Kaon System, M. Woods et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. **60**, 1695 (1988).

New Limits on  $K_{L,S} \rightarrow \pi^0 e^+ e^-$ , L. Gibbons, et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. **61**, 2661 (1988).

Search for  $K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \gamma \gamma$ , V. Papadimitriou et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. **63**, 28 (1989).

A Cluster Finding Trigger Processor, M. Asner et al., NIM **A291**, 577 (1990).

A Determination of  $\text{Re}(\epsilon'/\epsilon)$  by the Simultaneous Detection of the Four  $K_{L,S} \rightarrow \pi\pi$  Decay Modes, J. R. Patterson et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. **64**, 1491 (1990).

New Limit on  $K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 e^+ e^-$ , A. Barker et al., Phys. Rev. **D41**, 3546 (1990).

Test of CPT Symmetry Through a Determination of the Difference in the Phases of  $\eta_{00}$  and  $\eta_{+-}$  in  $K \rightarrow 2\pi$  Decays, M. Karlsson et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. **64**, 2976 (1990).

Measurement of the Branching Ratio of the Decay  $K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \gamma \gamma$ , V. Papadimitriou et al., Phys. Rev. **D44**, 573 (1991).

A Measurement of the Quadratic Slope Parameter in the  $K_L$  to  $3\pi^0$  Decay Dalitz Plot, S. Somalwar et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. **68**, 2567 (1992).

A Search for the Decay  $K_L$  to  $\pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}$ , G. Graham et al., accepted by Phys. Lett. B.

## Major Conferences

B. Winstein, Proc. Joint International Lepton-Photon Symposium and Europhysics Conference on HEP, Geneva (1991).

Y. Wah, Proc. of XXVI International Conf. on HEP, Dallas (1992).

## Theses

M. Woods, Chicago,  $\epsilon'/\epsilon$ , 1988.

R. Patterson, Chicago,  $\epsilon'/\epsilon$ , 1990.

V. Papadimitriou, Chicago,  $K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \gamma \gamma$ , 1990.

G. Grazer, Princeton,  $\Delta\phi$ , 1988.

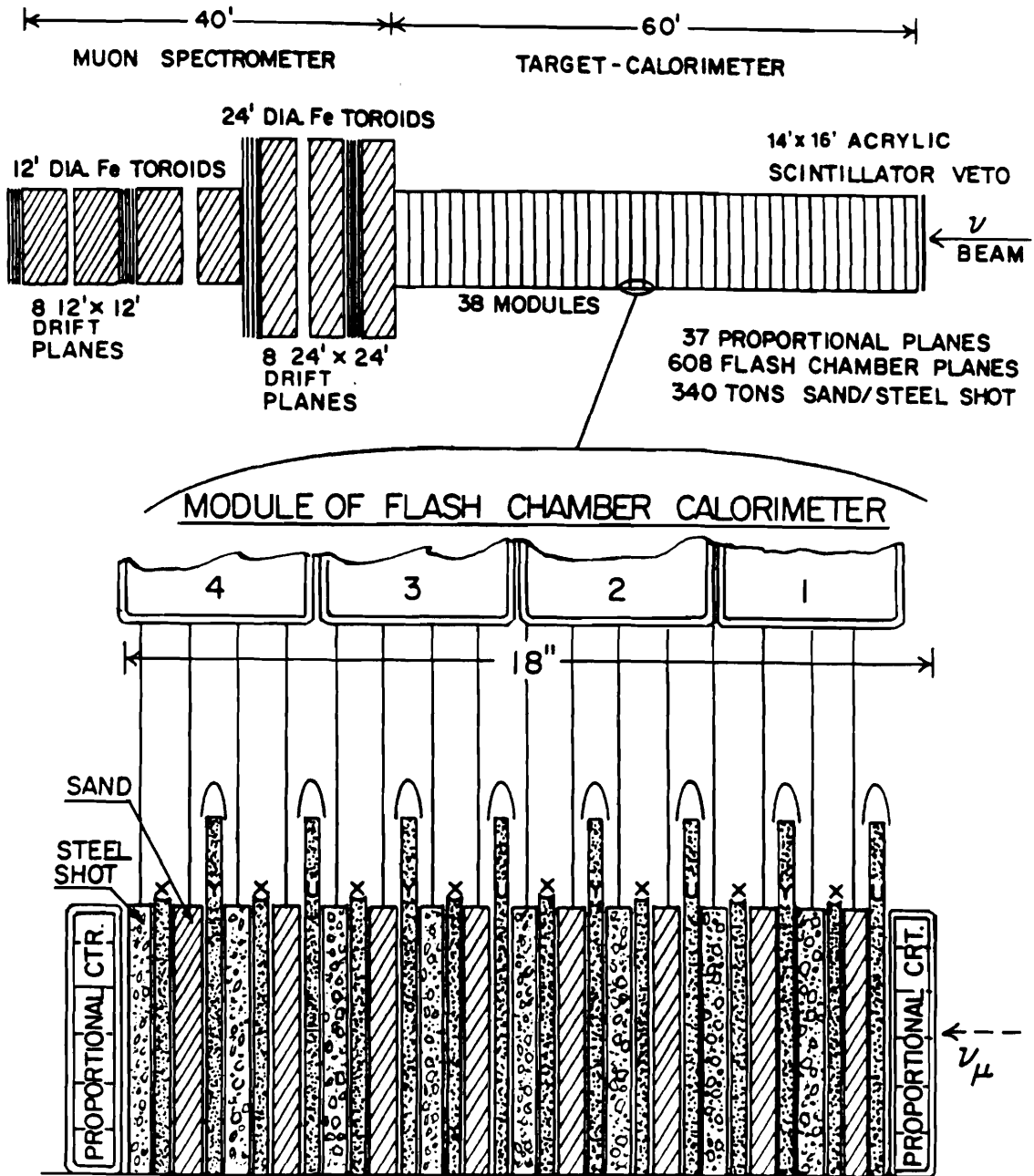
M. Karlsson, Princeton,  $\Delta\phi$ , 1988.

P. Jarry, Saclay,  $\epsilon'/\epsilon$ , 1988.

There should be seven more papers which will complete the analysis of E-731 data. These will be

1. Final  $\epsilon'$  result
2. Better results (than PDG) on  $K_S$  lifetime and  $K_L/K_S$  mass difference
3.  $\eta_{00} - \eta_{+-}$  phase
4.  $K_S, K_L \rightarrow \pi\pi\gamma$  branching ratios
5. Interference in  $K_L, K_S \rightarrow \pi\pi\gamma$
6.  $K_{e4}$  branching ratio and form factor analysis
7.  $K_L \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$  branching ratio

E-733



**E-733 (Brock) The Study of High Energy Neutrino Interactions  
with the Tevatron Quadrupole Triplet Beam**

*Fermilab, Florida, MIT, Michigan State*

**Status: Data Analysis**

The goal of this experiment is to study neutrino interactions in the first neutrino beam to be produced at the Tevatron. The detector for this experiment is the 300 ton Flash-Chamber Proportional-Tube Calorimeter constructed by the Fermilab, MIT, Michigan State Collaboration in Lab C. The primary feature of this detector is the fine-grain sampling which allows for the measurement of the direction of hadron showers. Shower energy at the Tevatron will be determined by measuring the pulse height in the proportional tubes and muon momenta will be determined by large drift planes which are in the 12' and 24' toroidal magnets downstream of the calorimeter. The layout of the detector is shown on the accompanying figure.

The physics of interest in this new regime (beyond the establishment of well-known behavior such as scaling) involves a number of reactions which have been hinted at in lower energy experiments.

1. Same-sign dimuon production. All previous high energy experiments have seen evidence of same-sign dimuon production beyond that expected from background or theory. A characteristic of these observations seems to be the indication of a threshold, suggesting that higher energy would be useful in further studies. Of great interest will be the study of the missing transverse energy and possible correlations of that energy with the muons and hadron shower. This experiment can contribute to this puzzle because of the good angular resolution for hadron showers.
2. Weak neutral currents. Because of the ability of this detector to measure the energy and direction of the hadron shower, information about weak neutral currents can be gained in new energy regimes which will allow for comparisons of neutral current models and a measurement of the Weinberg Angle.

The following are topics under analysis:

1.  $\text{Sin}^2\theta_w$ . Preliminary results on the extraction of the Weinberg angle have been presented. We were able to show that, for a restricted fiducial volume, the measurable quantity R is

$$R = 0.305 \pm 0.006$$

where the error is a combination of statistical and systematic errors in roughly equal amounts. The early indications are that this leads to a Weinberg angle of

$$\text{Sin}^2\theta_w = 0.235 \pm 0.009$$

where the uncertainty includes only the experimental uncertainties. This uncertainty is roughly equal to that of the previous combination of the Lab E published results. We expect to be able to reduce these uncertainties by roughly 50% and we are presently occupied in the analysis which will lead to that reduction.

2. **Charged currents.** The determination of charged current structure functions will use all of the charged current data taken in this device throughout its lifetime. This will include roughly 25,000 events from E-594 plus, hopefully, 100,000 events from E-733. While this sample does not compete with the enormous statistics of Lab E, we have all learned the importance over the last ten years of multiple measurement of these quantities from different experiments. The lever-arm in  $Q^2$  with the unpublished E-594 data will be substantial.

This analysis has been slowed up by the item that always makes neutrino structure function analyses difficult: hadron energy calibration. In the Lab C detector, this has always been a problem due to the digital nature of the device and the sensitivity of it to the climatic changes inherent in a nine-month run. It is for that reason that we always insisted on continuous calibration beams between each pair of neutrino pings and that has saved this analysis.

3. **Dimuons.** We have already finished one analysis, and are now extending this analysis into the 1987 run. A comparison of data (which will be about 1,000 opposite sign dimuons) with GEISHA for shower shapes (longitudinal and lateral) from hadrons of 35-400 GeV as well as the muon production from showers of a given energy are interesting in their own rights and we are collecting this information for publication now. There is no better detector in the world for such fine details of shower topologies than ours and this will be an important ingredient in any future simulation for the design of a Tevatron or SSC (or LHC?) detector.
4. **WIMPs.** Here the task was to measure the time of events which occur in the detector relative to the RF clock. Events which fall between buckets would be a signal for heavy penetrating objects. We have successfully measured the timing resolution of the scintillator which we installed before the last run to be about 1 nsec, as we predicted. This leads us to a lower mass limit of about 500-1000 MeV/c<sup>2</sup>. We are now using the muons from charged current events (which we can time-sum accurately when they cleanly strike a scintillator) to calibrate the measurement of the time of hadron showers. Since we have multiple measurements of the time of each event, we can do this. We presently are close to 1 nsec for these types of events as well, although the final bit is difficult.

Once this is accomplished we can, in a model-independent fashion, set a limit on any physics reaction (heavy leptons, WIMPs, SUSY, ??) by pattern-recognizing the characteristics of the event and setting a CL based on seeing no events (?) within a window.



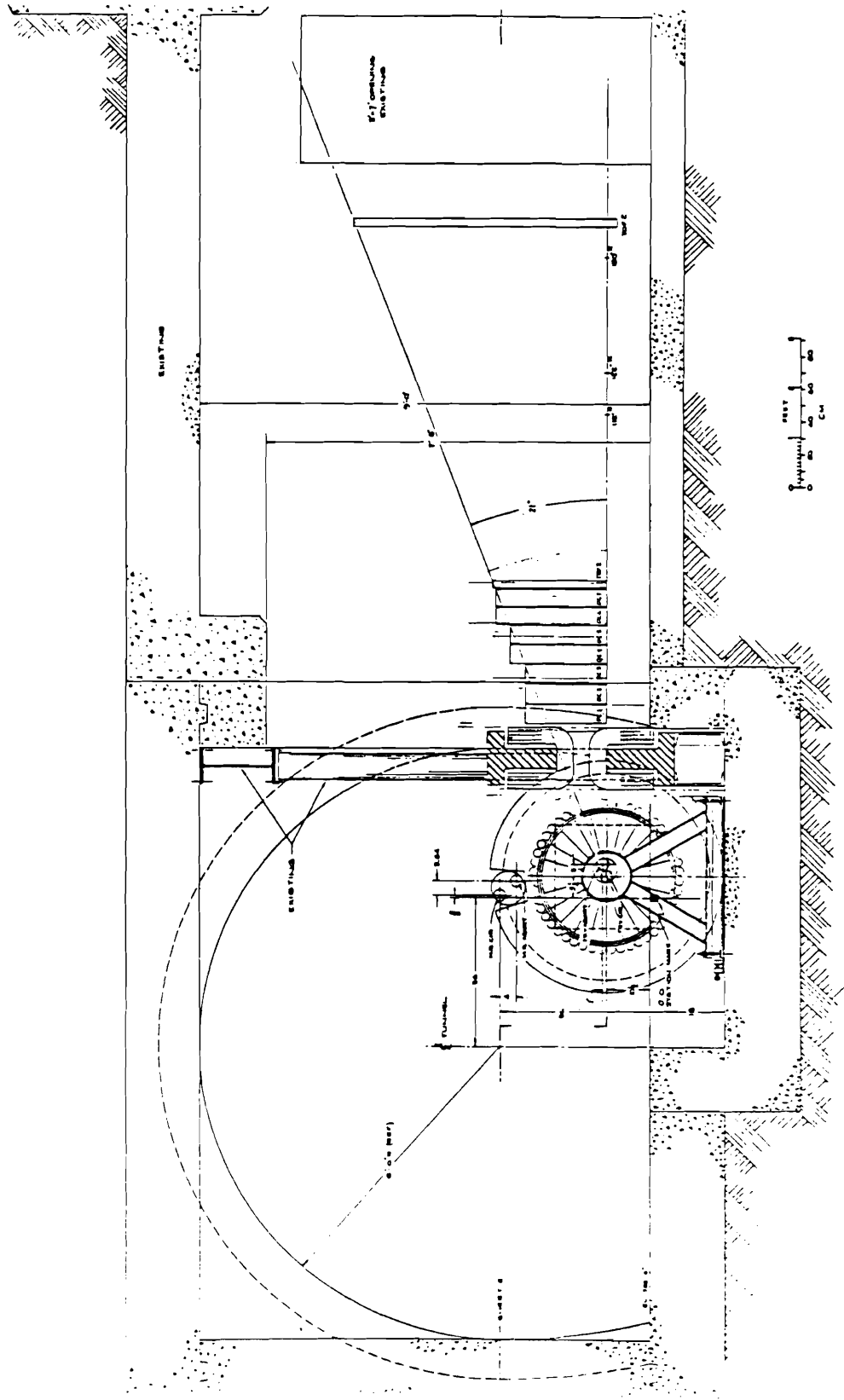
**Publication**

Hadron Showers in a Low-Density Fine-Grained Flash Chamber Calorimeter,  
NIM A278, 447 (1989).

**Thesis**

Opposite-Sign Dimuon Production in High Energy Neutrino-Nucleon Interactions,  
Boris Strongin, MIT.

E-735



## E-735 (Gutay) Search for Quark-Gluon Plasma in $p\bar{p}$ Collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$ TeV

*Duke, Fermilab, Iowa State, Notre Dame, Purdue, Wisconsin*

**Status: Data Analysis**

Two proposed signatures of the formation of quark-gluon plasma (QGP) are a transition in the  $p_t$  vs  $N_c$  curve (rise, plateau, and 2nd rise) and an increase in strangeness production with  $N_c$ . To look for these signatures, E-735 proposed to measure charged multiplicity ( $N_c$ ) over most of  $4\pi$  and measure  $p_t$  and particle type for charged tracks emitted in the central collision region. To carry out the measurements the experiment consisted basically of two parts: (1) a central detector surrounding the interaction point in the C0 intersection hall to count charged particles from the  $p\bar{p}$  collisions and (2) a spectrometer at the side to identify and momentum analyze a sample of charged tracks at small pseudorapidity. A minimum bias trigger required hits in forward and backward TOF counters surrounding the beampipe.

E-735 has published three PRL papers and presented data at many conferences based on analysis of data from the first run (see following publication list). The first paper presented a  $p_t$  vs  $N_c$  curve which showed a rise, a plateau and hints of a second rise. The second paper showed that  $\lambda p_t$  and production increased substantially from ISR energies. The third paper presented several aspects of  $\pi$ , K and p production:  $K/\pi$ ,  $p/\pi$  ratios vs  $N_c$  and vs  $p_t$ , and  $p_t$  vs  $N_c$  for each particle type. Although none of these results prove QGP formation, they place important constraints on QGP and other multiparticle production models. Current analysis efforts involve using data from the much higher statistics second run. The analysis in the first three papers will be repeated but with great effort to reduce systematic errors. Extensive Monte Carlo simulations are underway to understand detector acceptance. In addition to these studies, analysis is being done in several other areas. Hanbury-Brown and Twiss correlation studies are being used to obtain radii of the interaction volume. Production of  $\phi$ 's,  $K^0$ 's, cascades and omegas is being studied. TOF and  $dE/dx$  measurements are being used in searches for anti-d and anti-t. Charged particle multiplicity distributions and intermittency studies are underway as well. Low energy photon production measured with a NaI array in the spectrometer room is being analyzed. It is expected that in the next several months, several more papers will be released showing results of these analyses. Six graduate students obtained PhDs based on analysis of the data from the first run. Currently eight graduate students are analyzing the second run data.

In the first run (1/87-5/87), we obtained 5 million triggers to tape and 150K tracks in the spectrometer. In the second run (7/88-6/89), there were 15 million triggers to tape and 800K tracks in the spectrometer. Higher luminosity and track requirement in the trigger gave a higher track/trigger ratio. Some data was taken also at beam energies of 150 GeV, 273 GeV and 500 GeV.

### Ongoing analysis:

1. Energy ( $\sqrt{s}$ ) dependence of particle production and their  $\langle p_t \rangle$  measurement.
2. Transverse momentum ( $p_t$ ) dependence of particle production at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$  TeV.
3. Energy dependence of the multiplicity distribution.
4. Study of strange particle production at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$  TeV.
5. Photon production at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$  TeV.
6. Study of  $\pi$ - $\pi$  correlations.
7. Comparison of hadron production in  $\bar{p}$ - $p$  and  $e^+e^-$  collisions via the Yang model.

Projects (1) and (2) have been finished and submitted for publication in Phys. Rev. D. A draft of project (3) is written and will be submitted for Phys. Rev. Letters shortly. Work on  $\phi$ ,  $\Xi$  production is underway. The study of  $\pi$ - $\pi$  correlations has been finished. The work on the analysis in photon production is in progress.

### Publications

- T. Alexopoulos et al., Multiplicity Dependence of the Transverse Momentum Spectrum for Centrally Produced Hadrons in Antiproton-Proton Collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$  TeV, Phys. Rev. Lett. 60, 1622, (1988).
- S. Banerjee et al., Lambda0 and Anti-Lambda0 Production from Proton - Antiproton Collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$  TeV, Phys. Rev. Lett. 62, 12 (1989).
- T. Alexopoulos et al., Mass Identified Particle Yields in Antiproton-Proton Collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$  TeV, Phys. Rev. Lett. 64, 991 (1990).
- T. Alexopoulos et al., Hyperon Production from Proton-Antiproton Collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$  TeV, Phys. Rev. D46, 2773 (1992).
- T. Alexopoulos et al., Mass Identified Particle Production in Proton-Antiproton Collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 300, 540, 1000$  and  $1800$  GeV, Submitted to Phys. Rev. D.

### Theses

- S. Banerjee, Notre Dame, Multiplicity Correlations in Proton-Antiproton Collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$  TeV.
- P. Beery, Notre Dame, Two Particle Bose-Einstein Correlations at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$  TeV.
- T. G. Carter, Duke, Photon Production from Proton-Antiproton Collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$  TeV.
- T. McMahan, Purdue, Phase Transition, Thermodynamics and Transverse Momentum Spectra of Mass Identified Hadrons in 1.8 TeV Center of Mass Proton-Antiproton Collisions.
- A. P. McManus, Notre Dame, Inclusive Charged Particle Production in Proton-Antiproton Collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$  TeV.
- D. Wesson, Duke, Lambda0 and Anti-Lambda0 Production in Proton-Antiproton Collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$  TeV.

### Sample of Conference Talks given by E-735

F. Turkot, A Quark-Gluon Plasma Search in  $p\bar{p}$  at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$  TeV. Invited talk presented at the Quark Matter '90 Conference in Menton, France, May, 1990.

N. Porile, Search for Quark-Gluon Plasma in  $p\bar{p}$  Collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$  TeV. Talk given at Rio de Janeiro International Workshop of Relativistic Aspects of Nuclear Physics, August, 1989.

L. Gutay, Deconfinement Signature, Mass Dependence of Transverse Flow and Time Evolution in Antiproton-Proton Collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$  TeV. Talk presented at the 6th Nordic Meeting on Nuclear Physics, Korpervik, Norway, Aug.10-15, 1989. Published Physica Scripta Vol. T32, 122, 1990.

C. Findeisen, The Search for Quark-Gluon Plasma at E-735. Invited talk given at the 3rd Les Rencontres de Physique de la Vallee d'Aoste, La Thuile, Aosta Valley, Italy, February, 1989.

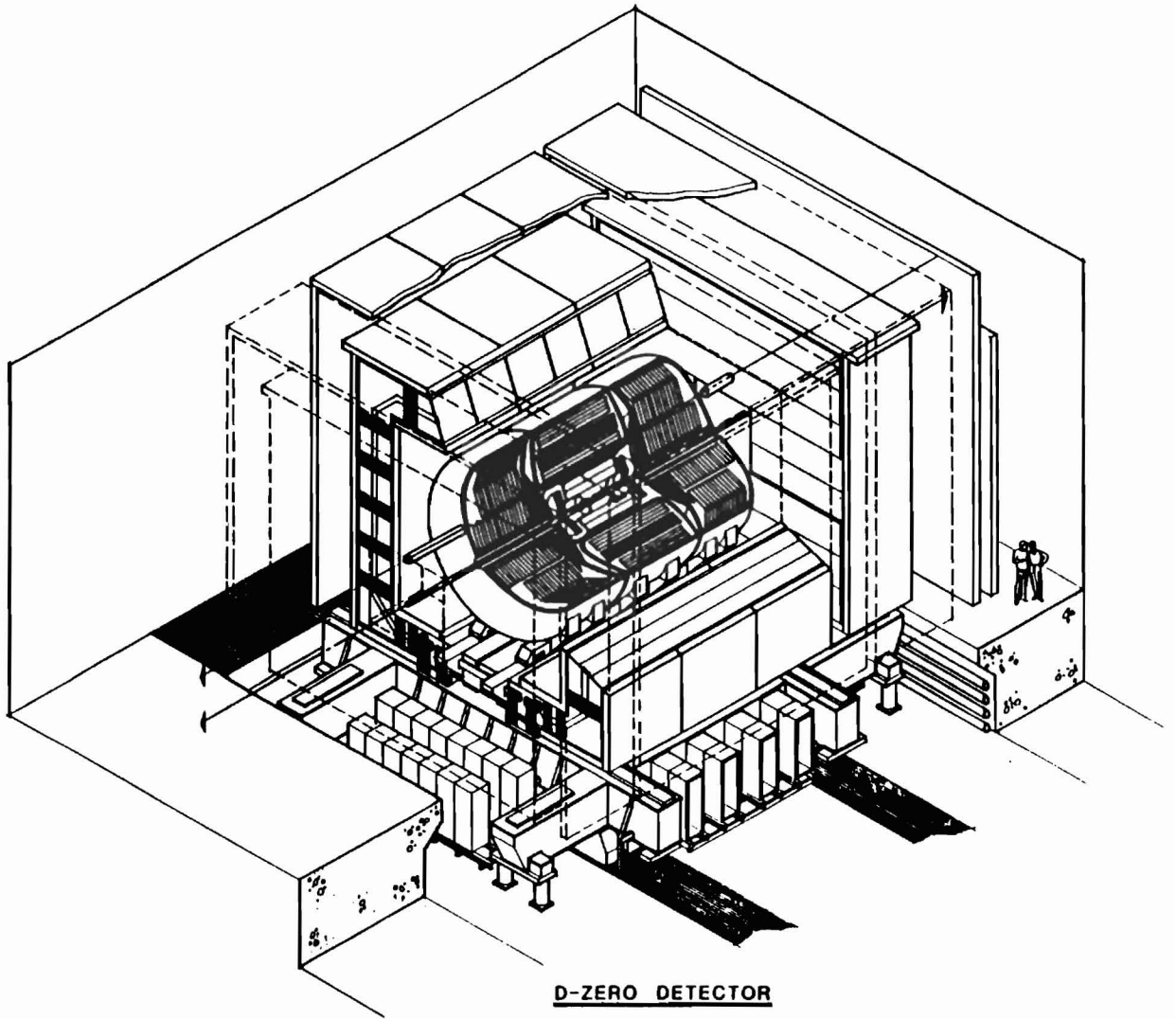
S. Stampke, Measurement of  $P_t$  as a Function of  $N_c$  at the FNAL  $p\bar{p}$  Collider. Invited talk given at Hadronic Matter in Collision '88 Conference, Tucson, Arizona, October, 1988.

C.S. Lindsey, Recent Results from E-735: Search for Quark-Gluon Plasma in  $p\bar{p}$  Collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$  TeV. Invited talk at Quark Matter '88 Conf., Lenox, Massachusetts, September, 1988, Nuc. Phys. Vol. A498,181-192 (1989).

T. Alexopoulos et al., A Search for the Signature of a Deconfined Quark Gluon Phase of Strongly Interacting Matter in  $p\bar{p}$  Interactions at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$  TeV, Proceedings of the XXVI International Conference on High Energy Physics, Dallas (1992).

T. Alexopoulos et al., Particle Production, Hadron Deconfinement and Thermodynamics in  $p\bar{p}$  Interactions, Proceedings of the NATO Advanced Study Institute on Particle Production in Highly Excited Matter, Il Ciocco (1992).

E-740/823



**E-740 / 823 (Grannis) Study of Events in  $\bar{p}p$  Collisions at 2 TeV  
in the D0 Detector**

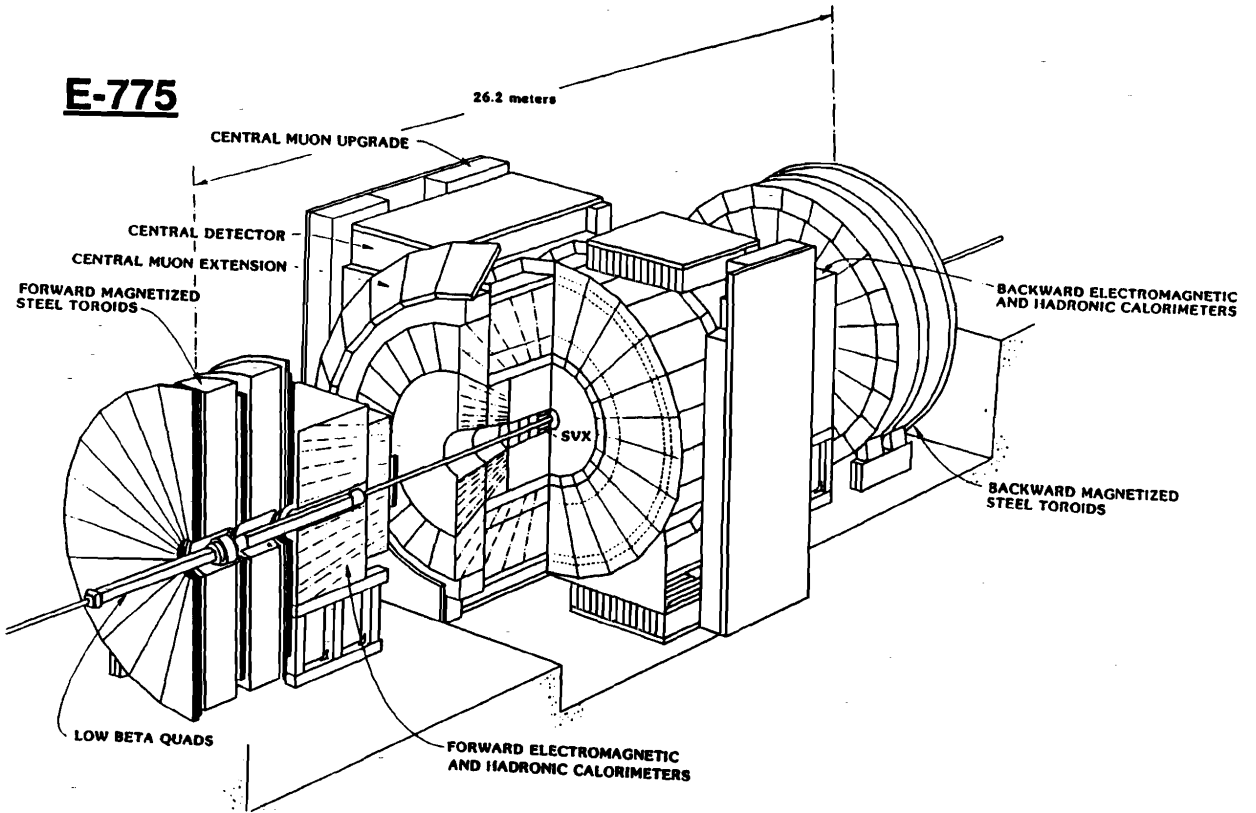
*Los Andes (Colombia), Arizona, BNL, Brown, UC/Riverside, CBPF (Brazil),  
CINVESTAV (Mexico), Columbia, Delhi (India), Fermilab, Florida State, Hawaii,  
IHEP/Serpukhov (Russia), Illinois/Chicago, Indiana, Iowa State, LBL, Maryland,  
Michigan, Michigan State, Moscow State (Russia), New York, Northeastern, Northern  
Illinois, Northwestern, Notre Dame, Panjab (India), Purdue, Rice, Rochester, Saclay  
(France), SSCL, SUNY/Stony Brook, Tata (India), Texas/Arlington, Texas A&M*

**Status: Data-Taking**

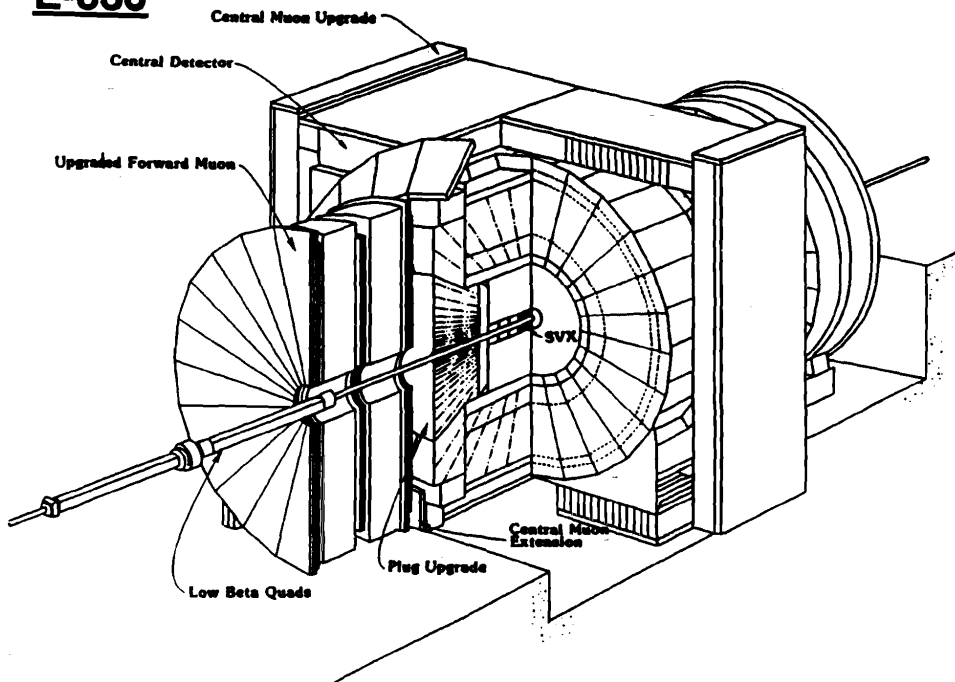
The experiment will study the properties of 2 TeV  $\bar{p}p$  collisions with particular emphasis on measurement and identification of leptons (electrons and muons), high transverse momentum jets, and missing energy. Goals of the experiment include the search for and study of the top quark, high statistics studies of the W and Z bosons enabling precision measurements of their masses, widths and production properties; study of high  $p_T$  multijet and single photon production for testing QCD; studies of bottom quark state production and searches for new phenomena beyond the standard model such as new quark generations, heavy leptons, supersymmetric particles, technicolor particles, or quark compositeness.

The proposed detector incorporates three main systems: a central detector, uranium-liquid argon calorimetry over nearly  $4\pi$  solid angle, and a magnetized iron muon spectrometer. The central detector comprises a vertex detector, a multicell transition radiation detector for electron identification, and outer drift chambers in three sections covering down to  $5^\circ$  with respect to the beams. There is no central magnetic field. The calorimetry is divided into three angular regions and has a projective tower geometry with 50,000 readout channels. Multiple depth segmentation of the combined EM and hadronic calorimeter is made for enhanced identification of electrons. Energy resolution for hadrons has been shown to be  $45\%/\sqrt{E}$  with excellent calibration control. The muon system will measure muon momenta to within about 20% up to several hundred GeV/c for angles above  $3^\circ$  with respect to the beams. Five iron toroids provide the field with position and angle measurements given by corresponding sets of proportional drift tubes.

# CDF



# E-830





**E-741 / 775 / 830 (Carithers / Shochet) Collider Detector at Fermilab**

*ANL, Bologna (Italy), Brandeis, Chicago, Duke, Fermilab, Frascati (Italy), Harvard, Illinois, Inst. of Particle Phys.(Canada), Johns Hopkins, KEK (Japan), LBL, Michigan, Michigan State, MIT, New Mexico, Osaka City (Japan), Padova (Italy), Pennsylvania, Pisa (Italy), Pittsburgh, Purdue, Rochester, Rockefeller, Rutgers, SSCL, Texas A&M, Tsukuba (Japan), Tufts, UCLA, Wisconsin, Yale*

<b>Status:</b> <i>E-741 - Data Analysis</i> <i>E-775 - Data-Taking</i> <i>E-830 - No Data Yet</i>
---

The Collider Detector at Fermilab (CDF) is a general purpose detector system designed to explore the physics of 2 TeV proton-antiproton collisions with the Fermilab Tevatron Collider.

The heart of the CDF central detector is a 3.0 meter long, 1.5 meter radius, 1.5 Tesla superconducting solenoid with tracking chambers in the magnetic field for momentum analysis of charged particles. The solenoid is surrounded by scintillator based calorimeters in the central region covering the angular range  $-30^\circ$  to  $-150^\circ$  with respect to the Tevatron beams, and two "plug" gas calorimeters in the ends of the solenoid completing the calorimeter coverage down to  $10^\circ$ . In all regions the calorimeters are divided into electromagnetic and hadronic sections and have a projective tower geometry to measure energy flow in fine bins of pseudorapidity and azimuth. Muon chambers are located behind the calorimeters. In the forward directions for angles below  $10^\circ$  and down to  $2^\circ$  are additional electromagnetic and hadronic gas calorimeters. The muon detector system in the forward direction includes magnetized iron toroids for momentum measurement. The original detector has approximately 100,000 channels of electronics read out via a FASTBUS data acquisition system. A three level trigger system selects events to be recorded on magnetic tape.

For E-741 the detector had a commissioning run in 1987, accumulating  $33 \text{ nb}^{-1}$  of integrated luminosity. In that run the Level 3 Trigger was not yet in place. The major physics run for E-741 was from June, 1988 to June, 1989 when a total of  $4.69 \text{ pb}^{-1}$  of integrated luminosity was accumulated on tape with the complete detector. The detector and data acquisition system coped well with the delivered peak luminosities of  $2 \times 10^{30} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ sec}^{-1}$  -- a rate which was twice the design luminosity of the Tevatron Collider. Data reconstruction for this run was complete by the end of calendar 1989 and analysis of this data continues. A total of 50 papers on CDF results have been published or submitted for publication. Fifty-two graduate students have submitted theses for their degrees based on this CDF data.

E-775 is the upgraded version of CDF for Collider Runs Ia and Ib. For Collider Run Ia, CDF was rolled into the B0 Collision Hall at the end of March, 1992 and first collisions were seen in May. Studies with the Tevatron and detector continued until August 26 when CDF declared the detector commissioned and the data quality sufficient to begin the top search. A new CDF data set equal to the

1988-89 Collider Run was collected during August - December, 1992 from a delivered integrated luminosity of  $6.6 \text{ pb}^{-1}$ . Data which took 272 days to accumulate in 1988-89 took only 106 days in 1992 due to the increased Tevatron luminosity and to increased efficiency at CDF.

The new upgrades to CDF for E-775 for Collider Run I are extensive:

1. A new 1.5 inch diameter beryllium beam pipe with a 0.020 inch wall thickness was installed to replace the 2.0 inch diameter pipe used in 1989;
2. A new 4-layer, 46,000 channel Silicon microstrip Vertex Detector was installed around the beampipe to detect secondary vertices;
3. A new set of Vertex Time Projection Chambers with 4 cm drift spaces and 8,600 wires replaced the old 15 cm drift space devices;
4. New low noise preamplifiers were added to these Vertex TPCs;
5. New higher gain preamplifiers were installed on the inner layers of the Central Drift Chamber and the chamber gain was reduced to increase the lifetime of the device;
6. New amplifiers were installed on the outer layers of the Central Drift Chamber to give  $dE/dx$  information from 54 layers;
7. A vacuum leak in the solenoid cryostat was repaired;
8. 50 square meters of new wire chambers were added just behind the 1.1 radiation length thick solenoid as preradiator detectors;
9. 630 tons of steel was added to beef up the central muon detection;
10. 856 new chambers were added behind the steel walls and above/below the return yoke steel of the magnet to detect muons with rapidity less than 0.5;
11. An additional 1632 muon chambers and scintillators were added to extend the central muon coverage from rapidity of 0.5 to 1.0;
12. The forward (rapidity greater than 2.0) muon chambers and scintillators interspersed in the forward magnetic toroids were removed, refurbished with finer phi segmentation and reinstalled;
13. The gas calorimeter chamber gains were lowered to ease operation at ten times the original design luminosity;
14. 24,000 channels of new front-end electronics were installed on the gas calorimeters to compensate the gain change mentioned above, to shorten the integration times, and to reduce noise to the trigger system;
15. High voltage feedback was installed on the gas calorimeters to keep the gain stable with changing temperature and atmospheric pressure;
16. The existing multiplexed Analog to Digital Converter (ADC) cards were replaced with faster versions to reduce the front-end readout time from 18 to 3 milliseconds;
17. New luminosity monitors were installed;
18. Dual Fastbus Event Builders were installed to increase the data acquisition system rate capability by a factor of four to about 25 Hz;
19. The data acquisition system rate capability to 8 mm magnetic tape was increased from 1.2 to 8 Hertz;

20. The Level Two trigger processors were speeded up from 40  $\mu$ sec to 20  $\mu$ sec processing time per event;
21. A new Neural Net Level Two trigger was installed to make possible an isolation requirement on photon and electron triggers;
22. The computing power in the Level Three trigger farm was increased by a factor of 25 using UNIX based processors;
23. The offline code (and identical Level Three trigger code) was ported to UNIX;
24. 1000 Mips of offline computing was installed in offline farms; and
25. A robotic tape silo with 1.2 Terabytes of storage was installed for fast access to the data.

During the 1992 Collider Run Ia, the E-775 detector has functioned well. Only 2% of the 46,000 Silicon detector channels are not working and the device is surviving the Tevatron Collider radiation thanks to close and fruitful interaction between CDF and the Accelerator Division. Less than 1% of the channels in the rest of the detector have problems. The operational uptime of the detector is about 80% (still short of the collaboration's goal of 90%). The trigger plus readout live time is 90% at luminosities of  $5 \times 10^{30}$  as planned. The W and Z production rates in the older detector systems are comparable to 1989, and additional Ws and Zs are seen in the newly upgraded muon systems and in the gas calorimeters with rapidity  $>1.0$ . Detector thresholds have been lowered to give nearly five times the rate of  $J/\psi \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$  detected per  $\text{pb}^{-1}$  of luminosity recorded. Secondary vertices have been seen with the new silicon detector and it is clear the device will allow a measurement of the b-quark lifetime.

Collider Run I is still in progress and analysis of this new data has just begun. Five papers on the upgraded detector and new data were presented at DPF92, and 26 papers on the new data have been submitted to the April, 1993 Washington APS Meeting.

E-830 is the upgraded version of CDF for Collider Run II, where the spacing between Tevatron bunches will decrease from 3500 nsec to 400 nsec and luminosities greater than  $10^{31} \text{cm}^{-2} \text{sec}^{-1}$  are expected. The goal of this upgrade project is to improve the detector to enable it to operate at a luminosity of  $5 \times 10^{31} \text{cm}^{-2} \text{sec}^{-1}$  with a Tevatron bunch spacing as small as 132 nsec. The major components of the E-830 CDF upgrade are:

- a) Replace the plug and forward gas calorimeters with a new scintillator-based calorimeter enabling the forward muon toroids to be moved closer to the interaction region;
- b) Upgrade the front-end electronics and trigger systems to accommodate data-taking at higher rates with shorter Tevatron bunch spacings;
- c) Upgrade the data acquisition system to increase throughput and reliability;
- d) Replace the silicon vertex detector with a device capable of withstanding higher radiation and with a readout system matched to 132 nsec spacing; and
- e) Enhance the off-line computing capability to provide for efficient production of physics results as the quantity of data increases.

The CDF Collaboration has increased dramatically in size since 1989. Sixteen new universities and national laboratories have joined to double the number of collaborating institutions to 33. A total of 401 physicists are now members, up from 187 in 1989. Of these 401, 126 are graduate students, 78 hold post-doctoral positions, and 197 are permanent staff.

## Publications

The CDF Detector: An Overview, Nucl. Instrum. Methods in Physics Research, A271, 387 (1988).

Transverse Momentum Distributions of Charged Particles Produced in  $\bar{p}p$  Interactions at  $\sqrt{s} = 630$  and 1800 GeV, Phys. Rev. Lett. 61, 1819 (1988).

Measurement of the Inclusive Jet Cross Section in  $\bar{p}p$  Collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$  TeV, Phys. Rev. Lett. 62, 613 (1989).

Measurement of W-Boson Production in 1.8-TeV  $\bar{p}p$  Collisions, Phys. Rev. Lett. 62, 1005 (1989).

Limits on the Masses of Supersymmetric Particles from 1.8 TeV  $\bar{p}p$  Collisions, Phys. Rev. Lett. 62, 1825 (1989).

Dijet Angular Distributions from  $\bar{p}p$  Collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$  TeV, Phys. Rev. Lett. 62, 3020 (1989).

Measurement of the Mass and Width of the  $Z^0$  Boson at the Fermilab Tevatron, Phys. Rev. Lett. 63, 720 (1989).

Search for Heavy Stable Particles in 1.8 TeV  $\bar{p}p$  Collisions at the Fermilab Collider, Phys. Rev. Lett. 63, 1447 (1989).

$K_S^0$  Production in  $\bar{p}p$  Interactions at  $\sqrt{s} = 630$  and 1800 GeV, Phys. Rev. D, Rapid Communication, 40, 3791 (1989).

A Search for the Top Quark in the Reaction  $\bar{p}p \rightarrow e + \text{Jets}$  at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$  TeV, Phys. Rev. Lett. 64, 142 (1990).

A Search for New Heavy Quarks in Electron-Muon Events at the Fermilab Tevatron Collider, Phys. Rev. Lett. 64, 147 (1990).

Measurement of the Ratio  $\sigma(W \rightarrow e \nu) / \sigma(Z \rightarrow ee)$  in  $\bar{p}p$  Collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$  TeV, Phys. Rev. Lett. 64, 152 (1990).

Two Jet Differential Cross Section in  $\bar{p}p$  Collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$  TeV, Phys. Rev. Lett. 64, 157 (1990).

A Measurement of  $D^*$  Production in Jets from  $\bar{p}p$  Collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$  TeV, Phys. Rev. Lett. 64, 348 (1990).

Jet Fragmentation Properties in  $\bar{p}p$  Collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$  TeV, Phys. Rev. Lett. 65, 968 (1990).

A Measurement of the W Boson Mass, Phys. Rev. Lett. 65, 2243 (1990).

Search for a Light Higgs Boson at the Tevatron Proton-Antiproton Collider, Phys. Rev. D, Rapid Communication, 41, 1717 (1990).

The Two Jet Invariant Mass Distribution at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$  TeV, Phys. Rev. D, Rapid Communication, 41, 1722 (1990).

Pseudorapidity Distributions of Charged Particles Produced in  $\bar{p}p$  Interactions at  $\sqrt{s} = 630$  and 1800 GeV, Phys. Rev. D41, 2330 (1990).

Measurement of the W Boson  $P_T$  Distribution in  $\bar{p}p$  Collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$  TeV, Phys. Rev. Lett. 66, 2951 (1991).

Measurement of the Z  $p_T$  Distribution in  $\bar{p}p$  Collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$  TeV, Phys. Rev. Lett. 67, 2937 (1991).

A Determination of  $\sin^2\theta_W$  from the Forward-Backward Asymmetry in  $p\bar{p} \rightarrow Z^0 X \rightarrow e^+ e^- X$  Interactions at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$  TeV, Phys. Rev. Lett. 67, 1502 (1991).

Measurement of the  $e^+e^-$  Invariant Mass Distribution in  $\bar{p}p$  Collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$  TeV, Phys. Rev. Lett. 67, 2418 (1991).

Search for  $W' \rightarrow e\nu$  and  $W' \rightarrow \mu\nu$  in  $\bar{p}p$  Collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$  TeV, Phys. Rev. Lett. 67, 2609 (1991).

Measurement of  $B^0\bar{B}^0$  Mixing at the Fermilab Tevatron Collider, Phys. Rev. Lett. 67, 3351 (1991).

A Measurement of the W Boson Mass in 1.8 TeV  $\bar{p}p$  Collisions, Phys. Rev. D43, 2070 (1991).

Top Quark Search in the Electron + Jets Channel in Proton-Antiproton Collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$  TeV, Phys. Rev. D43, 664 (1991).

A Measurement of  $\sigma(W \rightarrow e\nu)$  and  $\sigma(Z^0 \rightarrow e^+e^-)$  in  $\bar{p}p$  Collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 1800$  GeV, Phys. Rev. D44, 29 (1991).

Measurement of QCD Jet Broadening in  $\bar{p}p$  Collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$  TeV, Phys. Rev. D44, 601 (1991).

A Lower Limit on the Top Quark Mass from Events with Two Leptons in  $p\bar{p}$  Collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$  TeV, Phys. Rev. Lett. 68, 447 (1992).

Inclusive Jet Cross Section in  $p\bar{p}$  Collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$  TeV, Phys. Rev. Lett. 68, 1104 (1992).

Lepton Asymmetry in W Decays from  $\bar{p}p$  Collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$  TeV, Phys. Rev. Lett. 68, 1458 (1992).

A Search for New Gauge Bosons in  $\bar{p}p$  Collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$  TeV, Phys. Rev. Lett. 68, 1463 (1992).

Measurement of the Isolated Prompt Photon Cross Section in  $p\bar{p}$  Collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$  TeV, Phys. Rev. Lett. 68, 2734 (1992).

Measurement of the Ratio  $\sigma_B(W \rightarrow \tau\nu) / \sigma_B(W \rightarrow e\nu)$  in  $p\bar{p}$  Collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$  TeV, as a Test of Lepton Universality, Phys. Rev. Lett. 68, 3398 (1992).

A Measurement of the B Meson and b Quark Cross Section at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$  TeV Using the Exclusive Decay  $B^+ \rightarrow J/\psi K^+$ , Phys. Rev. Lett. 68, 3403 (1992).

A Measurement of the Production and Muonic Decay Rate of W and Z Bosons in  $p\bar{p}$  Collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$  TeV, Phys. Rev. Lett. 69, 28 (1992).

Limit on the Rare Decay  $W^{+-} \rightarrow \gamma + p^{+-}$  in  $p\bar{p}$  Collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$  TeV, Phys. Rev. Lett. 69, 2160 (1992).

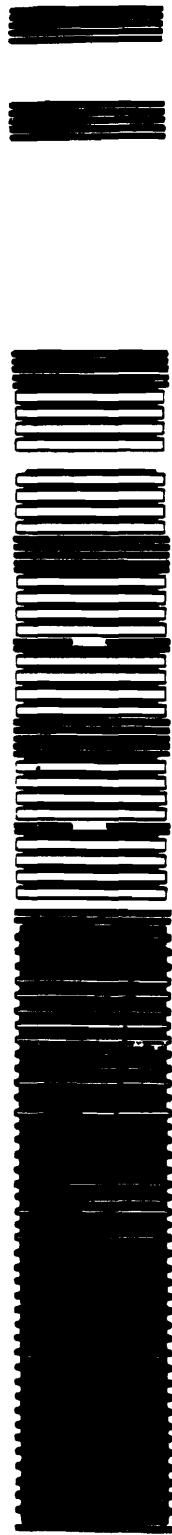
- The Dijet Angular Distribution at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$  TeV, Phys. Rev. Lett. **69**, 2897 (1992).
- Search for Squarks and Gluinos from  $p\bar{p}$  Collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$  TeV, Phys. Rev. Lett. **69**, 3439 (1992).
- Inclusive  $J/\psi$ ,  $\psi'$  and b-Quark Production in  $\bar{p}p$  Collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$  TeV, Phys. Rev. Lett. **69**, 3704 (1992).
- Topology of Three Jet Events in  $\bar{p}p$  Collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$  TeV, Phys. Rev. **D45**, 1448 (1992).
- Properties of Events with Large Total Transverse Energy Produced in Proton-Antiproton Collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$  TeV, Phys. Rev. **D45**, 2249 (1992).
- A Limit on the Top Quark Mass from Proton-Antiproton Collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 1800$  GeV, Phys. Rev. **D45**, 3921 (1992).
- Limits on the Production of Massive Stable Charged Particles, submitted to Phys. Rev. D, Rapid Communications, June 2, 1992, FERMILAB-PUB-92/152-E.
- A Measurement of Jet Shapes in  $\bar{p}p$  Collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$  TeV, submitted to Phys. Rev. Lett., June 12, 1992, FERMILAB-PUB-92/167-E.
- Search for  $\Lambda_b \rightarrow J/\psi \Lambda^0$  in  $p\bar{p}$  Collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$  TeV, submitted to Phys. Rev. Lett., September 22, 1992, FERMILAB-PUB-92/250-E.
- Comparison of Jet Production in  $\bar{p}p$  Collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 546$  and 1800 GeV, submitted to Phys. Rev. Lett. October 19, 1992, FERMILAB-PUB-92/286-E.
- Measurement of the Cross Section for Production of Two Isolated Prompt Photons in  $p\bar{p}$  Collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$  TeV, submitted to Phys. Rev. Lett., December 21, 1992, FERMILAB-PUB-92/380-E.
- A Study of Four-Jet Events and Evidence for Double Parton Interactions in  $p\bar{p}$  Collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$  TeV, submitted to Phys. Rev. D, January 8, 1993, FERMILAB-PUB-93/003-E.

## Theses

G. Chiarelli	University of Pisa	March, 1985
M. Sekiguchi	University of Tsukuba	
S. E. Kuhlmann	Purdue University	August, 1988
D. A. Smith	University of Illinois	December, 1988
T. K. Westhusing	University of Illinois	December, 1988
R. D. St. Denis	Harvard University	December, 1988
M. Miller	University of Pennsylvania	December, 1988
Y. Morita	University of Tsukuba	January, 1989
D. N. Brown	Harvard University	June, 1989
R. M. Carey	Harvard University	July, 1989
M. H. Schub	Purdue University	August, 1989
R. M. Harris	Lawrence Berkeley Laboratory	August, 1989
B. L. Flaugh	Rutgers University	October, 1989
J. E. Skarha	University of Wisconsin	1989
B. Hubbard	Lawrence Berkeley Laboratory	November, 1989
A. Byon	Purdue University	December, 1989

G. Redlinger	University of Chicago	1989
Y. Tsay	University of Chicago	1989
W. Trischuk	Harvard University	April, 1990
F. Snider	University of Chicago	March, 1990
M. Contreras	Brandeis University	April, 1990
H. Keutelian	University of Illinois	May, 1990
S. Leone	University of Pisa	June, 1990
P. Hu	Rutgers University	June, 1990
S. Kanda	University of Tsukuba	June, 1990
P. Schlabach	University of Illinois	August, 1990
J. Walsh	University of Pennsylvania	1990
T. Mimashi	University of Tsukuba	September, 1990
P. Hurst	University of Illinois	October, 1990
P. Derwent	University of Chicago	November, 1990
T. Hessing	Texas A&M University	December, 1990
B. L. Winer	Lawrence Berkeley Laboratory	February, 1991
G. Punzi	Suola Normale Superiore Pisa	February, 1991
J. Ng	Harvard University	May, 1991
A. Roodman	University of Chicago	June, 1991
L. DeMortier	Brandeis University	September, 1991
F. Ukegawa	University of Tsukuba	September, 1991
L. Song	University of Pennsylvania	October, 1991
D. Connor	University of Pennsylvania	November, 1991
K. Byrum	University of Wisconsin	December, 1991
V. Scarpine	University of Illinois	December, 1991
R. Hughes	University of Pennsylvania	January, 1992
L. Markosky	University of Wisconsin	January, 1992
M. Ninomiya	University of Tsukuba	January, 1992
Y. Seiya	University of Tsukuba	January, 1992
S. Ogawa	University of Tsukuba	January, 1992
L. Nakae	Brandeis University	April, 1992
R. Markeloff	University of Wisconsin	August, 1992
D. Gerdes	University of Chicago	September, 1992
L. Keeble	Texas A&M University	September, 1992
B. T. Huffman	Purdue University	December, 1992
S. Vejcik	Johns Hopkins University	August, 1992
Y. Seiya	University of Tsukuba	January, 1993

E-744/770



TARGET CART :

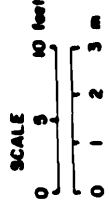
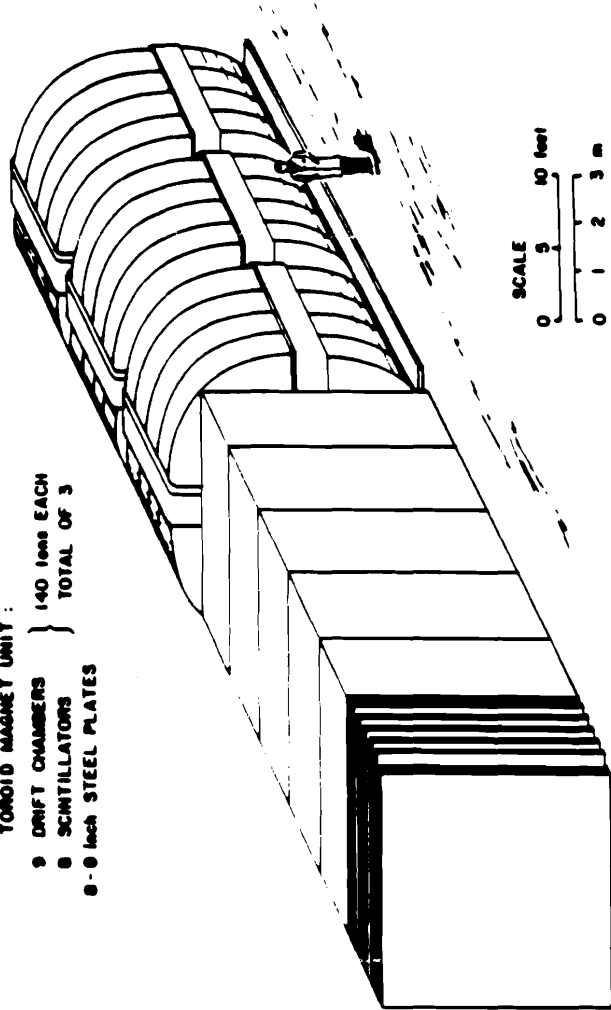
- 7 DRIFT CHAMBERS } 118 inch EACH
- 14 SCINTILLATORS } TOTAL OF 6
- 28 - 2 inch STEEL PLATES

TOROID MAGNET UNIT :

- 9 DRIFT CHAMBERS } 140 inch EACH
- 9 SCINTILLATORS } TOTAL OF 3
- 8 - 8 inch STEEL PLATES

LAB E NEUTRINO DETECTOR

- 690 TON TARGET
- 420 TON TOROID MAGNET





**E-744 / 770 (Merritt / Smith) Neutrino Physics at the Tevatron***Chicago, Columbia, Fermilab, Rochester, Wisconsin***Status: Data Analysis**

The apparatus consists of a 690 ton iron target instrumented as a calorimeter with high density tracking, and a toroid system for momentum measurement of the muon.

Two quadrupole triplet neutrino runs, in 1985 (E-744) and 1987-88 (E-770), accumulated a total of approximately 3.6 million charged current events and 1.1 million neutral current events.

Recent Results

1. Measurements of nucleon structure functions,  $F_2$  and  $xF_3$  from the high-statistics, high-energy neutrino-iron scattering experiment at the Fermilab Tevatron. The existing high-statistics  $xF_3$  determination by the CDHSW collaboration is compared to our data. The data presented constitute the first corroboration of the QCD prediction of  $xF_3$  evolution at low- $x$ , and yields a preliminary value of  $\lambda = 210 \pm 28 \pm 41$  MeV, and a determination of the GLS sum rule at  $Q^2 = 3$  GeV<sup>2</sup>,  $S_{\text{GLS}} = \text{integral of } (1/x) xF_3(x) dx = 2.50 \pm 0.018$  (stat.)  $\pm 0.078$  (syst.). Our value of  $\lambda$  yields a strong coupling constant,  $\alpha(M_Z) = .111 \pm .002 \pm .003 \pm .003$  (scale). Comparison of the neutrino determination of  $F_2(x, Q^2)$  with that obtained from charged-lepton ( $e$  or  $\mu$ ) scattering leads to a precise test of the mean-square charge prediction by the Quark Parton Model. The SLAC-CCFR and BCDMS structure functions provide a consistent and precise set of structure functions over a large range of  $Q^2$ .
2. Measurements of the rate of neutrino- and antineutrino-induced prompt same-sign dimuon production in steel using a sample of 220  $\mu^-\mu^-$  events and 15  $\mu^+\mu^+$  events with  $P_\mu > 9$  GeV/c, and energies between 30 GeV and 600 GeV. After background subtraction, the prompt rate of same-sign dimuon production is  $(0.53 \pm 0.24) \times 10^{-4}$  per neutrino charged-current events and  $(0.52 \pm 0.33) \times 10^{-4}$  per antineutrino charged-current event.
3. Measurements of opposite sign dimuons with  $P_{\mu_1} > 9$  GeV/c,  $P_{\mu_2} > 5$  GeV/c (for  $E_{\text{had}} < 130$  GeV,  $P_{\mu_2} > 9$  GeV otherwise) and  $30 < E < 600$  GeV yielded a sample of 5044 neutrino and 1052 antineutrino induced opposite sign dimuon events. The data support the slow rescaling model of charm production with a value of the charm quark mass of  $1.31 \pm .24$  GeV/c<sup>2</sup>. The CKM matrix element  $|V_{cd}| = 0.209 \pm 0.012$  and the nucleon strangeness content,  $\eta_S = 0.64^{+0.0075}_{-0.0065}$  are measured with the strange sea  $x$  distribution found to be softer than its non-strange counterpart. We also have the first measurements of the  $Q^2$  dependence of the strange quark densities,  $x_s(x)$ .

4. A preliminary determination of the weak mixing angle from a sample of  $5 \times 10^5$  events with a mean neutrino energy of 166 GeV. Our result,  $\sin^2\theta_w = 0.2242 \pm 0.0044$  (expt.)  $\pm 0.0047$  (model), is the highest energy high statistics determination of the weak mixing angle using neutrino data.
5. A measurement of inverse muon decay of  $(.131 \pm .015)\%$  with respect to charged current events in the energy range 30-600 GeV.
6. Hadron shower punchthrough and muon production by hadrons of 40, 70 and 100 GeV.
7.  $\sigma_{\bar{\nu}}/\sigma_{\nu}$ :  $.511 \pm 0.002$  (stat.)  $\pm 0.005$  (syst) up to  $E_{\nu} = 600$  GeV.
8. We exclude a NHL in the  $\nu_{\mu} + N \rightarrow \mu^{-} + x$  channel with mass between 0.5 and 2.5 GeV/c<sup>2</sup> for coupling to muons below  $10^{-4}$  of Fermi strength, depending on the lepton mass.
9. The observed number of neutrino tridents, muon pairs produced by neutrino scattering in the Coulomb field of a target nucleus,  $37.0 \pm 12.4$ , supports the Standard Model W-Z destructive interference prediction of  $45.3 \pm 2.3$  events, ruling out, at the 99% CL, the V-A prediction without the interference.
10. The relative absence of  $\bar{\nu}_{\mu}$ -induced charged current events with respect to  $\nu_{\mu}$ -induced events at large  $x$  ( $> 0.45$ ) and large  $y$  ( $> 0.70$ ) limits the right-handed coupling of the weak current:  $|\eta|^2 = |g_R/g_L|^2 < 0.0015$  with 90% CL.

## Publications

Hadron Shower Punchthrough for Incident Hadrons of Momentum 15, 25, 50, 100, 200, 300 GeV/c, F.S. Merritt et al., Nucl. Inst. Meth. A245, 27 (1986).

A Search for Neutral Heavy Leptons in  $\nu_{\mu}$ -N Interactions, S.R. Mishra et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 59,1397 (1987).

Neutrino Production of Same Sign Dimuons, B.A. Schumm et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 60, 1618 (1988).

Inverse Muon Decay and Neutrino Dimuon Production at the Tevatron, S.R. Mishra et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 63,132 (1989).

A Study of Wrong Sign Single Muon Production in  $\nu_{\mu}$ -N Interactions, S.R. Mishra et al., Z. Phys. C44, 187 (1989).

Neutrino Production of Opposite Sign Dimuons at Tevatron Energies, C. Foudas et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 64, 1207 (1990).

Hadron Shower Penetration and Muon Production by Hadrons at 40, 70 and 100 GeV, P.H. Sandler et al., Phys. Rev. D42, 759 (1990).

Calibration of the CCFR Target Calorimeter, W.K. Sakumoto et al., Nucl. Inst. and Meth. A294, 179 (1990).

Inverse Muon Decay,  $\nu_{\mu} + e \rightarrow \mu^{-} + \nu_e$  at the Fermilab Tevatron, S. R. Mishra et al., Phys. Lett. B252, 170 (1990).

Measuring Muon Momenta with the CCFR Neutrino Detector, B. J. King et al., Nucl. Inst. Meth. A302, 254 (1991).

Neutrino Tridents and W-Z Interference, S. R. Mishra et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 66, 3117 (1991).

A Measurement of TeV Muon Energy Loss in Iron, W. K. Sakumoto et al., Phys. Rev. D45, 3042 (1991).

A Search for Right-handed Coupling in  $\nu$ -N Scattering, S. R. Mishra et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 68, 3499 (1992).

A Measurement of the Gross-Llewellyn-Smith Sum Rule from the CCFR  $xF_3$  Structure Function, W. C. Leung et al., Submitted for publication in Phys. Rev. Lett., 1992.

Measurements of Nucleon Structure Functions  $F_2(x, Q^2)$  and  $xF_3(x, Q^2)$ , from  $\nu$ -Fe Scattering at the Fermilab Tevatron and the Mean-Square Charge Test, S. R. Mishra et al., Submitted for publication in Phys. Rev. Lett., 1992.

A Measurement of  $\Lambda_{MS}$  from  $\nu_{\mu}$ -Fe Structure Functions at the Fermilab Tevatron, P. Z. Quintas et al., Submitted for publication in Phys. Rev. Lett., 1992.

Measurement of the Strange Sea Structure Function Using Neutrino Charm Production, S. A. Rabinowitz et al., Submitted for publication in Phys. Rev. Lett., 1992.

Neutrino Production of Same Sign Dimuons at the Fermilab Tevatron, P. H. Sandler et al., Z. Phys. C57, 1 (1993).

### **Publications in Conference Proceedings**

Flash ADC Readout of Hadron Showers in Drift Chambers, K.T. Bachmann et al. in Proceedings of the Gas Calorimetry Workshop, Fermilab (1985).

Production of the Same Sign Dimuons by 0-800 GeV Neutrinos and Antineutrinos, M. Oreglia et al., in Proceedings, 1987 DPF Meeting, Salt Lake City, UT (1987).

Measurement of Same Sign Dimuon Production in High Energy Neutrino Interactions, K.W. Merritt et al., in Proceedings, Lake Louise Winter Institute: Electroweak Interactions, Lake Louise, Canada (1987).

Neutrino Production of Like Sign Dimuons, H. Schellman et al., in Proceedings, Les Rencontres de Physique de la Vallee d'Aoste: Results and Perspectives in Particle Physics, Italy (1987).

Neutrino Production of Same Sign Dimuons at the Tevatron, H.S. Budd et al., in Proceedings of the 22nd Rencontres de Moriond: Hadrons, Quarks, and Gluons, Les Arcs, France (1987).

Measurement of Same Sign Dimuon Production in High-Energy Neutrino Interactions, M. J. Lamm et al., Proceedings of the 18th Int. Symp. on Multiparticle Dynamics, Tashkent, USSR, (1987).

Neutrino Production of Same Sign Dimuons, W.H. Smith et al., in Proceedings of the 1987 SLAC Summer Institute on Particle Physics, Stanford, CA (1988).

Neutrino Production of Opposite-Sign Dimuons at the Tevatron, A. Bodek et al., in Proceedings of the XVIII Rencontres de Moriond, March 13-19, 1988, Les Arcs, France.

Neutrino Production of Opposite-Sign Dimuons at the Tevatron, H. Budd et al., in Proceedings of the Lake Louise Institute, Canada (1988).

Neutrino Production of Charm at FNAL E-744. H. Schellman et al., Proceedings of the SLAC Summer Inst. on Particle Physics, Stanford, (1988).

Neutrino Produced Opposite-Sign Dimuon Production at the FNAL Tevatron, W.K. Sakumoto et al., Proceedings of the 1988 DPF Conference, Storrs, CN, (1988).

Measurement of the Strange Quark Sea from Neutrino Dimuon Production at the Tevatron by the CCFR Collaboration, M.J. Oreglia et al., Proceedings of the 24th International Conference on High Energy Physics, Munich, Germany, (1988).

Electroweak Processes Observed in Neutrino Scattering by the CCFR Collaboration, M.J. Oreglia et al., Proceedings of the 24th International Conference on High Energy Physics, Munich, Germany, (1988).

Inverse Muon Decay and Neutrino Dimuon Production at the Tevatron, S.R. Mishra et al., presented at 12th Int. Workshop on Weak Interactions and Neutrinos, Ginosar, Israel (Apr. 9-14, 1989).

Recent Results from the CCFR Collaboration: Measurements of  $\nu_{\mu}e \rightarrow \mu^{-}\nu_e$  &  $\nu_{\mu}N \rightarrow \mu^{-}\mu^{+}X$  at Tevatron Energies, S.R. Mishra et al., presented at 14th Rencontres de Moriond, March, 1989.

A Search for Neutral Heavy Leptons in  $\nu_{\mu}$ -N Interactions, P. de Barbaro et al., presented at 25th Rencontres de Moriond, January, 1990.

A Precision Measurement of the Gross-Llewellyn Smith Sum Rule in  $\nu_{\mu}$ -N scattering at the Fermilab Tevatron, W. C. Leung et al., presented at 25th Rencontres de Moriond, January, 1990.

Nucleon Structure Functions from  $\nu_{\mu}$  - Fe Scattering at the Tevatron, P. Z. Quintas et al., presented at Workshop on Parton Distribution Functions, Fermilab, May, 1990.

Nucleon Structure Functions from  $\nu_{\mu}$  - Fe Scattering at the Tevatron, W. H. Smith et al., presented at Neutrino 1990, CERN, Switzerland, June, 1990.

Comparison of Hadronic Shower Punchthrough and TeV Muon  $dE/dx$  with Calculations, H. Budd et al., presented at Advanced Technology and Particle Physics, Como-Villa Olmo, June, 1990, Published in Nucl. Phys. B (Proc. Suppl.) **23B**, 37 (1991).

Hadronic Punchthrough and TeV Muon  $de/dx$ , W. K. Sakumoto et al., in Proceedings of the 1990 DPF Annual Meeting, Houston, TX, January 1990.

Recent Electroweak Results from the CCFR Collaboration: Neutrino Tridents and W-Z Interference and the Lorentz Structure of the Weak Current, S. R. Mishra et al., in Proceedings of the 27th Rencontres de Moriond, March, 1991.

Electroweak Results from the CCFR Experiment, W. H. Smith et al., in Proceedings of the 1991 Lepton-Photon Symposium, July, 1991, Geneva, Switzerland, WISC-EX-321.

Precision Measurements of  $F_2(x, Q^2)$  and  $xF_3(x, Q^2)$  by the CCFR Collaboration Using  $\nu_\mu$  Scattering at the Tevatron, S. R. Mishra et al., in Proceedings of the 1991 Lepton-Photon Symposium, July, 1991, Geneva, Switzerland.

Electroweak Results from the CCFR Experiment, W. H. Smith et al., in Proceedings of the 1991 DPF Annual Meeting, August, 1991, Vancouver, Canada, WISC-EX-318.

Precision Measurements of  $F_2(x, Q^2)$  and  $xF_3(x, Q^2)$  by the CCFR Collaboration Using  $\nu_\mu$  Scattering at the Tevatron, P. Z. Quintas et al., in Proceedings of the 1991 DPF Annual Meeting, August, 1991, Vancouver, Canada.

A Precision Determination of  $\sin^2\theta_w$  from  $\nu\text{Fe}$  Scattering at the Tevatron, T. Bolton et al., in Proceedings of the 28th Rencontres de Moriond, Les Arcs, France, March, 1992.

Precision Measurements of  $F_2$  and  $xF_3$  by the CCFR Collaboration Using  $\nu_\mu$  Scattering at the Tevatron, M. H. Shaevitz et al., in Proceedings of the 28th Rencontres de Moriond, Les Arcs, France, March, 1992.

Neutrino Measurements of Nucleon Structure Functions, A. Bodek et al., in Proceedings of the XV International Conference on Neutrino Physics and Astrophysics, Granada, Spain, June, 1992.

Measurement of the Weak Mixing Angle in Neutrino Nucleon Scattering by CCFR, M. Shaevitz et al., in Proceedings of the XV International Conference on Neutrino Physics and Astrophysics, Granada, Spain, June, 1992.

Neutrino Production of Dimuons at the Fermilab Tevatron, W. H. Smith et al., in Proceedings of the XV International Conference on Neutrino Physics and Astrophysics, Granada, Spain, June, 1992.

Measurements of Nucleon Structure Functions  $F_2$  and  $xF_3$  from CCFR Data: Tests of Perturbative QCD, A. Bodek et al., in Proceedings of the Rencontres de Physique de la Vallee D'Aosta, La Thuile, Italy, March, 1992.

A Study of Double Vertex Events in Neutrino Nucleon Interactions, H. S. Budd et al., in Proceedings of Beyond the Standard Model III, Carleton University, Ottawa, Canada, June, 1992.

A Study of Double Vertex Events in Neutrino Nucleon Interactions, P. de Barbaro et al., in Proceedings of Physics in Collision, Boulder, Colorado, June, 1992.

Neutrino Scattering Results from CCFR, W. H. Smith et al., in Proceedings of the 1992 SLAC Summer Institute on Particle Physics, Stanford, California, 1992.

Measurement of the Weak Mixing Angle in Neutrino-Nucleon Scattering by CCFR, R. H. Bernstein et al., in Proceedings of the International Conference on High Energy Physics, Dallas, Texas, August, 1992.

Neutrino Production of Dimuons at the Fermilab Tevatron, M. H. Shaevitz et al., in Proceedings of the International Conference on High Energy Physics, Dallas, Texas, August, 1992.

Measurements of Nucleon Structure Functions,  $F_2$  &  $xF_3$ , and Precision Tests of PQCD at the FNAL Tevatron, S. R. Mishra et al., in Proceedings of the International Conference on High Energy Physics, Dallas, Texas, August, 1992.

A Study of Double Vertex Events in Neutrino Nucleon Interactions, P. de Barbaro et al., in Proceedings of the International Conference on High Energy Physics, Dallas, Texas, August, 1992.

Neutrino Production of Same-Sign Dimuons at the Fermilab Tevatron, W. K. Sakumoto et al., in Proceedings of the Conference of the Division of Particles and Fields, Fermilab, November, 1992.

Quantum Chromodynamics Fits to Singlet and Non-singlet Structure Functions, W. G. Seligman et al., in Proceedings of the Conference of the Division of Particles and Fields, Fermilab, November, 1992.

Measurement of the Strange Sea Content of the Nucleon by CCFR, A. O. Bazarko et al., in Proceedings of the Conference of the Division of Particles and Fields, Fermilab, November, 1992.

Measurement of the Weak Mixing Angle in Neutrino-Nucleon Scattering by CCFR, R. H. Bernstein et al., in Proceedings of the Conference of the Division of Particles and Fields, Fermilab, November, 1992.

### Theses

B.A. Schumm, U. Chicago, Like Sign Dimuons, 1988.

K. Bachmann, Columbia U., Like Sign Dimuons, 1988.

C. Foudas, Columbia U., Opposite Sign Dimuons, 1989.

W. Leung, Columbia U., Structure Functions, 1991.

P. Quintas, Columbia U., Structure Functions, 1991.

P. deBarbaro, U. Rochester, Search for Neutral Heavy Leptons, 1991.

P. Sandler, U. Wisconsin, Hadron Punchthrough, Dimuons, 1992.

S. Rabinowitz, Columbia U., Opposite Sign Dimuons, exp. 1992.

W. Lefmann, Columbia U., Rare Phenomena, exp. 1993.

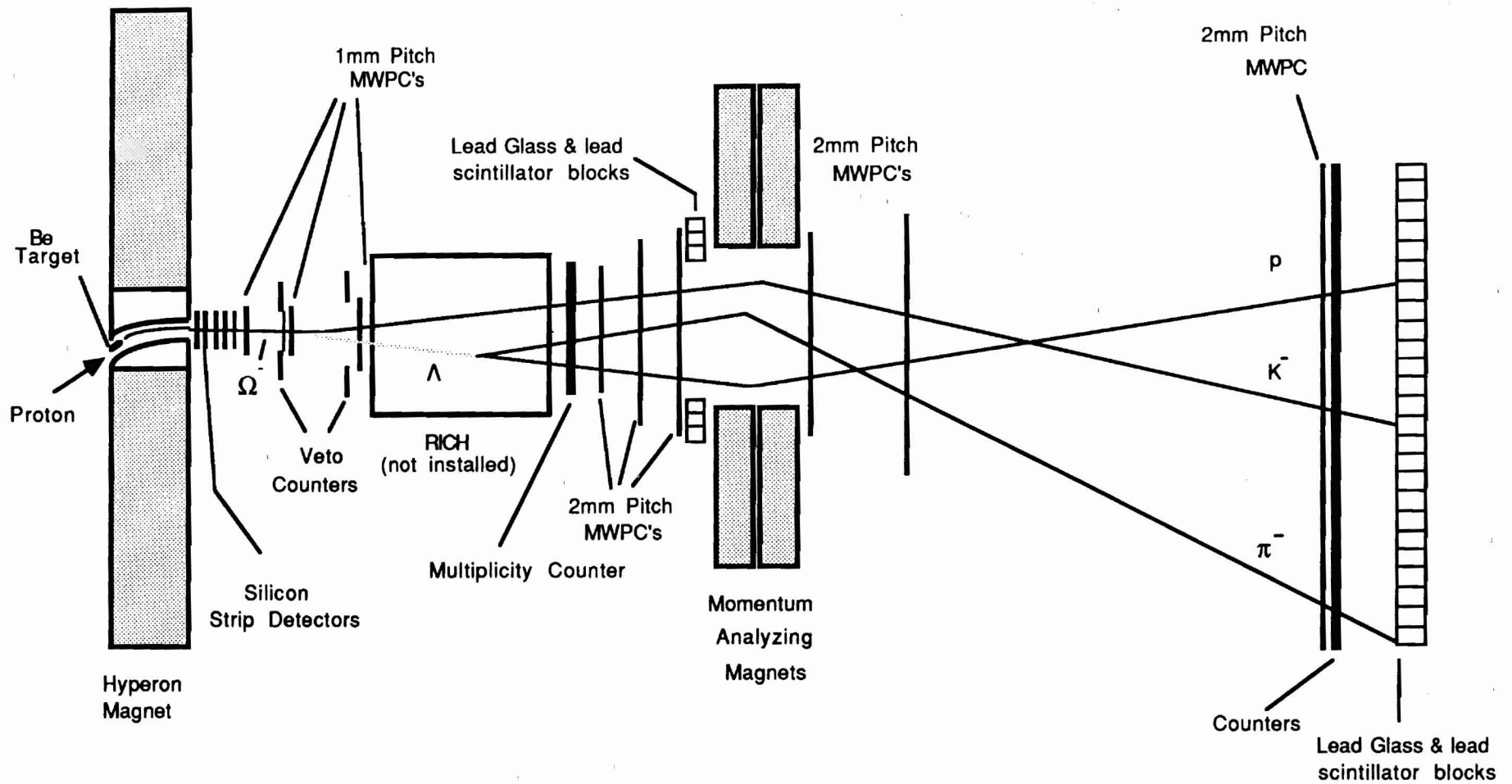
W. Seligman, Columbia U., Structure Functions, exp. 1993.

B. King, Columbia U., Measurement of  $\text{Sin}^2\theta_w$ , exp. 1993.

C. Arroyo, Columbia U., Measurement of  $\text{Sin}^2\theta_w$ , exp. 1993.

T. Kinnel, U. Wisconsin., Measurement of Primordial  $P_T$ , exp. 1993.





Plan View of E756 Spectrometer (not to scale)



## E-756 (Luk) Magnetic Moment of the Omega Hyperon

*Fermilab, Michigan, Minnesota, Rutgers, Washington*

**Status:** *Data Analysis*

Baryon magnetic moments play an important role in probing the structure of hadrons. Fermilab experiments have contributed significantly in determining the magnetic moments of the hyperons. At Fermilab energies, hyperons are copiously produced and typically have a mean decay distance of several meters in the laboratory. The magnetic moments of these hyperons are measured by means of spin precession.

The omega minus hyperon,  $\Omega^-$ , is a unique hadron made up of three strange quarks with parallel spin. In the broken SU(6) quark model, the lambda hyperon magnetic moment is just the strange quark magnetic moment whereas the omega minus magnetic moment,  $\mu_{\Omega^-}$  is three times larger, or  $-1.83$  nuclear magnetons (n.m.). However, corrections used in refined theoretical models can destroy the equality between the lambda and the strange quark magnetic moments. Consequently,  $\mu_{\Omega^-}$  may well be the most direct measurement of the strange quark magnetic moment. Prior to E-756,  $\mu_{\Omega^-}$  was not known experimentally.

E-756 was carried out in the Proton Center beamline. The plan view of the spectrometer is shown in the figure. After the negatively charged beam was produced either by protons or a neutral hyperon beam, it was then momentum-selected by a 7.3 m-long sweeping magnet, M1, with a curved channel inside. M1 was also employed to precess the spin of the hyperons if they were polarized. The field integral of the magnet could be set to a value between 0 and 26 T-m. After exiting from the magnetic channel, the decay products of the hyperons were detected by a spectrometer which was 67 m long and 1.3 m wide. The spectrometer consisted of eight planes of silicon strip detectors, three 1 mm wire spacing multiwire proportional chambers and six 2 mm pitch MWPC's and scintillation counters used for triggering purposes. Photons from the decays were detected by two electromagnetic calorimeters made up of lead glass and lead-scintillator blocks. The momentum analyzing magnet, M2, had a transverse kick of 1.5 GeV/c. The magnetic fields of M1 and M2 were reversed when positively charged hyperons were studied. A mass resolution of  $3 \text{ MeV}/c^2$  was achieved at the mass of  $\Omega^-$ .

Data-taking was completed in the 1987-1988 fixed-target run. We have collected approximately 100,000  $\Omega^-$ 's, 6 million  $\Xi^-$ 's, 2,000  $\bar{\Omega}^+$ 's and 70,000  $\bar{\Xi}^+$ 's produced by 800 GeV protons on a beryllium target. Another sample of 25,000 polarized  $\Omega^-$ 's and 1.5 million  $\Xi^-$ 's created by a polarized neutral beam incident on a copper target at 0 mrad was also collected.

We discovered the  $\bar{\Xi}^+$ 's produced by protons were polarized, with a signal of  $-0.097 \pm 0.012 \pm 0.009$  at a mean  $x_F$  of 0.39 and  $p_t$  of 0.76 GeV/c. This is comparable to that of the  $\Xi^-$ . The magnetic moment of the  $\bar{\Xi}^+$  was measured for

the first time and was found to be  $0.657 \pm 0.028 \pm 0.020$  n.m.

The kinematic dependence of the  $\Xi^-$  polarization in proton induced reactions was studied. It was found to be independent of  $x_F$ , a different behavior than that of the lambda hyperon. We also observed for the first time that the  $\Xi^-$  polarization depends on the center of mass energy. The magnetic moment of the  $\Xi^-$  has now been measured to be  $-0.6505 \pm 0.0025$  n.m., the third best known baryon magnetic moment.

In contrast to the  $\bar{\Xi}^+$ , the  $\Omega^-$ 's produced by protons were found unpolarized. However, they were polarized when they were created by the polarized neutral beam. This was the highest energy spin transfer measurement ever performed. With this polarized sample, we have measured the magnetic moment of the  $\Omega^-$  to be  $-1.94 \pm 0.17 \pm 0.14$  n.m.

We would like to measure the production cross sections of the charged strange particles in 800 GeV proton-beryllium collisions. In addition, we plan to search for rare hyperon decays and are in the process of analyzing the properties of the  $\bar{\Omega}^+$ .

## Publications

Production Polarization and Magnetic Moment of  $\bar{\Xi}^+$  Antihyperons Produced by 800 GeV/c Protons, P. M. Ho et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 65, 1713 (1990).

Measurement of the  $\Omega^-$  Magnetic Moment, H. T. Diehl et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 67, 804 (1991).

Polarization of  $\Xi^-$  Hyperons Produced by 800 GeV Protons, J. Duryea et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 67, 1193 (1991).

Measurement of the Polarization and Magnetic Moment of  $\bar{\Xi}^+$  Antihyperons Produced by 800 GeV/c Protons, P. M. Ho et al., Phys. Rev. D44, 3402 (1991).

Precise Measurement of the  $\Xi^-$  Magnetic Moment, J. Duryea et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 68, 768 (1992).

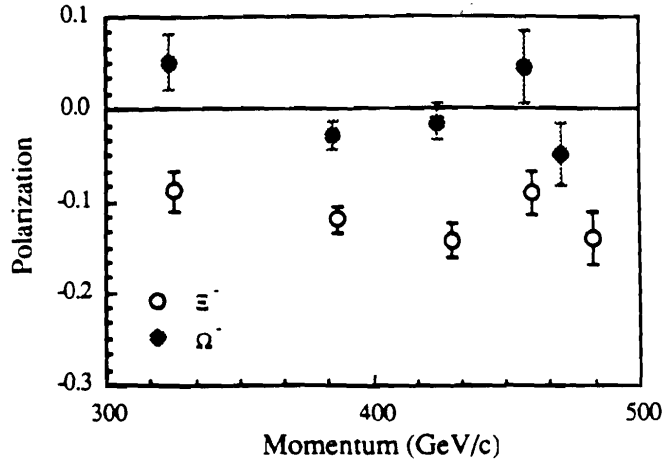
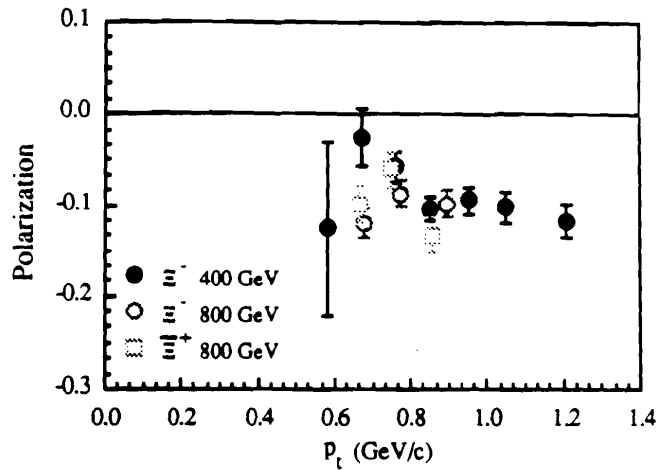
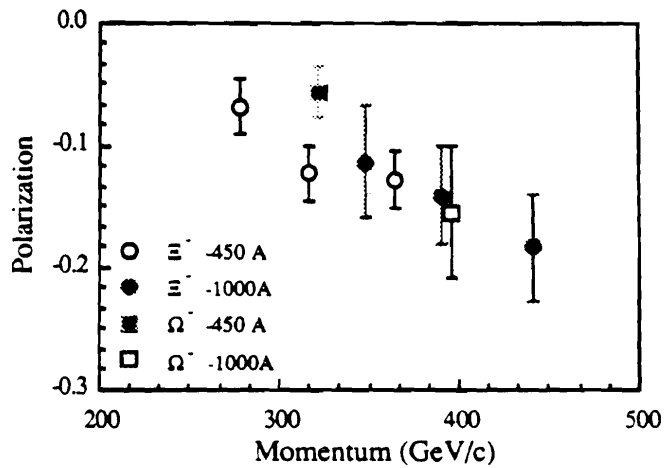
Production Polarization of  $\Omega^-$  Hyperons in 800 GeV Proton-Beryllium Collisions, K. B. Luk et al., submitted to Phys. Rev. Lett.

## Theses

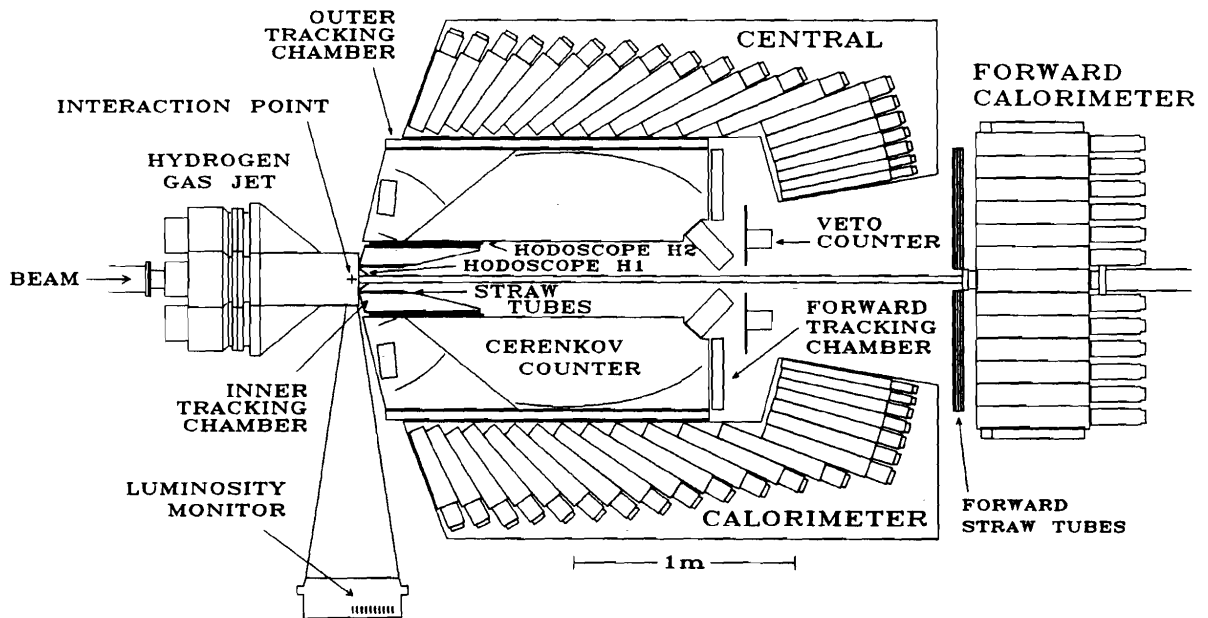
Omega Minus Polarization and Magnetic Moment, H. T. Diehl, Ph. D. thesis, Rutgers University (1990).

Production Polarization and Magnetic Moment of  $\bar{\Xi}^+$  Antihyperons Produced by 800 GeV/c Protons, P. M. Ho, Ph. D. thesis, University of Michigan (1990).

A Precision Measurement of the Polarization and Magnetic Moment of the Cascade-Minus Hyperon, J. W. Duryea, Ph.D. thesis, University of Minnesota (1991).

Figure 1. Polarization of  $\Xi^-$  and  $\Omega^-$  produced by protons.Figure 2. Polarization of  $\Xi^-$  and  $\Xi^+$  produced by protons.Figure 3. Polarization of  $\Xi^-$  and  $\Omega^-$  produced by polarized neutral hyperons.

## E-760



## E-760 / E-835 (Cester) Investigation of the Formation of Charmonium States Using the Antiproton Accumulator Ring

*UC/Irvine, Fermilab, INFN & University of Ferrara (Italy), INFN & University of Genova (Italy), Northwestern, Pennsylvania State, INFN & University of Torino (Italy)*

**Status:** E-760 - Data Analysis  
E-835 - No Data Yet

Experiment E-760 studies charmonium states formed in  $\bar{p}p$  collisions. A cooled antiproton beam of up to  $4 \times 10^{11}$   $\bar{p}$ 's circulating in the Fermilab Antiproton Accumulator ring intercepts a high density hydrogen jet. States can be formed directly in  $\bar{p}p$  interactions which are not directly accessible in  $e^+e^-$  interactions. The antiproton beam is cooled to  $\Delta p/p = 2 \times 10^{-4}$  which allows sub-MeV widths of charmonium states to be measured directly for the first time.

The apparatus is optimized to detect charmonium states in the presence of the hadronic background through their decays to final states containing electrons and/or photons (e.g.  $\bar{p}p \rightarrow \chi \rightarrow J/\psi \gamma \rightarrow e^+e^- \gamma$ ,  $\bar{p}p \rightarrow \eta_c \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ ). The main element of the detector is the central electromagnetic calorimeter, which consists of a cylindrical array of 1280 lead glass Cerenkov counters. This is augmented in the forward direction by a planar electromagnetic calorimeter. Inside the central calorimeter are two scintillator hodoscopes, tracking chambers and a 16-cell threshold Cerenkov counter for electron identification.

E-760 took its first data with the complete apparatus in 1990. Energy scans performed at the  $J/\psi$  and  $\psi'$  found remarkably clean signals and demonstrated the capability of the detector and the antiproton source; precision measurements of the  $\chi_1$  and  $\chi_2$  line parameters have been published. The experiment took  $31 \text{ pb}^{-1}$  of data in 1991, concentrating on measuring the  $\gamma\gamma$  decay rate of the  $\chi_2$  state, a search for the  $\eta_c'$ , and measuring the  $\eta_c$  width. The line widths of both the  $J/\psi$  and the  $\psi'$  were also measured and a rich field of light-quark resonances which decay to neutrals is under study. The major achievement of the second run, however, was the discovery of the  $^1P_1$  state: this was found as a result of an energy scan around the center of mass of the  $\chi$  states in the mode  $\bar{p}p \rightarrow ^1P_1 \rightarrow J/\psi \pi^0 \rightarrow e^+e^- \gamma\gamma$ .

Topics under analysis are:

- (a) Mass and width of  $\eta_c$  (direct measurement);
- (b) Where is the  $\eta_c'$ ?
- (c)  $\bar{p}p$  to  $\pi^0\pi^0$  (exclusive cross section as a function of energy); and
- (d)  $\bar{p}p$  to  $\pi^0\gamma$  (a major background and interesting in its own right).

Another topic on which we have data is light quark spectroscopy. The resolution and high granularity of the central electromagnetic calorimeter allow us to see clean signals in multi-photon events and we have good evidence for new  $\pi^0\pi^0$  and  $\eta\eta$  resonances which we reported at Le Courmayeur in 1992. We expect to produce papers on these data in the next six months.

For our next run (E-835), the following will be our highest priority measurements:

- a) determination of mass and total width of the  $\eta_c$  and of the product of the branching fractions  $B(\eta_c \rightarrow \bar{p}p) \times B(\eta_c \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)$ ;
- b) confirmation of the  $^1P_1$  signal and a more precise determination of the  $^1P_1$  parameters;
- c) Search for the  $\eta_c'$  and determination of its mass and width;
- d) determination of the mass and total width of the  $\chi_0$  and of the products of the branching fractions  $B(\chi_0 \rightarrow \bar{p}p) \times B(\chi_0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)$  and of  $B(\chi_0 \rightarrow \bar{p}p) \times B(\chi_0 \rightarrow J/\psi + \gamma)$ .

Other measurements will be of the angular distributions in radiative decays of the  $\chi_1$  and  $\chi_2$ , a search for the missing D-states of charmonium, and others unrelated to charmonium physics which can be done concurrently with the measurements on charmonium physics.

The program outlined will not be completed in the next fixed-target run unless we substantially increase the instantaneous luminosity of the experiment. This will be possible with the expected increase in stacking rate of the Antiproton Source and with an upgrade of the hydrogen gas-jet target system. In addition, there are several detector upgrades needed to cope with the increased instantaneous rates.

## Publications

Precision Measurements of Charmonium States Formed in  $\bar{p}p$  Annihilation, Phys. Rev. Lett. 68, 1468 (1992).

Study of the  $\chi_1$  and  $\chi_2$  Charmonium States Formed in  $\bar{p}p$  Annihilations, Nucl. Phys. B373, 35 (1992).

Observation of the  $^1P_1$  State of Charmonium, Phys. Rev. Lett. 69, 2337 (1992).

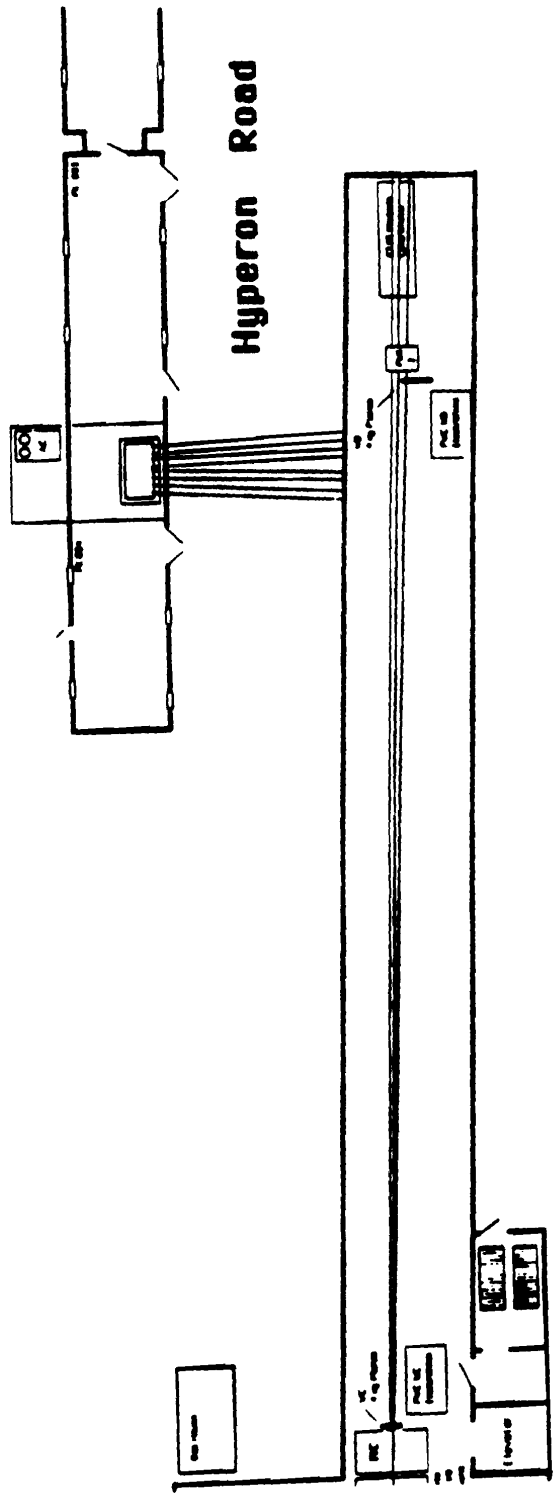
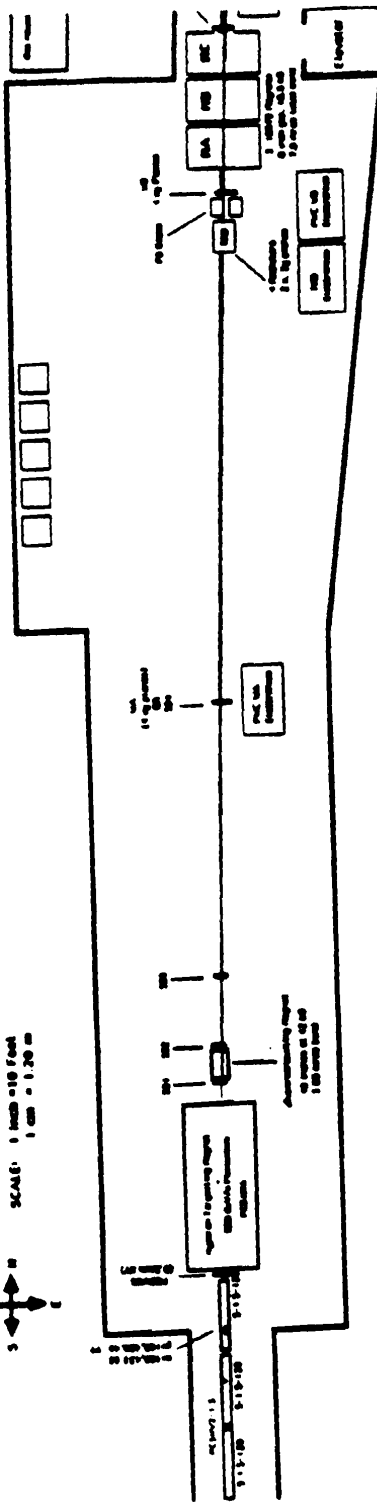
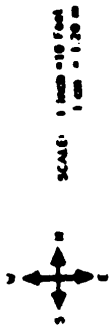
Measurement of the  $J/\psi$  and  $\psi'$  Resonance Parameters in  $\bar{p}p$  Annihilation, Phys. Rev. D47, 3 (1993).



E-761

E761 Proton Center Layout

Σ → P → Only





**E-761 (Vorobyov) An Electroweak Enigma: Hyperon Radiative Decays**

*Bristol (Great Britain), CBPF (Brazil), Fermilab, IHEP/Beijing (PRC),  
Iowa, ITEP/Moscow (Russia), PNPI (Russia), Rio de Janeiro (Brazil),  
Sao Paulo (Brazil), Yale*

**Status: Data Analysis**

This experiment will probe the structure of the electroweak interaction and has two main goals. The first is to measure the asymmetry parameter for the electroweak decay  $\Sigma^+ \rightarrow p\gamma$  and verify its branching ratio. The second goal will be to measure, or set new upper limits for, the branching ratio of the electroweak decay  $\Xi^- \rightarrow \Sigma^-\gamma$ . Since the  $\Xi^-$  are expected to be polarized, information on the asymmetry parameter may also be available.

We will use the Proton Center polarized charged hyperon beam and a new very high resolution spectrometer. The same channel as used for E-715 will allow us to utilize secondary momenta hyperons of up to 350 GeV/c. However to get the needed excellent momentum resolution of the hyperon beam, we will require a primary proton beam of very small size so that a target of 0.5 mm width in the bend plane can be used. This small target size combined with silicon strip detectors to determine the hyperon trajectory should allow a determination of the hyperon momentum to  $\approx 0.15\%$ . The momentum vector of the decay baryon ( $p$  from  $\Sigma^+ \rightarrow p\gamma$  or  $\sim\Sigma^-$  from  $\Xi^- \rightarrow \Sigma^-\gamma$ ) will be determined by a proportional chamber spectrometer consisting of three BM109 magnets. The spectrometer high resolution will allow us to distinguish the single photon decay mode from the much more copious competing  $\pi^0$  decay mode. For the decay  $\Xi^- \rightarrow \Sigma^-\gamma$ , the lever arms of the decay spectrometer will be shortened from what is shown in the diagram to allow a measurement of the  $\Xi^-$  direction before it decays.

The position of the  $\gamma$  will be measured to about 1.0 mm by first converting them and then using a transition radiation detector (TRD) to measure the direction of the fast forward electrons. Following the TRD a lead glass array will measure the total electromagnetic energy. Thus the full momentum vector will be measured for the incident hyperon and all of the radiative decay products providing excellent kinematic identification.

About 220M positive beam triggers and 300M negative beam triggers were recorded in the 1990 fixed-target run.

Figure 1. Summary of the E-761 positive beam data set. The plot shows the missing mass squared of the neutral recoil assuming the incident hyperon was a  $\Sigma^+$  and the charged daughter was a proton. Only charged track information is used at this stage. There are 48M  $\Sigma^+ \rightarrow p\pi^0$  decays and 67K  $\Sigma^+ \rightarrow p\gamma$  decays visible on this plot along with a small  $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^0$  background.

Figure 2. A few days of negative beam data with the same apparatus configuration as for the Figure 1 data yielded 250K  $\text{anti}(\Sigma^+) \rightarrow \bar{p}\pi^0$  decays and

about 400 anti( $\Sigma^+$ )  $\rightarrow \bar{p}\gamma$  decays. These data allow us to measure the radiative branching ratio and magnetic moment of the anti( $\Sigma^+$ ).

Figure 3. The  $\Sigma^+ \rightarrow p\gamma$  signal is extracted by using the E-761 photon detectors to separate events with one and two final state photons. Figure 3a shows a scatter plot of the missing neutral mass squared in the region of the photon versus a  $\chi^2$  for the hypothesis that the pattern of hits in the TRD system is consistent with one photon. The normalized projections for signal ( $\chi^2 < 1$ ) and background ( $\chi^2 > 4$ ) are shown in Figure 3b.

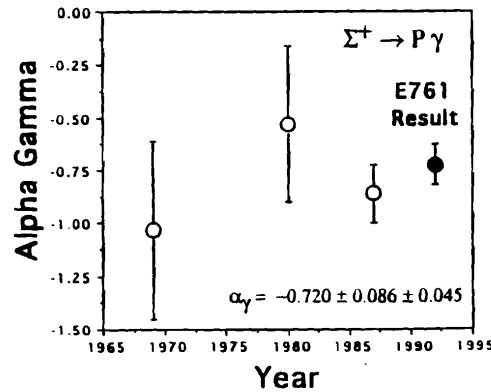
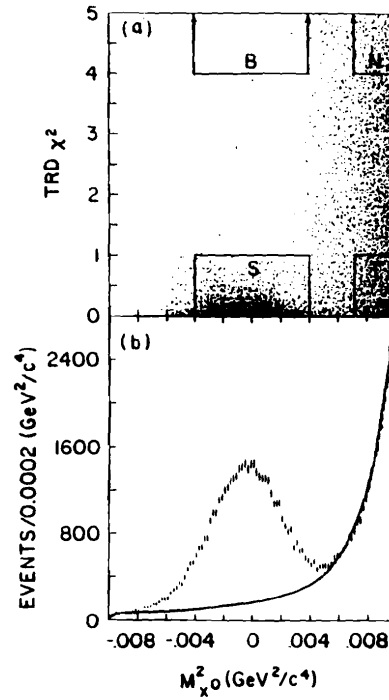
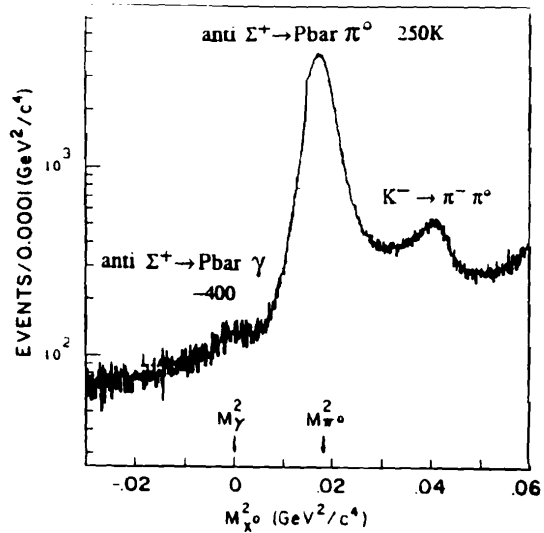
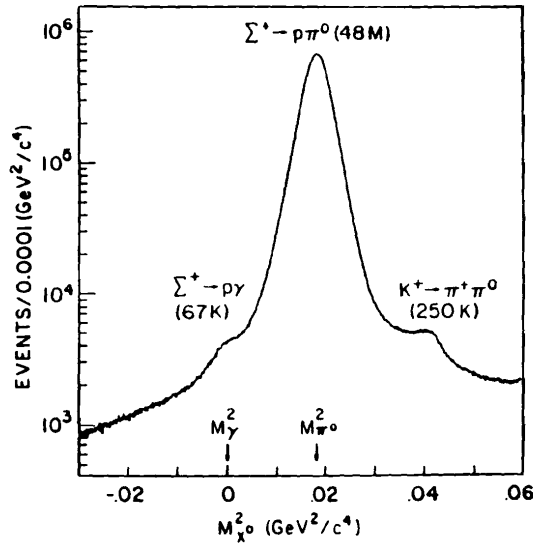
Figure 4. The data were taken in equal sub-samples with the  $\Sigma^+$  polarization up and down. The magnitude of the polarization is  $\sim 12\%$ . This allows us to extract the asymmetry parameter in the radiative decay. This result is shown along with previous low statistics measurements. It was recently published in PRL.

Figure 5. In an auxiliary measurement we added a pair of bent silicon crystals. Hyperons were channeled in these crystals and bent through angles of  $\pm 1.6$  mrad. We observed for the first time the precession of the  $\Sigma^+$  polarization in the 45T effective magnetic field of the bent crystal. The precession angle of  $\sim 60$  degrees allows a measurement of the magnetic moment of the  $\Sigma^+$  in a longitudinal distance of 45 mm. This new technique may prove useful in measuring the magnetic moment of very short lived states such as the charmed baryons. This result has been submitted to PRL.

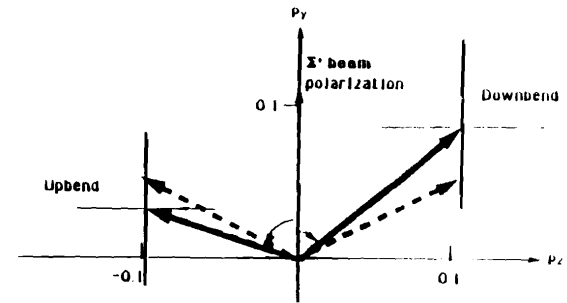
Figure 6. A signal for  $\Xi^- \rightarrow \Sigma^-\gamma$  has been extracted. The same techniques are used as in the analysis of the positive beam data. This represents  $>10$  times the previous world sample. An analysis for the branching ratio ( $\sim 10^{-4}$ ) of this decay mode is in progress. The sample is still too small to measure the asymmetry parameter in this mode. A determination of the sign of the asymmetry may be barely possible.

Table 1. A summary of journal publications and theses to date are given. Four more students continue to work on analyses and several more papers are in draft or are expected.

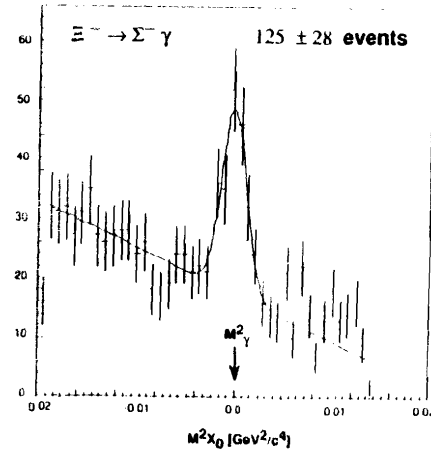
# E761 - Radiative Hyperon Decays



Foucher, et al., Phys.Rev. Lett. 68:3004,1992



First Observation of Magnetic Moment Precession of Channeled Particle ( $\Sigma^+$  Hyperons) in Bent Crystals (D. Chen, et al., Submitted to Phys.Rev.Lett.)



## Publications

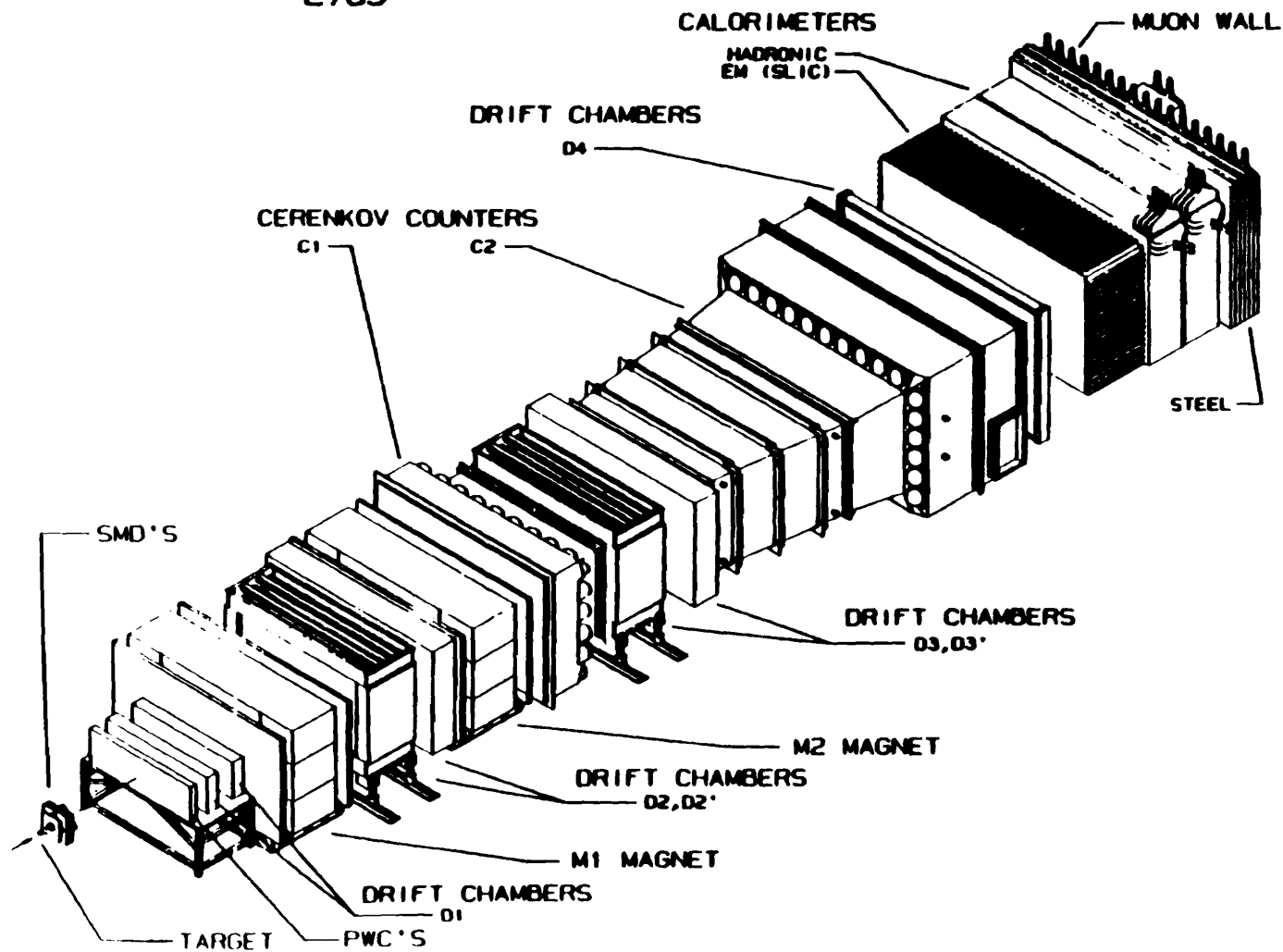
$\alpha_\gamma(\Sigma^+ \rightarrow P\gamma)$  Phys.Rev.Lett. 68:3004,1992  
 Ph.D. Thesis Maurice Foucher (Yale University)

Channeling Submitted to Phys.Rev.Lett  
 Ph.D. Thesis Dong Chen (SUNY, Albany)

$\Sigma^-$  anti( $\Sigma^+$ ) Polarization and Magnetic Moments  
 Ph.D. Thesis Antonio Morelos (CINVESTAV, Mexico)

E-769

TAGGED PHOTON SPECTROMETER  
E769



## **E-769 (Appel) Pion and Kaon Production of Charm and Charm-Strange States**

*CBPF (Brazil), Fermilab, Mississippi, Northeastern,  
Toronto (Canada), Tufts, Wisconsin, Yale*

**Status: Data Analysis**

---

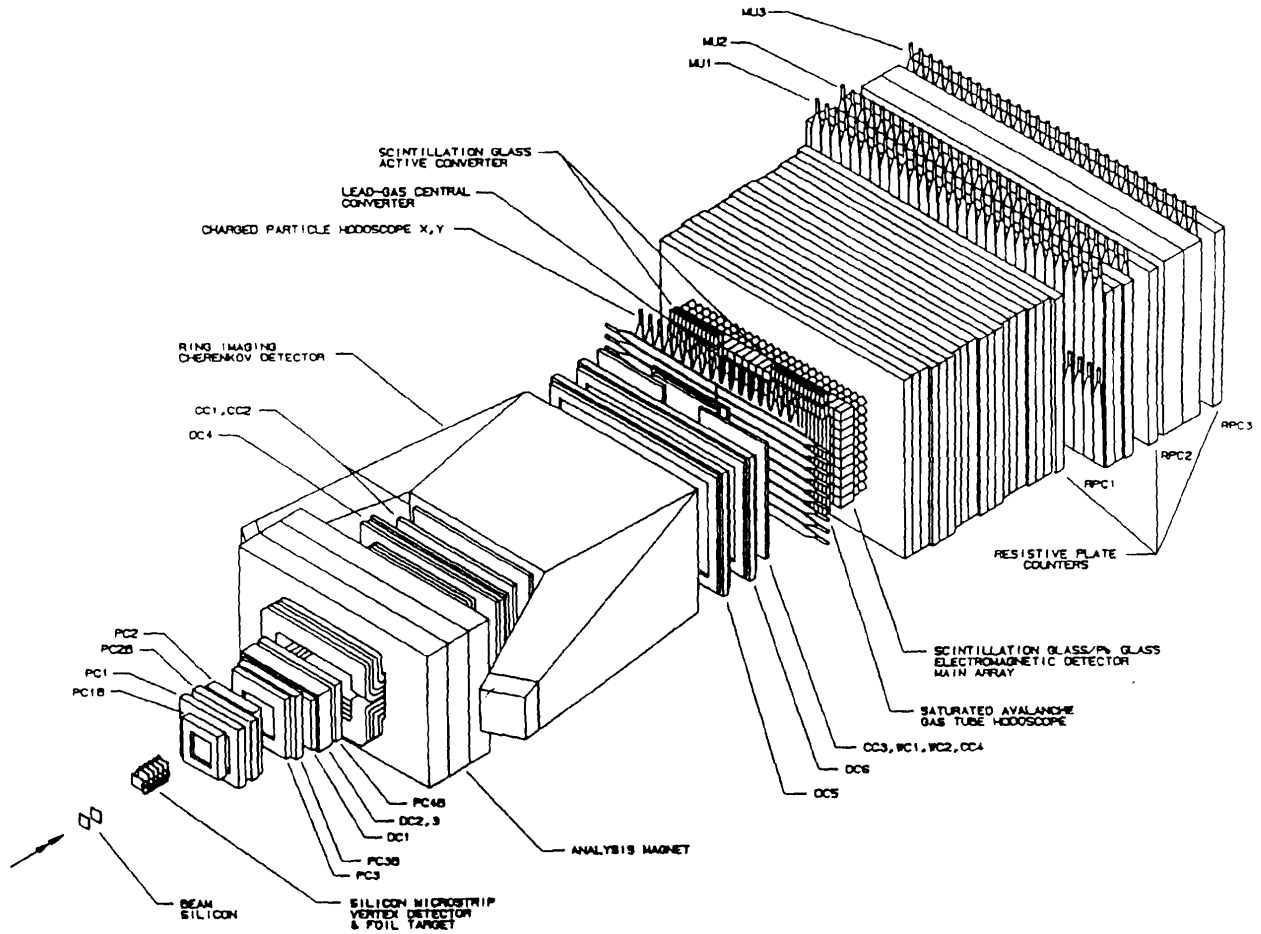
E-769 is an experiment to measure the properties of hadronic charm production using the Tagged Photon Spectrometer facility. It measures the flavor,  $x$ ,  $p_t$  and  $A$  dependences of this process at the same time and in a single apparatus.

The experiment collected its data during the 1987-88 fixed-target running period, recording interactions of 250 GeV beams of identified pions, kaons and protons. The beam was incident on a foil target assembly with four materials: beryllium, aluminum, copper and tungsten, segmented in the beam direction. The total data set consists of about 400 million triggers with about 200 million each of negative beam events (85% pi, 15% kaon) and positive beam events (40% pi, 30% kaon and 30% proton).

The Tagged Photon Spectrometer is a large-acceptance, high-resolution magnetic spectrometer. It is equipped with electromagnetic and hadronic calorimetry, Cerenkov particle identification and silicon microstrip detectors (SMD's) for vertex reconstruction. The spectrometer is augmented by a beam DISC Cerenkov counter, a new beam transition radiation detector (TRD) and new planes of beam defining SMD's and PWC's.

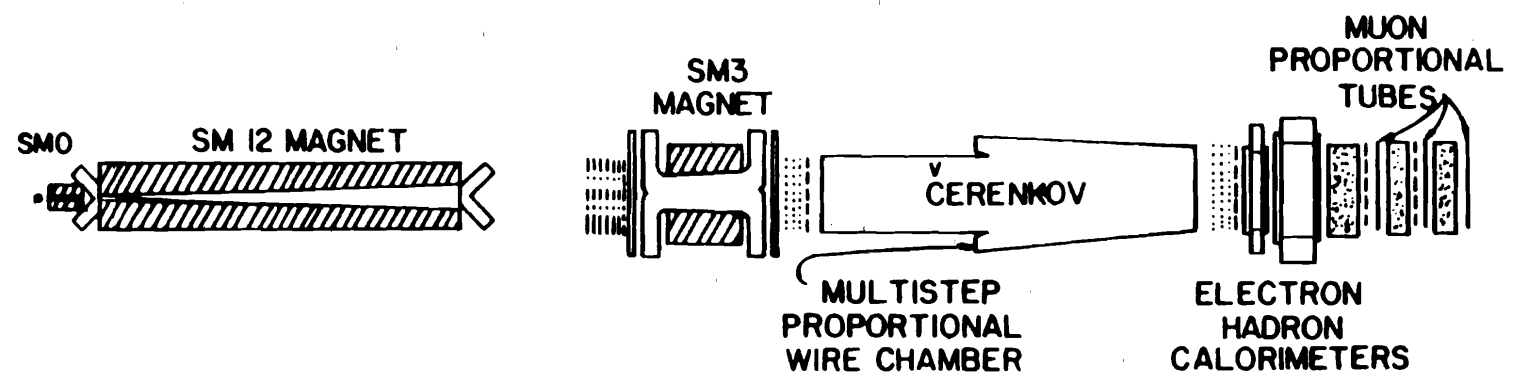
Final results based on the full data sample are beginning to appear in refereed journals. Many conference proceedings have been published over the last three years with earlier, preliminary results. These, in turn, have sparked theoretical interest in the underlying hard production process and hadronization and nuclear effects. Eight Ph.D. theses based on data from E-769 have been accepted. A total of fifteen Ph.D. students are expected to obtain theses based on the data from this experiment.

High Intensity Lab Spectrometer  
E771

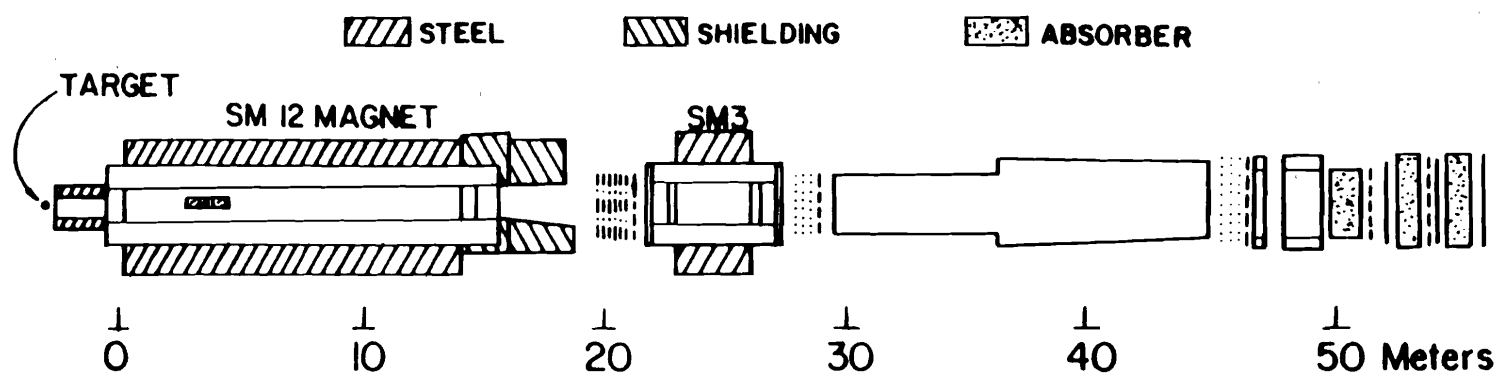




E-772



PLAN VIEW



ELEVATION SECTION

- ..... DRIFT CHAMBER
- PROPORTIONAL CHAMBER
- COUNTER BANK



**E-772 (Moss) Measurement of the Quark-Antiquark Sea in Nuclei**

*Case Western Reserve, Fermilab, Illinois/Chicago, LANL, Northern Illinois,  
Rutgers, South Carolina, SUNY/Stony Brook, Texas/Austin, Washington*

**Status: Data Analysis**

We propose a precise measurement of the  $A$  dependence of Drell-Yan dimuon production in 900 GeV proton interactions with deuterium and calcium targets using the E-605 spectrometer. Emphasis will be placed on the kinematic region  $M > 4$  GeV and  $x_F > 0.2$ , where one is most sensitive to the annihilation of beam valence quarks with target antiquarks. Such measurements will be very sensitive to the  $A$  dependence of the target sea quark distribution in the range  $0.05 < x_2 < 0.3$ , and hence provide important clues about the origin of the EMC (European Muon Collaboration) effect, and unique information on the general issue of quark distributions in nuclear matter.

The experiment will be performed using a modified version of the E-605 spectrometer. The high resolution properties of the spectrometer will allow simultaneous measurement of muon pairs from the  $\Upsilon$  resonances as well as from the Drell-Yan continuum. Analysis of the  $A$  dependence of resonance production should provide unique information about nuclear effects on the gluon structure function.

The Nevis transport/trigger processor system, which had been refurbished during the previous year, is ideally suited to recording high-rate muon pair data, thus allowing one to achieve superior statistical precision during the 1987 fixed-target running period. We hope to reduce the target-to-target absolute normalization errors to the level of 1% or better through a combination of beam, target, and dead-time monitoring. Data were taken during the 1987 fixed-target running period and the analysis of the data at Fermilab and LANL was finished in 1990. The final publication is now in preparation.

**Publications**

- J. C. Gursky et al., Nucl. Instr. and Meth. **A282**, 62 (1989), Precision Nuclear Targets for Drell-Yan Cross Section Measurements at 800 GeV.
- D. M. Kaplan et al., Phys. Rev. **D41**, 2334 (1990), Test of Scaling of the Massive Dihadron Cross Section.
- R. Guo et al., Phys. Rev. **D41**, 2924 (1990), Improved Limit on Axion Production in 800 GeV Hadronic Showers.
- D. M. Alde et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. **64**, 2479 (1990), Nuclear Dependence of Dimuon Production at 800 GeV/c.
- D. M. Alde et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. **66**, 133 (1991), A-Dependence of J/Psi and Psi' Production at 800 GeV/c.

D. M. Alde et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 66, 2285 (1991), Nuclear Dependence of the Production of Upsilon Resonances at 800 GeV.

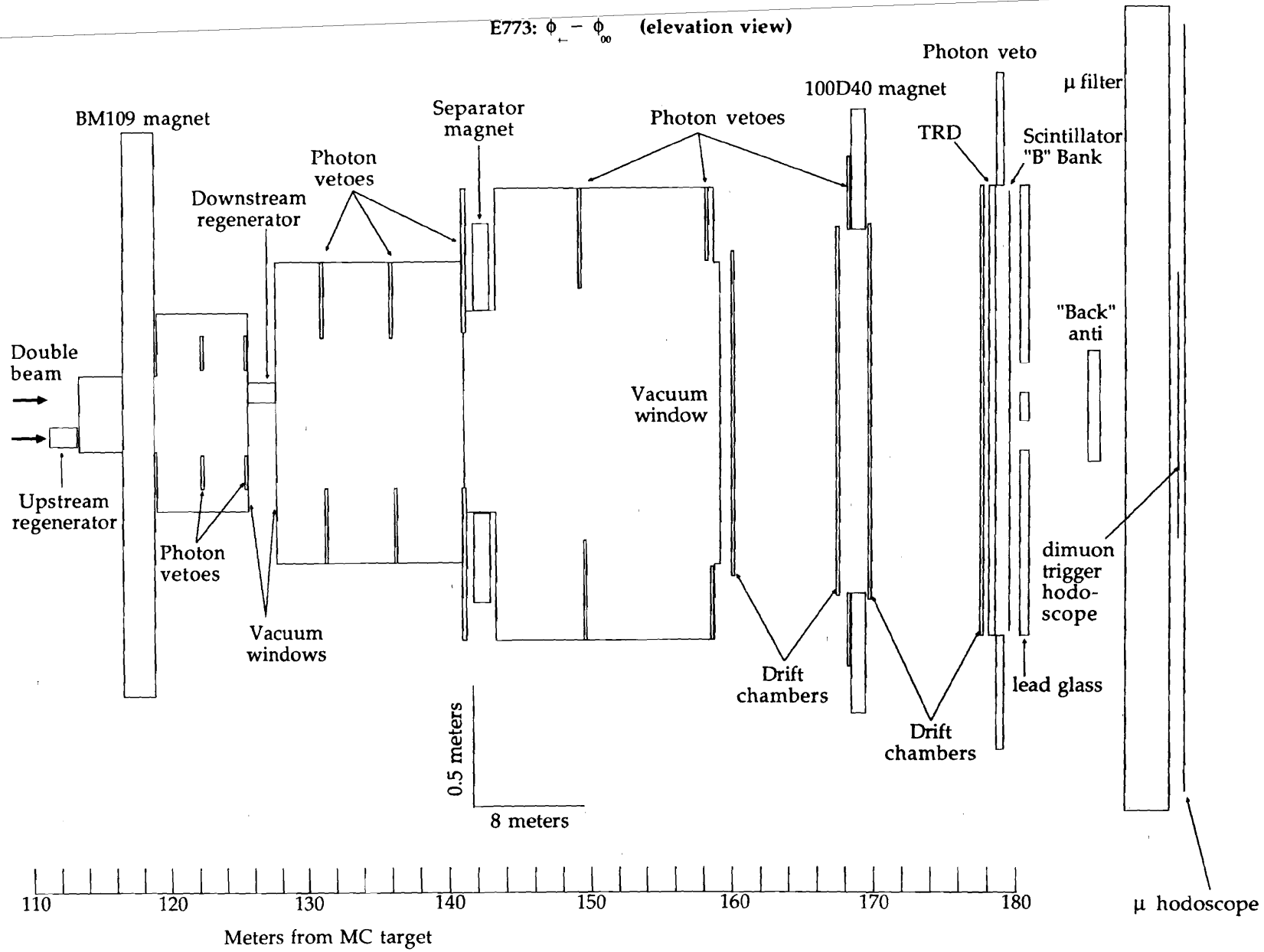
P. L. McGaughey, et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 69, 1726 (1992), Limit on the  $\bar{d}/\bar{u}$  Asymmetry of the Nucleon Sea from Drell-Yan Production.

### **Thesis**

Ming-Jer Wang, Case Western Univ. (1991).



E773:  $\phi - \phi_{\infty}$  (elevation view)



## E-773 (Gollin) Measurement of the Phase Difference Between $\eta_{00}$ and $\eta_{+-}$ to a Precision of $1/2^\circ$

*Chicago, Elmhurst, Fermilab, Illinois, Rutgers*

**Status: Data Analysis**

The ratios of the amplitudes for  $K_L$  and  $K_S$  to decay into pairs of pions are

$$\eta_{00} = \frac{\text{Amp}(K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0)}{\text{Amp}(K_S \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0)} \quad \text{and} \quad \eta_{+-} = \frac{\text{Amp}(K_L \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-)}{\text{Amp}(K_S \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-)}.$$

The magnitudes of  $\eta_{00}$  and  $\eta_{+-}$ , measured by Fermilab E-731, are nearly identical. Given the approximate equality of  $|\eta_{00}|$  and  $|\eta_{+-}|$ , CPT conservation requires  $\Delta\phi$ , the phase difference between  $\eta_{00}$  and  $\eta_{+-}$ , to be at most a fraction of a degree.

To avoid systematic uncertainties associated with imperfect knowledge of kaon beam flux, detector acceptance, and resolution smearing effects, E-773 measures  $\pi\pi$  decays using a double beam technique similar to that employed by E-731, our  $\epsilon'$  experiment. One beam passes through a thin regenerator at the start of the fiducial decay volume, while the other beam traverses a thick regenerator 12 meters further upstream. The separation is chosen to make the  $\pi\pi$  decay rate inside the decay volume insensitive to  $\Delta\phi$  for  $K_S$  from the upstream regenerator, and maximally sensitive to  $\Delta\phi$  for  $K_S$  from the downstream regenerator. The regenerators switch beams between beam spills; data were recorded simultaneously for  $\pi^0\pi^0$  and  $\pi^+\pi^-$  decays in both beams. The double ratio of rates,

$$R \equiv \frac{\Gamma_{00}(\text{upstream})/\Gamma_{00}(\text{downstream})}{\Gamma_{+-}(\text{upstream})/\Gamma_{+-}(\text{downstream})},$$

differs from unity by about 0.7% per degree of  $\Delta\phi$ . "Upstream" and "downstream" refer to the beams containing regenerators in the upstream and downstream positions.

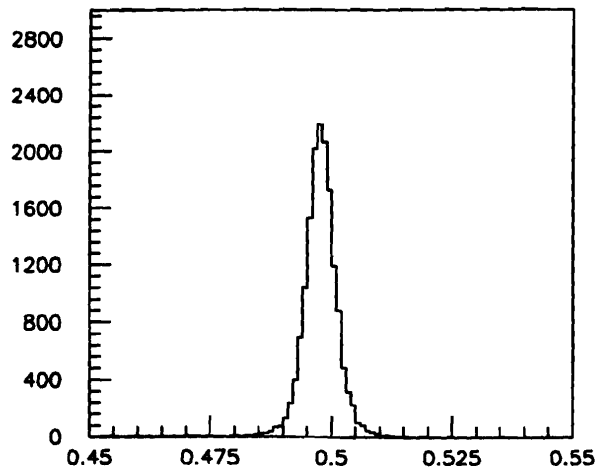
The E-773 detector is similar to the E-731 detector downstream of the two regenerators; both regenerators are solid scintillator to reduce backgrounds from inelastic  $K_S$  production. The  $\pi^0\pi^0$  final states are measured in an 804-element lead glass array, while the  $\pi^+\pi^-$  decays are detected in a 2000-channel drift chamber spectrometer. The neutral mode trigger requires four photons to strike the lead glass array; the glass and chambers are the same as those used by E-731.

We recorded about 450 million triggers during the first half of the 1991 fixed-target run (we reconfigured the detector for E-799 during the second half of the run). Before fiducial cuts, there are approximately  $10^6$   $K \rightarrow \pi\pi$  decays in our data sample, which should yield a measurement accuracy of  $1/2^\circ$  for  $\Delta\phi$ . The entire data set has been run through a first pass analysis on the Amdahl. Monte

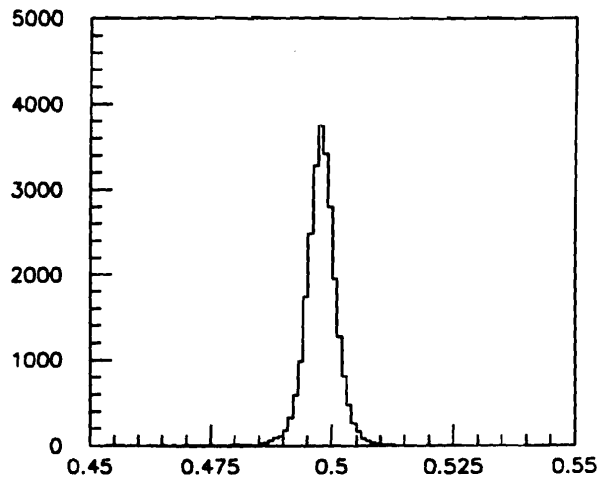
Carlo development is well along; we are working with an upgraded version of the E-731 Monte Carlo, which has been quite successful in describing that experiment's  $\epsilon'$  data. We are working on generating lead glass and drift chamber calibration constants, and are progressing at a reasonable pace. We should have a preliminary result ("for internal use only") in early 1993, slightly more than a year after the end of the fixed-target run.

We expect to publish measurements of the phase difference between  $\eta_{00}$  and  $\eta_{+-}$ , the phase of  $\eta_{+-}$ , and the phase of  $\eta_{+-\gamma}$ , where  $\eta_{+-\gamma}$  is the ratio of the amplitudes for  $K_L$  and  $K_S$  to decay to  $\pi\pi\gamma$ . It is possible that we will be able to set limits on the rate of H production, where the H is an exotic six-quark object. Shown in the accompanying figure are preliminary mass plots for  $K \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0$  and  $K \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$  decays in the two beams from a small sample of the E-773 data.

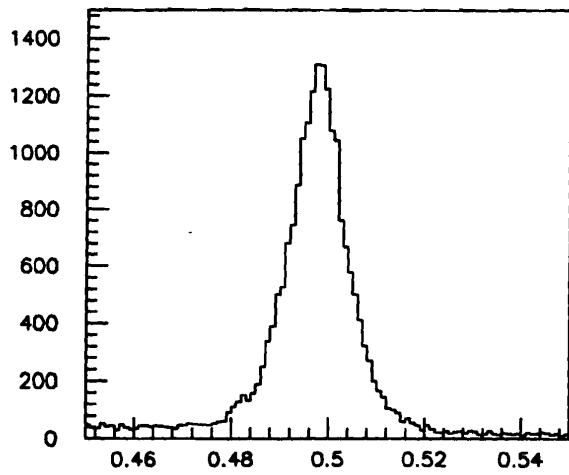
preliminary E773 mass plots, 20% of full data sample



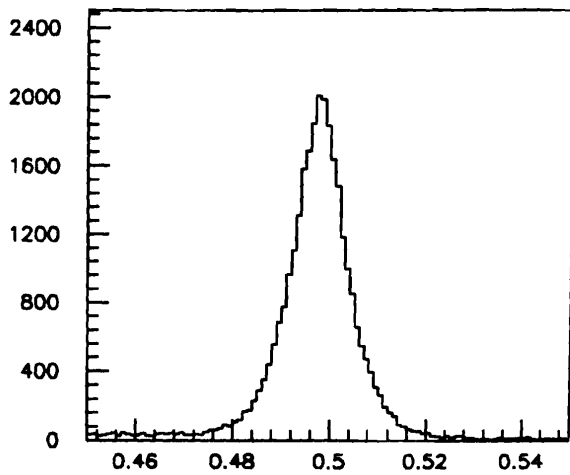
$\pi^+\pi^-$  mass, upstream regenerator



$\pi^+\pi^-$  mass, downstream regenerator

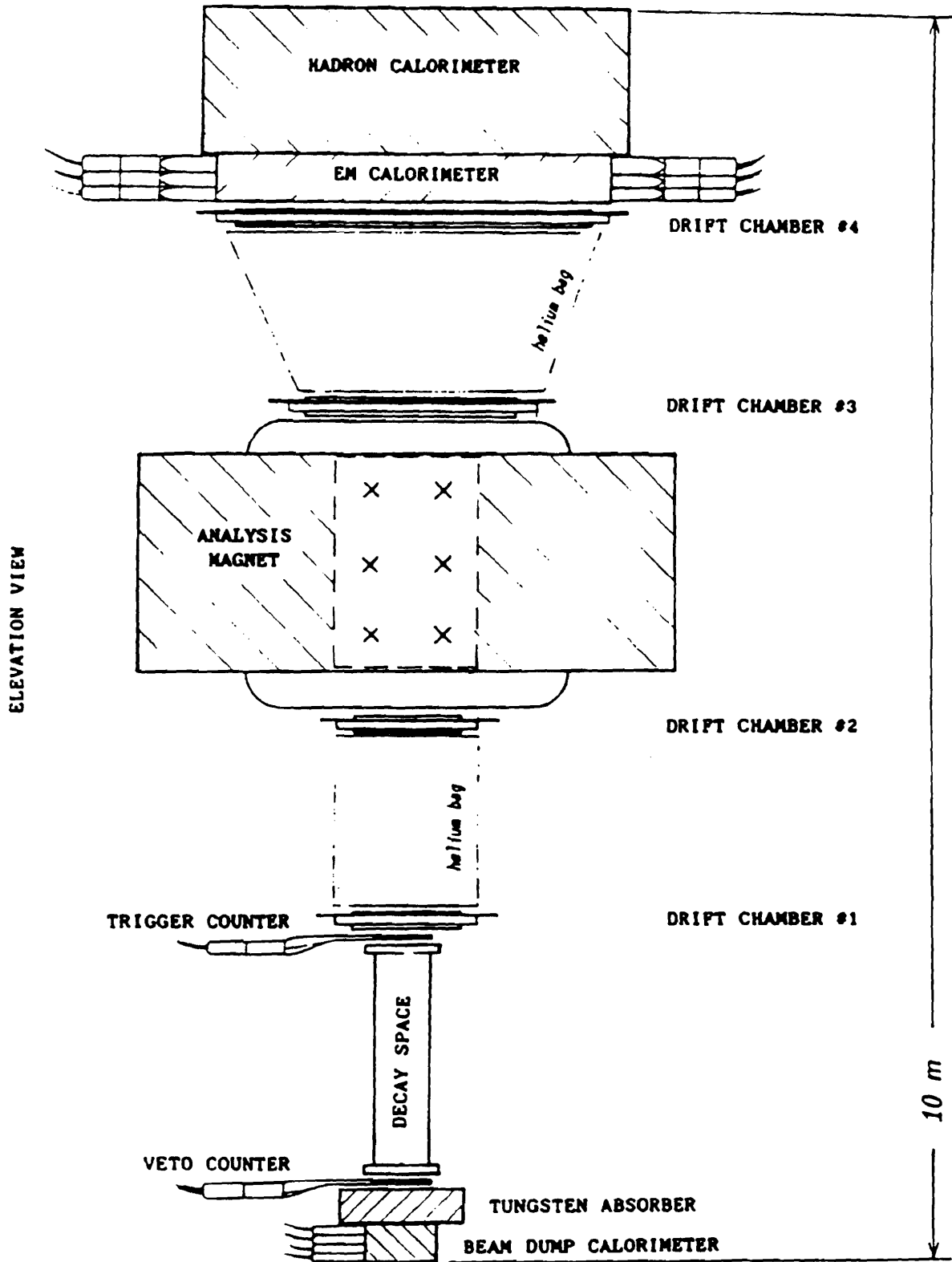


$\pi^0\pi^0$  mass, upstream regenerator



$\pi^0\pi^0$  mass, downstream regenerator

E-774





**E-774 (Crisler) Electron Beam Dump Particle Search***Fermilab, Illinois, Northeastern***Status: Data Analysis**

---

The purpose of Experiment 774 is to search for light, neutral, short-lived particles that couple to the electron. Interest in the existence of such objects has recently been stimulated by the anomalous electron-positron pair production seen in heavy ion collisions at the GSI. These coincident electron-positron pairs occur with approximately equal lab energies, consistent with the production and subsequent decay of a neutral particle of mass  $1.8 \text{ MeV}/c^2$ . While the simplest models for this particle seem to be excluded by recent experiments, its existence has not yet been conclusively ruled out, and the debate over the  $1.8 \text{ MeV}$  particle has focussed our attention on a region of mass/lifetime where similar objects may exist and yet would not have been seen.

Experiment 774 will exploit the high energy and flux available in the new Wide Band Electron Beam to probe this unexplored region. The search will be performed by positioning a neutral decay spectrometer downstream from the electron dump of the Wide Band Beam. A neutral particle coupled to the electron will be produced in the dump by a bremsstrahlung-like process and will be observed by its decay in flight if its flight path is longer than the beam dump. The sensitivity of this method to short-lived particles is determined by the energy of the beam and the length of the beam dump. By using a short tungsten beam dump and the highest available beam energy, E-774 will extend the region of search by more than an order of magnitude beyond existing limits.

The E-774 apparatus consists of an active beam dump calorimeter followed by an evacuated decay volume, a simple magnetic momentum spectrometer, and trigger calorimeters. Upstream from the beam dump, a synchrotron radiation detector will be used to tag the electrons in the beam.

During the 1987-88 fixed-target run, E-774 completed engineering tests and obtained a preliminary data sample representing 1% of our proposed beam on target. The experiment, using a 275 GeV electron beam, was sensitive to particles up to  $10 \text{ MeV}/c^2$  in mass and down to  $4 \times 10^{-16}$  sec in lifetime. None was found. The results exclude any such particle with mass below  $4.1 \text{ MeV}/c^2$ . During the 1990 fixed-target run, data were taken using a 350 GeV electron beam which will extend the reach of the experiment beyond masses of  $7 \text{ MeV}/c^2$ .

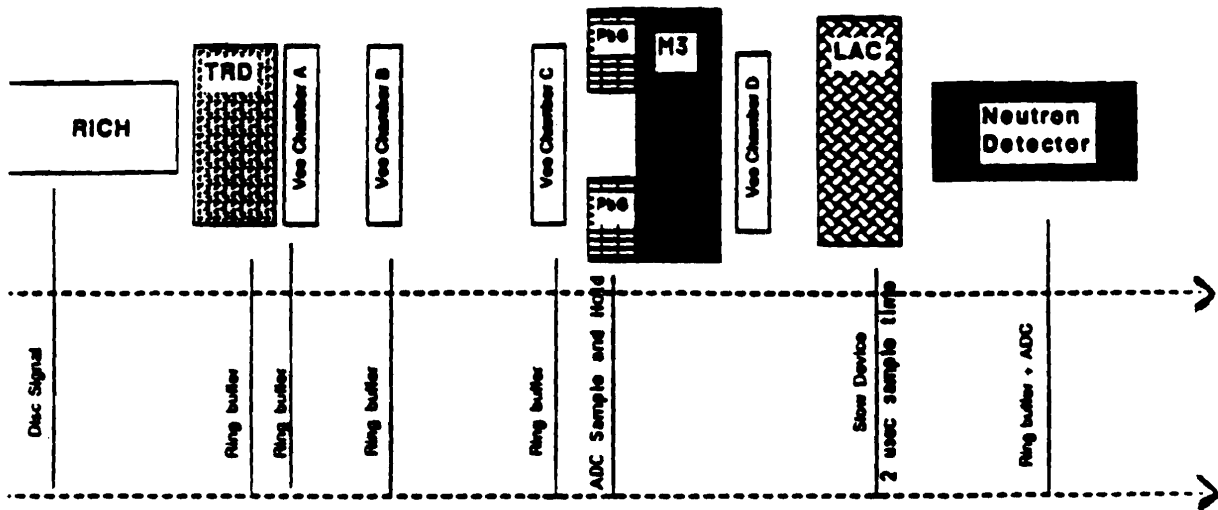
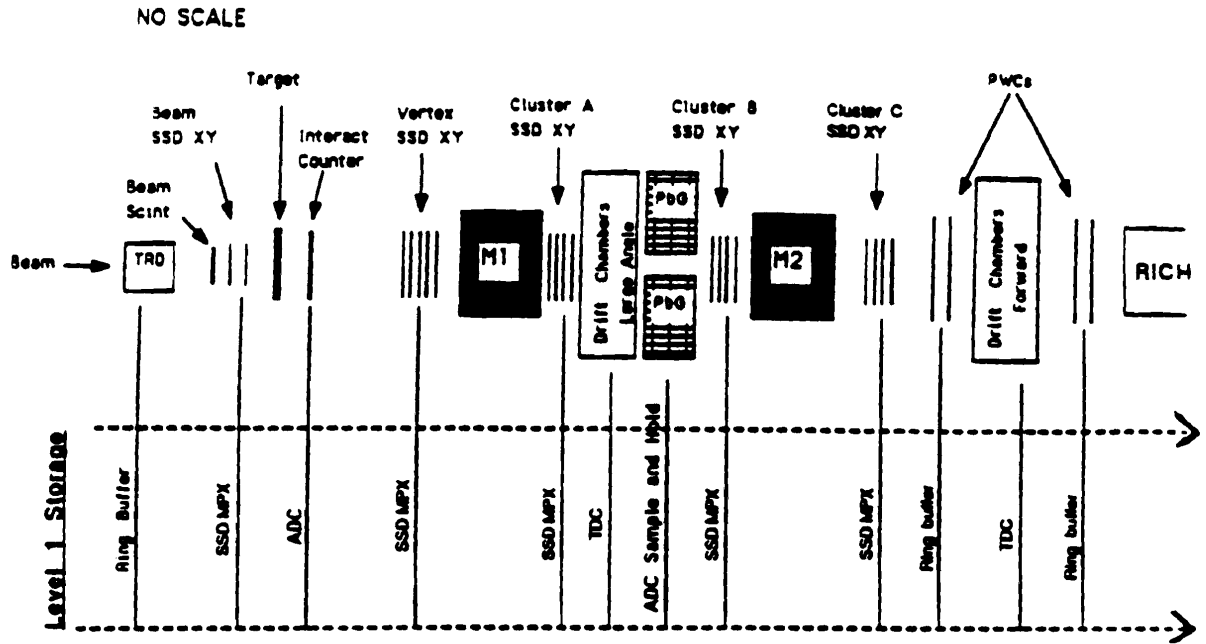
**Publications**

Scintillating Fiber Ribbon - Tungsten Calorimeter, A. Bross et al., Nuclear Instruments and Methods A286, 69 (1990).

Search for Short-lived Particles Produced in an Electron Beam Dump, A. Bross et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 67, 2942 (1991).

---

# E-781



## **E-781 (Russ) Study of Charm Baryon Physics**

*Bristol (Great Britain), Carnegie-Mellon, CBPF (Brazil), Fermilab, IHEP/Beijing (PRC), IHEP/Serpukhov (Russia), Iowa, ITEP (Russia), Moscow State (Russia), MPI/Heidelberg (Germany), PNPI (Russia), Rochester, Sao Paulo (Brazil), Tel Aviv (Israel), Washington*

<b>Status: No Data Yet</b>
----------------------------

The study of charm baryons has lagged behind the recent progress in charm meson physics. The production of baryons by electron colliders or photon beams is small compared to meson production. Sample sizes of charm baryons comprise tens of events, compared to the thousands of events in the dominant decay modes of charm mesons. Because hadronic production of charm remains a difficult experimental challenge, current generation experiments have tended to run "open" triggers. The charm states produced are preponderantly charm mesons near  $x = 0$ , the dominant cross section in all hadronic processes. The design philosophy for E-781 is to use the fact that for all known baryons, the baryon/meson ratio increases dramatically at large  $x$ . The overall charm production cross section decreases, of course, but a good charm trigger can produce an enriched sample of charm baryons.

The charm trigger for E-781 is based on impact parameter, to provide a topology-independent trigger. All charm particles have a finite decay length, albeit short. A high resolution tracking device close to the target can select charm candidates on the basis of one or more tracks with a sufficiently large miss distance from the primary interaction point. Such a trigger is now conceivable because of recent advances in VLSI readout of silicon strip detectors and tremendous improvement in the online computer power available to an experiment. The spectrometer, shown in the accompanying figure, deploys a number of existing chambers and neutral particle detectors as well as the new silicon strip and pixel devices and the Ring-Imaging Cerenkov counter. By using VLSI amplifiers, E-781 can afford to make a vertex detector with 20 micron strips, totalling 50,000 channels of readout. This allows one to achieve 8-10 micron track spatial precision, and the large- $x$  condition boosts all interesting tracks to high momentum ( $> 30$  GeV) to minimize multiple Coulomb scattering errors. The computational trigger for E-781 is expected to give a charm enrichment factor at large  $x$  of at least 100.

The physics questions for a charm baryon study have to do with both production and decay mechanisms. In charm baryon decays, the charm quark may decay or interact through exchange mechanisms with the light quarks. The exchange mechanisms are not suppressed by helicity considerations as they are in meson decays. A rich spectrum of two-body resonances may dominate the final states. Do they? The discovery of resonance-dominance of charm meson final states was a surprise, and the study of decay modes in baryons is an important goal of E-781. Such a study requires good particle identification and also good photon detection. We have both. Comparison of non-leptonic and semi-leptonic modes is also important. The transition radiation detector in front of the Ring-

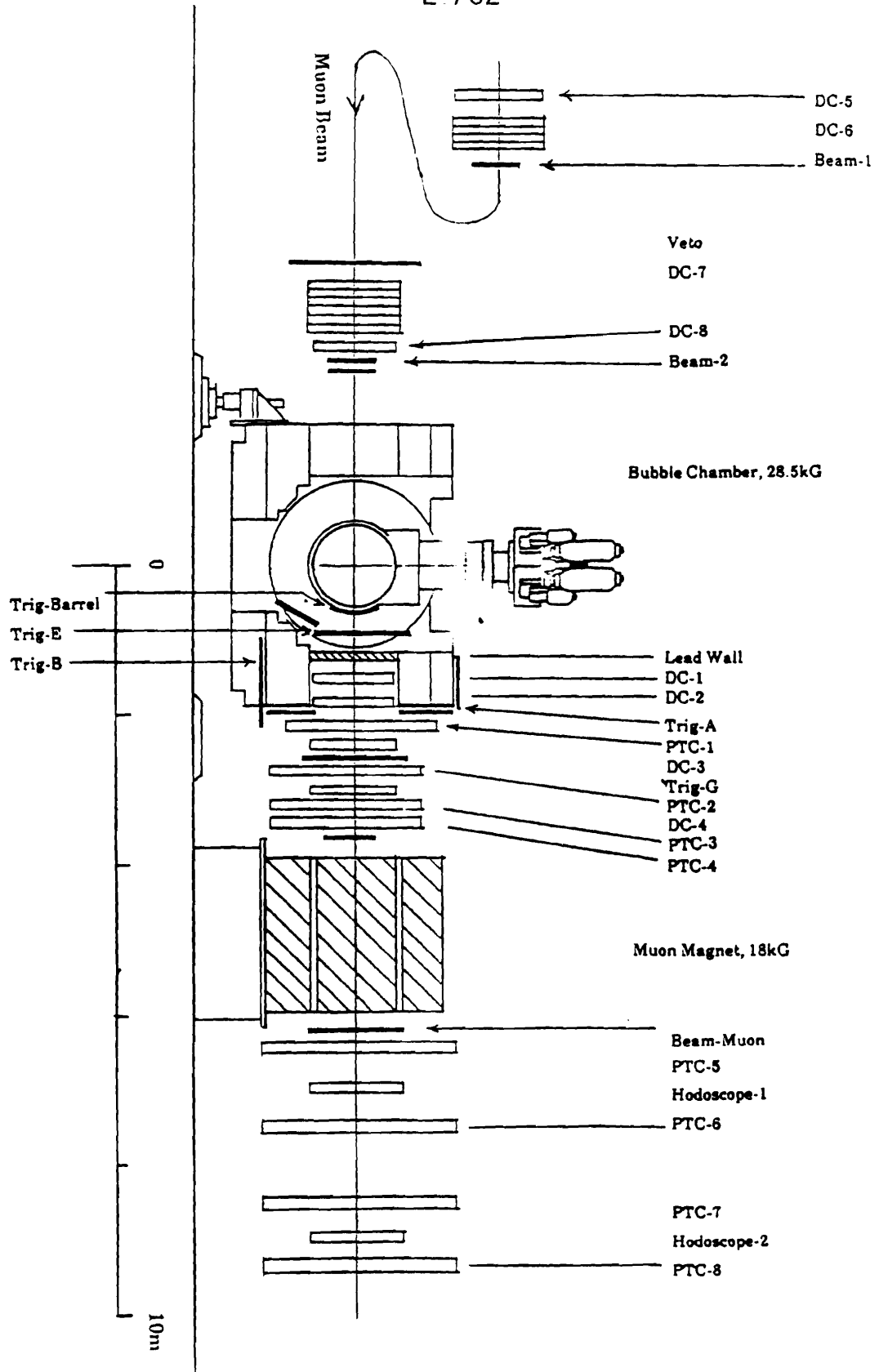
Imaging Cerenkov is a clean tag on electrons. From a theoretical point of view, understanding the ordering of the decay rates of the four different stable charm baryons will give useful insight into which of the several competing decay mechanisms dominates these states.

Strong interaction physics can be studied in the production of charm baryons. The observation of a  $p_t$ -dependent polarization in the production of strange baryons has led to a resurgence of interest in spin-effects at high energies. What happens with charm baryons? E-781 will measure polarizations. There is evidence for leading production of charm baryons from some experiments, but this is not universally observed. E-781 will do a detailed  $x$ -dependence measurement of charm baryon production from several different incident beams.

The physics potential of the experiment touches many little-known areas of heavy quark physics. The focus on baryons is especially appropriate for a hadron machine. The experiment asks for 1200 hours of data-taking time following 400 hours of setup. Initial tests were done in the 1990 fixed-target run.



E-782



## **E-782 (Kitagaki) Muon Exposure in the Tohoku High Resolution Bubble Chamber**

*Brown, Fermilab, IHEP/Beijing (PRC), MIT, ORNL,  
Sensyu (Japan), Sugiyama Jogakuin (Japan), Tennessee,  
Tohoku Gakuin (Japan), Tohoku (Japan)*

**Status: Data Analysis**

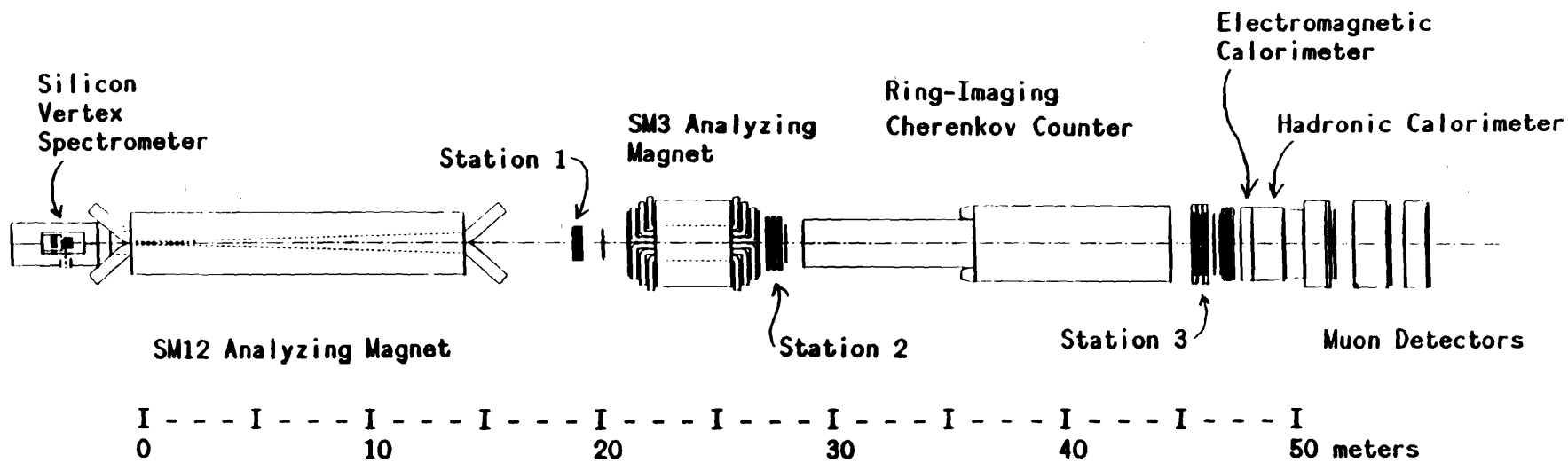
---

E-782 is a muon experiment using the Tohoku High-Resolution One-Meter Freon Bubble Chamber. A four-month run in 1990 yielded 330,000 usable pictures and 13,000 inelastic muon events ( $\nu > 4$  GeV,  $Q^2 > Q^2_{\min}$ , in a good fiducial volume).

Unique features of this experiment are to see vertices with high resolution optics and to take low  $Q^2$  data down to  $Q^2_{\min}$  with small systematic bias. Physics aims are:

1. Structure function in the low  $Q^2$  region down to  $Q^2 \sim 0.01$  GeV<sup>2</sup> with small systematic uncertainty.
2. Production of vector mesons, strange particles and charm particles in a wide range of  $Q^2$  down to  $Q^2 \sim 0.01$  GeV<sup>2</sup>.
3. Energy dependence of meson-baryon pair production in charm and strange channels.
4. Comparison of neutrino interactions and muon interactions in the same  $4\pi$  detector.
5. EMC effect. The new tagging method developed in E-745, using the nuclear debris, will be applied on the muon interactions.
6. Formation of hadrons.

Film analysis is well underway at Tohoku, Tohoku Gakuin, Sensyu and Tennessee. Approximately one-third of the film will be analyzed in 1990 and the first publication will occur in early 1992.



E789 SCHEMATIC (PLAN VIEW)



**E-789 (Kaplan / Peng) b-Quark Mesons and Baryons**

*Abilene Christian, Academia Sinica (Taiwan), Chicago,  
Fermilab, LANL, LBL, Northern Illinois, South Carolina*

<b>Status:</b> <i>Data Analysis</i>
-------------------------------------

E-789 aims to study charmless two-body two-prong decays of neutral b-quark hadrons. Sensitivity to inclusive beauty decays to  $J/\psi$  and to two-prong decays of charm will also be achieved. Charmless dihadronic beauty decays

$$B_d, B_s, \Lambda_b \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-, K^+K^-, p\bar{p}, \pi^\pm K^\mp, p\pi^-, \bar{p}\pi^+, pK^-, \bar{p}K^+$$

are of particular interest for several reasons: 1) Since they are sensitive to the Kobayashi-Maskawa matrix element for  $b \rightarrow u$  conversion, their observation (or non-observation) can help determine whether the Kobayashi-Maskawa (six-quark) approach to  $K^0$  CP-violation is valid; 2) They offer a possible avenue to the study of CP violation in the B system, since they are predicted to have relatively large CP-violating contributions; 3) The rate of  $b \rightarrow u$  conversion is highly uncertain at present: it could vary by an order of magnitude and still be consistent with the results of the CLEO group.

E-789 is an exploratory effort to address this physics using the existing MEast beamline and upgraded E-605/772 spectrometer. This spectrometer, shown in the accompanying figure, uses two large analysis magnets and twenty-three planes of scintillation-counter hodoscopes and wire chambers to measure charged-particle tracks passing above and below a central beam dump. Particles are identified by electromagnetic and hadronic calorimeters, muon detectors, and a ring-imaging Cherenkov counter. An array of silicon microstrip detectors pinpoints the vertices of two-prong beauty decays to  $< 1\text{mm}$  in  $z$ . Since the average decay distance for the decays accepted by the downstream spectrometer is 1.2 cm (for a  $1.3 \times 10^{-12}$  sec B lifetime), a vertex cut 0.7 cm downstream of the mm-long target will retain more than half of these decays while greatly suppressing the copious background of dihadrons produced in the target. This suppression, combined with the excellent predicted mass resolution of  $\sim 0.2\%$  at 5.3 GeV, will ensure adequate signal-to-background ratio for measurement of branching ratios as small as  $\sim 10^{-6}$ .

The E-605/772 spectrometer has demonstrated its suitability over several years for high-precision measurements at high luminosity and high counting rates. Such measurements require not only high-rate particle detectors but also high-rate data acquisition and sophisticated triggering capability. These are furnished by the Nevis Labs Data Transport and hardware trigger processor systems, which have been suitably upgraded for the beauty running. The upgraded data acquisition system is capable of recording  $\approx 50$  megabytes per beam spill on 8mm tape cassettes. The upgraded trigger processor reconstructs the decay vertex using information from the silicon microstrip detectors, providing on-line suppression of non-heavy-quark triggers by up to an order of magnitude.

The first physics run for E-789 took place in July 1991 - January 1992. The beam time was divided roughly equally between charm and beauty running (two months each). A total of  $\sim 1.5 \times 10^9$  events, collected over a total of  $\sim 8.0 \times 10^4$  beam spills, have been recorded on  $\sim 1300$  8mm tapes. Table I lists the various data sets from this run.

Table I. Summary of E-789 Data Sets

Data set	Quark studied	Spectrometer setting	Target material	Target dimensions $x \times y \times z$ (mm <sup>3</sup> )	Total live interactions
1	charm	1000A	Au	$50 \times 0.1 \times 0.8$	$4 \times 10^{11}$
2	charm	1000A	Be	$50 \times 0.1 \times 0.8$	$1 \times 10^{11}$
3	beauty	1500A	Au	$50 \times 0.2 \times 3$	$3 \times 10^{13}$
4	charm	900A	Au	$50 \times 0.15 \times 1.5$	$7 \times 10^{10}$
5	charm	900A	Be	$50 \times 0.15 \times 1.5$	$1 \times 10^{11}$
6	charm $\rightarrow$ dileptons	900A	Au	$50 \times 0.15 \times 1.5$	$4 \times 10^{11}$
7	charmonium	2400A	Cu	Beam dump	$2 \times 10^{13}$
8	charmonium	2400A	Be	$50 \times 100 \times 915$	$5 \times 10^{12}$

The charm running was crucial for tuning our newly installed silicon-strip detectors and vertex trigger processor. Furthermore, the nuclear dependence of D meson production, measured with gold and beryllium targets, should give valuable insight into the origin of the  $J/\psi$  A-dependence observed at the same beam energy in E-772. By use of our vertex-reconstructing trigger processor and upgraded data-recording system, we were able to take up to  $2 \times 10^{10}$  protons per pulse on the 800- $\mu$ m-long gold target (4 MHz interaction rate).

Our beauty data were collected at a spectrometer setting which simultaneously optimized sensitivity for  $B \rightarrow J/\psi$  and for  $B^0 \rightarrow$  dihadrons. We ran at a 50-MHz interaction rate, constrained by radiation limits at our trailer. The beauty data correspond to a total of  $3.0 \times 10^{13}$  interactions. Using standard assumptions for the size, shape, and A-dependence of the  $b\bar{b}$  cross section, this should provide some 100 reconstructible  $B \rightarrow J/\psi$  events. Assuming no dihadronic decays are observed after all cuts, the 90%-c.l. upper limit for each dihadronic  $B^0$  decay mode is estimated at  $1.0 \times 10^{-4}$  (and similar limits for  $B \rightarrow e^+e^-$ ,  $\mu^+\mu^-$ , and  $e\mu$ ).

In addition to the measurements discussed above, we have also measured the A-dependence of  $J/\psi$  production at very large  $x_F$  ( $0.3 < x_F < 1.0$ ). This was accomplished by detecting dimuons produced in the copper beam dump, as well as dimuons produced in a thick block of beryllium placed upstream of the beam dump. During the 1990 test run we had also taken data with three different targets to measure the A dependence of  $J/\psi$  production at  $x_F$  near 0. These data supplement the results at more forward  $x_F$  published by E-772.

The 900A data sets 4,5 have been analyzed for dihadron final states. Depending on how tight we make the vertex cuts, we see between 300 and 700  $D^0 \rightarrow K\pi$  events from each target, yielding measurements of the A-dependence exponent  $\alpha$  to a statistical precision of  $\pm 0.02$ . Our preliminary  $D^0$  production cross section and lifetime measurements are consistent with previous measurements.

An RMS mass resolution of  $\approx 5$  MeV is observed for the D meson peak. Data set 6 was obtained by prescaling the non-dilepton triggers to provide the maximum sensitivity for possible  $D^0 \rightarrow$  dilepton decays. The 90%-c.l. upper limits for  $D^0 \rightarrow$  dileptons should be  $\approx 0.5 \times 10^{-5}$  each for  $e^+e^-$ ,  $\mu^+\mu^-$ , and  $e\mu$ .

Preliminary results from an analysis of  $\approx 15\%$  of the 1500A dimuon sample were presented<sup>19</sup> at the Dallas ICHEP meeting. Of 15,000  $J/\psi$  and 300  $\psi'$  decays observed, six  $J/\psi$  have decay vertices located at least 7 mm downstream of the target. These  $J/\psi$  events are consistent with originating from the  $B \rightarrow J/\psi X$  inclusive decays. Analysis of the dielectron and dihadron data samples are underway.

E-789 has been the subject of several talks and papers<sup>1-24</sup>. Two M. S. theses<sup>9,14</sup> and one Ph.D dissertation<sup>23</sup> on E-789 have been completed.

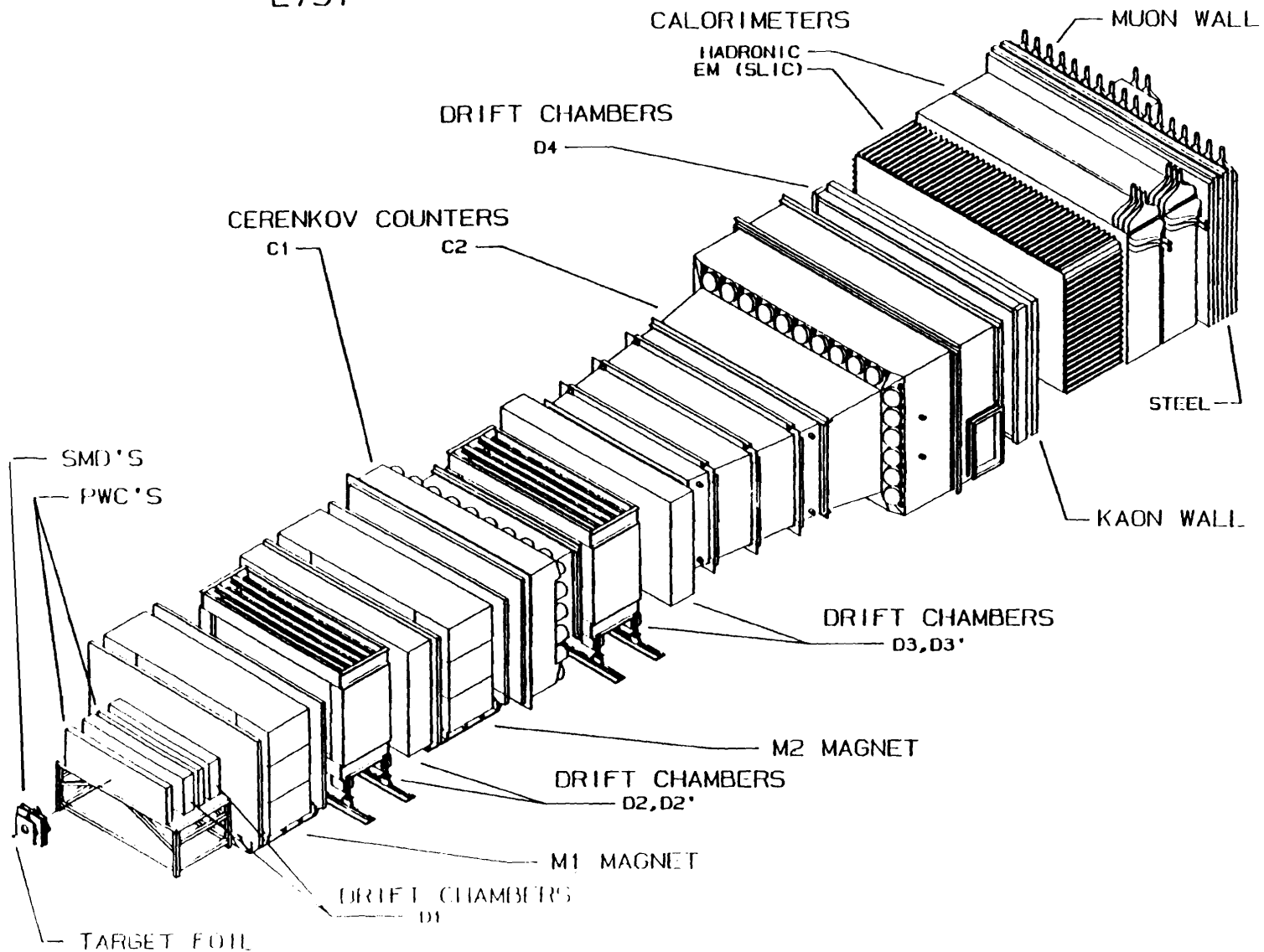
## REFERENCES

1. D. M. Kaplan, J. C. Peng, G. S. Abrams and I. E. Stockdale, Backgrounds to the Detection of Two-Body Hadronic B Decays, Proceedings of the Workshop on High Sensitivity Beauty Physics at Fermilab, 301 (1987).
2. J. C. Peng et al., Feasibility of Detecting  $B \rightarrow h^+h^-$  in a Fixed-Target Experiment, Proceedings of the International Conference on Medium and High Energy Physics, May, 1988, Taipei, Taiwan, World Scientific, New Jersey, 449 (1989).
3. D. M. Kaplan, Prospects for High-Luminosity Rare B-Decay Experiments, Fermilab Publication FN-526 (1989).
4. D. M. Alde, Prospects for B Physics on Fermilab Experiment E-789, Proceedings of HADRON 89, International Conference on Hadron Spectroscopy, Ajaccio, France, September, 1989, Edition Frontieres, p 529.
5. C. S. Mishra et al., Performance of a Silicon Microstrip Detector in a High Radiation Environment, FERMILAB-Conf-90/107, Proceedings of the 15th APS Division of Particles and Fields General Meeting (DPF90), Houston, January, 1990.
6. C. S. Mishra, et al., Dilepton and Dihadron Production in Proton-Nucleus Collisions at 800 GeV, FERMILAB-Conf-90/100-E, Proceedings of the XXVth Rencontres de Moriond, High Energy Hadronic Interactions, Les Arcs, March, 1990.
7. J. S. Kapustinsky et al., Operation of Silicon Microstrip Detectors in a High Radiation Environment, FERMILAB- Conf-90/214-E, Proceedings of the Symposium on Detector Research and Development for the SSC, Fort Worth, October, 1990.
8. D. M. Kaplan, Issues for High-Luminosity Fixed-Target Rare-B-Decay Experiments, FERMILAB-Conf-90/257E, Proceedings of the 1990 Snowmass Summer Study.

9. C. Lee, A Parallel Pipelined Dataflow Trigger Processor, M.S. thesis, Northern Illinois University (Electrical Engineering Department), December, 1990.
10. C. Lee et al., A Parallel Pipelined Dataflow Trigger Processor, IEEE Trans. Nucl. Sci. **38**, 461 (1991).
11. G. Charpak, I. Giomataris, and L. M. Lederman, A Trigger for Beauty, Nucl. Instr. Meth. **A306**, 439 (1991).
12. D. M. Kaplan, Fixed-Target Study of Low-Multiplicity Decays of Charm and Beauty, presented at Future Directions in B Physics, The Ohio State University, Columbus, Ohio, May, 1991.
13. M. J. Leitch et al., Nuclear Effects on Heavy Quark Production, Results from Fermilab Experiments E-772 and E-789, Nucl. Physics. **A544**, 197c (1992).
14. J. Sa, A Parallel Processor for a Fermilab Heavy-Quark Experiment, M.S. thesis, Northern Illinois University (Physics Department), December, 1991.
15. B. Turko et al., A Multichannel Discriminator System for Silicon Strip Detector Readout, IEEE Trans. Nucl. Sci. **39**, 758 (1992).
16. M. Kowitt et al., Preliminary Results from E-789, Proceedings of the XXVIIth Rencontres de Moriond, March, 1992.
17. J.S. Kapustinsky et al., Radiation Damage Effects on the Silicon Microstrip Detector in E-789 - A Fixed Target Experiment at Fermilab, Proceedings of the International Conference on Advanced Technology and Particle Physics, Como, Italy, 1992.
18. D. M. Kaplan, Fermilab Experiment 789: Two-Prong Decays of Charm and Beauty, Topical Seminar on The Standard Model and Just Beyond, San Miniato, Italy, June, 1992.
19. J. C. Peng et al., Preliminary Results from Fermilab E-789, Proceedings of the International Conference on High Energy Physics, Dallas, 1992.
20. M. H. Schub, First Results from Fermilab Experiment 789, APS DPF Meeting, Fermilab, November, 1992.
21. W. Luebke, Test of Principle of an Optical Trigger for Beauty, APS DPF Meeting, Fermilab, November, 1992.
22. J. C. Peng, Results of B-Meson Production from Fermilab E-789, Proceedings of the International Workshop on B-Factories, Tsukuba, Japan, 1992.
23. M. S. Kowitt, Hadronic Production of  $J/\psi$  at Large  $X_F$  in 800 GeV p+Cu and p+Be Collisions, Ph. D. thesis, University of California at Berkeley, December, 1992.
24. D. M. Kaplan et al., Test of Principle of an Optical Trigger for Beauty, FERMILAB-Pub-93/002, submitted to Nucl. Instr. & Meth., January 1993.



# TAGGED PHOTON SPECTROMETER E791



**E-791 (Appel / Purohit) Hadroproduction of Charm and Beauty**

*UC/Santa Cruz, CBPF (Brazil), Cincinnati, CINVESTAV (Mexico),  
Fermilab, IIT, Mississippi, Ohio State, Princeton, Rio de Janeiro (Brazil),  
Sao José do Rio Preto (Brazil), Tel Aviv (Israel), Tufts, Wisconsin, Yale*

<b>Status: Data Analysis</b>
------------------------------

E-791 has broken new ground in charm and beauty physics. Located in the Tagged Photon Laboratory it has a 500 GeV/c  $\pi^-$  beam incident on a foil target. Charm and beauty events are selected by a high- $E_T$  trigger made possible by the segmented nature of the electromagnetic and hadronic calorimeters. The detector has twenty-three planes of high-resolution silicon strip devices followed by thirty-seven planes of drift-chambers and PWC's. Two Cerenkov detectors and a muon wall are used with the calorimeters to identify particle types. The experiment took data in the 1991 fixed-target run and wrote to tape over 20 billion events. Extrapolating from a preliminary analysis of a few percent of this data, we know that about 200,000 charm decays will be fully reconstructed ( $20 \times$  E-691's sample of 10,000 fully reconstructed charm decays). It should be possible to reconstruct a couple of hundreds of beauty decays partially and a few B decays fully.

While several features of charm decays are now understood (the pattern of lifetimes, the small contributions from exchange, annihilation and color-suppressed diagrams) there remain several open questions. These include the degree to which two-body decays dominate, the role of final state interactions and, of course, the pattern of lifetimes of the charm-strange baryons. E-791, being a very high statistics as well as open geometry experiment, is ideal for observing rare branching ratios into fully charged modes and has good background rejection for  $\gamma$  and  $\pi^0$  modes.

Semileptonic and leptonic modes of charm particle decay are of particular interest because they probe the weak charm decay vertex without the complications of final-state interactions. E-691 had marginal sensitivity to  $\pi e \nu$  and  $\phi e \nu$  decays and E-791 will have important results there. Branching ratio measurements for even the copious modes are currently at the 10% level and will be improved. E-791 has good sensitivity to  $D_s^+$  and  $\Lambda_c^+$  semileptonic decays, will measure form-factors and polarization effects in these decays and will search for purely leptonic decays such as  $D_s^+ \rightarrow \tau^+ \nu_\tau$  and  $D^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu_\mu$ .

$D^0$ - $\bar{D}^0$  mixing is predicted to be unobservably small in the Standard Model, but Wolfenstein has shown the standard quark-box-diagram calculations to be unreliable and predicts that mixing could be as large as 0.5%. This is the current level at which it is ruled out; hence E-791's factor-of-twenty increase in statistics explores an interesting new region. The higher statistics will also allow precision studies of charm hadroproduction. The experiment's sample of partially reconstructed B mesons should be sufficient to extract the total  $b\bar{b}$  production cross-section.

E-791 is simultaneously exploring challenging new technologies. The vast number of reconstructed events was made possible by fast front-end electronics ( $<40 \mu\text{s}$  readout times), fast data acquisition and high-speed writing to 8 mm tape (10 Mbyte/sec). The second phase of the experiment emphasizing B physics has been given a new proposal number, P-829.

Nine Ph.D. students gained hardware and running experience on E-791, but have completed or are working on physics analyses based on E-691 or E-769 data. All more recent Ph.D. students, eighteen as of this writing, have both their hardware and analysis experience with E-791. The first Ph.D. thesis based on E-791 data is anticipated for the coming year.





\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

**E-793 (Lord) Emulsion Exposure to Protons of Energies Close to 1000 GeV**

*Kazakh State / Alma-Ata (Kazakhstan), Washington Nat. Phil. Inst., Washington*

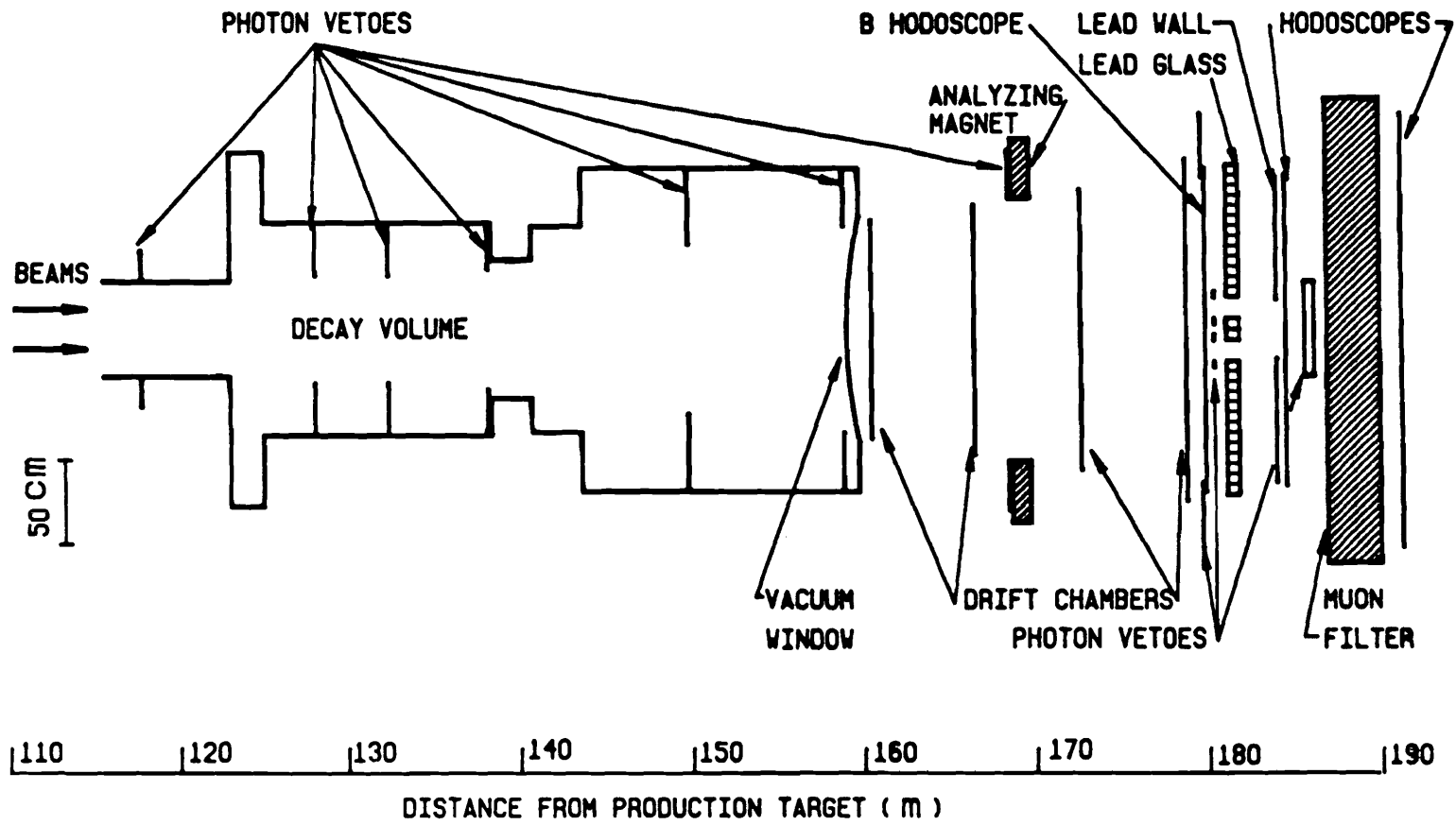
**Status: No Data Yet**

---

---

It is proposed to carry out an experiment in which protons of energies close to 1,000 GeV bombard emulsion nuclei and 10 micrometer diameter tungsten targets. The objective will be to determine if the quark-gluon phase of matter can be produced in proton collisions. Collisions with very small tungsten targets will make it possible to observe the possible decay of the quark-gluon matter for times of the order of  $10^{-14}$  seconds. Central collisions will be examined but also detailed studies will be made of diffractive collisions with tungsten. There is some evidence that diffractive collisions might be important in the production of quark-gluon states.

E-799



**E-799 (Wah / Yamanaka) A Search for the Rare Decay  $K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 l^+ l^-$** 

*UCLA, Chicago, Colorado, Elmhurst, Fermilab, Illinois, Osaka (Japan), Rutgers*

**Status:** *Phase I - Data Analysis  
Phase II - No Data Yet*

E-799 was proposed to be executed in two phases. Phase I (E-799I) finished data-taking early in 1992 and Phase II (E-799II) will be performed during the next fixed-target run in the mid-90s. E-799 focuses upon rare decays, particularly  $K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 l^+ l^-$  (where  $l$  could be electron, muon, or neutrino) that could have large direct CP violating amplitudes.

E-799I took data in the last Fermilab fixed-target running period from October 1991 until January 1992 using the high intensity MC beamline. About 1000 video cassettes (1 terabyte; 500 million triggers) of data were collected. The data collected has sensitivities approaching  $10^{-10}$  for a variety of rare decays. The important decay modes to be studied are  $K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 ee$ ,  $\pi^0 \mu\mu$ ,  $\pi^0 \nu\nu$  (all three have dominant direct CP-violating amplitudes);  $K_L \rightarrow \mu\mu\gamma$ ,  $eeee$ ,  $\mu\mu ee$ ,  $\pi^+ \pi^- ee$  (Dalitz and related form factor study);  $\pi^0 \rightarrow ee\gamma$ ,  $\pi^0 \rightarrow eeee$  ( $\pi^0$  Dalitz and related form factor study);  $\pi^0 \mu e$ ,  $\pi^0 \rightarrow \mu e$  (lepton number violation); and a few others such as  $K_L \rightarrow ee\gamma\gamma$  which is very important for background understanding for  $K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 ee$ .

We are able to cleanly measure the  $\pi^0 \rightarrow ee$  branching ratio, using the very clean and copious  $K \rightarrow 3\pi^0$  decays. QED calculation predicts a branching ratio of  $4.8 \times 10^{-8}$ . Model-dependent calculations that include terms from off-shell photons typically yield a branching ratio between  $(6-7) \times 10^{-8}$ . Experimentally, this decay has presented some significant challenges, and with controversial results. Measurements in the late '70s suggest that the branching ratio is well above the unitarity limit and Standard Model predictions. However, a recent experiment from the SINDRUM collaboration has placed an upper limit of  $1.3 \times 10^{-7}$  at 90% confidence, apparently contradicting earlier results. In E-799I data, we observed a reconstructed mass peak of nine events with small background and determined the branching ratio to be  $(7.8 \pm 3.4) \times 10^{-8}$ .

The table below summarizes some results presented at the APS DPF92 meeting:

Decay Mode	Evts seen bef E-799	E-799I	E-799I results
$\pi^0 \rightarrow ee$	(contentious)	9	$(7.8 \pm 3.4) \times 10^{-8}$
$K_L \rightarrow eeee$	2	28	$(4.5 \pm 1.2) \times 10^{-8}$
$K_L \rightarrow \mu\mu\gamma$	1	160	$(3.88 \pm .32) \times 10^{-7}$
$K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \mu\mu$	$br < 2.5 \times 10^{-6}$	-	$br < 2. \times 10^{-8}$

It should be noted that the open geometry of the E-799 detector, the high acceptances for multi-body final states, and the high energy of the decaying kaons, leads to unprecedented sensitivities to numerous rare and not so rare kaon

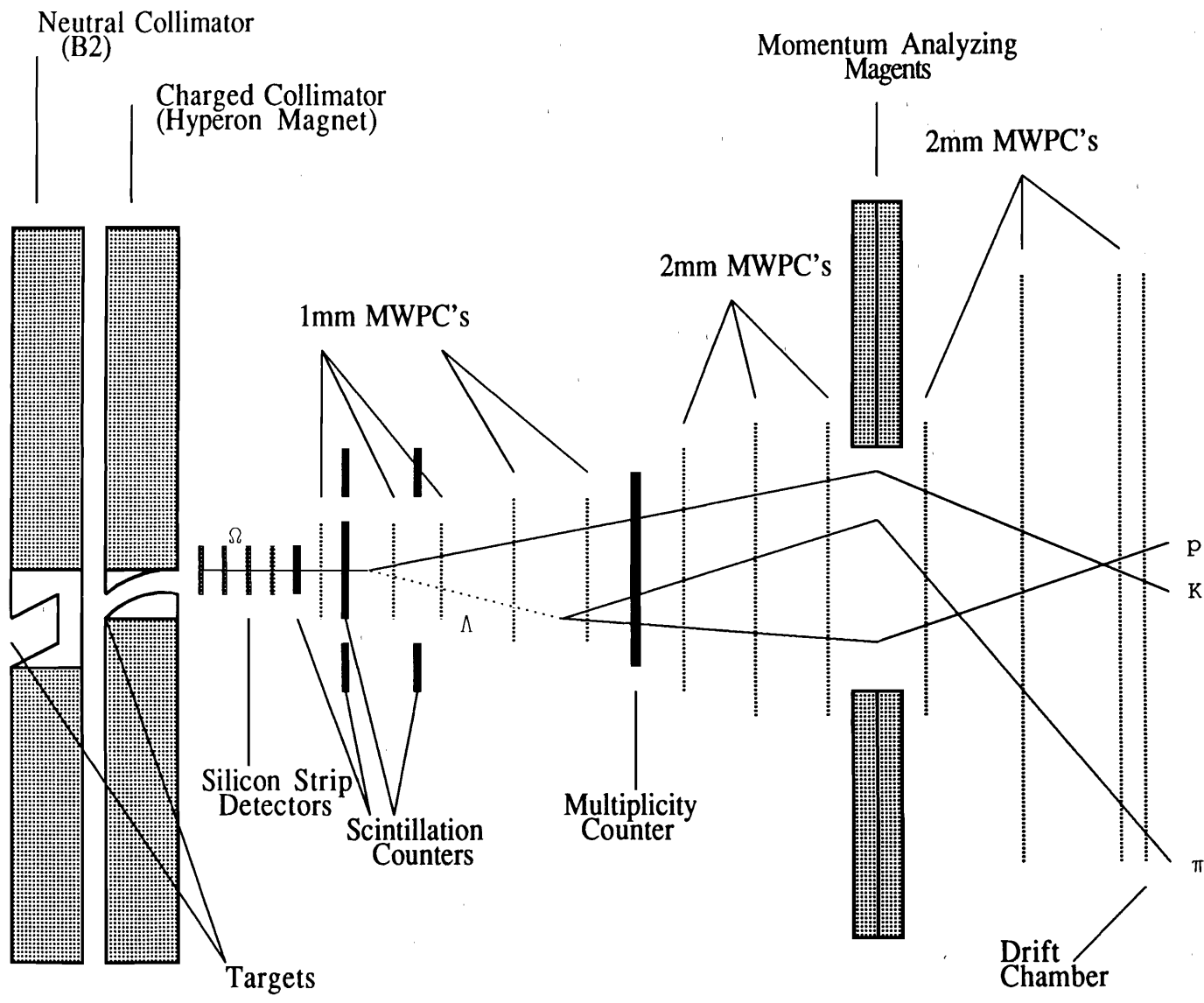
and neutral pion decays. We are expecting many new physics results from the E-799I data.

### R&D and preparation for KTeV: E-799II

We will be using the same technique with a substantially improved detector and new beamline to reach a sensitivity for 4-body decays of  $10^{-12}$ . The most important detector upgrade will be the electromagnetic calorimeter. We have studied both BaF<sub>2</sub> and pure CsI and have selected the CsI option. The same detector will be used for  $2\pi \epsilon'/\epsilon$  studies (E-832). This program is nicknamed 'KTeV' and was approved in February 1992. A comprehensive design report on the KTeV program was produced in April 1992 outlining the physics goals, the beam, the siting, and the detector in much detail. This KTeV report also describes the full details of the calorimeter material tests and thus its justification for various parameters.

Currently no definite beamline nor experimental site has been selected. The R&D and building of the detector apparatus efforts, however, have not been slowed down. We have decided to use the "digital photomultiplier" for the calorimeter after many studies and tests with the prototypes. Other major detector elements include a very hermetic scintillation fiber photon veto, a multi-module Transition Radiation Detector for independent pion/electron identification, and a very high speed, high throughput data acquisition system.





Plan View of E800 Spectrometer (not to scale)



## **E-800 (Johns / Rameika) High Precision Measurement of the Omega Minus Magnetic Moment**

*Arizona, Depauw, Fermilab, Michigan, Minnesota*

**Status: Data Analysis**

---

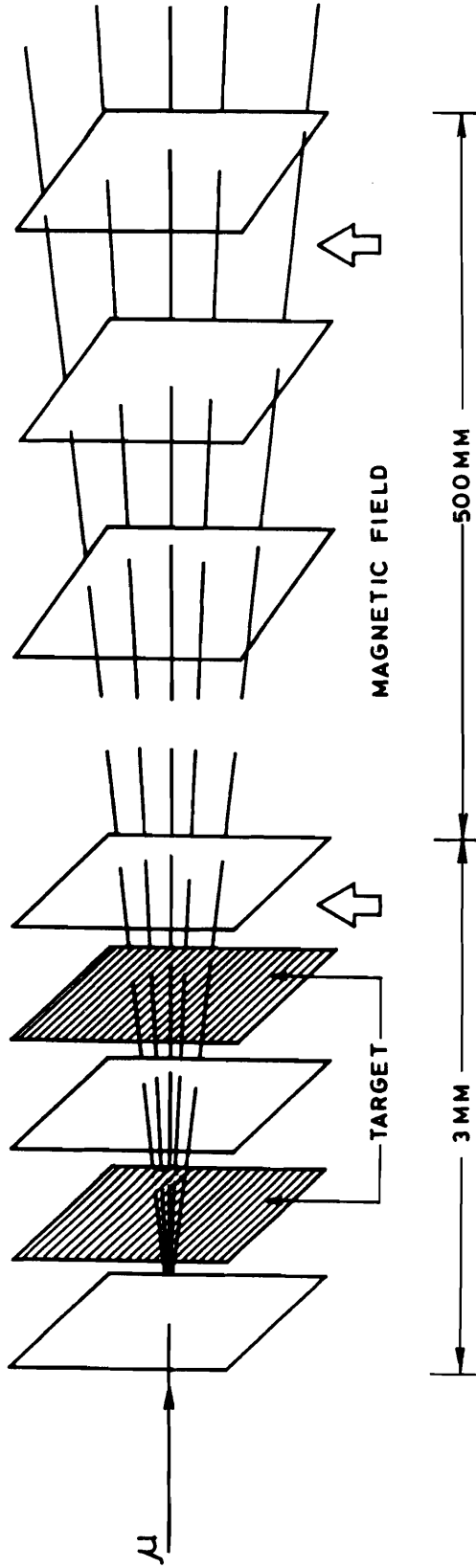
---

The goal of E-800 is to measure the magnetic moment of the  $\Omega^-$  to 0.04 nuclear magnetons or better. A new technique (neutral production) which uses an unpolarized neutral beam is used to produce polarized omegas. By virtue of the omega's simple quark structure, a precise measurement of the omega moment will provide valuable input to models of how quarks combine into hadrons. Measurements of the polarization of  $\Omega$ 's and  $\Xi^-$ 's using both unpolarized and polarized neutral hyperon beams should help explore the mechanism of inclusive hyperon polarization, a longstanding puzzle in high energy physics.

E-800 completed a successful fixed-target run from July, 1991 until January, 1992. In the neutral production mode, we collected a total of 200,000  $\Omega$ 's and 24 million  $\Xi^-$ 's. At a lower hyperon precession magnet B field, we collected 90,000  $\Omega$ 's and 11 million  $\Xi^-$ 's. E-756 produced polarized  $\Omega$ 's using a polarized neutral beam (spin transfer mode) and in this mode we collected 40,000  $\Omega$ 's and 4 million  $\Xi^-$ 's.

A preliminary analysis of the  $\Omega$  and  $\Xi^-$  polarizations from neutral production and spin transfer modes has been completed using approximately 40% of the  $\Omega$  data and 5% of the  $\Xi^-$  data. We find good agreement with E-756 in the  $\Omega$  and  $\Xi^-$  polarizations from the spin transfer mode. We discovered that  $\Omega$ 's produced from an unpolarized neutral beam are polarized with approximately the same magnitude as from spin transfer (about 6%) but in the opposite direction. We also found that  $\Omega$ 's are produced at five times the rate compared with the spin transfer mode. Using the sample of polarized  $\Omega$ 's from the neutral production mode we obtain a preliminary  $\Omega$  magnetic moment of  $-2.1 \pm 0.1$ . We also discovered that  $\Xi^-$ 's produced by an unpolarized neutral beam are unpolarized, a fact not easily understood in terms of standard polarization models. Preliminary E-800 results were presented at the XXVI International Conference on High Energy Physics in Dallas, the 10th International Spin Symposium in Nagoya, Japan and the DPF meeting at Fermilab. We expect to complete a final pass reconstruction run this winter and publish final magnetic moment and polarization results in the Spring of 1993. Other physics being pursued on E-800 include a precision measurement of the decay asymmetry and dibaryon searches.

E-802



EXPERIMENTAL SET - UP (NOT TO SCALE)

**E-802 (Chatterjee / Ghosh) Deep Inelastic Muon Interactions  
with Nuclear Targets and an Emulsion Telescope**

*Fermilab, Jadaupur (India)*

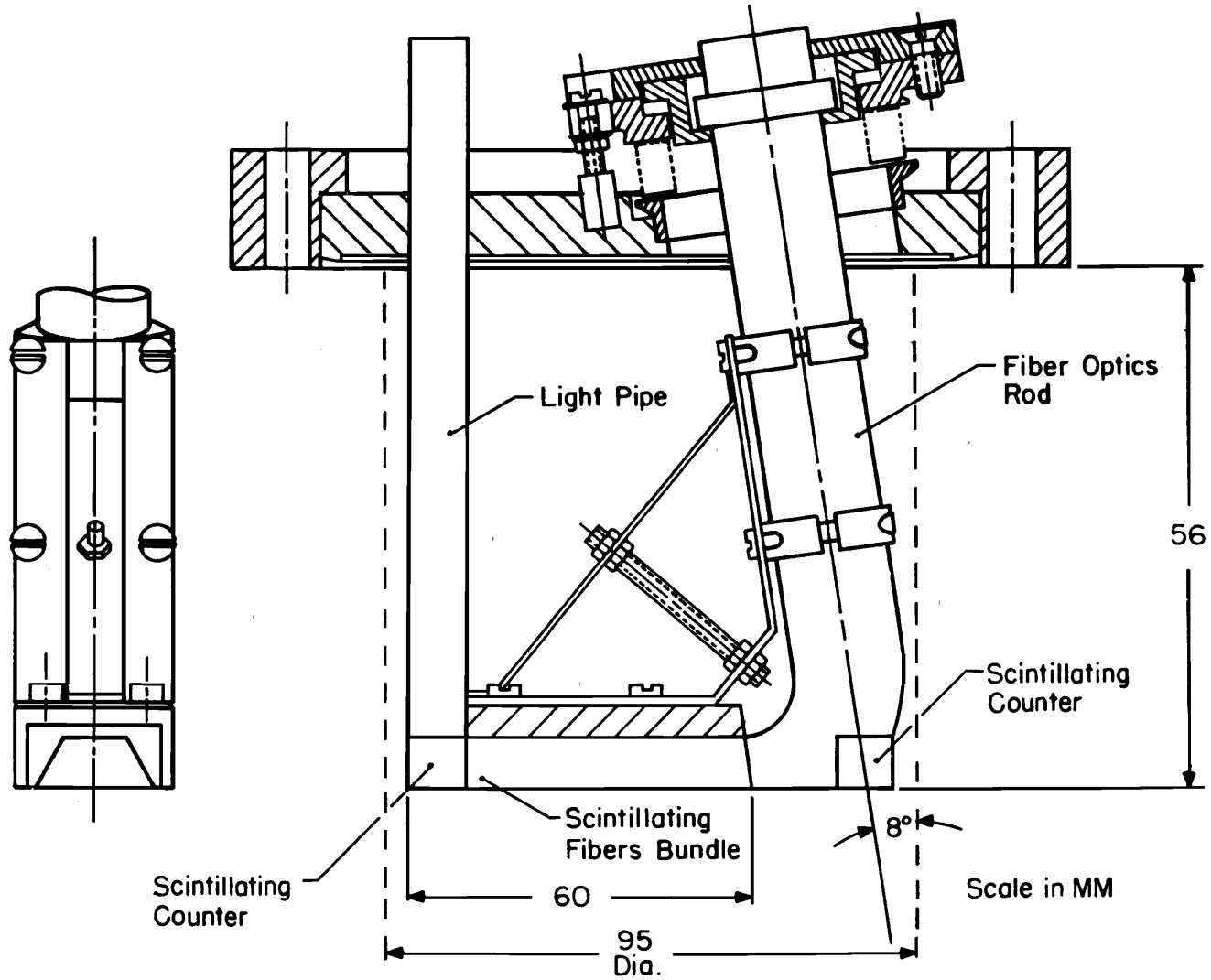
**Status: Data Analysis**

---

E-802 is an emulsion experiment, the objectives of which are to study muon interactions in the deep inelastic region to obtain new information on the EMC effect and deep inelastic structure functions of different specific targets.

A 420 GeV muon beam was incident on the 13 cm<sup>2</sup> emulsion stack; the stack was exposed to a total of  $1.1 \times 10^7$  muons, with a maximum density of  $10^6$  muons/cm<sup>2</sup>.

E-811



**E-811 (Orear) Physics at E0 for Collider Run Ib***CERN, Cornell, Fermilab, Lebedev (Russia), World Lab (Switzerland)***Status: No Data Yet**

---

---

The goals are two-fold: (1) to get new, accurate values of the rho value (ratio of real to imaginary part of the forward scattering amplitude) and total cross section at the full collider energy, and (2) to test out a new detector scheme designed to do the same thing at the SSC. These new detectors are designed to measure very small angle elastic scatterings within a millimeter or two of the beam. They consist of bundles of 100 micron scintillating fibers lined up parallel to the beam and remotely adjustable in position. Light generated in a fiber is led outside the vacuum tank by glass fiber optics undergoing a 90 degree bend to a series of two image intensifiers. The image on the final phosphor is registered on a CCD and dumped onto data tape after an appropriate trigger. The voltage signal on the final phosphor allows it to behave as the anode of a photomultiplier tube and can be used as part of the trigger. This new detector has been tested in a 10 GeV pion beam at CERN and found to be 100% efficient with zero background, both for the CCD image and the fast pulse obtained from the anode. Such a detector is equivalent to a bundle of 15,000 independently readable scintillation counters, each with 100% efficiency, with zero noise, no cracks, and position resolution in both dimensions of about 30 microns.

Four such detectors will be installed at the same far positions used by E-710, during the shutdown between Runs Ia and Ib. In E-710 the detectors were able to get within 2.2 mm of the beam without running into too much background. Analysis of simulated data has shown that if these new detectors can take data down to 2.5 mm of the beam that the rho value can be obtained to an accuracy of 0.017 and the total cross section to 1 mb. This is based on a sample obtained by running for 10 hours at 10 events per second. Most of the running will be in the parasitic mode, but we are planning for a total of one week of dedicated running near the end of Run Ib.

E-815

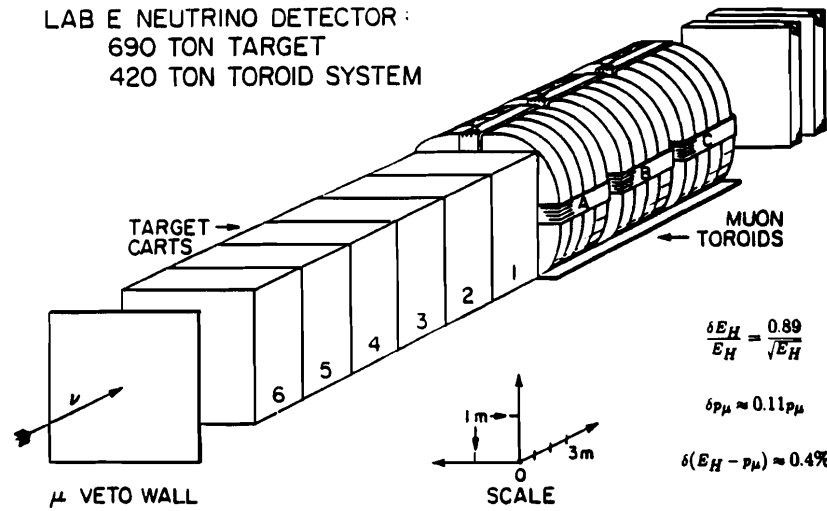
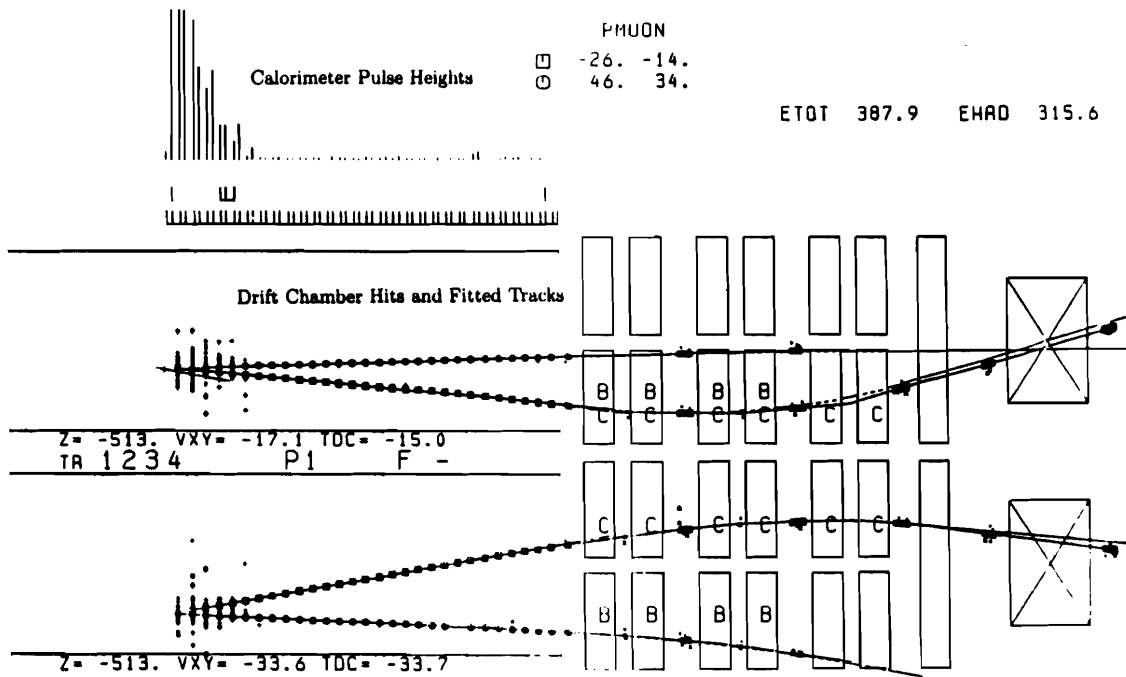


Fig. 1. The Lab E (CCFR) neutrino detector. The target calorimeter consists of six independently movable target carts, numbered 1 through 6 as indicated. The muon spectrometer consists of three toroidal magnet units (A, B and C), and a pair of drift chamber stations at the far downstream end.



## **E-815 (Shaevitz) Precision Measurements of Neutrino Neutral Current Interactions Using a Sign-Selected Beam**

*Adelphi, UC/Irvine, Cincinnati, Columbia,  
Fermilab, Harvard, MIT, Oregon, Rochester*

<b>Status: No Data Yet</b>
----------------------------

A major physics goal of the 1990's will be precision tests of the electroweak sector of the Standard Model. Our understanding of this subject is such that the measurables in  $e^+e^-$  collisions at the  $Z^0$  pole, the hadron collider results, and deep inelastic neutrino-nucleon neutral and charged current scattering should all agree. A central issue is the role of the top quark, which in the Standard Model enters in the propagator and vertex electroweak corrections for all processes beyond the tree level. Given the comprehensive foundation of the Model, precise experimental data will incisively confront the theory.

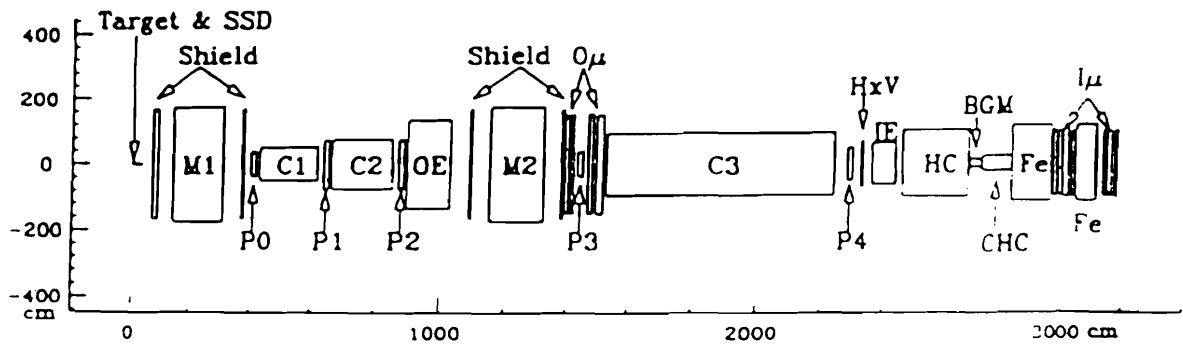
Our experiment will exploit the full power of the high energy and intensity of the Tevatron neutrino beam to significantly improve the precision of the electroweak parameters determined in deep-inelastic neutrino-nucleon scattering. With a sign-selected neutrino beam, neutrino and antineutrino interactions can be separately measured and important systematic errors can be controlled.

The objectives of Phase I of our program are: (1) measurement of  $\sin^2\theta_w$  with an expected error of  $\delta(\sin^2\theta_w) = \pm 0.0029$  (statistical and systematic errors combined), and (2) determination of  $\rho$  to a level of  $\pm 0.0049$  (statistical and systematic errors combined).

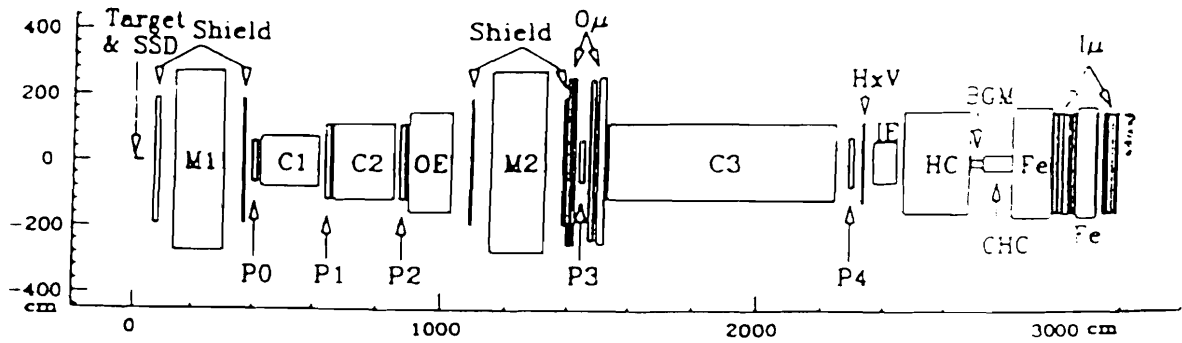
This level of precision on the electroweak parameters can be quantified by the restrictions imposed on the top quark mass, where we find  $\delta m_t = \pm 30 \text{ GeV}/c^2$ . These limits will always be complementary to the determinations at electron and hadron colliders given the entirely different channels probed in deep-inelastic neutrino-nucleon scattering.

The proposed Phase I program can be conducted with modest expense to Fermilab. The chief costs are the construction of the new sign-selected neutrino beam and the recommissioning of the Lab E neutrino detector. We view Phase I of this effort as the initial stage of a comprehensive program of neutrino physics at Fermilab in the 1990's. The Phase II program will extend the electroweak physics measurements and will probe QCD at a new level of precision.

E-831



Top View



Side View



**E-831 (Cumalat) A High Statistics Study of States Containing Heavy Quarks Using the Wideband Photon Beam and the E-687 Multiparticle Spectrometer**

*UC/Davis, Colorado, Fermilab, INFN/Frascati (Italy), Illinois/Champaign, Korea (Korea), Lebedev (Russia), INFN/Milano (Italy), Milano (Italy), North Carolina, Northern Kentucky, Northwestern, Notre Dame, INFN/Pavia (Italy), Pavia (Italy), Puerto Rico, South Carolina, Tennessee, Vanderbilt*

**Status: No Data Yet**

The spectrometer used in Fermilab Experiment 687 to study the photoproduction and decay of charmed particles will be upgraded to enable it to accumulate  $10^6$  fully reconstructed charm particles. The physics will involve high precision studies of the D semileptonic decays, QCD studies of Double D events, a measurement of the absolute branching fraction for the  $D^0$ , searches for  $D^0$  mixing, CP violation, rare and forbidden decays, fully leptonic decays of the  $D^+$  and a systematic investigation of charm baryons and their lifetimes. The estimates of charm yields are based on reasonable extrapolations from channels we have already studied in E-687.

The increased yield of charm will be obtained by (1) running at over five times the average luminosity of E-687 and (2) increasing the efficiency of the detector by a factor of two. The increased luminosity will be achieved by lowering the beam energy to 250 GeV, using the positron arm of the beam, running at higher average proton intensity, and (hopefully) employing 900 GeV incident protons. Additional gains can come from using a thicker radiator and/or a thicker target.

The detector must be upgraded to handle the increased luminosity. Major changes are:

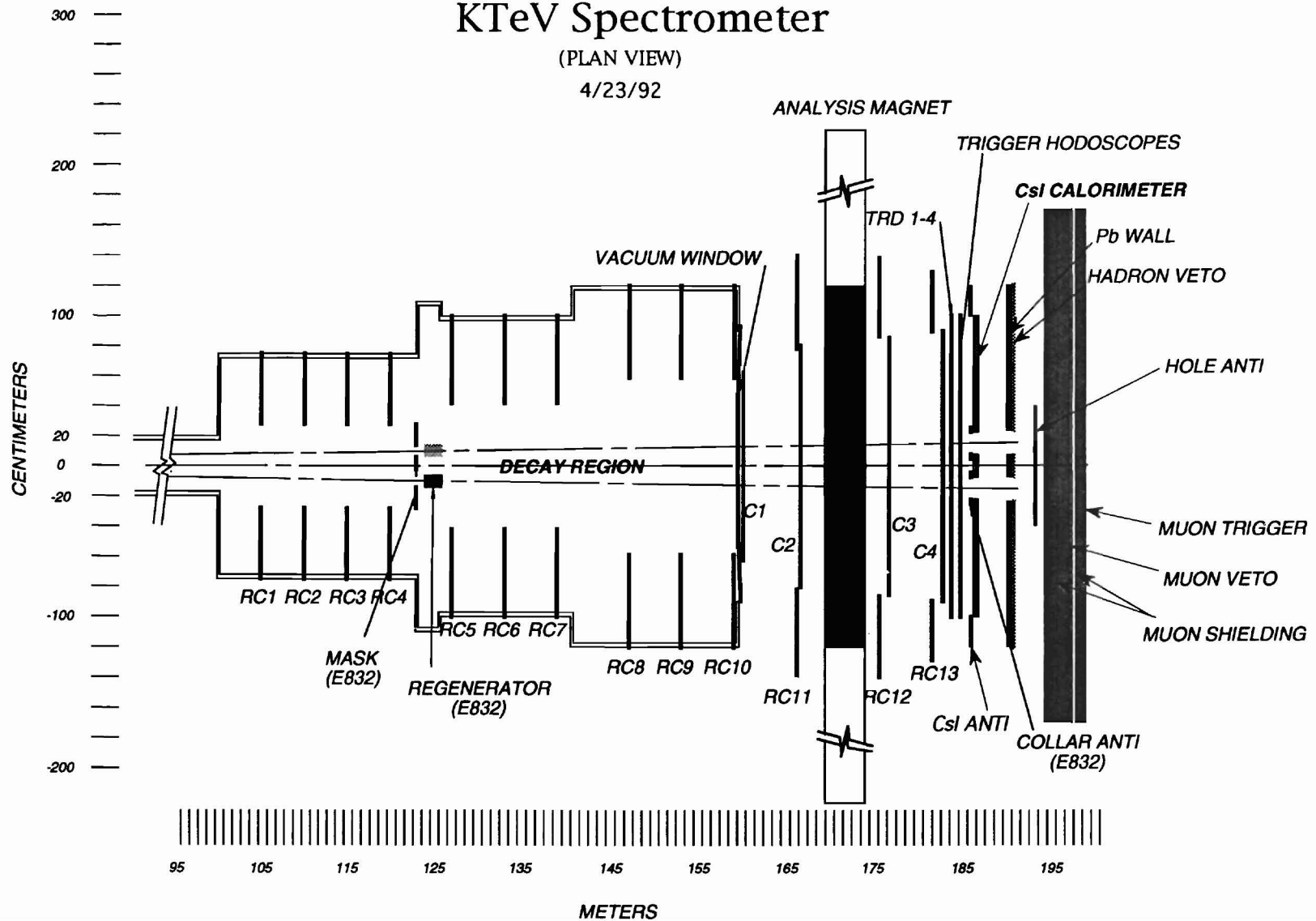
1. Speeding up the hadron calorimeter and using it in the First Level Trigger to reduce deadtime;
2. Improving the response time of the vertex microstrip detector;
3. Deadening the PWCs in the beam region and adding straw tube planes to cover the deadened regions. The straw tubes will, in fact, cover the whole aperture, thereby improving tracking over the entire spectrometer;
4. Speeding up the front end electronics by a factor of ten;
5. Speeding up the data acquisition system; and
6. Improving the Second Level Trigger.

Additional changes will be made to the muon system, the Cerenkov system, and the electromagnetic calorimeters. The photon energy tagging represents a very difficult problem, but is necessary for the study of production dynamics.

# KTeV Spectrometer

(PLAN VIEW)

4/23/92



## E-832 (Hsiung / Winstein) A New Tevatron Search for Direct CP Violation in the $2\pi$ Decays of the Neutral Kaon

*UCLA, Chicago, Colorado, Elmhurst, Fermilab,  
Illinois, Osaka (Japan), Rice, Rutgers*

**Status:** *No Data Yet*

The goal of this new experiment is a measurement of the ratio of the CP violation parameters,  $\epsilon'/\epsilon$ , in the  $K^0\bar{K}^0$  system to a precision of  $1.0 \times 10^{-4}$ , to search for direct CP violation phenomenon in the neutral kaon system at the Fermilab Tevatron. This is a factor of seven improvement in precision over the previous Fermilab experiment E-731 and the CERN experiment NA31.

So far the only manifestations of CP violation are a result of a lack of symmetry in the rate of particle-antiparticle transitions in the  $\Delta S = \pm 2$  processes  $K^0 \leftrightarrow \bar{K}^0$ . This experiment addresses the issue as to whether the CP violation is confined to a  $\Delta S = 2$  interaction (the superweak model) or has a  $\Delta S = 1$  component, as naturally arises in the standard six-quark model (Cabbibo-Kobayashi-Maskawa). Although there is considerable uncertainty in the predictions for the size of  $\epsilon'/\epsilon$  in the standard model, this measurement would severely constrain the models and, if non-zero but small ( $< 10^{-3}$ ), would give an important new "handle" on the phenomenon of CP violation, even were the "top" found in the current Tevatron Collider run.

The experiment makes use of a double-beam technique, essentially the same as E-731, whereby both  $K_L$  and  $K_S$  decays are studied simultaneously: a totally active regenerator is placed in one of the beams to provide a  $K_S$  component with very small background and the regenerator is alternated from beam to beam to reduce the effects of any beam and detector asymmetries. The goal of the experiment is to collect  $6 \times 10^6$   $K_L \rightarrow 2\pi^0$  events along with  $1.2 \times 10^7$   $K_S \rightarrow 2\pi^0$  "normalizing" events, and at the same time to collect  $3 \times 10^7$   $K_L \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$  events and  $6 \times 10^7$   $K_S \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$  "normalizing" events for the double ratio measurement.

For this effort and Phase II of E-799 (rare K decay experiment), a new KTeV facility will be constructed which takes full advantage of the Tevatron primary protons up to  $5 \times 10^{12}$  per spill and its superior duty cycle to provide a factor of two to three increase in usable  $K_L$  flux in the 100 GeV/c region over E-731. Special attention has been paid to significantly improving the neutral beam stability, reducing the neutral beam halo, and reducing the background muon rate. The spectrometer consists of a 60 meter vacuum decay space, electromagnetic calorimetry, tracking and magnetic spectrometer, nearly hermetic photon vetoes, and hadron and muon detectors.

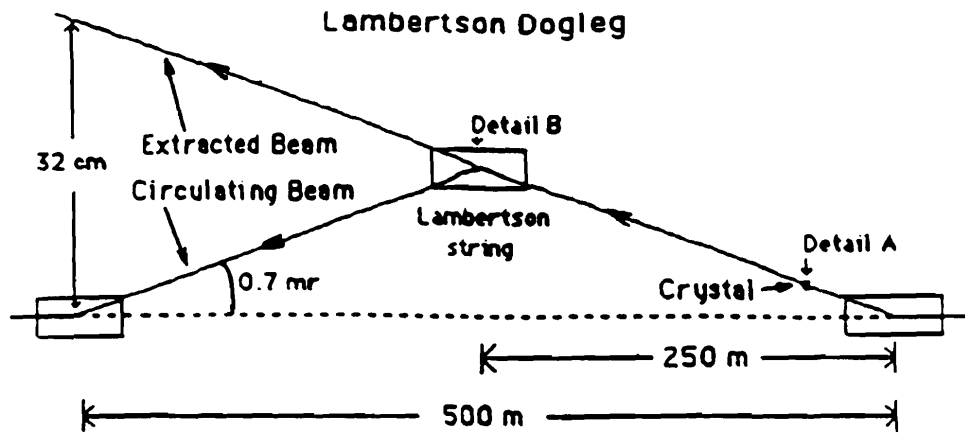
The neutral final state ( $2\pi^0$ ) is detected with a new  $2\text{m} \times 2\text{m}$  high resolution (better than 1%) electromagnetic calorimeter made of an array of 3200 blocks of pure CsI crystals. A newly developed "digital" PMT-base (current switcher and flash ADC base at 53 MHz) is used to read out the CsI array for a better understanding of the calorimeter in the higher rate environment. Triggering in the

neutral mode is effected by counting clusters in the CsI array by a hardware cluster finder. The  $\pi^+\pi^-$  are detected with a 2000 sense-wire high-rate drift chamber spectrometer. Scintillation hodoscope counters and an improved track processor are used for the charged trigger. The most serious background,  $K_L \rightarrow 3\pi^0$ , is significantly reduced by means of a nearly hermetic system of seventeen new photon-veto anti-counters, designed to detect extra gammas outside the solid angle of the CsI calorimeter including the beam holes. Inelastic regeneration is greatly reduced by the detection of the production of secondaries in the totally active scintillator regenerator. The  $K_{\mu 3}$  background is rejected by the muon shielding and anti-counters behind the CsI calorimeter, and by crude hadron vetoes. A new buffer matrix data acquisition system with a level-3 parallel processing filter is used for the high data rate environment.

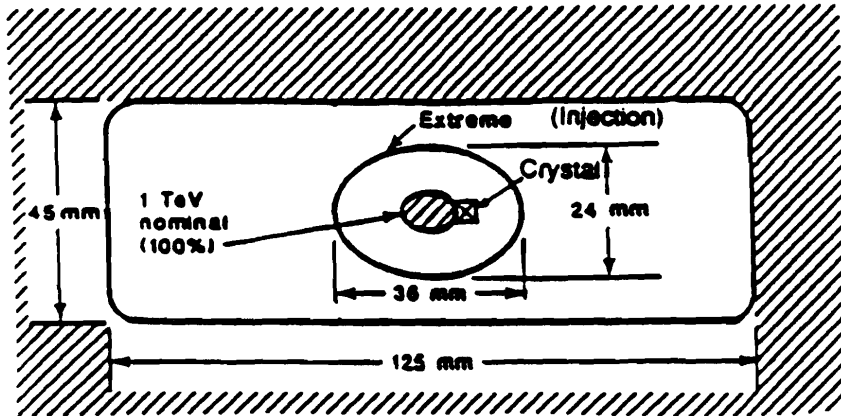
With the long decay space, the experiment can also measure the  $K_L$ - $K_S$  interference in both the  $2\pi^0$  and  $\pi^+\pi^-$  data sample to obtain  $\Delta\phi$ , the phase difference between  $\phi_{00}$  and  $\phi_{+-}$ , to a precision of  $0.2^\circ$ , a very stringent test of CPT invariance.

The experiment is now in preparation for the next fixed-target run. A KTeV Design Report (FN-580) has been prepared for the project.

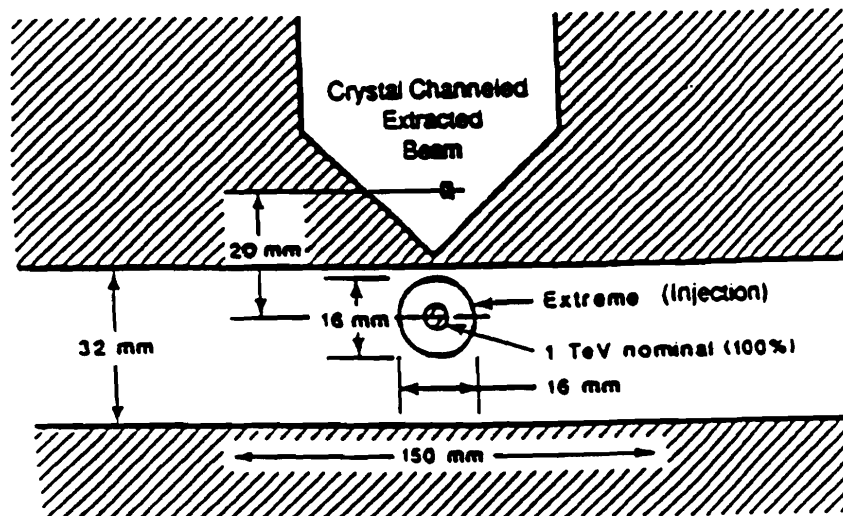




Detail A



Detail B



Lambertson Magnet Dogleg and Channeling Crystal Configuration for the SFT Extraction System

**E-853 (Murphy) Test of Low Intensity Extraction from the Tevatron Using Channeling in a Bent Crystal**

*CEBAF, Fermilab, IHEP/Serpukhov (Russia),  
JINR/Dubna (Russia), New Mexico, PNPI (Russia),  
SSCL, Texas/Austin, UCLA, Virginia, Wisconsin*

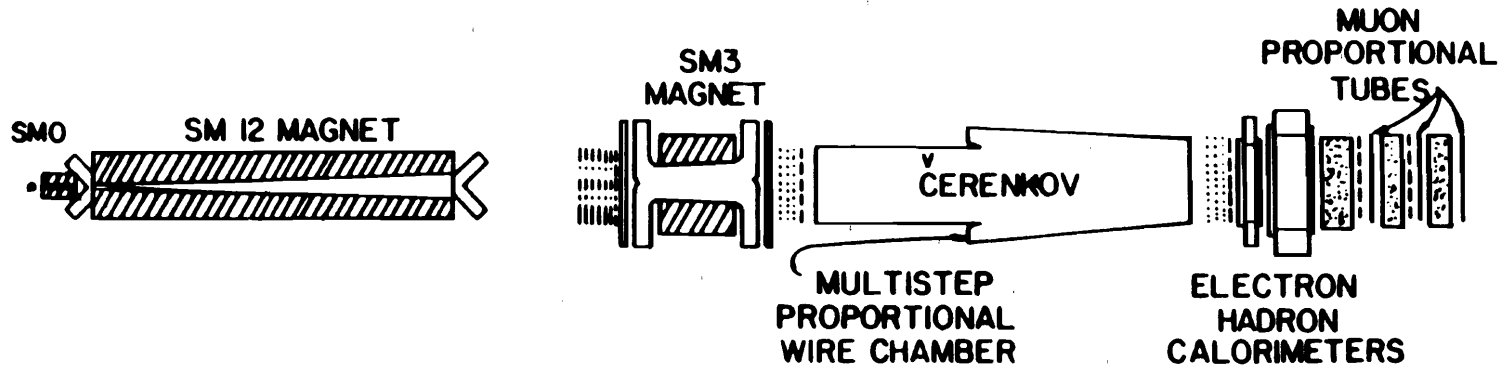
**Status: No Data Yet**

---

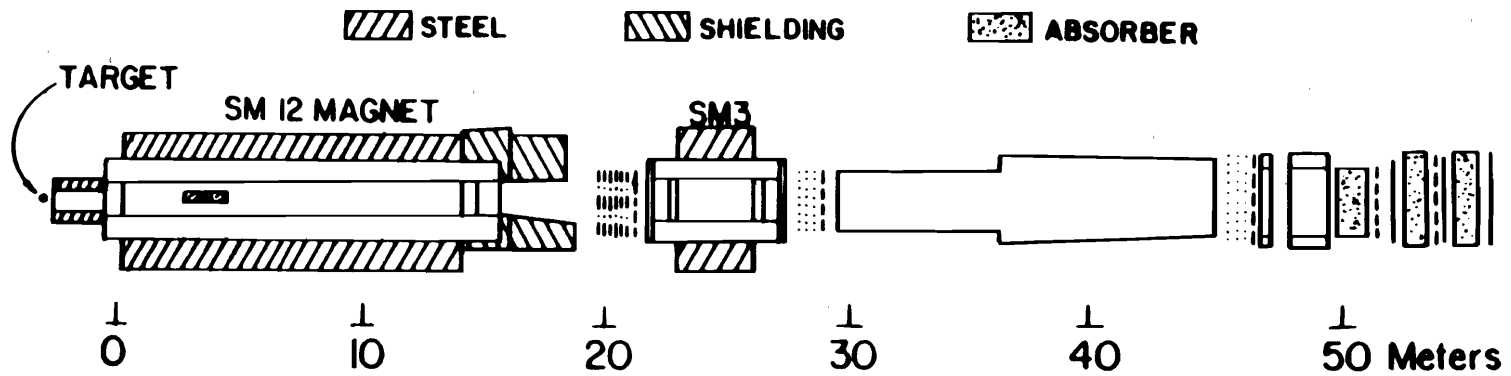
We propose to insert a bent crystal at the B-48 location in the Tevatron and extract a low-intensity beam into the abort channel at C0. Our goal is to extract  $10^{-6}$ /sec of the circulating beam (less than  $10^6$  protons/sec with a circulating beam of  $10^{12}$  protons). An off-momentum halo will be generated, and the extraction rate controlled, by deliberately generated filtered RF noise or RF modulations at discrete frequencies. The experiment tests the feasibility of this technique as an extraction mechanism for the SSC for the SFT B-physics facility described in SSC EOI-14. It will also test the general effectiveness of bent crystals used as halo scrapers for the CDF and D0 experiments. About 100 hours of dedicated Tevatron time are requested to establish the technique, during which only protons need to be circulating.

---

E-866



PLAN VIEW



ELEVATION SECTION

- ..... DRIFT CHAMBER
- PROPORTIONAL CHAMBER
- COUNTER BANK



**E-866 (Garvey) Measurement of  $\bar{d}(x) / \bar{u}(x)$  in the Proton**

*Abilene Christian, Academia Sinica / Taiwan (Taiwan), Caltech,  
Fermilab, Los Alamos, Northern Illinois, Texas A&M*

<b>Status: No Data Yet</b>
----------------------------

We propose to greatly improve the experimental knowledge of  $\bar{d}^p(x) / \bar{u}^p(x)$  via precision measurement of the ratio of Drell-Yan yields from protons on protons to protons on deuterium.

$$\left. \frac{Y_{DY}^{P+P}}{Y_{DY/2}^{P+D}} \right|_{x_f > 0.2} \cong 1 - \left[ \frac{\bar{d}^p(x) - \bar{u}^p(x)}{\bar{d}^p(x) + \bar{u}^p(x)} \right] \quad (1)$$

In addition to being five times more sensitive than our earlier E-772 measurement on W, it uses the lightest possible nuclei, thereby minimizing any nuclear effects that could obscure extraction of the structure function ratios. The left-hand side of Eq. (1) can be measured as a function of  $x$  with experimental systematic errors that will be, at most,  $\pm 1.5\%$ . The range in  $x$  to be investigated is  $0.04 \leq x \leq 0.3$ . The upper limit arises because the sea distribution is a rapidly falling function of  $x$  [ $\sim (1-x)^8$ ]. The lower limit arises from the fact that we require the Drell-Yan dilepton pair ( $\mu^+\mu^-$ ) to have a mass appreciably greater (4 GeV) than the mass of the  $\psi'$  (3.69 GeV).

The experiment will be carried out using essentially the same equipment as E-772. This setup allowed a high statistics measurement of the ratio of Drell-Yan yields from a variety of nuclear targets. The experimental layout used in E-772 is shown in the figure. The RICH counter will not be used as muons are sufficiently well selected via their range. The three dipoles, SM0, SM12, and SM3, serve as a dimuon spectrometer. The first magnet, SM0, serves to open up the small opening angle of low-mass dimuon pairs, SM12 focuses high  $p_T$  muons into the downstream detectors, and both SM12 and SM3 are used to measure the muon momenta. A hadron absorber ( $e^{-13}$ ) of Cu, C, and CH<sub>2</sub> blocks is placed in the gap of SM12. In this configuration, the apparatus has an energy resolution of 150 MeV at the  $J/\psi$  and 200 MeV at the  $\Upsilon$ , and  $z$  vertex resolution is more than sufficient to reject dimuon pairs created in the beam dump.

In addition to the Drell-Yan data, high-statistics data on  $J/\psi$  and  $\psi'$  production, as well as a few thousand  $\Upsilon(1S)$ ,  $\Upsilon(2S)$  and  $\Upsilon(3S)$  events, from H and D targets will also be obtained. The proposed experiment makes use of existing equipment and requires only two months of beam time (one month of setup and checkout, and one month of data-taking).



## **SECTION VIII. MASTER LIST OF PROPOSALS**

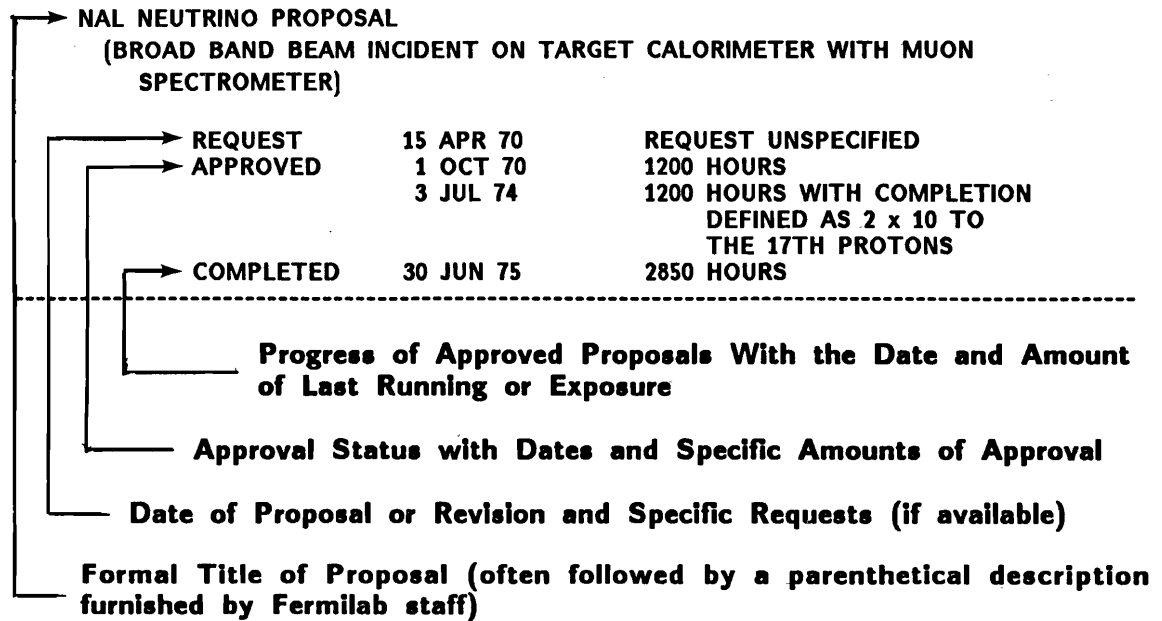
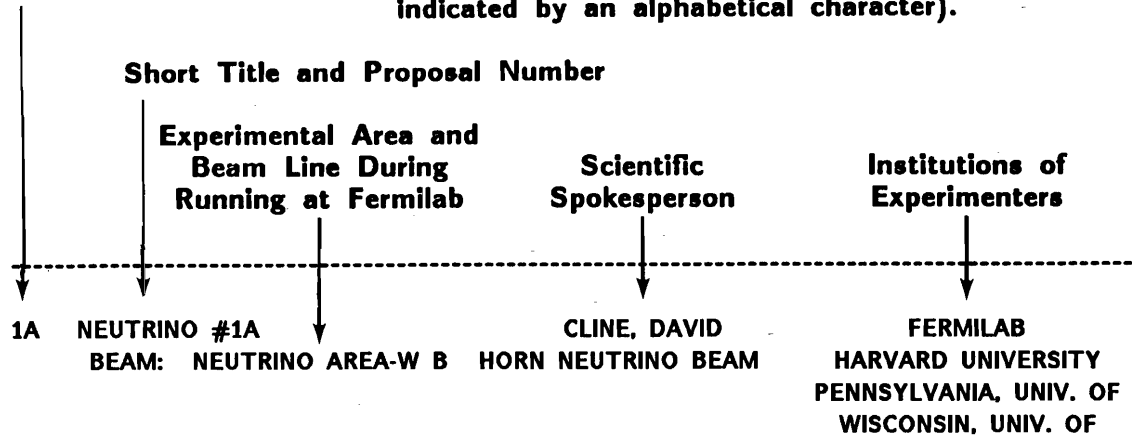
The Master List of proposals contains an entry for each proposal submitted to Fermilab; a typical entry is explained on the next page. In addition to the formal title of the proposal and a brief parenthetical explanation, the name of the spokesperson and a list of participating institutions are included. In the lower part of each entry the specific requests for running time to complete the experiment are listed together with approval action by the Laboratory. For approved proposals only, the amount of running time granted is given together with the current status and extent of beam time used so far.

Most of the information about each proposal stored in the Program Planning Office data file is given in the Master List; lists of proposals shown elsewhere in this Workbook are based on the information contained in the Master List.

For proposals with number below 700, only those which are approved or unconsidered or deferred are listed in the following pages; those with obsolete status (rejected or withdrawn/inactive) are omitted, which explains the gaps in the sequential listing. The complete listing is given starting with proposal 700.

**EXPLANATION OF A TYPICAL ENTRY IN THE MASTER LIST**

**Proposal Number** (An amendment to an original proposal is sometimes indicated by an alphabetical character).



187  
**Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory**  
**Master Listing of Proposals as of February 4, 1993**

*Note: For proposals having a number below 700 only the approved and pending ones are listed.*  
**Total number of proposals - 867 ... Total number of approved & pending proposals - 429**

<b>1A NEUTRINO #1A</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Wide Band Horn NAL NEUTRINO PROPOSAL. (Broad band beam incident on target calorimeter with muon spectrometer.)	<b>David B. Cline</b>	FERMILAB HARVARD UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-MADISON
Request 15 Apr, 70 Unspecified Approval 1 Oct, 70 1,200 Hours 3 Jul, 74 1,200 Hours with completion of the experiment defined as 20,000 events with 2 x 10 to the 17th protons on a horn-focused beam Completed 30 Jun, 75 2,850 Hours		
<b>2B 30-INCH HYBRID #2B</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - 30 in. Hadron Beam STUDY OF MULTIPARTICLE P-P AND PI <sup>0</sup> INTERACTIONS FROM 100 GEV/C TO 400 GEV/C WITH A 30-INCH BUBBLE CHAMBER-OPTICAL SPA K CHAMBER HYBRID SYSTEM.	<b>Gerald A. Smith</b>	DUKE UNIVERSITY FERMILAB IOWA STATE UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND MICHIGAN STATE UNIVERSITY NOTRE DAME UNIVERSITY PURDUE UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF TORONTO (CANADA) UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-MADISON
Request 11 May, 70 Unspecified but to include an exposure for study of p - p and pi - p interactions from 75 to 300 GeV Approval 29 Apr, 71 500 K Pix 1 May, 71 450 K Pix 100K pix of p - p @ 200 GeV ANL/Fermilab, MSU, ISU, MD 100K pix of p - p @ 300 GeV 120K pix of pi minus - p @ 200 GeV Duke, Toronto, Notre Dame 50K pix of pi minus - p @ 100 GeV 80K pix of pi plus - p @ 100 GeV Purdue, Wisconsin Completed 22 Apr, 74 479 K Pix 114K pix of p - p @ 200 105K pix of p - p @ 300 123K pix of pi - p @ 200 54K pix of pi - p @ 100 83K pix of pi+ - p @ 100 bonus pix: 350K pix from #37A, #121A, #125, #137, #138, #141A, #143, #252		
<b>3 MONOPOLE #3</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Miscellaneous PROPOSAL FOR A SEARCH FOR MAGNETIC MONOPOLES AT NAL. (Ferromagnetic target located in a beam dump.)	<b>Philippe Eberhard</b>	LAWRENCE BERKELEY LABORATORY
Request 20 May, 70 Target Exposure(s) to 1 x 10 to 18th protons Approval 1 Aug, 70 Target Exposure(s) Completed 4 Sep, 74 4 Targets Exposed		
<b>4 NEUTRON CROSS SECTION #4</b> BEAM: Meson Area - M3 Beam NEUTRON TOTAL CROSS SECTIONS UP TO 300 GEV. (Total cross sections on H2, D2, heavy nuclei to < 2%.)	<b>Michael J. Longo</b>	LAWRENCE BERKELEY LABORATORY UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN
Request 20 May, 70 300 Hours with 100 hours for tune up and 200 hours for data to measure total cross sections Approval 1 Aug, 70 400 Hours Completed 20 Mar, 74 1,450 Hours		
<b>7 ELASTIC SCATTERING #7</b> BEAM: Meson Area - M1 Beam PROPOSAL TO MEASURE PI+(-) - P AND P-P DIFFERENTIAL ELASTIC SCATTERING CROSS SECTIONS FROM 50 TO 170 GEV/C. (In addition, data will be taken on K+(-) - p and pbar - p simultaneously; t from 0.1 - 2.0 or 3.0.)	<b>Donald I. Meyer</b>	ARGONNE NATIONAL LABORATORY FERMILAB INDIANA UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN
Request 10 Jun, 70 1,600 Hours Approval 1 Aug, 70 800 Hours Completed 28 Jan, 75 2,350 Hours		
<b>8 NEUTRAL HYPERON #8</b> BEAM: Meson Area - M2 Beam EXPERIMENTS IN A NEUTRAL HYPERON BEAM. (Beam survey, delta s = 2 decay search, and lambda - p scattering.)	<b>Lee G. Pondrom</b>	UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN RUTGERS UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-MADISON
Request 12 Jun, 70 260 Hours for data Approval 1 Aug, 70 400 Hours Completed 22 Mar, 76 2,450 Hours		
<b>12 NEUTRON BACKWARD SCATTERING #12</b> BEAM: Meson Area - M3 Beam A STUDY OF NEUTRON-PROTON CHARGE-EXCHANGE SCATTERING IN THE MOMENTUM RANGE 50-300 GEV/C. (u from 0.002 - 1.0.)	<b>Neville W. Reay</b>	CARELTON UNIVERSITY (CANADA) MICHIGAN STATE UNIVERSITY OHIO STATE UNIVERSITY
Request 15 Jun, 70 760 Hours Approval 1 Aug, 70 600 Hours with priority lower than exp #4 Completed 2 Dec, 74 1,300 Hours		
<b>14A PROTON-PROTON INELASTIC #14A</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Miscellaneous PROPOSAL TO STUDY INELASTIC HIGH-ENERGY PROTON-PROTON COLLISIONS IN THE DIFFRACTIVE REGION. (t from 0.001 - 0.07 and missing mass to 10 GeV.)	<b>Paolo Franzini</b>	COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY SUNY AT STONY BROOK
Request 15 Jun, 70 200 Hours Approval 1 Mar, 71 150 Hours with low priority Completed 21 Jun, 73 140 Hours		
<b>21A NEUTRINO #21A</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Dichromatic NEUTRINO PHYSICS AT VERY HIGH ENERGIES. (Dichromatic beam incident on target calorimeter with muon spectrometer.)	<b>Barry C. Barish</b>	CALIFORNIA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY FERMILAB
Request 15 Jun, 70 750 Hours Approval 1 Aug, 70 1,200 Hours 26 Jun, 74 1,200 Hours with the inclination for the completion of exp# 21A (approximately 400 hours) to have a lower priority than running for exp# 320 11 Nov, 74 1,200 Hours with remaining running to be coordinated with exp# 254 Completed 2 Nov, 75 2,450 Hours		

# Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory

## Master Listing of Proposals as of February 4, 1993

(continued)

22	<b>MULTIGAMMA #22</b> BEAM: Meson Area - M2 Beam EXPERIMENTAL PROPOSAL TO THE NATIONAL ACCELERATOR LABORATORY FOR A SEARCH FOR MULTIGAMMA EVENTS FROM MAGNETIC MONOPOLE PAIRS.	George B. Collins	BROOKHAVEN NATIONAL LABORATORY VIRGINIA POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTE
	Request	15 Jun. 70	100 Hours for data
	Approval	1 Aug. 70	200 Hours for hadron beam use only
	Completed	26 Jun. 74	350 Hours
25A	<b>PHOTON TOTAL CROSS SECTION #25A</b> BEAM: Proton Area - East MEASUREMENT OF THE TOTAL PHOTOABSORPTION CROSS SECTION ON H, D, C, CU, AND PB FOR PHOTON ENERGIES FROM 14 TO 300 GEV, AND A SEARCH FOR THE PHOTOPRODUCED MONOPOLE.	David O. Caldwell	UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, SANTA BARBARA FERMILAB LEBEDEV PHYSICAL INST. (RUSSIA) UNIVERSITY OF TORONTO (CANADA)
	Request	15 Jun. 70	400 Hours for data
	Approval	1 Aug. 71	600 Hours with 200 hours for tuning, 400 hours for data
		26 Oct. 76	1,000 Hours with additional 400 hours for the experiment to continue data taking until 30 Nov 1976
	Completed	30 Nov. 76	1,850 Hours
26	<b>MUON #26</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Muon/Hadron Beam HIGH MOMENTUM TRANSFER INELASTIC MUON SCATTERING AND TEST OF SCALE INVARIANCE AT NAL.	Louis N. Hand	UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, SAN DIEGO CORNELL UNIVERSITY LAWRENCE BERKELEY LABORATORY MICHIGAN STATE UNIVERSITY
	Request	15 Jun. 70	Unspecified
	Approval	1 Aug. 70	500 Hours
		6 Aug. 73	500 Hours defined as 3 x 10 to the 17th protons
	Completed	16 Apr. 74	900 Hours
27A	<b>NEUTRON DISSOCIATION #27A</b> BEAM: Meson Area - M3 Beam PROPOSAL TO STUDY THE COHERENT DISSOCIATION OF NEUTRONS.	Jerome L. Rosen	FERMILAB UNIVERSITY OF MASSACHUSETTS NORTHWESTERN UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF ROCHESTER
	Request	15 Jun. 70	Unspecified
	Approval	1 Mar. 71	200 Hours for low priority Stage I running
	Completed	24 Apr. 74	850 Hours
28A	<b>15-FOOT NEUTRINO/H2&amp;NE #28A</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Wide Band Horn SEARCH FOR HEAVY LEPTONS AND HARD PENETRATING RADIATION IN THE NEUTRINO BEAM; STUDY DIFFRACTION SCATTERING OF NEUTRINOS AND DEEP INELASTIC MUON-NEUTRINO SCATTERING IN A NEON BUBBLE CHAMBER AT NAL; TEST OF DELTA S=DELTA Q RULE @ HIGH MOMENTUM	William F. Fry	CERN (SWITZERLAND) UNIVERSITY OF HAWAII AT MANOA LAWRENCE BERKELEY LABORATORY UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-MADISON
	Request	15 Jun. 70	1,000 K Pix to include 500K pix with the primary protons incident on the hadron shield and 500K pix with normal targetry
	Approval	1 Dec. 71	100 K Pix with 50K pix of neutrinos in neon (greater than or equal to 30%) with the constraint that running conditions yield at least 10,000 events; and 50K pix of neutrinos using special targeting
		9 May. 75	100 K Pix total of neutrinos in the 22% neon mixture under horn focusing conditions
	Completed	11 Jun. 75	97 K Pix
31A	<b>15-FOOT ANTI-NEUTRINO/H2 #31A</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Wide Band Horn PROPOSAL TO INVESTIGATE MUON-ANTINEUTRINO INTERACTIONS IN HYDROGEN AT NAL.	Malcolm Derrick	ARGONNE NATIONAL LABORATORY CARNEGIE-MELLON UNIVERSITY PURDUE UNIVERSITY
	Request	15 Jun. 70	1,000 K Pix requiring a total exposure of 10 to the 19th protons with 10 to the 13th protons per pulse on target
	Approval	1 Dec. 71	200 K Pix maximum with the constraint that the running conditions yield at least 7,000 antineutrino interactions
	Completed	13 Aug. 77	211 K Pix
34	<b>DETECTOR DEVELOPMENT #34</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Miscellaneous NUCLEAR-ELECTROMAGNETIC CASCADE DEVELOPMENT STUDY. (Ionization spectrometer development.)	Richard W. Huggett	LOUISIANA STATE UNIVERSITY MAX-PLANCK INSTITUTE (GERMANY)
	Request	15 Jun. 70	400 Hours in two calibration runs
	Approval	1 Aug. 70	Parasitic Running
	Completed	26 Jun. 74	50 Hours
36A	<b>PROTON-PROTON SCATTERING #36A</b> BEAM: Internal Target Area (C-0) A PROPOSAL TO STUDY SMALL ANGLE P-P SCATTERING AT VERY HIGH ENERGIES. (Using a gas jet target and the internal proton beam.)	Rodney L. Cool	FERMILAB JINR, DUBNA (RUSSIA) UNIVERSITY OF ROCHESTER ROCKEFELLER UNIVERSITY
	Request	15 Jun. 70	550 Hours
	Approval	1 Feb. 71	500 Hours
	Completed	24 Jun. 73	700 Hours
37A	<b>30-INCH P-P @ 300 #37A</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - 30 in. Hadron Beam MULTIBODY FINAL STATES IN PP COLLISIONS UP TO 500 GEV.	Ernest I. Malamud	CALIFORNIA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES FERMILAB INDIANA UNIVERSITY
	Request	15 Jun. 70	250 K Pix of p - p interactions at 100,200,300,400,500 GeV in 15-foot chamber
		3 May. 71	100 K Pix of p - p interactions at one fixed high energy in 30-inch chamber
	Approval	26 Aug. 71	50 K Pix in bare chamber with events where there is downstream spark chamber data to be shared with exp #2B
	Completed	1 Jun. 73	51 K Pix
45A	<b>15-FOOT NEUTRINO/H2 #45A</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Wide Band Horn PROPOSAL TO STUDY NEUTRINO INTERACTIONS WITH PROTONS USING THE 15-FOOT BUBBLE CHAMBER AT NAL.	Frank A. Nezzrick	FERMILAB UNIVERSITY OF HAWAII AT MANOA LAWRENCE BERKELEY LABORATORY UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN
	Request	15 Jun. 70	200 K Pix with 10 to the 13th protons/pulse of at least 200 GeV
		19 Jul. 71	500 K Pix with 10 to the 13th protons/pulse at 350 GeV
	Approval	17 Dec. 71	300 K Pix maximum with the constraint that the running conditions yield on the order of 15,000 events of neutrinos in hydrogen
	Completed	13 Jan. 76	162 K Pix
48	<b>MUON SEARCH #48</b> BEAM: Proton Area - Center A MEASUREMENT OF THE INTENSITY AND POLARIZATION OF MUONS PRODUCED DIRECTLY BY THE INTERACTIONS OF PROTONS WITH NUCLEI.	Robert K. Adair	BROOKHAVEN NATIONAL LABORATORY FERMILAB YALE UNIVERSITY
	Request	15 Jun. 70	200 Hours
	Approval	1 Dec. 70	200 Hours for an exploratory experiment
	Completed	1 Dec. 75	500 Hours

189  
**Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory**  
**Master Listing of Proposals as of February 4, 1993**

(continued)

<b>51A MISSING MASS #51A</b> BEAM: Meson Area - M2 Beam MASS SPECTRA AND DECAY MODES FOR HADRONS WITH MASSES UP TO 15 GEV.	<b>Eberhard Von Goeler</b>	NORTHEASTERN UNIVERSITY
Request	15 Jun, 70	850 Hours
Approval	14 Aug, 73	300 Hours with low priority
Completed	23 Oct, 74	800 Hours
<b>53A 15-FOOT NEUTRINO/H2&amp;NE #53A</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Wide Band Horn SEARCH FOR THE INTERMEDIATE BOSON, LEPTON PAIR PRODUCTION, AND A STUDY OF DEEPLY INELASTIC REACTIONS UTILIZING HIGH ENERGY NEUTRINO INTERACTIONS IN LIQUID NEON.	<b>Charles Baltay</b>	BROOKHAVEN NATIONAL LABORATORY COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY
Request	15 Jun, 70	1,000 K Pix of neutrino interactions in 15-foot with 70% neon and 30% deuterium and with inserted plate
	6 Jul, 71	1,000 K Pix with 900K pix of neutrino interactions in neon with single plate and 100K pix in hydrogen with two plates
	16 Jun, 76	200 K Pix requested increase of the approved picture total from 100K to 200K
	25 Jan, 78	450 K Pix to include an increase of 300K beyond the approximately 150K pix presently available for the experiment; at least 150K pix additional are requested during the summer or fall of 1978
Approval	19 Jun, 78	450 K Pix to include an increase of 300K pix; this follows rejection of the
	17 Dec, 71	100 K Pix in neon or plates to yield at least 20,000 events total including
	29 Jun, 76	150 K Pix total including about 50K pix already taken
	28 Jun, 78	450 K Pix total including an extension for 300K pix
Completed	9 Mar, 81	440 K Pix
<b>61 POLARIZED SCATTERING #61</b> BEAM: Meson Area - M1 Beam A PROPOSAL TO MEASURE POLARIZATION IN P P, PI- P, AND PI+ P ELASTIC SCATTERING AT 50, 100, AND 150 GEV/C.	<b>Owen Chamberlain</b>	ARGONNE NATIONAL LABORATORY FERMILAB HARVARD UNIVERSITY LAWRENCE BERKELEY LABORATORY SUFFOLK UNIVERSITY YALE UNIVERSITY
Request	15 Jun, 70	1,100 Hours for setup, tests, and data
	10 Mar, 77	1,600 Hours to include additional time for 4 weeks of data at 300 GeV and 1 week at 100 GeV; running requires accelerator operation at those energies
Approval	1 Aug, 70	800 Hours
	24 Jun, 77	1,200 Hours with an attempt to provide 300 GeV data under the condition that the running not interfere with other major laboratory programs
Completed	26 Oct, 77	1,900 Hours
<b>63A PHOTON SEARCH #63A</b> BEAM: Internal Target Area (C-0) SURVEY OF PARTICLE PRODUCTION IN PROTON COLLISIONS AT NAL. (Photon production in proton collisions at the Internal Target Area; see also exp #284.)	<b>James K. Walker</b>	FERMILAB UNIVERSITY OF HAWAII AT MANOA NORTHERN ILLINOIS UNIVERSITY
Request	15 Jun, 70	Unspecified
Approval	17 Dec, 70	400 Hours
	19 Oct, 73	400 Hours with understanding that additional photon production data would be taken at 60, 50, 40, 30, and 20 mrad
Completed	13 Mar, 75	2,600 Hours
<b>67A PROTON-PROTON MISSING MASS #67A</b> BEAM: Internal Target Area (C-0) SEARCH FOR BARYON RESONANCES UP TO 10 GEV MASS PRODUCED IN P + P TO P + MM WITH A RESOLUTION OF + OR - 25 MEV. (Using a gas jet target and the internal proton beam.)	<b>Felix Sannes</b>	FLORIDA STATE UNIVERSITY RUTGERS UNIVERSITY UPSALA COLLEGE
Request	15 Jun, 70	Unspecified
Approval	1 Feb, 71	100 Hours
Completed	8 Aug, 73	600 Hours
<b>69A ELASTIC SCATTERING #69A</b> BEAM: Meson Area - M6 Beam ELASTIC SCATTERING OF THE LONG-LIVED HADRONS. (Small angle scattering to t of 0.2 and coulomb interference.)	<b>Joseph Lach</b>	FERMILAB RUTHERFORD-APPLETON LABS.(ENGLAND) YALE UNIVERSITY
Request	15 Jun, 70	380 Hours of 'ideal time' to make coulomb interference measurements with stable particles and diffraction peak measurements with hyperons
	1 Dec, 70	180 Hours of 'ideal time' to make coulomb interference measurements with stable particles; also see exp# 97 and 497
Approval	15 Sep, 70	600 Hours
Completed	3 Mar, 76	2,800 Hours
<b>70 LEPTON #70</b> BEAM: Proton Area - Center STUDY OF LEPTON PAIRS FROM PROTON-NUCLEAR INTERACTIONS; SEARCH FOR INTERMEDIATE BOSONS AND LEE-WICK STRUCTURE.	<b>Leon M. Lederman</b>	COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY FERMILAB
Request	23 Jun, 70	2,800 Hours to include about 1,700 hours for study of single lepton production and 1,100 hours for study of lepton pairs
Approval	1 Dec, 70	600 Hours
Completed	1 Dec, 74	2,800 Hours
<b>72 QUARK #72</b> BEAM: Meson Area - M4 Beam EXPERIMENTAL PROPOSAL TO NAL -- QUARK SEARCH. (By measuring ionization energy loss.)	<b>Lawrence B. Leipuner</b>	BROOKHAVEN NATIONAL LABORATORY YALE UNIVERSITY
Request	15 Jun, 70	100 Hours for data taking
Approval	1 Aug, 70	200 Hours
Completed	11 Jun, 73	500 Hours
<b>75 QUARK #75</b> BEAM: Meson Area - M2 Beam A PROPOSAL TO SEARCH FOR FRACTIONALLY CHARGED QUARKS. (Measurement of ionization and total energy of fractionally charged particles using momentum selection.)	<b>Taiji Yamanouchi</b>	FERMILAB NEW YORK UNIVERSITY
Request	29 Jun, 70	200 Hours for tests and data taking
Approval	1 Sep, 70	200 Hours
Completed	8 Sep, 73	1,050 Hours
<b>76 MONOPOLE #76</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Miscellaneous SEARCH FOR MAGNETIC MONOPOLES PRODUCED AT NAL. (Employing a beam-dump target.)	<b>Richard A. Carrigan</b>	FERMILAB
Request	15 Jun, 70	Parasitic Running
Approval	1 Sep, 70	Target Exposure(s) with parasitic running
Completed	1 Dec, 74	5 Targets Exposed

190  
Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory  
Master Listing of Proposals as of February 4, 1993

(continued)

<b>81A NUCLEAR CHEMISTRY #81A</b>	<b>Sheldon Kaufman</b>	ARGONNE NATIONAL LABORATORY BROOKHAVEN NATIONAL LABORATORY CARNEGIE-MELLON UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO UNIV. OF ILLINOIS, CHICAGO CIRCLE PURDUE UNIVERSITY RBL, ORSAY (FRANCE)
BEAM: Meson Area - Miscellaneous PRELIMINARY SURVEY OF 200 GEV PROTON INTERACTIONS WITH COMPLEX NUCLEI. (Nuclear chemistry analysis.)		
Request Approval Completed	9 Jul. 70 1 Aug. 70 1 Oct. 78	Parasitic Running Target Exposure(s) 197 Bombardment(s)
<b>82 K ZERO REGENERATION #82</b>	<b>Valentine L. Telegdi</b>	UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, SAN DIEGO UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO SLAC UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-MADISON
BEAM: Meson Area - M4 Beam PROPOSAL TO INVESTIGATE REGENERATION OF NEUTRAL K-MESONS AT VERY HIGH ENERGIES. (See exp #425.)		
Request Approval Completed	13 Jul. 70 15 Sep. 70 22 Nov. 74 5 Jul. 75	1,000 Hours for preliminary run and data taking 800 Hours 1,100 Hours total including additional 300 hours with complex nuclear targets 3,500 Hours
<b>86A PION DISSOCIATION #86A</b>	<b>Henry J. Lubatti</b>	LAL, ORSAY (FRANCE) UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
BEAM: Meson Area - M1 Beam A PROPOSAL TO STUDY INELASTIC DIFFRACTIVE PROCESSES BY OBSERVING COHERENT PRODUCTION OF MULTI-PION FINAL STATES FROM HE NUCLEI. (Using a streamer chamber.)		
Request Approval Completed	24 Jul. 70 28 May. 71 22 Mar. 76	1,050 Hours for setup, tests and data taking 800 Hours with low priority 800 Hours
<b>87A PHOTOPRODUCTION #87A</b>	<b>Thomas O'Halloran</b>	COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY FERMILAB UNIVERSITY OF HAWAII AT MANOA UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS, CHAMPAIGN
BEAM: Proton Area - East PROPOSAL TO SEARCH FOR HEAVY LEPTONS AND INTERMEDIATE BOSONS FROM PHOTON-NUCLEON AND PHOTON-NUCLEI COLLISIONS.		
Request Approval Completed	30 Jul. 70 25 Feb. 71 1 Aug. 71 13 Nov. 75 28 Jul. 77 7 May. 78	Unspecified 4,400 Hours for setup, tests, and data taking 600 Hours 1,100 Hours with an extension of 500 hours of data taking 3,100 Hours with an additional 2,000 hours for study of charmed baryon production 4,800 Hours
<b>90 EMULSION/PROTONS @ 200 #90</b>	<b>Wladyslaw Wolter</b>	INP, KRAKOW (POLAND)
BEAM: Meson Area - Miscellaneous CRACOW NUCLEAR EMULSION EXPOSURES.		
Request Approval Completed	23 Jun. 70 1 Aug. 70 20 Sep. 72	Emulsion Exposure Emulsion Exposure 4 Stack(s)
<b>95A PHOTON SEARCH #95A</b>	<b>Bradley B. Cox</b>	FERMILAB JOHNS HOPKINS UNIVERSITY
BEAM: Proton Area - West PROPOSAL FOR EXAMINATION OF WIDE ANGLE GAMMA RAYS AT NAL. (Single and digamma production by proton-nucleon collisions.)		
Request Approval Completed	26 Oct. 70 12 Oct. 76 1 Jun. 71 5 Jan. 77 12 Sep. 77 17 Oct. 77	100 Hours of data taking with parasitic beam used for setup 3,100 Hours for further study of diphoton spectra 400 Hours 1,650 Hours with an extension in an effort to approach the 12.5 weeks of running which was requested 1,950 Hours with approval of an additional 3 weeks of running at 200/300 GeV 3,400 Hours
<b>96 ELASTIC SCATTERING #96</b>	<b>David Ritson</b>	ARGONNE NATIONAL LABORATORY UNIVERSITY OF BARI (ITALY) BROWN UNIVERSITY CERN (SWITZERLAND) CORNELL UNIVERSITY FERMILAB MASSACHUSETTS INST. OF TECHNOLOGY NORTHEASTERN UNIVERSITY STANFORD UNIVERSITY
BEAM: Meson Area - M6 Beam FOCUSING SPECTROMETER FACILITY. (Measure elastic scattering and quasi elastic scattering of $\pi^+(-)$ , $K^+(-)$ , $p^+(-)$ on H2 and D2 up to 200 GeV/c with t up to 1.5.)		
Request Approval Completed	3 Dec. 70 1 Dec. 70 17 Feb. 75	1,000 Hours for check out and data taking 800 Hours 2,550 Hours
<b>98 MUON #98</b>	<b>Herbert L. Anderson</b>	UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO HARVARD UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS, CHAMPAIGN UNIVERSITY OF OXFORD (ENGLAND)
BEAM: Neutrino Area - Muon/Hadron Beam MUON-PROTON INELASTIC SCATTERING EXPERIMENT AT THE NATIONAL ACCELERATOR LABORATORY. (Using a large aperture magnet to detect scattered muons and charged hadrons.)		
Request Approval Completed	2 Dec. 70 19 Jan. 71 6 Aug. 73 26 Jun. 74 17 Feb. 75	1,600 Hours for tests and data taking 400 Hours of initial running with H2 (100 hours of parasitic testing) 400 Hours with approval for both D2 and H2 800 Hours with additional 400 hours for data taking 1,800 Hours
<b>99 ASSOCIATED PRODUCTION #99</b>	<b>Robert E. Diebold</b>	ARGONNE NATIONAL LABORATORY FERMILAB SLAC STANFORD UNIVERSITY
BEAM: Meson Area - M6 Beam A STUDY OF $\pi^+ P$ TO $K^+ \text{SIGMA}^+$ AND $\pi^+ P$ TO $K^+ \text{Y-STAR}^+$ USING THE FOCUSING SPECTROMETER FACILITY. (Incident momenta from 20 - 120 GeV/c, t from 0.04 - 0.6.)		
Request Approval Completed	3 Dec. 70 25 Nov. 74 24 Jan. 78	500 Hours for tests and data taking 500 Hours 750 Hours
<b>100A PARTICLE SEARCH #100A</b>	<b>Pierre A. Piroue</b>	UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO PRINCETON UNIVERSITY
BEAM: Proton Area - East A PROPOSAL TO STUDY PARTICLE PRODUCTION AT HIGH TRANSVERSE MOMENTA. (Measurement of particle production at 90 degrees in c.m. from proton interactions with nuclei.)		
Request Approval Completed	4 Dec. 70 1 Feb. 71 4 Apr. 74	500 Hours for data taking 500 Hours 1,150 Hours



191  
**Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory**  
**Master Listing of Proposals as of February 4, 1993**

(continued)

<b>103</b>	<b>EMULSION/PROTONS @ 200 #103</b> BEAM: Meson Area - Miscellaneous INTRA-NUCLEAR CASCADE PRODUCED BY 200 GEV PROTONS.	<b>David T. King</b>	UNIVERSITY OF TENNESSEE, KNOXVILLE
	Request 21 Dec, 70 Emulsion Exposure Approval 1 Feb, 71 Emulsion Exposure Completed 20 Sep, 72 1 Stack(s)		
<b>104</b>	<b>TOTAL CROSS SECTION #104</b> BEAM: Meson Area - M1 Beam MEASUREMENT OF TOTAL CROSS SECTIONS ON HYDROGEN AND DEUTERIUM. (OF $p^{+}$ , $K^{+}$ , $p$ , $pbar$ .)	<b>Thaddeus F. Kycia</b>	BROOKHAVEN NATIONAL LABORATORY FERMILAB MAX-PLANCK INSTITUTE (GERMANY) ROCKEFELLER UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
	Request 8 Jan, 71 700 Hours for tests and data taking 16 Jun, 76 1,300 Hours total with additional 600 hours for completion of cross section data and particle search exp# 354 Approval 8 Mar, 71 700 Hours 29 Jun, 76 1,300 Hours including an additional 600 hours for the remainder of exp# 104 and exp# 354 Completed 22 Dec, 77 2,650 Hours		
<b>105</b>	<b>EMULSION/PROTONS @ 200 #105</b> BEAM: Meson Area - Miscellaneous A PROPOSAL TO STUDY SOME CHARACTERISTICS OF PROTON-NUCLEON AND PROTON-NUCLEUS COLLISIONS AT 400 GEV USING NUCLEAR EMULSIONS.	<b>Prince K. Malhotra</b>	JAMMU UNIVERSITY (INDIA) PANJAB UNIVERSITY (INDIA) TATA INSTITUTE (INDIA)
	Request 14 Jan, 71 Emulsion Exposure Approval 1 Apr, 71 Emulsion Exposure Completed 20 Sep, 72 1 Stack(s)		
<b>108</b>	<b>BEAM DUMP #108</b> BEAM: Meson Area - M2 Beam A BEAM DUMP EXPERIMENT. (Study of shielding including hadron cascade development, muon attenuation, radioactivity.)	<b>Miguel Awschalom</b>	FERMILAB
	Request 4 Feb, 71 40 Hours for irradiation Approval 1 Mar, 71 40 Hours Completed 2 Jun, 75 350 Hours		
<b>110A</b>	<b>MULTIPARTICLE #110A</b> BEAM: Meson Area - M6 Beam PROPOSAL TO STUDY MULTIPARTICLE PERIPHERAL PHYSICS AT NAL. (Using a large wire chamber magnetic spectrometer.)	<b>Alexander R. Dzierba</b>	CALIFORNIA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES FERMILAB UNIV. OF ILLINOIS, CHICAGO CIRCLE INDIANA UNIVERSITY MAX-PLANCK INSTITUTE (GERMANY)
	Request 15 Feb, 71 400 Hours for test run and overview 10 Aug, 72 900 Hours for tests and data taking 21 Oct, 76 900 Hours for data taking Approval 5 Apr, 72 800 Hours 16 Nov, 73 600 Hours with understanding that approximately 200 hours of previously approved 800 hours of running will be used for exp# 260 18 Nov, 76 1,000 Hours with expectation that 800 hours will be used for data taking and 2 weeks for tuneup of beam and equipment Completed 9 Apr, 78 1,600 Hours		
<b>111</b>	<b>PION CHARGE EXCHANGE #111</b> BEAM: Meson Area - M6 Beam PROPOSAL TO STUDY $PI^{-}$ P TO $PI^0$ N AND $PI^{-}$ P TO $\eta$ N AT HIGH ENERGY.	<b>Alvin V. Tollestrup</b>	CALIFORNIA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY LAWRENCE BERKELEY LABORATORY
	Request 15 Feb, 71 450 Hours for tests and data taking Approval 1 Feb, 71 400 Hours Completed 19 Sep, 74 1,800 Hours		
<b>114</b>	<b>EMULSION/PROTONS @ 200 #114</b> BEAM: Meson Area - Miscellaneous STUDY OF 200-500 GEV PROTON AND PION INTERACTION WITH NUCLEAR EMULSION.	<b>Piyare L. Jain</b>	SUNY AT BUFFALO
	Request 24 Feb, 71 Emulsion Exposure Approval 1 Mar, 72 Emulsion Exposure Completed 20 Sep, 72 1 Stack(s)		
<b>115</b>	<b>LONG-LIVED PARTICLES #115</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Miscellaneous SEARCH FOR LONG-LIVED PARTICLES (Tau greater than or approximately equal 0.1 msec; analysis of particles from a beam dump.)	<b>M. Lynn Stevenson</b>	LAWRENCE BERKELEY LABORATORY
	Request 1 Mar, 71 Parasitic Running Approval 26 Aug, 71 Parasitic Running Completed 23 Nov, 74 6 Hours		
<b>116</b>	<b>EMULSION/PROTONS @ 200 #116</b> BEAM: Meson Area - Miscellaneous INTERACTION OF HIGH ENERGY PROTONS IN NUCLEAR EMULSIONS LOADED WITH B 10 AND LIF.	<b>Jacques D. Hebert</b>	UNIVERSITY OF BARCELONA (SPAIN) CRN, STRASBOURG (FRANCE) FERMILAB UNIVERSITY OF LYON (FRANCE) MCGILL UNIVERSITY (CANADA) UNIVERSITY OF MONTREAL (CANADA) UNIVERSITY OF OTTAWA (CANADA) UNIVERSITY OF VALENCIA (SPAIN)
	Request 31 Mar, 71 Emulsion Exposure Approval 1 Apr, 71 Emulsion Exposure Completed 20 Sep, 72 5 Stack(s)		
<b>117A</b>	<b>EMULSION/PROTONS @ 200 #117A</b> BEAM: Meson Area - Miscellaneous PHENOMOLOGICAL STUDY OF 200 AND 500 GEV/C PROTON-PROTON COLLISIONS IN EMULSION.	<b>Osamu Kusumoto</b>	KINKI UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) KOBE UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) OSAKA CITY UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) OSAKA SCIENCE EDUC. INST. (JAPAN) WAKAYAMA MEDICAL COLLEGE (JAPAN)
	Request 2 Mar, 71 Emulsion Exposure Approval 1 Apr, 71 Emulsion Exposure Completed 20 Sep, 72 11 Stack(s)		

192  
**Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory**  
**Master Listing of Proposals as of February 4, 1993**

(continued)

<b>118A INCLUSIVE SCATTERING #118A</b>	<b>George W. Brandenburg</b>	<b>UNIVERSITY OF BARI (ITALY) BROWN UNIVERSITY FERMILAB MASSACHUSETTS INST. OF TECHNOLOGY</b>
BEAM: Meson Area - M6 Beam HADRON SPECTRA FROM HIGH ENERGY INTERACTIONS. (Single particle inclusive spectra from pions, kaons, and protons using single arm spectrometer.)		
Request	3 Mar. 71 950 Hours	for tests and data taking
	20 Jun. 73 1,200 Hours	total with additional 250 hours of data taking
	22 Oct. 76 950 Hours	with an additional 350 hours to extend existing measurements; see proposal #513
Approval	25 Nov. 74 600 Hours	
	18 Nov. 76 950 Hours	with additional 350 hours for continued data taking
Completed	20 Jul. 77 2,550 Hours	
<b>120 PHOTON SEARCH #120</b>	<b>David B. Cline</b>	<b>UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO HARVARD UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-MADISON</b>
BEAM: Internal Target Area (C-0) EARLY PI ZERO PARTICLE PRODUCTION SURVEY WITH THE GAS JET TARGET. (Also direct photon production using the internal proton beam.)		
Request	9 Mar. 71 Unspecified	
Approval	1 Jun. 71 200 Hours	
Completed	29 May. 73 1,200 Hours	
<b>121A 30-INCH PI+ &amp; P - P @ 100 #121A</b>	<b>Richard L. Lander</b>	<b>UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, DAVIS LAWRENCE BERKELEY LABORATORY</b>
BEAM: Neutrino Area - 30 in. Hadron Beam A PROPOSAL TO SEARCH FOR VERY HEAVY STRANGE PARTICLES USING A SMALL HYDROGEN BUBBLE CHAMBER.		
Request	11 Mar. 71 100 K Pix	
	17 May. 71 200 K Pix	total with 50K at each of four incident proton momenta, 100, 200, 300, and 400 GeV/c
Approval	26 Aug. 71 50 K Pix	in bare chamber with events where there is downstream spark chamber data to be shared with exp #2B
Completed	23 Jan. 74 104 K Pix	
<b>125 30-INCH PI- - P @ 100 #125</b>	<b>Douglas R. O. Morrison</b>	<b>CERN (SWITZERLAND)</b>
BEAM: Neutrino Area - 30 in. Hadron Beam PROPOSAL TO STUDY PI- P REACTIONS AT 60 AND 200 GEV/C IN THE 30-INCH.		
Request	7 May. 71 100 K Pix	
Approval	27 Aug. 71 50 K Pix	in bare chamber with events where there is downstream spark chamber data to be shared with exp #2B
Completed	28 Aug. 73 53 K Pix	
<b>137 30-INCH PI- - P @ 200 #137</b>	<b>Fred Russ Huson</b>	<b>UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY FERMILAB LAWRENCE BERKELEY LABORATORY</b>
BEAM: Neutrino Area - 30 in. Hadron Beam STUDY OF PI- + P INTERACTIONS AT HIGH ENERGY.		
Request	4 May. 71 50 K Pix	
Approval	26 Aug. 71 50 K Pix	in bare chamber with events where there is downstream spark chamber data to be shared with exp #2B
Completed	10 Mar. 73 48 K Pix	
<b>138 30-INCH P-P @ 400 #138</b>	<b>Jack C. Vander Velde</b>	<b>UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN UNIVERSITY OF ROCHESTER</b>
BEAM: Neutrino Area - 30 in. Hadron Beam STUDY OF MULTIPARTICLE PRODUCTION IN A 30-INCH BUBBLE CHAMBER.		
Request	10 May. 71 240 K Pix	total; combined experiment from proposals #62 and #80
Approval	26 Aug. 71 50 K Pix	in bare chamber with events where there is downstream spark chamber data to be shared with exp #2B
Completed	26 Aug. 75 52 K Pix	
<b>141A 30-INCH P-P @ 200 #141A</b>	<b>Thomas H. Fields</b>	<b>ARGONNE NATIONAL LABORATORY FERMILAB IOWA STATE UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND MICHIGAN STATE UNIVERSITY</b>
BEAM: Neutrino Area - 30 in. Hadron Beam STUDY OF PP INTERACTIONS IN THE ANL 30-INCH HYDROGEN BUBBLE CHAMBER AT NAL.		
Request	25 Jun. 71 50 K Pix	
Approval	26 Aug. 71 50 K Pix	in bare chamber with events where there is downstream spark chamber data to be shared with exp #2B
Completed	27 Nov. 72 67 K Pix	
<b>142 SUPER-HEAVY ELEMENTS #142</b>	<b>Raymond W. Stoughton</b>	<b>ARGONNE NATIONAL LABORATORY OAK RIDGE NATIONAL LABORATORY</b>
BEAM: Neutrino Area - Miscellaneous PROPOSAL FOR A SEARCH FOR SUPERHEAVY ELEMENTS BY IRRADIATIONS AT NAL.		
Request	12 Jul. 71 Parasitic Running	with a total of 10 to the 18th protons on target
Approval	26 Aug. 71 Target Exposure(s)	
Completed	4 Jun. 75 1 Target(s)	
<b>143A 30-INCH PI- - P @ 300 #143A</b>	<b>George R. Kalbfleisch</b>	<b>BROOKHAVEN NATIONAL LABORATORY CASE WESTERN RESERVE UNIVERSITY</b>
BEAM: Neutrino Area - 30 in. Hadron Beam PROPOSAL FOR A RAPID SYSTEMATIC STUDY OF ALL INTERACTIONS IN A PI- - P EXPOSURE OF THE BARE 30-INCH CHAMBER AT 120 GEV/C.		
Request	12 Jul. 71 50 K Pix	
Approval	26 Aug. 71 50 K Pix	in bare chamber with events where there is downstream spark chamber data to be shared with exp #2B
Completed	10 Apr. 74 51 K Pix	
<b>147 SUPER-HEAVY ELEMENTS #147</b>	<b>Monique DeBeauvais</b>	<b>CRN, STRASBOURG (FRANCE) UNIVERSITY OF OTTAWA (CANADA)</b>
BEAM: Meson Area - Miscellaneous PROPOSAL OF AN EXPERIMENT ON THE FISSION OF VERY HEAVY NUCLEI INDUCED BY 200 GEV PROTONS.		
Request	9 Jul. 71 Target Exposure(s)	
Approval	6 Aug. 73 Target Exposure(s)	
Completed	11 Jun. 75 4 Exposure(s)	
<b>152B PHOTOPRODUCTION #152B</b>	<b>Clemens A. Heusch</b>	<b>UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, SANTA CRUZ</b>
BEAM: Proton Area - East PROPOSAL TO BUILD AN ELECTRON-PHOTON FACILITY AT NAL AND TO MEASURE PHOTON SCATTERING AT HIGH ENERGIES. (Measurement of total cross sections, elastic and inelastic scattering meson production, and a search for new particles.)		
Request	19 Jul. 71 300 Hours	with actual data taking of 160 hours
	23 Jun. 72 490 Hours	total with an additional 190 hours of data taking
Approval	4 Mar. 74 350 Hours	with understanding that there will be a collaborative effort in development and construction of equipment with exp# 263
	28 Jun. 78 1,800 Hours	approximately with the experiment to be considered complete by the time of the fall 1978 shutdown
Completed	13 Nov. 78 1,950 Hours	

# Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory

## Master Listing of Proposals as of February 4, 1993

(continued)

<b>154</b>	<b>30-INCH HYBRID #154</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - 30 in. Hadron Beam TEST OF PROPORTIONAL WIRE CHAMBERS IN HYBRID SYSTEMS.	<b>Irwin A. Pless</b>	BROWN UNIVERSITY FERMILAB ILLINOIS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS, CHAMPAIGN INDIANA UNIVERSITY JOHNS HOPKINS UNIVERSITY MASSACHUSETTS INST. OF TECHNOLOGY OAK RIDGE NATIONAL LABORATORY RUTGERS UNIVERSITY STEVENS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY UNIVERSITY OF TENNESSEE, KNOXVILLE YALE UNIVERSITY
Request	23 Jun. 71	2,000 K Pix	
Approval	27 Aug. 71	20 K Pix	with understanding that work will be done in two phases. Phase I - design, construction, installation, and initial operation of upstream tagging system Phase II - use of downstream PWC's for feasibility test run of 20K pix
	6 Aug. 73	120 K Pix	with additional 100K pix to be taken with single type incident particles at a given energy
Completed	13 Mar. 74	105 K Pix	of pi- - p @ 150 GeV
<b>155</b>	<b>15-FOOT EMI TEST #155</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Wide Band Horn PROPOSAL TO DEVELOP A PHASE I EXTERNAL MUON IDENTIFIER (EMI) FOR USE WITH THE NAL 30 CUBIC METER BUBBLE CHAMBER.	<b>Vincent Z. Peterson</b>	UNIVERSITY OF HAWAII AT MANOA LAWRENCE BERKELEY LABORATORY
Request	15 Jul. 71	Test Running	
Approval	27 Aug. 71	Parasitic Running	with understanding that completion of Phase I will include tests in neutrino beam with 15-ft bubble chamber in operation and number of pix to be determined at a later date
	17 Dec. 71	Parasitic Running	with 100K pix to be taken from exp# 45A exposures taken when EMI was operating; film containing about 200 events to be delivered as soon as feasible to aid in preliminary tuneup and checking
	26 Jun. 74	50 K Pix	with formal approval for dedicated pictures to follow successful analysis of 200 events from exp# 45A exposures
Completed	30 Nov. 74	14 K Pix	
<b>156</b>	<b>EMULSION/PROTONS @ 200 #156</b> BEAM: Meson Area - Miscellaneous STUDY OF SECONDARY PARTICLES PRODUCED BY 200 AND 500 GEV PROTONS IN EMULSION CHAMBERS.	<b>Kiyoshi Niu</b>	AICHI UNIV. OF EDUCATION (JAPAN) KWANSEI GAKUIN UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) NAGOYA UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) UNIVERSITY OF TOKYO (JAPAN) YOKOHAMA NATIONAL UNIV. (JAPAN)
Request	15 Aug. 71	Emulsion Exposure	
Approval	1 Sep. 71	Emulsion Exposure	
Completed	20 Sep. 72	13 Stack(s)	
<b>161</b>	<b>30-INCH P - P&amp;NE @ 300 #161</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - 30 in. Hadron Beam PROPOSAL TO SURVEY HIGH ENERGY PROTON COLLISIONS IN NEON AND TO SEARCH FOR ANOMALOUS PHOTON BUNDLES AT NAL.	<b>James Mapp</b>	UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-MADISON
Request	13 Oct. 71	50 K Pix	
Approval	6 Aug. 73	50 K Pix	
Completed	25 Jun. 74	51 K Pix	
<b>163A</b>	<b>30-INCH PI- - P&amp;NE @ 200 #163A</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - 30 in. Hadron Beam PROPOSAL FOR A STUDY OF THE INTERACTION OF HIGH ENERGY PI- WITH NEON.	<b>William D. Walker</b>	DUKE UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA
Request	4 Dec. 71	50 K Pix	
Approval	19 Jul. 72	50 K Pix	
Completed	18 Jun. 74	52 K Pix	
<b>171</b>	<b>EMULSION/PROTONS @ 200 #171</b> BEAM: Meson Area - Miscellaneous PROPOSED EMULSION EXPERIMENT SEARCH FOR SHORT LIVED PARTICLES AT HIGH ENERGIES.	<b>Jere J. Lord</b>	UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
Request	10 May. 72	Emulsion Exposure	
Approval	1 Aug. 72	Emulsion Exposure	
Completed	20 Sep. 72	6 Stack(s)	
<b>172</b>	<b>15-FOOT ANTI-NEUTRINO/H2&amp;NE#172</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Wide Band Horn ANTINEUTRINO INTERACTIONS IN THE 15-FOOT H2-NEON BUBBLE CHAMBER.	<b>Henry J. Lubatti</b>	UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY UNIVERSITY OF HAWAII AT MANOA LAWRENCE BERKELEY LABORATORY UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
Request	16 May. 72	50 K Pix	
Approval	19 Jul. 72	50 K Pix	
Completed	25 May. 76	49 K Pix	
<b>177A</b>	<b>PROTON-PROTON ELASTIC #177A</b> BEAM: Proton Area - West EARLY MEASUREMENT OF HIGH ENERGY P P LARGE ANGLE ELASTIC SCATTERING.	<b>Jay Orear</b>	CORNELL UNIVERSITY LEBEDEV PHYSICAL INST. (RUSSIA) MCGILL UNIVERSITY (CANADA) NORTHEASTERN UNIVERSITY
Request	12 Jun. 72	100 Hours	for initial run
Approval	27 Oct. 72	700 Hours	total with additional 600 hours for data
	13 Aug. 73	100 Hours	for Phase I; counter tests to demonstrate success of proposed technique
	28 Jun. 76	700 Hours	with 600 hours additional for data
	19 Nov. 76	1,500 Hours	with additional 800 hours to collect data at 200 GeV and 400 GeV to t-values of 18 GeV squared; completion of run expected by 15 Feb 1977
	7 Mar. 77	2,200 Hours	with additional 700 hours to collect data in high t region with completion of experiment expected at end of April 1977
Completed	19 Apr. 77	2,400 Hours	
<b>178</b>	<b>MULTIPLICITIES #178</b> BEAM: Meson Area - M6 Beam A STUDY OF THE AVERAGE MULTIPLICITY AND MULTIPLICITY DISTRIBUTIONS IN HADRON-NUCLEUS COLLISIONS AT HIGH ENERGIES. (Using Cerenkov counter pulse height analysis.)	<b>Wit Busza</b>	CARELTON UNIVERSITY (CANADA) FERMILAB MASSACHUSETTS INST. OF TECHNOLOGY
Request	16 Jun. 72	60 Hours	including 20 hours for tests
Approval	6 Aug. 73	100 Hours	with understanding that running will be on a parasitic basis during tuning of M6 beam line by exp# 96
	25 Oct. 74	200 Hours	with an additional 100 hours of running in the M6 beam line
Completed	14 Aug. 75	800 Hours	

**Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory**  
**Master Listing of Proposals as of February 4, 1993**

(continued)

<b>180</b>	<b>15-FOOT ANTI-NEUTRINO/H2&amp;NE#180</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Wide Band Horn A STUDY OF ANTINEUTRINO INTERACTIONS IN THE NAL 15-FOOT BUBBLE CHAMBER, FILLED WITH HYDROGEN AND NEON.	<b>Pavel F. Ermolov</b>	<b>FERMILAB UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN ITEP, MOSCOW (RUSSIA) IHEP, PROTIVNO (SERPUKHOV)(RUSSIA)</b>
	Request 23 Jun, 72 200 K Pix Approval 11 Jul, 72 50 K Pix of antineutrinos to run before exp# 172 and to have first choice of the two H2/neon mixtures 29 Jun, 76 200 K Pix including an additional 150K pix; with the expectation that the experiment will involve a total of 500K pix Approved/Inactive 1 Jun, 77 273 K Pix as of 01 Jun 1977		
<b>181</b>	<b>EMULSION/PROTONS @ 300 #181</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Miscellaneous THE DIRECT PRODUCTION OF ELECTRON PAIRS IN NUCLEAR EMULSION BY 100 AND 200 GEV PROTONS.	<b>Arthur S. Cary</b>	<b>HARVEY MUDD COLLEGE</b>
	Request 27 Jul, 72 Emulsion Exposure Approval 15 Nov, 72 Emulsion Exposure Completed 20 Oct, 73 3 Stack(s)		
<b>183</b>	<b>EMULSION/PROTONS @ 200 #183</b> BEAM: Meson Area - Miscellaneous A PROPOSAL OF THE PHOTOEMULSION EXPERIMENT AT THE NATIONAL ACCELERATOR LABORATORY (BATAVIA).	<b>M. I. Tretjakova</b>	<b>LEBEDEV PHYSICAL INST. (RUSSIA)</b>
	Request 7 Jul, 72 Emulsion Exposure Approval 1 Aug, 72 Emulsion Exposure Completed 20 Sep, 72 3 Stack(s)		
<b>184</b>	<b>PARTICLE SEARCH #184</b> BEAM: Internal Target Area (C-0) SEARCH FOR A NEW CLASS OF PENETRATING MASSIVE PARTICLES AT C-0.	<b>Peter J. Wanderer</b>	<b>UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO HARVARD UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-MADISON</b>
	Request 14 Sep, 72 Unspecified Approval 5 Oct, 72 400 Hours with installation to begin at time of removal of exp# 120 and extending for a period of one month 6 Aug, 73 600 Hours with approval for occupancy at C-0 for 6 weeks 22 Feb, 74 760 Hours with an authorized extension of 160 hours Completed 29 May, 74 800 Hours		
<b>186</b>	<b>PROTON-DEUTERON SCATTERING #186</b> BEAM: Internal Target Area (C-0) A PROPOSAL TO STUDY SMALL ANGLE PROTON-DEUTERON SCATTERING. (Using a gas jet target with deuterium and the internal proton beam; t from 0.001 - 0.020.)	<b>Adrian Melissinos</b>	<b>FERMILAB JINR, DUBNA (RUSSIA) UNIVERSITY OF ROCHESTER ROCKEFELLER UNIVERSITY</b>
	Request 19 Oct, 72 400 Hours Approval 1 Nov, 72 400 Hours Completed 19 Aug, 74 450 Hours		
<b>187</b>	<b>PARTICLE SEARCH #187</b> BEAM: Proton Area - Center PHASE 0.8 - SEARCH FOR LONG-LIVED MASSIVE OBJECTS (HIGH ENERGY CALIBRATION RUN). (Relying on r.f. bunching and time of flight measurement.)	<b>Leon M. Lederman</b>	<b>COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY FERMILAB</b>
	Request 5 Sep, 72 Unspecified Approval 30 Oct, 72 100 Hours Completed 6 Nov, 73 200 Hours		
<b>188</b>	<b>PROTON-NUCLEON INCLUSIVE #188</b> BEAM: Internal Target Area (C-0) A PROPOSAL TO MEASURE CROSS SECTIONS FOR P-P TO P-X, N-X AS A FUNCTION OF S AND MX SQUARED USING THE INTERNAL TARGET FACILITY AT NAL.	<b>Felix Sannes</b>	<b>UNIV. OF ILLINOIS, CHICAGO CIRCLE IMPERIAL COLLEGE (ENGLAND) RUTGERS UNIVERSITY UPSALA COLLEGE</b>
	Request 25 Oct, 72 200 Hours Approval 1 Nov, 72 200 Hours Completed 9 May, 73 1,050 Hours		
<b>189</b>	<b>EMULSION/PROTONS @ 200 #189</b> BEAM: Meson Area - Miscellaneous NUCLEAR EMULSION EXPOSURES TO 400 GEV. (For student laboratory use.)	<b>David Ritson</b>	<b>STANFORD UNIVERSITY</b>
	Request 16 Oct, 72 Emulsion Exposure Approval 2 Nov, 72 Emulsion Exposure Completed 20 Sep, 72 2 Plate(s)		
<b>194</b>	<b>30-INCH P - D @ 100 #194</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - 30 in. Hadron Beam PROPOSAL TO STUDY PROTON-DEUTERON INTERACTIONS IN THE 30-INCH BUBBLE CHAMBER.	<b>C. Thornton Murphy</b>	<b>CARNEGIE-MELLON UNIVERSITY FERMILAB UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN SUNY AT STONY BROOK</b>
	Request 13 Nov, 72 200 K Pix Approval 1 Mar, 74 100 K Pix in bare chamber with downstream chamber data if it can be arranged Completed 20 Aug, 76 92 K Pix		
<b>195</b>	<b>EMULSION/PROTONS @ 300 #195</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Miscellaneous PROPOSAL TO MEASURE THE LIFETIME OF THE NEUTRAL PION.	<b>Yu K. Lim</b>	<b>CRFC, CAMBRIDGE EMMANUEL COLLEGE MISSISSIPPI STATE UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF SINGAPORE(SINGAPORE)</b>
	Request 13 Nov, 72 Emulsion Exposure Approval 15 Nov, 72 Emulsion Exposure Completed 10 Jun, 75 3 Stack(s)		
<b>196</b>	<b>30-INCH P - D @ 400 #196</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - 30 in. Hadron Beam PROTON-DEUTERON INTERACTIONS IN THE BARE 30-INCH BUBBLE CHAMBER.	<b>Roderich J. Engelmann</b>	<b>CARNEGIE-MELLON UNIVERSITY FERMILAB UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN SUNY AT STONY BROOK</b>
	Request 13 Nov, 72 100 K Pix Approval 21 Mar, 74 100 K Pix in bare chamber with downstream chamber data if it can be arranged Completed 20 Oct, 75 109 K Pix		

# Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory

## Master Listing of Proposals as of February 4, 1993

(continued)

<b>198A PROTON-NUCLEON SCATTERING #198A</b> BEAM: Internal Target Area (C-0) A PROPOSAL FOR A MAGNETIC RECOIL SPECTROMETER FOR THE GAS JET TARGET. (Use of the gas jet target with H <sub>2</sub> and D <sub>2</sub> to study p - p and p - d scattering with the internal proton beam; t from 0.15 - 3.0.)	<b>Stephen L. Olsen</b>	IMPERIAL COLLEGE (ENGLAND) UNIVERSITY OF ROCHESTER RUTGERS UNIVERSITY
Request 22 Dec, 72 800 Hours Approval 22 Mar, 74 800 Hours contingent on construction of C-0 extension 26 Jun, 74 800 Hours with the understanding that concurrent running with exp# 313 be arranged whenever possible Completed 19 Apr, 77 900 Hours		
<b>199 MASSIVE PARTICLE SEARCH #199</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Miscellaneous SEARCH FOR WEAKLY PRODUCED MASSIVE LONG LIVED PARTICLES AT NAL. (Using a threshold Cerenkov counter.)	<b>Sherman Frankel</b>	FERMILAB UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA
Request 21 Dec, 72 Target Exposure(s) Approval 15 Jan, 73 Target Exposure(s) Completed 22 Aug, 73 2 Targets Exposed		
<b>202 TACHYON MONOPOLE #202</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Miscellaneous SEARCH FOR TACHYON MONOPOLES IN COSMIC RAYS ABOVE 15-FOOT BUBBLE CHAMBER. (Using magnet fringe field.)	<b>David F. Bartlett</b>	UNIVERSITY OF COLORADO AT BOULDER PRINCETON UNIVERSITY
Request 1 Feb, 73 800 Hours of which half would be at zero field Approval 22 Aug, 73 Parasitic Running Completed 19 May, 76 Cosmic Ray Running		
<b>203A MUON #203A</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Muon/Hadron Beam FEASIBLE SEARCH FOR HEAVY NEUTRAL MUONS PREDICTED BY GAUGE THEORIES AND CONCURRENT MEASUREMENT OF DEEP-INELASTIC VIRTUAL COMPTON SCATTERING.	<b>Leroy T. Kerth</b>	UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY FERMILAB LAWRENCE BERKELEY LABORATORY PRINCETON UNIVERSITY
Request 9 Mar, 73 600 Hours with muon beam intensity of 5 x 10 to the 6th per pulse Approval 26 Mar, 75 500 Hours with formal approval of 1 x 10 to the 18th protons 23 Mar, 78 1,200 Hours with the expectation to run the experiment until about April 27, 1978 Completed 18 May, 78 1,200 Hours		
<b>205A EMULSION/MUONS @ 150 #205A</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Miscellaneous PHENOMENOLOGICAL STUDY OF MUON-NUCLEON COLLISION AT ENERGY MORE THAN 100 GEV IN EMULSION.	<b>Osamu Kusumoto</b>	KINKI UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) KOBE UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) OKAYAMA UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) OSAKA CITY UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) OSAKA SCIENCE EDUC. INST. (JAPAN) UNIVERSITY OF TOKYO (JAPAN)
Request 4 Apr, 73 Emulsion Exposure Approval 15 Jun, 73 Emulsion Exposure Completed 16 Oct, 73 2 Stack(s)		
<b>209 30-INCH P - D @ 300 #209</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - 30 in. Hadron Beam A STUDY OF 300 GEV/C P D INTERACTIONS IN THE THIRTY-INCH BUBBLE CHAMBER.	<b>Fu Tak Dao</b>	CALIFORNIA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY IOWA STATE UNIVERSITY TUFTS UNIVERSITY VANDERBILT UNIVERSITY
Request 1 May, 73 50 K Pix Approval 21 Mar, 74 100 K Pix in bare chamber with downstream chamber data if it can be arranged Completed 7 Oct, 76 106 K Pix		
<b>211 BEAM DUMP #211</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Miscellaneous PROPOSAL FOR RADIATION MEASUREMENTS AROUND A PROTON BEAM DUMP AT 300 GEV. (Early measurements to confirm calculations for CERN; very reduced version of exp #108.)	<b>Klaus Goebel</b>	CERN (SWITZERLAND) FERMILAB
Request 18 Apr, 73 10 Hours with a total of 10 to the 15th protons Approval 20 Apr, 73 10 Hours Completed 14 Nov, 73 2 Hours		
<b>216 FORM FACTOR #216</b> BEAM: Meson Area - M1 Beam A MEASUREMENT OF THE PION FORM FACTOR BY DIRECT PION-ELECTRON SCATTERING.	<b>Donald H. Stork</b>	UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES FERMILAB JINR, DUBNA (RUSSIA) NOTRE DAME UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF PITTSBURGH
Request 25 May, 73 630 Hours Approval 6 Aug, 73 100 Hours for testing and running at 100 GeV to assess background effects 7 Jul, 75 600 Hours with additional 500 hours of running in M-1 beam line and encouragement to select a single high energy for measurement Completed 1 Oct, 75 900 Hours		
<b>217 30-INCH PI+ &amp; P - P @ 200 #217</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - 30 in. Hadron Beam A COMPARISON OF 100 GEV AND 200 GEV PI+ - P INTERACTIONS.	<b>Richard L. Lander</b>	UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, DAVIS LAWRENCE BERKELEY LABORATORY SLAC
Request 29 May, 73 50 K Pix Approval 6 Aug, 73 50 K Pix Completed 15 May, 74 85 K Pix		
<b>218 30-INCH PI- D @ 200 #218</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - 30 in. Hadron Beam PION-DEUTERON INTERACTIONS AT 200 GEV/C.	<b>Philip M. Yager</b>	UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, DAVIS INP, KRAKOW (POLAND) WARSAW UNIVERSITY, INP, (POLAND) UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
Request 29 May, 73 50 K Pix Approval 21 Mar, 74 50 K Pix in bare chamber with downstream chamber data if it can be arranged Completed 18 Sep, 74 72 K Pix		
<b>221 PROTON-PROTON INELASTIC #221</b> BEAM: Internal Target Area (C-0) P - P INELASTIC SCATTERING IN THE DIFFRACTIVE REGION. (Continuation of experiment #14A.)	<b>Paolo Franzini</b>	COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY SUNY AT STONY BROOK
Request 8 Jun, 73 400 Hours including 200 hours of setup and tuning Approval 6 Aug, 73 400 Hours Completed 5 Sep, 74 950 Hours		

196  
**Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory**  
**Master Listing of Proposals as of February 4, 1993**

(continued)

226	<b>K ZERO CHARGE RADIUS #226</b> BEAM: Meson Area - M4 Beam COHERENT K-SHORT REGENERATION BY ELECTRONS.	Valentine L. Telegdi	UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO LHE, ETH HONGGERBERG (SWITZERLAND) UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-MADISON
	Request 12 Jun, 73 720 Hours 15 Nov, 74 2,100 Hours Approval 22 Nov, 74 500 Hours 30 Jun, 76 600 Hours Completed 17 Mar, 77 1,200 Hours	total for Phase 1, 500 hours in M4 line; and Phase 2, 1600 hours in M3 line with a total of 800 hours approved for the combination of E-486 and E-226	
228	<b>30-INCH PI+ &amp; P - P @ 60 #228</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - 30 in. Hadron Beam PROPOSAL TO EXTEND THE ENERGY RANGE OF A STUDY OF MULTIPARTICLE PRODUCTION IN P - P COLLISIONS. (Request for the remaining pictures for exp #252 to be with a momentum of 60 GeV/c.)	Thomas Ferbel	UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN UNIVERSITY OF ROCHESTER
	Request 16 Jun, 73 25 K Pix 20 Feb, 74 35 K Pix Approval 6 Aug, 73 25 K Pix 14 Mar, 74 35 K Pix Completed 15 Apr, 74 37 K Pix	total with a p1/p ratio of 5/3 in bare chamber with tagged beam including additional 10K pix and a pi/p ratio of about 5/3	
229	<b>DETECTOR DEVELOPMENT #229</b> BEAM: Meson Area - M1 Beam A PROPOSAL FOR TESTING A TRANSITION RADIATION DETECTOR AT NAL.	Luke C. L. Yuan	BROOKHAVEN NATIONAL LABORATORY
	Request 19 Jun, 73 100 Hours Approval 23 Aug, 73 Parasitic Running for about 200 hours Completed 16 Nov, 74 300 Hours		
230	<b>MULTIGAMMA #230</b> BEAM: Meson Area - M3 Beam A SEARCH FOR "SCHEIN EVENTS" AND EVENTS WITH A HIGH MULTIPLICITY OF GAMMAS.	Michael J. Longo	UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN
	Request 25 Jun, 73 40 Hours Approval 6 Aug, 73 40 Hours Completed 24 Apr, 74 50 Hours	with restriction that wide gap chambers will not cause any interference with other experiments in the area	
232	<b>EMULSION/PROTONS @ 300 #232</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Miscellaneous 400-GEV PROTONS ON COMPLEX NUCLEI.	David T. King	UNIVERSITY OF TENNESSEE, KNOXVILLE
	Request 6 Jul, 73 Emulsion Exposure Approval 16 Aug, 73 Emulsion Exposure Completed 20 Oct, 73 2 Stack(s)		
233	<b>EMULSION/PROTONS @ 300 #233</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Miscellaneous 300 GEV (AND 400 GEV) PROTON INTERACTIONS IN NUCLEAR EMULSION.	Jacques D. Hebert	UNIVERSITY OF BARCELONA (SPAIN) UNIVERSITY OF BELGRADE(YUGOSLAVIA) IAP, BUCHAREST (ROMANIA) CRN, STRASBOURG (FRANCE) FERMILAB UNIVERSITY OF LUND (SWEDEN) MCGILL UNIVERSITY (CANADA) UNIVERSITY OF NANCY (FRANCE) UNIVERSITY OF OTTAWA (CANADA) UNIV. OF PARIS VI, LPG (FRANCE) UNIVERSITY OF QUEBEC (CANADA) LRC, LYON (FRANCE) INFN, ROME (ITALY) IFC, VALENCIA (SPAIN)
	Request 16 Jul, 73 Emulsion Exposure Approval 16 Aug, 73 Emulsion Exposure Completed 20 Oct, 73 8 Stack(s)		
234	<b>15-FOOT ENGINEERING RUN #234</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - 15 ft. Hadron Beam AN ENGINEERING RUN FOR THE NAL 15-FOOT CRYOGENIC BUBBLE CHAMBER.	Fred Russ Huson	FERMILAB FLORIDA STATE UNIVERSITY
	Request 1 Aug, 73 50 K Pix Approval 6 Aug, 73 50 K Pix Completed 5 Nov, 74 57 K Pix	of p1 - p interactions at 250 GeV/c	
236A	<b>HADRON JETS #236A</b> BEAM: Meson Area - M1 Beam A PROPOSAL TO EXPLORE THE LARGE-PT DOMAIN: INCLUSIVE CROSS SECTIONS AND POSSIBLE JET STRUCTURE.	Paul M. Mockett	FERMILAB TUFTS UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
	Request 13 Aug, 73 550 Hours for tests and data 16 Dec, 76 1,150 Hours including an additional 400 hours for data and 200 hours for tests Approval 22 Jan, 74 550 Hours 1 Apr, 77 1,150 Hours including additional 600 hours to complete experiment during a six week running period Completed 20 Jul, 77 1,700 Hours		
237	<b>EMULSION/PROTONS @ 300 #237</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Miscellaneous EMULSION EXPOSURE TO 300 GEV PROTONS.	Jere J. Lord	UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
	Request 14 Aug, 73 Emulsion Exposure Approval 11 Sep, 73 Emulsion Exposure Completed 10 Jun, 75 5 Stack(s)		
238	<b>EMULSION/PROTONS @ 400 #238</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Miscellaneous EMULSION EXPOSURE TO 400 GEV PROTONS.	Jere J. Lord	UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
	Request 14 Aug, 73 Emulsion Exposure Approval 12 Mar, 74 Emulsion Exposure Completed 9 Dec, 75 9 Stack(s)		
239	<b>LONG-LIVED PARTICLES #239</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Miscellaneous PROPOSAL FOR A FURTHER SEARCH FOR LONG LIVED PARTICLES AT NAL. (With a Cerenkov counter looking at the neutrino target from the 90 degree monitor pipe.)	William Frati	FERMILAB UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA
	Request 15 Jul, 73 Parasitic Running Approval 6 Dec, 73 Parasitic Running Completed 3 Feb, 74 350 Hours		

197  
**Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory**  
**Master Listing of Proposals as of February 4, 1993**

(continued)

242	<b>EMULSION/PROTONS @ 300 #242</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Miscellaneous STUDY OF SECONDARY PARTICLES PRODUCED BY 300 GEV PROTONS IN EMULSION CHAMBERS.	Kiyoshi Niu	AICHI UNIV. OF EDUCATION (JAPAN) NAGOYA UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) YOKOHAMA NATIONAL UNIV. (JAPAN)
	Request 28 Sep, 73 Emulsion Exposure Approval 22 Nov, 73 Emulsion Exposure Completed 20 Oct, 73 2 Stack(s)		
243	<b>EMULSION/PROTONS @ 400 #243</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Miscellaneous STUDY OF SECONDARY PARTICLES PRODUCED BY 400 GEV PROTONS IN EMULSION CHAMBERS.	Kiyoshi Niu	AICHI UNIV. OF EDUCATION (JAPAN) KONAN UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) NAGOYA UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) YOKOHAMA NATIONAL UNIV. (JAPAN)
	Request 28 Sep, 73 Emulsion Exposure Approval 12 Mar, 74 Emulsion Exposure Completed 9 Dec, 75 7 Stack(s)		
244	<b>EMULSION/PROTONS @ 300 #244</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Miscellaneous INTERACTION OF 300 GEV PROTONS IN NUCLEAR EMULSION.	Piyare L. Jain	SUNY AT BUFFALO
	Request 1 Oct, 73 Emulsion Exposure Approval 22 Nov, 73 Emulsion Exposure Completed 20 Oct, 73 1 Stack(s)		
245	<b>EMULSION/PROTONS @ 400 #245</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Miscellaneous INTERACTION OF 400 GEV PROTONS IN NUCLEAR EMULSION.	Piyare L. Jain	SUNY AT BUFFALO
	Request 1 Oct, 73 Emulsion Exposure Approval 3 Mar, 74 Emulsion Exposure Completed 9 Dec, 75 1 Stack(s)		
247	<b>PARTICLE SEARCH #247</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Wide Band Horn A PROPOSED EXPERIMENT TO SEARCH FOR HEAVY LEPTONS. (Using a hybrid emulsion-spark chamber arrangement.)	Eric H. S. Burhop	UNIV. COLLEGE DUBLIN (IRELAND) FERMILAB UNIVERSITY OF LIBRE (BELGIUM) LONDON UNIVERSITY COLLEGE(ENGLAND) INFN, ROME (ITALY) UNIVERSITY OF STRASBOURG (FRANCE)
	Request 21 Sep, 73 1,000 Hours with request for a bombardment of 2 x 10 to the 18th protons Approval 2 Oct, 73 Unspecified but with expectation of test running for feasibility studies 26 Mar, 75 1,000 Hours with formal approval for 2 x 10 to the 18th protons subject to the condition that running is compatible with exp# 310 and the 15-ft bubble chamber program 11 Mar, 76 1,000 Hours with formal approval for 2 x 10 to the 18th protons and high priority Completed 18 May, 76 350 Hours		
248	<b>NEUTRON ELASTIC SCATTERING #248</b> BEAM: Meson Area - M3 Beam NEUTRON-PROTON DIFFRACTION SCATTERING UP TO 300 GEV. (Differential cross sections with t from 0.1 to 3.5; formerly referred to as exp #411.)	Michael J. Longo	UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN
	Request 15 May, 70 700 Hours as an estimate Approval 1 Aug, 70 400 Hours Completed 10 Dec, 76 2,400 Hours		
249	<b>EMULSION/PROTONS @ 400 #249</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Miscellaneous CRACON EMULSION EXPOSURE TO 400 GEV PROTONS.	Wladyslaw Wolter	INP, KRAKOW (POLAND)
	Request 8 Oct, 73 Emulsion Exposure Approval 12 Mar, 74 Emulsion Exposure Completed 9 Dec, 75 3 Stack(s)		
250	<b>EMULSION/PROTONS @ 300 #250</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Miscellaneous PHENOMENOLOGICAL STUDY OF PROTON-NUCLEUS COLLISION AT NAL ENERGIES IN EMULSION (300 GEV).	Osamu Kusumoto	KINKI UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) KOBE UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) OSAKA CITY UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) OSAKA SCIENCE EDUC. INST. (JAPAN) WAKAYAMA MEDICAL COLLEGE (JAPAN)
	Request 10 Oct, 73 Emulsion Exposure Approval 22 Nov, 73 Emulsion Exposure Completed 20 Oct, 73 1 Stack(s)		
251	<b>EMULSION/PROTONS @ 400 #251</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Miscellaneous PHENOMENOLOGICAL STUDY OF PROTON-NUCLEUS COLLISION AT NAL ENERGIES IN EMULSION (400 GEV).	Osamu Kusumoto	KINKI UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) KOBE UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) OSAKA CITY UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) OSAKA SCIENCE EDUC. INST. (JAPAN) WAKAYAMA MEDICAL COLLEGE (JAPAN)
	Request 10 Oct, 73 Emulsion Exposure Approval 22 Oct, 73 Emulsion Exposure Completed 9 Dec, 75 3 Stack(s)		
252	<b>30-INCH P-P @ 100 #252</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - 30 in. Hadron Beam STUDY OF MULTIPARTICLE PRODUCTION IN A 30-INCH BUBBLE CHAMBER. (Formerly known as experiment #138I.)	Thomas Ferbel	UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN UNIVERSITY OF ROCHESTER
	Request 10 May, 71 240 K Pix Approval 26 Aug, 71 50 K Pix in bare chamber with events where there is downstream spark chamber data to be shared with exp #2B Completed 6 Dec, 72 33 K Pix		
253	<b>NEUTRINO #253</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Wide Band Horn NEUTRINO-ELECTRON SCATTERING AT NAL.	Luke W. Mo	IHEP, BEIJING (PRC) UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION UNIVERSITY OF OXFORD (ENGLAND) VIRGINIA POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTE
	Request 15 Oct, 73 Parasitic Running expected to total 1,000 hours Approval 7 Jul, 75 Parasitic Running Completed 7 Mar, 79 2,050 Hours		

198  
**Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory**  
**Master Listing of Proposals as of February 4, 1993**

(continued)

254	<b>NEUTRINO #254</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Dichromatic PROPOSAL TO SEARCH FOR A SECOND MUON NEUTRINO. (Dichromatic beam incident on target calorimeter with muon spectrometer of exp #21A; muon monitoring instrumentation will be added.)	George R. Kalbfleisch	BROOKHAVEN NATIONAL LABORATORY CALIFORNIA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY FERMILAB PURDUE UNIVERSITY
	Request 17 Oct, 73 300 Hours with total flux of $3 \times 10$ to the 17th protons		
	Approval 22 Nov, 74 300 Hours with a formal approval for $3 \times 10$ to the 17th protons and the hope that running can be coordinated with exp# 21		
	Completed 15 Oct, 75 550 Hours		
255	<b>EMULSION/MUONS @ 150 #255</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Miscellaneous EXPOSURE OF NUCLEAR EMULSIONS TO A BEAM OF 150 GEV MUONS AT THE NATIONAL ACCELERATOR LABORATORY.	Piyare L. Jain	SUNY AT BUFFALO
	Request 15 Oct, 73 Emulsion Exposure		
	Approval 22 Oct, 73 Emulsion Exposure		
	Completed 16 Oct, 73 1 Stack(s)		
258	<b>PION INCLUSIVE #258</b> BEAM: Proton Area - West A PROPOSAL TO MEASURE PARTICLES PRODUCED AT HIGH TRANSVERSE MOMENTUM BY PIONS.	Melvyn Jay Shochet	UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO PRINCETON UNIVERSITY
	Request 22 Oct, 73 Unspecified		
	Approval 26 Jun, 74 800 Hours contingent upon development of a suitable beam		
	Completed 9 Jul, 79 1,500 Hours		
260	<b>HADRON JETS #260</b> BEAM: Meson Area - M6 Beam A PROPOSAL TO STUDY HIGH PT PHYSICS WITH A MULTIPARTICLE SPECTROMETER.	Donald W. McLeod	CALIFORNIA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES FERMILAB UNIV. OF ILLINOIS, CHICAGO CIRCLE INDIANA UNIVERSITY MAX-PLANCK INSTITUTE (GERMANY)
	Request 26 Oct, 73 650 Hours		
	9 Aug, 76 1,150 Hours including an extension of 500 hours to complete the experiment		
	Approval 16 Nov, 73 200 Hours to come out of the 800 hours previously approved for exp# 110A		
	13 Aug, 76 950 Hours for data including an additional 750 hours with the understanding that the commitment to the experiment is to be complete before a shutdown in September 1976		
	Completed 20 Sep, 76 2,300 Hours		
261	<b>DETECTOR DEVELOPMENT #261</b> BEAM: Meson Area - M1 Beam PROPOSAL TO TEST TRANSITION COUNTERS AT NAL.	Ching Lin Wang	BROOKHAVEN NATIONAL LABORATORY FERMILAB
	Request 26 Oct, 73 Parasitic Running expected to total 200 hours		
	Approval 17 Jan, 74 Parasitic Running for about 200 hours		
	Completed 20 Nov, 74 600 Hours		
262	<b>NEUTRINO #262</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Dichromatic NEUTRAL CURRENT INVESTIGATION AT NAL. (Using the Dichromatic beam, target calorimeter, and spectrometer of exp. #21A.)	Barry C. Barish	CALIFORNIA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY FERMILAB
	Request 28 Oct, 73 300 Hours to include $3 \times 10$ to the 17th protons		
	Approval 16 Nov, 73 300 Hours with understanding that this will include $3 \times 10$ to the 17th protons		
	Completed 20 Mar, 74 400 Hours		
264	<b>EMULSION/PI- @ 200 #264</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Miscellaneous EXPOSURE OF EMULSIONS TO 200-300 GEV PI- FOR NEW DETERMINATION OF MEAN LIFE OF PI ZERO.	Poh Shien Young	MISSISSIPPI STATE UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF TENNESSEE, KNOXVILLE
	Request 31 Oct, 73 Emulsion Exposure		
	Approval 12 Mar, 74 Emulsion Exposure		
	Completed 7 Oct, 74 2 Stack(s)		
265	<b>EMULSION/PROTONS @ 400 #265</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Miscellaneous EXPOSURE OF EMULSIONS TO 400 GEV PROTONS FOR NEW DETERMINATION OF MEAN LIFE OF PI ZERO.	Poh Shien Young	CRFC, CAMBRIDGE MISSISSIPPI STATE UNIVERSITY
	Request 31 Oct, 73 Emulsion Exposure		
	Approval 12 Mar, 74 Emulsion Exposure		
	Completed 9 Dec, 75 3 Stack(s)		
268	<b>INCLUSIVE PHOTON #268</b> BEAM: Meson Area - M2 Beam A PROPOSAL TO STUDY MESON PRODUCTION AT LARGE P- TRANSVERSE WITH A GAMMA RAY DETECTOR. (Induced by protons @ 300 GeV and by pi+- @ 100 and 200 GeV; using photon detector of exp #111.)	Joel Mellema	BROOKHAVEN NATIONAL LABORATORY CALIFORNIA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY LAWRENCE BERKELEY LABORATORY
	Request 5 Nov, 73 900 Hours total with an initial run of 500 hours		
	3 Nov, 75 1,200 Hours including a three-week extension		
	Approval 21 Mar, 74 100 Hours of running in diffracted proton beam to demonstrate feasibility		
	26 Jun, 74 100 Hours with formal approval for parasitic running using a pion beam in front of exp# 51		
	22 Nov, 74 600 Hours including an additional 500 hours of running in a pion beam		
	10 Nov, 75 900 Hours including an additional three week run to obtain data at a forward angle with a 200 GeV beam		
	Completed 11 Feb, 76 1,850 Hours		
271	<b>EMULSION/PROTONS @ 200 #271</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Miscellaneous MULTIPARTICLE PRODUCTION IN NUCLEI BY PROTONS OF SEVERAL HUNDRED GEV. (Using target materials consisting of fine wires imbedded in emulsion or foils covering the emulsion; 200 GeV exposure.)	Kurt Gottfried	IAP, BUCHAREST (ROMANIA) CERN (SWITZERLAND) CORNELL UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF LUND (SWEDEN)
	Request 30 Nov, 73 Emulsion Exposure		
	Approval 16 Jan, 74 Emulsion Exposure		
	Completed 10 Jun, 75 10 Stack(s)		



# Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory

## Master Listing of Proposals as of February 4, 1993

(continued)

272	<b>HADRON DISSOCIATION #272</b> BEAM: Meson Area - M1 Beam PROPOSAL TO MEASURE COHERENT DISSOCIATION OF $\pi^-$ , $K^-$ , AND $\bar{p}$ INTO TWO-BODY SYSTEMS AT FERMILAB ENERGIES.	Thomas Ferbel	BROOKHAVEN NATIONAL LABORATORY FERMILAB UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA UNIVERSITY OF ROCHESTER
	Request	3 Dec, 73 600 Hours 9 Jun, 75 900 Hours	total with the additional 300 hours of data taking at 150 and 300 GeV/c incident momentum
	Approval	7 Jul, 75 600 Hours	
	Completed	3 Dec, 79 1,950 Hours	
275	<b>PLASTIC DETECTORS #275</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Miscellaneous EXPOSURE OF PLASTIC-DETECTOR STACKS TO A 300 GEV PROTON BEAM AT NAL.	Wolfgang Enge	CHRISTIAN-ALBRECHTS UNIV.(GERMANY)
	Request	17 Dec, 73 Detector Exposure	
	Approval	20 Oct, 73 Detector Exposure	
	Completed	20 Oct, 73 4 Stack(s)	
276	<b>QUARK #276</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Miscellaneous A SEARCH FOR STABLE INTEGRALLY CHARGED MASSIVE PARTICLES (HAN-NAMBU QUARKS). (Mass spectroscopic analysis of irradiated target.)	Andreas Van Ginneken	ARGONNE NATIONAL LABORATORY UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO FERMILAB
	Request	25 Jan, 74 Target Exposure(s)	
	Approval	8 Jul, 74 Target Exposure(s)	
	Completed	2 Nov, 75 3 Targets Exposed	
	Completed	30 Aug, 76 Target Exposure(s) with different chemicals and re-exposure of two previous samples	
279	<b>EMULSION/PROTONS @ 400 #279</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Miscellaneous THE INTERACTION OF $\bar{p}$ - $\bar{p}$ AT 400 GEV.	David T. King	UNIVERSITY OF TENNESSEE, KNOXVILLE
	Request	28 Jan, 74 Emulsion Exposure	
	Approval	12 Mar, 74 Emulsion Exposure	
	Completed	9 Dec, 75 3 Stack(s)	
280	<b>30-INCH P - D @ 200 #280</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - 30 in. Hadron Beam PROPOSAL TO STUDY P - D INTERACTIONS AT 205 GEV/C IN THE 30-INCH BUBBLE CHAMBER.	Thomas H. Fields	ARGONNE NATIONAL LABORATORY CIPP (CANADA) JINR, DUBNA (RUSSIA) MOSCOW STATE UNIVERSITY (RUSSIA)
	Request	1 Feb, 74 100 K Pix	
	Approval	21 Mar, 74 100 K Pix in bare chamber with downstream chamber data if it can be arranged	
	Completed	11 Oct, 75 103 K Pix	
281	<b>30-INCH HYBRID #281</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - 30 in. Hadron Beam PROPOSAL TO STUDY HIGH ENERGY PROTON-PROTON AND $\pi^-$ -MINUS PROTON INTERACTIONS WITH THE NAL 30-INCH BUBBLE CHAMBER-WIDE GAP SPARK CHAMBER HYBRID SYSTEM.	Gerald A. Smith	IOWA STATE UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND MICHIGAN STATE UNIVERSITY NOTRE DAME UNIVERSITY
	Request	1 Feb, 74 400 K Pix including 200K pix of $p - p$ 300 GeV and 200K pix of $\pi^- - p$ at highest momentum	
	Request	25 Sep, 74 700 K Pix total including 300K pix of $p - p$ @ 300 GeV, 100K pix of $\pi^- - p$ @ 100 GeV, and 300K pix of $\pi^- - p$ @ 375 GeV	
	Approval	22 Nov, 74 300 K Pix in a combination of $\pi^-$ and $p$ bombardments at an energy greater than or equal to 300 GeV and with the understanding that following this run work with the wide gap chamber system will be terminated	
	Completed	28 Sep, 75 301 K Pix of $\pi^- - p$ interactions at 360 GeV/c	
284	<b>PARTICLE PRODUCTION #284</b> BEAM: Proton Area - West SURVEY OF PARTICLE PRODUCTION IN PROTON COLLISIONS AT NAL. (Continuation of work begun in exp #63A.)	James K. Walker	FERMILAB NORTHEASTERN UNIVERSITY NORTHERN ILLINOIS UNIVERSITY
	Request	19 Feb, 74 Unspecified	
	Approval	26 Jun, 74 750 Hours divided roughly as 150 hours for setup and testing and 150 hours each at the four energies of 100, 200, 300, and 400 GeV	
	Completed	3 Oct, 76 1,150 Hours	
285	<b>SUPER-HEAVY ELEMENTS #285</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Miscellaneous A SEARCH FOR A NEW STATE OF MATTER IN THE ANALYSIS OF AN NAL BEAM DUMP.	Leon M. Lederman	COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY FERMILAB
	Request	21 Feb, 74 Target Exposure(s)	
	Approval	27 Feb, 74 Target Exposure(s)	
	Completed	2 Aug, 76 3 Targets Exposed	
288	<b>DI-LEPTON #288</b> BEAM: Proton Area - Center A STUDY OF DI-LEPTON PRODUCTION IN PROTON COLLISIONS AT NAL. (Formerly known as exp #70 III.)	Leon M. Lederman	COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY FERMILAB SUNY AT STONY BROOK
	Request	21 Feb, 74 Unspecified	
	Request	10 May, 76 1,500 Hours additional for $\mu - \mu$ II	
	Request	10 Nov, 77 4,500 Hours with a request for an additional 3,000 hours for high intensity and high resolution studies	
	Approval	18 Jan, 74 1,000 Hours	
	Approval	17 Nov, 76 2,500 Hours with additional 1,500 hours not to extend beyond 1 Sep 1977	
	Approval	16 Nov, 77 5,500 Hours with an extension of about 3,000 hours until August 1978, and with a request for a progress report in May 1978	
	Completed	23 Jul, 78 6,850 Hours	
289	<b>PROTON-HELIUM SCATTERING #289</b> BEAM: Internal Target Area (C-0) SMALL ANGLE PROTON-HELIUM ELASTIC AND INELASTIC SCATTERING FROM 8 TO 500 GEV. (Using an internal proton beam with a gas jet target.)	Ernest I. Malamud	UNIVERSITY OF ARIZONA FERMILAB JINR, DUBNA (RUSSIA)
	Request	1 Mar, 74 700 Hours	
	Approval	22 Mar, 74 700 Hours conditional upon successful development of the helium jet technique	
	Completed	8 Nov, 77 1,050 Hours	
290	<b>BACKWARD SCATTERING #290</b> BEAM: Meson Area - M6 Beam BACKWARD PION-PROTON ELASTIC SCATTERING. (For $u$ from 0 - 0.8.)	Winslow F. Baker	UNIVERSITY OF ARIZONA FERMILAB
	Request	6 Mar, 74 1,100 Hours including 200 hours for testing	
	Approval	22 Nov, 74 900 Hours	
	Completed	31 Jul, 78 1,500 Hours	

200  
**Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory**  
**Master Listing of Proposals as of February 4, 1993**

(continued)

292	<b>EMULSION/PROTONS @ 400 #292</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Miscellaneous MULTIPARTICLE PRODUCTION IN NUCLEI BY PROTONS OF SEVERAL HUNDRED GEV. (Using target materials consisting of fine wires imbedded in emulsion or foils covering the emulsion; 400 GeV exposure.)	<b>Kurt Gottfried</b>	IAP, BUCHAREST (ROMANIA) CERN (SWITZERLAND) CORNELL UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF LUND (SWEDEN)
	Request 30 Nov. 73 Emulsion Exposure Approval 16 Jan. 74 Emulsion Exposure Completed 9 Dec. 75 12 Stack(s)		
295	<b>30-INCH PI+ &amp; P - D @ 200 #295</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - 30 in. Hadron Beam A STUDY OF PI+ - D INTERACTIONS AT 200 GEV/C IN THE 30-INCH BUBBLE CHAMBER AT NAL.	<b>Gideon Yekutieli</b>	CRN, STRASBOURG (FRANCE) FERMILAB WEIZMANN INSTITUTE (ISRAEL)
	Request 15 Mar. 74 50 K Pix of p - d @ 205 GeV 14 Aug. 74 150 K Pix total including an additional 50K pix due to decreased yield of pi+ - d events Approval 21 Mar. 74 100 K Pix in bare chamber with downstream chamber data if it can be arranged; and with request that interest be switched from p - d to pi+ - d bombardment 27 Aug. 74 150 K Pix with additional 50K pix to yield the requested number of pi+ - d Completed 2 Nov. 75 156 K Pix		
297	<b>QUARK #297</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - 30 in. Hadron Beam QUARK SEARCH USING 400-500 GEV PROTONS. (By measuring ionization energy loss.)	<b>Lawrence B. Leipuner</b>	BROOKHAVEN NATIONAL LABORATORY
	Request 15 Apr. 74 24 Hours with beam of 5 x 10 to the 4th particles/pulse and a 200 msec spill Approval 15 May. 74 24 Hours Completed 10 Jul. 74 50 Hours		
299	<b>30-INCH HYBRID #299</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - 30 in. Hadron Beam PRECISION STUDY OF HIGH ENERGY COLLISIONS INDUCED BY INCIDENT 150 GEV/C PIONS AND PROTONS. (Using the downstream PWC hybrid system.)	<b>Irwin A. Pless</b>	BROWN UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE (ENGLAND) FERMILAB ILLINOIS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS, CHAMPAIGN INDIANA UNIVERSITY JOHNS HOPKINS UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF L'ETAT (BELGIUM) MASSACHUSETTS INST. OF TECHNOLOGY SUNY AT ALBANY NIJMEGEN UNIVERSITY (NETHERLANDS) OAK RIDGE NATIONAL LABORATORY RUTGERS UNIVERSITY STEVENS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY UNIVERSITY OF TENNESSEE, KNOXVILLE YALE UNIVERSITY
	Request 16 May. 74 1,200 K Pix at 150 GeV equally split between study of p - p, pi- - p, and pi+ - p interactions Approval 22 Nov. 74 600 K Pix of pi- - p, p - p, and pi+ - p interactions at 150 GeV/c 6 Aug. 76 500 K Pix to be pi+ - p @ 150 GeV/c in 30-inch bubble chamber with PWC hybrid system and with 100K pix of pi- - p now included in approval for exp# 393 28 Oct. 76 660 K Pix with additional 160K pix from a collaboration with proposal #375 to provide an overall package of 500K pix to be taken in an enriched K+ mode; 160K pix already taken at this time Completed 22 Nov. 76 431 K Pix with 229K pix remaining to be taken under earlier approval when declared complete on 29 Jun 1977		
300	<b>PARTICLE SEARCH #300</b> BEAM: Proton Area - East STUDY OF PARTICLE PRODUCTION AT HIGH TRANSVERSE MOMENTA USING HYDROGEN AND DEUTERIUM TARGETS.	<b>Pierre A. Piroue</b>	UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO PRINCETON UNIVERSITY
	Request 16 May. 74 1,200 Hours with a liquid hydrogen/deuterium target and at beam energies of 200, 300, 400, and 500 GeV Approval 26 Jun. 74 600 Hours with hydrogen target Completed 24 Apr. 76 750 Hours		
305	<b>NEUTRON DISSOCIATION #305</b> BEAM: Meson Area - M3 Beam PROPOSAL TO STUDY THE COHERENT DISSOCIATION OF NEUTRONS. (A continuation of work begun in exp #27A.)	<b>Bruno Gobbi</b>	FERMILAB NORTHWESTERN UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF ROCHESTER SLAC
	Request 22 May. 74 1,200 Hours total to include one month of running every four months through calendar 1975 Approval 26 Jun. 74 900 Hours without approval for the installation of the transmission target for H2 and D2 cross section measurements 16 Dec. 74 1,200 Hours with additional 300 hours for particle search Completed 14 Apr. 75 1,400 Hours		
310	<b>NEUTRINO #310</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Wide Band Horn FURTHER STUDY OF HIGH ENERGY NEUTRINO INTERACTIONS AT FERMILAB.	<b>David B. Cline</b>	FERMILAB HARVARD UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA RUTGERS UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-MADISON
	Request 4 Jun. 74 Unspecified 1 Feb. 78 1,200 Hours to include 2 x 10 to the 18th protons on target with the Wide Band Horn system focused for negatives without a plug and 2 x 10 to the 18th for positives Approval 22 Nov. 74 1,000 Hours with a formal approval for 2 x 10 to the 18th protons and the understanding that use will be made of a horn focusing system 17 Nov. 76 1,000 Hours to also include running with the Quadrupole Triplet train for an exposure of 1 x 10 to the 18th protons during December 1976 15 Mar. 77 2,500 Hours with formal additional approval as follows--1 - 2 x 10 to the 18th protons using the sign-selected-bare-target train understood to focus antineutrinos, and 2 x 10 to the 18th protons using the Quadrupole Triplet train load 21 Mar. 78 3,500 Hours with additional approval for a final run to complete the experiment during wide-band horn running for the 15-ft bubble chamber Completed 31 Aug. 78 3,800 Hours at the request of the experimenters, because it was felt that the conditions required to properly continue the experiment could not be met.		

201  
**Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory**  
**Master Listing of Proposals as of February 4, 1993**

(continued)

311	<b>30-INCH PBAR - P @ 100 #311</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - 30 in. Hadron Beam PROPOSAL TO STUDY MULTIPARTICLE PRODUCTION IN HIGH ENERGY ANTIPROTON-PROTON INTERACTIONS WITH THE FERMILAB 30-INCH BUBBLE CHAMBER.	<b>William W. Neale</b>	UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE (ENGLAND) FERMILAB MICHIGAN STATE UNIVERSITY
	Request 6 Jun, 74 100 K Pix with equal numbers of pbar and p-		
	Approval 26 Jun, 74 100 K Pix to be obtained with not more than 200K pulses of the chamber		
	Completed 27 Jan, 75 98 K Pix		
313	<b>PROTON-PROTON POLARIZATION #313</b> BEAM: Internal Target Area (C-0) POLARIZATION IN P - P ELASTIC, INELASTIC AND INCLUSIVE REACTIONS AT FERMILAB ENERGIES. (Using a gas jet target with hydrogen, the internal proton beam, the spectrometer of exp #198A, and a new carbon polarimeter.)	<b>Homer A. Neal</b>	INDIANA UNIVERSITY
	Request 5 Jun, 74 1,500 Hours total with two jet pulses per cycle		
	Approval 26 Jun, 74 1,000 Hours with about 800 hours of running on polarization in elastic scattering and about 200 hours of running to observe polarization in inelastic channels		
	15 Mar, 77 1,000 Hours with encouragement to use some of the remaining running to accumulate further data on polarization in inelastic processes; see proposal #522		
	Completed 30 Mar, 77 850 Hours with some approved running remaining; see exp #522		
317	<b>PROTON-NUCLEON INELASTIC #317</b> BEAM: Internal Target Area (C-0) PROTON DIFFRACTION DISSOCIATION ON HYDROGEN AND DEUTERIUM. (Using the gas jet target and internal proton beam.)	<b>Rodney L. Cool</b>	UNIVERSITY OF ARIZONA FERMILAB JINR, DUBNA (RUSSIA) UNIVERSITY OF ROCHESTER ROCKEFELLER UNIVERSITY
	Request 7 Jun, 74 800 Hours for tests and data taking		
	Approval 5 Jul, 74 800 Hours using gas jet with running to be interleaved with exp# 321		
	Completed 1 Nov, 75 1,400 Hours		
319	<b>MUON #319</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Muon/Hadron Beam FURTHER TEST OF SCALING AT HIGH MOMENTUM TRANSFERS IN DEEP INELASTIC MUON SCATTERING. (A continued exploration of the studies begun in exp #26.)	<b>K. Wendell Chen</b>	FERMILAB MICHIGAN STATE UNIVERSITY
	Request 10 Jun, 74 1,100 Hours		
	Approval 26 Mar, 75 500 Hours for a scaling test at high energies		
	Completed 20 Sep, 76 900 Hours		
320	<b>NEUTRINO #320</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Dichromatic PROPOSAL TO MEASURE NEUTRAL CURRENT CROSS-SECTIONS AND ASSOCIATED INELASTIC DISTRIBUTIONS IN THE NARROW-BAND BEAM.	<b>Frank Sciulli</b>	CALIFORNIA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY FERMILAB
	Request 10 Jun, 74 1,200 Hours with request of 3 x 10 to the 18th protons total and initial run of 1 x 10 to the 18th protons for investigation		
	Approval 26 Jun, 74 500 Hours with a formal approval for 1 x 10 to the 18th protons pending a positive finding of neutral currents and with the inclination to assign higher priority for running to exp# 320 than to completion of exp# 21		
	Completed 1 Oct, 74 500 Hours		
321	<b>PROTON-PROTON INELASTIC #321</b> BEAM: Internal Target Area (C-0) A HIGH PRECISION EXPERIMENT TO MEASURE THE INELASTIC P - P CROSS SECTION AND ITS ASSOCIATED FORWARD MULTIPLICITIES AT SMALL MOMENTUM TRANSFER. (Using a new hydrogen gas jet target and the internal proton beam.)	<b>Juliet Lee-Franzini</b>	COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY SUNY AT STONY BROOK
	Request 11 Jun, 74 2,000 Hours total including 800 hours for testing		
	Approval 3 Jul, 74 800 Hours with running to be interleaved with exp# 317 and using the existing cryogenic hydrogen jet		
	26 Mar, 75 800 Hours with approval to use a room temperature gas jet of their own design		
	Completed 20 Sep, 76 1,900 Hours		
324	<b>INCLUSIVE SCATTERING #324</b> BEAM: Meson Area - M1 Beam A PROPOSAL TO STUDY SINGLE PARTICLE INCLUSIVE SPECTRA IN HIGH ENERGY HADRON-HADRON COLLISIONS	<b>Howard L. Weisberg</b>	UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA
	Request 11 Apr, 74 1,000 Hours		
	Approval 24 Jun, 74 500 Hours		
	Completed 13 Aug, 77 1,200 Hours		
325	<b>PARTICLE SEARCH #325</b> BEAM: Proton Area - East STUDY OF DI-MUON PRODUCTION AT HIGH TRANSVERSE MOMENTA.	<b>Pierre A. Piroué</b>	UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO PRINCETON UNIVERSITY
	Request 12 Jun, 74 Parasitic Running		
	Approval 25 Nov, 74 Parasitic Running with the stipulation that this running time will be concurrent with the previously approved 600 hours for exp# 300		
	6 May, 76 600 Hours for a portion of the program estimated to require 13 weeks and with the expectation to continue the experiment during another running period		
	26 Oct, 76 1,200 Hours during a six-week running period to begin in January 1977		
	Completed 28 Feb, 77 1,500 Hours		
326	<b>DI-MUON #326</b> BEAM: Proton Area - West PROPOSAL TO MEASURE MUON PAIRS PRODUCED AT HIGH TRANSVERSE MOMENTUM BY PIONS.	<b>Melvyn Jay Shochet</b>	UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO PRINCETON UNIVERSITY
	Request 29 May, 74 Unspecified		
	7 Jul, 75 400 Hours		
	2 Feb, 77 800 Hours to be run in conjunction with exp #258 in the P-West pion beam by adding a second arm to the exp #258 spectrometer		
	Approval 15 Mar, 77 800 Hours		
	Completed 26 Apr, 82 2,000 Hours		
327	<b>DETECTOR DEVELOPMENT #327</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Miscellaneous PROPOSAL TO TEST PARTICLE IDENTIFICATION BY IONIZATION LOSS (ISIS).	<b>Wade W. M. Allison</b>	MASSACHUSETTS INST. OF TECHNOLOGY UNIVERSITY OF OXFORD (ENGLAND)
	Request 15 Jul, 74 400 Hours		
	Approval 31 Jul, 74 50 Hours		
	Completed 7 Feb, 75 50 Hours		

202  
**Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory**  
**Master Listing of Proposals as of February 4, 1993**

(continued)

328	<b>EMULSION/PI- @ 200 #328</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Miscellaneous PROPOSAL TO STUDY THE INTERACTIONS OF PI- MESONS IN NUCLEAR EMULSION AT THE FERMILAB ACCELERATOR.	M. I. Tretjakova	LEBEDEV PHYSICAL INST. (RUSSIA)
	Request 5 Aug, 74 Emulsion Exposure Approval 5 Aug, 74 Emulsion Exposure Completed 7 Oct, 74 5 Stack(s)		
329	<b>EMULSION/PROTONS @ 300 #329</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Miscellaneous PROPOSAL TO STUDY THE INTERACTIONS OF PROTONS IN NUCLEAR EMULSION AT THE FERMILAB ACCELERATOR.	M. I. Tretjakova	LEBEDEV PHYSICAL INST. (RUSSIA)
	Request 5 Aug, 74 Emulsion Exposure Approval 3 Jun, 75 Emulsion Exposure Completed 10 Jun, 75 2 Stack(s)		
330	<b>PARTICLE SEARCH #330</b> BEAM: Meson Area - M4 Beam SEARCH FOR MASSIVE NEUTRAL PARTICLES. (Using time-of-flight and a total absorption calorimeter.)	H. Richard Gustafson	UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN
	Request 6 Aug, 74 1,300 Hours to include 800 hours for tuneup parasitic to exp #305 and 500 hours for data Approval 22 Jan, 75 100 Hours Completed 7 Jul, 75 150 Hours		
331	<b>DI-MUON #331</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Muon/Hadron Beam PROPOSAL FOR A DETAILED STUDY OF DI-MUON PRODUCTION. (Alternative version of exps #308 & #323 designed for muon laboratory cyclotron spectrometer.)	James E. Pilcher	UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO PRINCETON UNIVERSITY
	Request 10 Aug, 74 Unspecified Approval 25 Nov, 74 400 Hours for an initial run at an incident beam intensity of about 10 to the 6th particles/pulse Completed 22 Mar, 76 1,400 Hours		
335	<b>MUON SEARCH #335</b> BEAM: Meson Area - M1 Beam A SEARCH FOR DIRECT MUON PRODUCTION IN THE FORWARD DIRECTION.	Orrin D. Fackler	CALIFORNIA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO FERMILAB PRINCETON UNIVERSITY ROCKEFELLER UNIVERSITY
	Request 18 Aug, 74 200 Hours total including time for tests and data Approval 22 Nov, 74 200 Hours provided that this running time can be arranged in such a way as not to interfere substantially with the ongoing physics program in the M1 beam line Completed 6 Jun, 75 300 Hours		
336	<b>EMULSION/PROTONS @ 400 #336</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Miscellaneous MULTIPARTICLE PRODUCTION IN NUCLEON-NUCLEUS COLLISIONS AT 400 GEV.	Takeshi Ogata	KWANSEI GAKUIN UNIVERSITY (JAPAN)
	Request 9 Sep, 74 Emulsion Exposure Approval 19 Oct, 74 Emulsion Exposure Completed 9 Dec, 75 2 Stack(s)		
337	<b>DI-MUON #337</b> BEAM: Meson Area - Miscellaneous MEASUREMENT OF DI-MUON EVENTS IN THE MESON AREA.	David P. Eartly	FERMILAB MAX-PLANCK INSTITUTE (GERMANY)
	Request 20 Sep, 74 3 Hours Approval 27 Sep, 74 3 Hours Completed 7 Feb, 75 5 Hours		
338	<b>30-INCH PI- D @ 360 #338</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - 30 in. Hadron Beam PION-DEUTERON INTERACTIONS AT 400 GEV/C.	Keihachiro Moriyasu	UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, DAVIS INP, KRAKOW (POLAND) WARSAW UNIVERSITY, INP, (POLAND) UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
	Request 21 Sep, 74 100 K Pix Approval 24 Sep, 74 50 K Pix in bare chamber with downstream chamber data if it can be arranged Completed 28 Aug, 76 53 K Pix		
339	<b>EMULSION/PI- @ 200 #339</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Miscellaneous CRACOW EMULSION EXPOSURE TO 200 GEV PIONS.	Wladyslaw Wolter	INP, KRAKOW (POLAND)
	Request 12 Sep, 74 Emulsion Exposure Approval 1 Oct, 74 Emulsion Exposure Completed 9 Jun, 75 4 Stack(s)		
340	<b>EMULSION/ELECTRONS @ HI E #340</b> BEAM: Proton Area - Miscellaneous STUDY OF THE ELECTRON-PHOTON CASCADE SHOWER IN LEAD ABSORBER.	Shoji Dake	KOBE UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) KONAN UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) SAITAMA UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) UNIVERSITY OF TOKYO (JAPAN) UTSUNOMIYA UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) WASEDA UNIVERSITY (JAPAN)
	Request 25 Sep, 74 Emulsion Exposure Approval 10 Oct, 74 Emulsion Exposure Completed 5 Oct, 76 10 Stack(s)		
341	<b>15-FOOT P - P @ 400 #341</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - 15 ft. Hadron Beam INTERACTIONS OF PI+ MESONS AND PROTONS IN A HYDROGEN-NEON MIXTURE.	Winston Ko	UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, DAVIS LAWRENCE BERKELEY LABORATORY
	Request 1 Oct, 74 100 K Pix Approval 4 Dec, 74 25 K Pix of tagged pi+ and p at 150 GeV in H2 to develop analysis techniques for 15-foot bubble chamber film Completed 8 Dec, 75 25 K Pix of p - p interactions at 400 GeV 21 Dec, 75 34 K Pix		
343	<b>15-FOOT P - P @ 300 #343</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - 15 ft. Hadron Beam PROPOSAL TO STUDY NEUTRAL PARTICLE PRODUCTION IN 250 GEV P - P INTERACTIONS IN THE FERMILAB 15-FOOT BUBBLE CHAMBER.	Roderich J. Engelmann	ARGONNE NATIONAL LABORATORY UNIVERSITY OF KANSAS SUNY AT STONY BROOK TUFTS UNIVERSITY
	Request 3 Oct, 74 25 K Pix Approval 4 Dec, 74 25 K Pix Completed 13 Jan, 76 27 K Pix		

# Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory

## Master Listing of Proposals as of February 4, 1993

(continued)

344	<b>30-INCH PBAR - P @ 50 #344</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - 30 in. Hadron Beam PROPOSAL TO SURVEY CENTRAL COLLISIONS IN PBAR - P TO MESONS BETWEEN 30 AND 60 GEV/C IN THE 30-INCH BUBBLE CHAMBER AT FERMILAB.	Laszlo J. Gutay	CNTRL RES INST, BUDAPEST (HUNGARY) FERMILAB PURDUE UNIVERSITY
	Request 4 Oct, 74 100 K Pix to be taken in < 200K chamber expansions Approval 27 Nov, 74 100 K Pix with the qualification that it must be possible to obtain these pictures in no more than one calendar month of running time Completed 1 Nov, 76 145 K Pix		
345	<b>30-INCH PBAR - D @ 100 #345</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - 30 in. Hadron Beam PROPOSAL TO STUDY MULTIPARTICLE PRODUCTION IN 100 GEV/C ANTI-PROTON-DEUTERIUM INTERACTIONS WITH THE FERMILAB 30-INCH BUBBLE CHAMBER.	Gosta Ekspong	UNIVERSITY OF LIVERPOOL (ENGLAND) UNIVERSITY OF STOCKHOLM (SWEDEN) VANDERBILT UNIVERSITY
	Request 5 Oct, 74 100 K Pix with a Cerenkov tagged incoming beam Approval 4 Dec, 74 100 K Pix with the qualification that serious consideration be given to the use* of the PHC downstream system Completed 7 Sep, 76 61 K Pix with 39K pix remaining to be taken under earlier approval when declared complete on 29 Jun 1977		
346	<b>EMULSION/PROTONS @ 400 #346</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Miscellaneous SEARCH FOR HEAVY, SHORTLIVED PARTICLES.	Gosta Ekspong	UNIVERSITY OF STOCKHOLM (SWEDEN)
	Request 6 Oct, 74 Emulsion Exposure Approval 21 Oct, 74 Emulsion Exposure Completed 9 Dec, 75 1 Stack(s)		
350	<b>INCLUSIVE NEUTRAL MESON #350</b> BEAM: Meson Area - M2 Beam A PROPOSAL TO STUDY NEUTRAL PIONS AND MESON INCLUSIVE PRODUCTION WITH INCIDENT NEGATIVE PIONS IN THE TRIPLE REGGE REGION. (Using the photon detector of exp #111.)	Robert W. Kenney	BROOKHAVEN NATIONAL LABORATORY CALIFORNIA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY LAWRENCE BERKELEY LABORATORY
	Request 11 Oct, 74 500 Hours Approval 21 Nov, 74 400 Hours 16 Dec, 74 400 Hours with up to 150 hours approved for a particle search with the condition that this time be included within the 900 hours already approved for for exps# 268 and 350 Completed 24 Feb, 77 900 Hours		
356	<b>NEUTRINO #356</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Dichromatic STUDIES OF DEEP INELASTIC DIFFERENTIAL DISTRIBUTIONS AT HIGH ENERGIES FOR NEUTRINO AND ANTI-NEUTRINO BEAMS. (A continuation of the work begun in exp #21A with a new narrow band beam and changed apparatus.)	Frank Sciulli	CALIFORNIA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY FERMILAB UNIVERSITY OF ROCHESTER ROCKEFELLER UNIVERSITY
	Request 18 Oct, 74 1,000 Hours Approval 22 Nov, 74 1,000 Hours with a formal commitment of 2 x 10 to the 18th protons contingent on the feasibility of developing the improved Dichromatic beam Completed 17 Jan, 79 1,350 Hours		
357	<b>PARTICLE SEARCH #357</b> BEAM: Meson Area - M2 Beam A PROPOSAL TO SEARCH FOR CHARMED PARTICLES AND MEASUREMENTS OF TWO-PARTICLE INCLUSIVE CROSS SECTIONS AT LARGE P-TRANSVERSE. (Employing a two-arm magnetic spectrometer.)	Donald I. Meyer	FERMILAB UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN PURDUE UNIVERSITY
	Request 19 Oct, 74 2,400 Hours Approval 16 Dec, 74 600 Hours Completed 7 Jun, 76 1,700 Hours		
358	<b>DI-MUON #358</b> BEAM: Proton Area - East DI-MUON PRODUCTION BY NEUTRONS.	Wonyong Lee	COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY CORNELL UNIVERSITY FERMILAB UNIVERSITY OF HAWAII AT MANOA UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS, CHAMPAIGN
	Request 20 Oct, 74 Unspecified Approval 27 Nov, 74 300 Hours of neutron running to be interleaved within the 600 hours already approved for exp# 87A Completed 1 Oct, 75 400 Hours		
361	<b>LAMBDA BETA-DECAY #361</b> BEAM: Meson Area - M2 Beam PRECISION MEASUREMENT OF LAMBDA BETA DECAY PARAMETERS. (Will run with experimental set-up for neutral hyperon #8.)	Lee G. Pondrom	UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA RUTGERS UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-MADISON
	Request 14 Nov, 74 300 Hours 23 Jan, 76 350 Hours total including 150 hours in unpolarized lambda-zero beam and 200 hours in polarized lambda-zero beam Approval 15 Nov, 77 300 Hours Completed 29 Oct, 79 1,250 Hours		
362	<b>EMULSION/PI- @ 200 #362</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Miscellaneous INTERACTION OF 200 - 400 GEV PIONS WITH EMULSION NUCLEI.	Piyare L. Jain	SUNY AT BUFFALO
	Request 15 Nov, 74 Emulsion Exposure Approval 25 Nov, 74 Emulsion Exposure Completed 9 Jun, 75 1 Stack(s)		
363	<b>PARTICLE SEARCH #363</b> BEAM: Internal Target Area (C-0) A PROPOSAL TO SEARCH FOR CHARMED PARTICLE PRODUCTION NEAR THRESHOLD.	Stephen L. Olsen	FLORIDA STATE UNIVERSITY IMPERIAL COLLEGE (ENGLAND) UNIVERSITY OF ROCHESTER RUTGERS UNIVERSITY
	Request 24 Nov, 74 Unspecified Approval 16 Dec, 74 500 Hours of running with the rotating carbon filament target Completed 9 Apr, 75 650 Hours		
365	<b>PARTICLE SEARCH #365</b> BEAM: Meson Area - M2 Beam A PROPOSAL TO SEARCH FOR THE PRODUCTION OF CHARMED MESONS IN PI - P INTERACTIONS.	David A. Garelick	NORTHEASTERN UNIVERSITY
	Request 27 Nov, 74 200 Hours including 40 hours for testing Approval 31 Dec, 74 200 Hours during a two week run with a passive, nonmagnetized steel absorber to be used in conjunction with a muon trigger Completed 5 Feb, 75 200 Hours		

204  
**Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory**  
**Master Listing of Proposals as of February 4, 1993**

(continued)

366	<b>PARTICLE SEARCH #366</b> BEAM: Meson Area - M3 Beam STUDY OF HEAVY, NARROW MESONS USING A MASS-FOCUSING SPECTROMETER. (Experiment consists mainly of rearranged components from exp #12.)	Maris A. Abolins  Request 27 Nov, 74 Unspecified Approval 16 Dec, 74 600 Hours 24 Nov, 75 1,200 Hours Completed 2 Jul, 76 2,500 Hours	CARELTON UNIVERSITY (CANADA) FERMILAB MICHIGAN STATE UNIVERSITY OHIO STATE UNIVERSITY
369	<b>PARTICLE SEARCH #369</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Muon/Hadron Beam A SEARCH FOR CHARMED PARTICLES. (Using the spectrometer originally developed for exp #98.)	Thomas B. W. Kirk  Request 9 Dec, 74 700 Hours Approval 17 Mar, 76 600 Hours Completed 13 Aug, 77 1,000 Hours	FERMILAB HARVARD UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS, CHAMPAIGN MAX-PLANCK INSTITUTE (GERMANY) TUFTS UNIVERSITY
370	<b>NEUTRINO #370</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Quadrupole Triplet CONTINUED SEARCH FOR NEW PARTICLE PRODUCTION USING THE EXP #1A DETECTOR.	David B. Cline  Request 9 Dec, 74 500 Hours Approval 7 Jul, 75 500 Hours Completed 19 Mar, 75 400 Hours	FERMILAB HARVARD UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-MADISON
371	<b>SUPER-HEAVY ELEMENTS #371</b> BEAM: Meson Area - Miscellaneous INVESTIGATION OF THE PRODUCTION OF HEAVY FRAGMENTS INDUCED BY PARTICLES OF HIGH ENERGIES.	Mira Juric  Request 2 Dec, 74 Target Exposure(s) Approval 12 Mar, 75 Target Exposure(s) Completed 20 Dec, 75 2 Stack(s)	UNIVERSITY OF BELGRADE(YUGOSLAVIA)
373	<b>EMULSION/MUONS @ 200 #373</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Miscellaneous INTERACTION OF 50 - 100 GEV MUONS WITH EMULSION NUCLEI.	Piyare L. Jain  Request 8 Jul, 75 Emulsion Exposure Approval 24 Sep, 76 Emulsion Exposure to muons @ 225 GeV/c and with an intensity not to exceed 50K particles/sq cm Completed 22 Nov, 76 2 Stack(s)	SUNY AT BUFFALO
374	<b>EMULSION/PROTONS @ 300 #374</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Miscellaneous A PROPOSAL TO SEARCH FOR CHARMED PARTICLES ORIGINATING FROM INTERACTIONS OF 300 GEV/C PROTONS IN EMULSION NUCLEI.	D. H. Davis  Request 25 Jan, 74 Emulsion Exposure Approval 12 Mar, 75 Emulsion Exposure with the understanding that exp# 374 will replace exp# 364 Completed 10 Jun, 75 1 Stack(s)	UNIVERSITY OF BELGRADE(YUGOSLAVIA) UNIV. COLLEGE DUBLIN (IRELAND) INP, KRAKOW (POLAND) UNIVERSITY OF LIBRE (BELGIUM) LONDON UNIVERSITY COLLEGE(ENGLAND) THE OPEN UNIVERSITY (ENGLAND) INFN, ROME (ITALY) UNIVERSITY OF STRASBOURG (FRANCE) WARSAW UNIVERSITY, INP, (POLAND)
379	<b>PARTICLE SEARCH #379</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - 15 ft. Hadron Beam SEARCH FOR SHORT LIVED STATES DECAYING WEAKLY VIA LEPTONIC MODES.	Stanley G. Wojcicki  Request 5 Feb, 75 1,000 Hours Approval 26 Mar, 75 200 Hours 17 Nov, 76 600 Hours 15 Mar, 77 600 Hours Completed 8 Jun, 77 1,250 Hours	CALIFORNIA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY UNIVERSITY OF ROCHESTER STANFORD UNIVERSITY
380	<b>15-FOOT NEUTRINO/H2&amp;NE #380</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Dichromatic STUDY OF THE PROPERTIES OF NEAK NEUTRAL CURRENTS IN THE INTERACTIONS OF A NARROW BAND NEUTRINO BEAM IN LIQUID NEON.	Charles Baltay  Request 6 Feb, 75 200 K Pix Approval 7 Jul, 75 200 K Pix 24 Jun, 77 200 K Pix Completed 31 Oct, 79 196 K Pix	BROOKHAVEN NATIONAL LABORATORY COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY
381	<b>PROTON-NUCLEON SCATTERING #381</b> BEAM: Internal Target Area (C-0) MEASUREMENT OF THE REAL PART OF THE P - N AND P - P FORWARD SCATTERING AMPLITUDES; PRODUCTION OF LOW MASS ISOBARS IN THE VERY SMALL MOMENTUM TRANSFER REGION. (Uses gas jet target.)	Ernest I. Malamud  Request 20 Feb, 75 300 Hours Approval 26 Mar, 75 300 Hours Completed 30 Mar, 77 600 Hours	UNIVERSITY OF ARIZONA FERMILAB JINR, DUBNA (RUSSIA) UNIVERSITY OF ROCHESTER
382	<b>PARTICLE SEARCH #382</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Muon/Hadron Beam A SEARCH FOR CHARMED HADRONS PRODUCED BY MUON DEEP INELASTIC SCATTERING IN TAGGED NUCLEAR EMULSIONS. (Using drift chambers to locate events and reduce scanning time.)	Louis N. Hand  Request 21 Feb, 75 Emulsion Exposure Approval 26 Mar, 75 Emulsion Exposure with a provision that it does not seriously interfere with the rest of the muon and neutrino program 24 Nov, 75 Emulsion Exposure with a bombardment of five days duration during December 1975 Completed 19 Dec, 75 200 Hours	CORNELL UNIVERSITY FERMILAB INP, KRAKOW (POLAND) MICHIGAN STATE UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON

# Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory

## Master Listing of Proposals as of February 4, 1993

(continued)

<b>383</b>	<b>INCLUSIVE K-SHORT #383</b> BEAM: Meson Area - M4 Beam A PROPOSAL TO STUDY THE INCLUSIVE PRODUCTION OF K ZERO SHORT BY K MINUS ON HYDROGEN. (To use the M4 line as a charged beam at momenta of 20 - 150 GeV/c.)	<b>Hans G. E. Kobrak</b>	UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, DAVIS UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, SAN DIEGO CARELTON UNIVERSITY (CANADA) MICHIGAN STATE UNIVERSITY
	Request 24 Feb. 75 500 Hours Approval 29 Jun. 76 500 Hours with 200 hours for setup and original run and 300 hours for final run Completed 7 May. 78 2,200 Hours		
<b>385</b>	<b>EMULSION/PROTONS @ 400 #385</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Miscellaneous PROPOSAL FOR EXPOSURE OF A STACK OF NUCLEAR EMULSIONS TO PROTONS OF 400 GEV/C.	<b>Yog Prakash</b>	DELHI UNIVERSITY (INDIA) JAMMU UNIVERSITY (INDIA) PANJAB UNIVERSITY (INDIA) RAJASTHAN UNIVERSITY (INDIA)
	Request 5 Mar. 75 Emulsion Exposure Approval 11 Mar. 75 Emulsion Exposure Completed 9 Dec. 75 1 Stack(s)		
<b>386</b>	<b>EMULSION/NEW PARTICLES #386</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Miscellaneous A SEARCH FOR LOW ENERGY NEUTRAL PARTICLES AND PARTICLE INTERACTIONS INVOLVING SMALL ENERGY EXCHANGES IN THE NEUTRINO BEAM.	<b>Jere J. Lord</b>	UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
	Request 7 Mar. 75 Emulsion Exposure Approval 27 Mar. 75 Emulsion Exposure Completed 29 Dec. 76 1 Stack(s)		
<b>387</b>	<b>EMULSION/PI- @ 200 #387</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Miscellaneous 100 TO 300 GEV PION INTERACTIONS IN EMULSION AND HEAVY ELEMENT TARGETS.	<b>Richard J. Wilkes</b>	UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
	Request 7 Mar. 75 Emulsion Exposure Approval 13 May. 75 Emulsion Exposure Completed 9 Jun. 75 4 Stack(s)		
<b>388</b>	<b>15-FOOT ANTI-NEUTRINO/H2&amp;NE#388</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Dichromatic PROPOSAL TO STUDY NEUTRAL CURRENT NEUTRINO AND ANTI-NEUTRINO INTERACTIONS IN THE 15-FOOT BUBBLE CHAMBER USING THE EXTERNAL MUON IDENTIFIER AND A DICHROMATIC BEAM.	<b>Vincent Z. Peterson</b>	FERMILAB UNIVERSITY OF HAWAII AT MANOA LAWRENCE BERKELEY LABORATORY
	Request 24 Apr. 75 200 K Pix 7 Jun. 78 500 K Pix or 5 x 10 to the 18th protons Approval 7 Jul. 75 200 K Pix of antineutrino bombardment with a heavy neon-hydrogen mixture contingent upon the construction and adequate performance of an improved narrow-band beam; see proposal #455 at higher energies using the D C Dichromatic train; new requests for use of the Dichromatic horn to be considered later 24 Jun. 77 200 K Pix with a decision to maintain the approval as it stands 28 Jun. 78 200 K Pix Completed 12 Sep. 79 181 K Pix		
<b>390</b>	<b>15-FOOT ANTI-NEUTRINO/D2 #390</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Wide Band Horn ANTI-NEUTRINO INTERACTIONS IN THE DEUTERIUM-FILLED 15-FOOT BUBBLE CHAMBER.	<b>Arthur F. Garfinkel</b>	ARGONNE NATIONAL LABORATORY CARNEGIE-MELLON UNIVERSITY PURDUE UNIVERSITY
	Request 29 Apr. 75 300 K Pix Approval 7 Jul. 75 300 K Pix 28 Jun. 78 300 K Pix with a total of 150K pix presently scheduled for the experiment during the fall 1978 run 19 Mar. 79 250 K Pix Approved/Inactive 1 Apr. 79 10 K Pix as of 1 Apr 1979		
<b>391</b>	<b>MUON #391</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Muon/Hadron Beam EXPLORATION OF RARE MUON-INDUCED PROCESSES.	<b>Leroy T. Kerth</b>	UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY FERMILAB LAWRENCE BERKELEY LABORATORY PRINCETON UNIVERSITY
	Request 15 Feb. 75 Unspecified Approval 7 Jul. 75 Parasitic Running concurrent with exp# 203 Completed 18 May. 78 Unspecified but for information on the total extent of run, see exp #203A		
<b>395</b>	<b>HADRON JETS #395</b> BEAM: Meson Area - M2 Beam CALORIMETER-ARRAY STUDY OF HIGH P-TRANSVERSE EVENTS.	<b>Walter Selove</b>	LEHIGH UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-MADISON
	Request 21 May. 75 450 Hours total including 150 hours of tests Approval 7 Jul. 75 450 Hours contingent upon the successful completion of the calorimeter tests planned for the M5 beam line Completed 16 Nov. 77 1,150 Hours		
<b>396</b>	<b>HADRON DISSOCIATION #396</b> BEAM: Meson Area - M6 Beam ELASTIC SCATTERING AND DIFFRACTION DISSOCIATION AT SMALL MOMENTUM TRANSFER FOR PI+, K+, P, PBAR AND N.	<b>Konstantin Goulianos</b>	ROCKEFELLER UNIVERSITY
	Request 21 May. 75 1,000 Hours Approval 7 Jul. 75 600 Hours for Phase I Completed 23 Nov. 77 1,200 Hours		
<b>397</b>	<b>PARTICLE SEARCH #397</b> BEAM: Meson Area - M3 Beam PROPOSAL TO SEARCH FOR HIGH MASS PARTICLES PRODUCED IN ASSOCIATION WITH PROMPT MUONS. (Using the spectrometer from expts #27A and #305 with additions.)	<b>Jerome L. Rosen</b>	FERMILAB NORTHWESTERN UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF ROCHESTER SLAC
	Request 21 May. 75 1,000 Hours Approval 9 Jul. 75 500 Hours 18 May. 76 1,000 Hours including an additional running period of approximately 5 weeks duration during the summer of 1976 Completed 18 Aug. 76 1,150 Hours		
<b>398</b>	<b>MUON #398</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Muon/Hadron Beam A PROPOSAL FOR A FURTHER STUDY OF MUON NUCLEON INELASTIC SCATTERING AT FERMILAB. (Using the spectrometer of exp #98.)	<b>Richard Wilson</b>	UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO HARVARD UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS, CHAMPAIGN UNIVERSITY OF OXFORD (ENGLAND) VIRGINIA POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTE
	Request 21 May. 75 800 Hours Approval 7 Jul. 75 800 Hours of H2 and D2 running with the expectation that some of this running can occur concurrently with exp #319, at which time priority will be given to exp# 319 Completed 1 Dec. 76 1,100 Hours		

206  
**Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory**  
**Master Listing of Proposals as of February 4, 1993**

(continued)

399	<b>EMULSION/ELECTRONS @ &gt; 100 #399</b> BEAM: Proton Area - Miscellaneous PRODUCTION OF ELECTROMAGNETIC CASCADE SHOWERS BY SEVERAL HUNDRED GEV ELECTRONS IN EMULSION CHAMBERS.	Robert L. Golden	JOHNSON SPACE CENTER (NASA) KANAGAWA UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) ISAS, TOKYO UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
	Request 5 May, 75 1,000 Emulsion Exposure Approval 19 Jun, 75 Emulsion Exposure to electrons with fluxes of 10, 1,000, and 200K/sq cm Completed 5 Oct, 76 6 Stacks		
400	<b>PARTICLE SEARCH #400</b> BEAM: Proton Area - East A SEARCH FOR NEW PARTICLES PRODUCED IN ASSOCIATION WITH THE HADRONIC PRODUCTION OF PSI (3.1) MESONS. (Using a proton beam of about 10 to the 7th into the zero degree neutral beam line and the spectrometer of exp #401/458 with additions.)	James E. Wiss	UNIVERSITY OF BOLOGNA (ITALY) UNIVERSITY OF COLORADO AT BOULDER FERMLAB UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS, CHAMPAIGN INFN, MILANO (ITALY) UNIVERSITY OF MILANO (ITALY) UNIVERSITY OF PAVIA (ITALY) YALE UNIVERSITY
	Request 22 May, 75 870 Hours Approval 7 Jul, 75 400 Hours 2 Jul, 76 400 Hours with a total of 1,000 hours approved for the combination of exps #400, #401, and #458 14 Mar, 77 400 Hours with a total of 2,000 hours for the combination of exps #400,401 & 458 1 Apr, 78 Unspecified since approved running time has been used by exp #87A 7 Jul, 80 500 Hours Completed 14 Jul, 84 2,210 Hours		
401	<b>PHOTOPRODUCTION #401</b> BEAM: Proton Area - East PHOTOPRODUCTION OF HIGH MASS TWO-BODY FINAL STATES. (Using an improved exp #87A apparatus and an additional sweeping magnet in the photon beam.)	Michael F. Gormley	FERMLAB UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS, CHAMPAIGN
	Request 22 May, 75 300 Hours 1 Jun, 78 1,100 Hours Approval 7 Jul, 75 300 Hours 2 Jul, 76 300 Hours with a total of 1,000 hours approved for the combination of exps #400, #401, and #458 14 Mar, 77 600 Hours with a total of 2,000 hours for the combination exps #400,401,458 1 Apr, 78 Unspecified since approved running time has been used by exp #87A 29 Jun, 78 600 Hours Completed 26 Nov, 79 2,100 Hours		
404	<b>INCLUSIVE NEUTRON #404</b> BEAM: Meson Area - M2 Beam INCLUSIVE NEUTRON PRODUCTION BY PROTONS ON PROTONS AND NUCLEI.	H. Richard Gustafson	UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN RUTGERS UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-MADISON
	Request 22 May, 75 500 Hours Approval 11 Mar, 76 Parasitic Running with the condition that there will be no significant interference with other work in the Meson Laboratory Completed 5 Jul, 77 350 Hours		
415	<b>PARTICLE PRODUCTION #415</b> BEAM: Meson Area - M2 Beam MEASUREMENTS OF PI- CU TO K-SHORT, LAMBDA AND NEUTRON INCLUSIVE CROSS SECTIONS. (For proposal #360 with the apparatus of exp #8 in the M2 beam line.)	Lee G. Pondrom	BROOKHAVEN NATIONAL LABORATORY UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN RUTGERS UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-MADISON
	Request 24 May, 75 100 Hours Approval 28 Jun, 75 100 Hours Completed 18 Oct, 76 100 Hours		
416	<b>PARTICLE SEARCH #416</b> BEAM: Meson Area - M1 Beam STREAMER CHAMBER SEARCH FOR NEW STATES WHICH DECAY SEMI-LEPTONICALLY. (Using the streamer chamber originally proposed for exp #86A with additional muon counters.)	Henry J. Lubatti	UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, DAVIS LAL, ORSAY (FRANCE) UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
	Request 27 May, 75 300 Hours Approval 29 May, 75 300 Hours with the understanding that the total running time for exp# 416 and exp# 86A is to remain within 800 hours Completed 1 Jul, 75 400 Hours		
418	<b>PARTICLE PRODUCTION #418</b> BEAM: Internal Target Area (C-0) NUCLEAR SIZE DEPENDENCE FOR PARTICLE PRODUCTION AT INTERMEDIATE TRANSVERSE MOMENTUM. (With the spectrometer used for exp #363.)	Felix Sannes	IMPERIAL COLLEGE (ENGLAND) UNIVERSITY OF ROCHESTER RUTGERS UNIVERSITY
	Request 2 Jun, 75 Unspecified Approval 7 Jul, 75 500 Hours contingent upon the fact that such running does not constitute an interference with the requirements of other experiments to be run in that area Completed 22 Oct, 75 900 Hours		
419	<b>EMULSION/PROTONS @ 300 #419</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Miscellaneous SEARCH FOR SHORT LIVED PARTICLES PRODUCED BY 300 GEV PROTONS IN EMULSIONS.	Giorgio Giacomelli	UNIVERSITY OF BOLOGNA (ITALY)
	Request 2 Jun, 75 Emulsion Exposure Approval 10 Jun, 75 Emulsion Exposure Completed 10 Jun, 75 1 Stack(s)		
421	<b>EMULSION/PROTONS @ 300 #421</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Miscellaneous EXPOSURE OF AN EMULSION CHAMBER TO A 300 GEV/C PROTON BEAM.	Venedict P. Dzhelepov	JINR, DUBNA (RUSSIA)
	Request 18 Jun, 75 Emulsion Exposure Approval 18 Jun, 75 Emulsion Exposure Completed 24 Jun, 75 1 Stack(s)		
423	<b>EMULSION/PROTONS @ 400 #423</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Miscellaneous SEARCH FOR NEW PARTICLES IN EMULSION CHAMBERS.	Hisahiko Sugimoto	HIROSAKI UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) ICRR, UNIVERSITY OF TOKYO (JAPAN) UNIVERSITY OF TOKYO (JAPAN) WASEDA UNIVERSITY (JAPAN)
	Request 7 Jul, 75 Emulsion Exposure Approval 21 Jul, 75 Emulsion Exposure Completed 9 Dec, 75 4 Stack(s)		



# Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory

## Master Listing of Proposals as of February 4, 1993

(continued)

<b>424 EMULSION/MUONS @ 200 #424</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Miscellaneous MULTIPLE PION PRODUCTION BY 200 GEV/C MUONS.	<b>Tomonori Wada</b>	ASHIKAGA INST. OF TECH. (JAPAN) ICRR, UNIVERSITY OF TOKYO (JAPAN) OKAYAMA UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) SAITAMA UNIVERSITY (JAPAN)
Request	23 Jun, 75	Emulsion Exposure
Approval	9 Feb, 76	Emulsion Exposure in the muon beam while it is operating for exp# 319 at a momentum in the vicinity of 300 GeV/c
Completed	8 Oct, 76	1 Stack(s)
<b>425 K ZERO REGENERATION #425</b> BEAM: Meson Area - M4 Beam PROPOSAL TO INVESTIGATE REGENERATION OF NEUTRAL K-MESONS AT VERY HIGH ENERGIES. (Using a liquid hydrogen target; see exp #82.)	<b>Valentine L. Telegdi</b>	UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, SAN DIEGO UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO LHE, ETH HONGGERBERG (SWITZERLAND) SLAC UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-MADISON
Request	24 Jun, 75	600 Hours
Approval	18 Mar, 75	600 Hours contingent upon exp# 425 providing a hydrogen target (see exp# 82)
Completed	17 May, 76	1,400 Hours
<b>426 FRAGMENTATION PARTICLES #426</b> BEAM: Meson Area - Miscellaneous PROPOSAL ON THE STUDY OF FRAGMENTATION PARTICLES CREATED IN A PLASTIC DETECTOR BY 300 GEV PROTONS.	<b>Katsura Fukui</b>	HANSCOM A.F.B. GEOPHYSICS LAB. UNIVERSITY OF KIEL (GERMANY)
Request	27 May, 75	Detector Exposure
Approval	28 Jul, 75	Detector Exposure
Completed	20 Mar, 76	16 Stack(s)
<b>427 DETECTOR DEVELOPMENT #427</b> BEAM: Meson Area - M1 Beam A PROPOSAL FOR TESTING A TRANSITION RADIATION DETECTOR AND A HIGH ENERGY SHOWER DETECTOR FOR COSMIC RAY EXPERIMENTS.	<b>Luke C. L. Yuan</b>	BROOKHAVEN NATIONAL LABORATORY
Request	27 Jun, 75	50 Hours
Approval	4 Jan, 78	100 Hours during an opportunity for running in the M1-beam in January 1978
Completed	10 Jan, 78	40 Hours with only a portion of the objectives of the experiment finished due to problems with the M1-beam and the accelerator
<b>428 EMULSION/PROTONS @ 400 #428</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Miscellaneous 400 GEV PROTON INTERACTIONS IN NUCLEAR EMULSION.	<b>Jacques D. Hebert</b>	UNIVERSITY OF BELGRADE (YUGOSLAVIA) CRN, STRASBOURG (FRANCE) FERMI LAB UNIVERSITY OF LUND (SWEDEN) UNIVERSITY OF LYON (FRANCE) UNIVERSITY OF NANCY (FRANCE) UNIVERSITY OF OTTAWA (CANADA) UNIV. OF PARIS VI, LPG (FRANCE) UNIVERSITY OF QUEBEC (CANADA) UNIVERSITY OF SANTANDER (SPAIN) UNIVERSITY OF VALENCIA (SPAIN) UNIV. OF WESTERN ONTARIO (CANADA)
Request	4 Aug, 75	Emulsion Exposure
Approval	25 Aug, 75	Emulsion Exposure
Completed	9 Dec, 75	14 Stack(s)
<b>434 EMULSION/PROTONS @ 400 #434</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Miscellaneous CASCADE SHOWERS ORIGINATED IN JET SHOWERS.	<b>Shoji Dake</b>	KOBE UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) KONAN UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) SAITAMA UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) UNIVERSITY OF TOKYO (JAPAN) UTSUNOMIYA UNIVERSITY (JAPAN)
Request	16 Sep, 75	Emulsion Exposure
Approval	20 Sep, 75	Emulsion Exposure
Completed	9 Dec, 75	3 Stack(s)
<b>435 MUON SEARCH #435</b> BEAM: Proton Area - Center MEASUREMENT OF THE POLARIZATION OF PROMPT MUONS AT X = 0.14 AT P-TRANSVERSE = 0 AND P-TRANSVERSE = 1.5 GEV/C. (Extension of measurements begun in experiment #48.)	<b>Robert K. Adair</b>	BROOKHAVEN NATIONAL LABORATORY FERMI LAB YALE UNIVERSITY
Request	18 Sep, 75	250 Hours total including 50 hours of tests
Approval	25 Nov, 75	250 Hours of setup and running time
Completed	2 Jul, 76	250 Hours
<b>436 DI-MUON #436</b> BEAM: Proton Area - Center DETERMINATION OF THE POSSIBLE DI-MUON CHARACTER OF THE PROMPT MUON FLUX.	<b>Robert K. Adair</b>	BROOKHAVEN NATIONAL LABORATORY FERMI LAB YALE UNIVERSITY
Request	18 Sep, 75	75 Hours including 40 hours of tests
Approval	7 Oct, 75	100 Hours to be completed during the operating period due to end in Nov. 1975
Completed	29 Oct, 75	200 Hours
<b>438 NEUTRON-NUCLEUS INELASTIC #438</b> BEAM: Meson Area - M5 Beam INELASTIC CROSS SECTIONS OF NEUTRONS ON NUCLEI.	<b>Lawrence W. Jones</b>	UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN
Request	26 Sep, 75	500 Hours
Approval	25 Nov, 75	200 Hours
Completed	18 Apr, 77	350 Hours
<b>439 MULTI-MUON #439</b> BEAM: Meson Area - M2 Beam HIGH SENSITIVITY SEARCH FOR NEW STATES WHICH DECAY INTO MUONS.	<b>David A. Garelick</b>	UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN NORTHEASTERN UNIVERSITY TUFTS UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
Request	26 Sep, 75	500 Hours with 200 hours for tests and 300 hours for data
	31 May, 77	1,600 Hours to include 3 additional one-month periods of running
Approval	25 Nov, 75	400 Hours
	24 Jun, 77	800 Hours with the understanding that the 400-hour extension and time remaining under previous approval be used for investigation of multi-muon events
	27 Jul, 77	800 Hours with the previous constraints on the further running removed
	24 Mar, 78	1,600 Hours with an extension until the spring 1978 shutdown, but without overriding priority
Completed	19 May, 78	1,700 Hours
<b>440 LAMBDA MAGNETIC MOMENT #440</b> BEAM: Meson Area - M2 Beam PROPOSAL FOR A NEW MEASUREMENT OF THE MAGNETIC MOMENT OF THE LAMBDA HYPERON.	<b>Gerry M. Bunce</b>	UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN RUTGERS UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-MADISON
Request	26 Sep, 75	160 Hours
Approval	25 Nov, 75	160 Hours
Completed	22 Mar, 77	250 Hours

208  
**Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory**  
**Master Listing of Proposals as of February 4, 1993**

(continued)

441	<b>LAMBDA POLARIZATION #441</b> BEAM: Meson Area - M2 Beam A PROPOSAL TO STUDY LAMBDA POLARIZATION IN THE INCLUSIVE REACTION PROTON - PROTON TO LAMBDA PLUS ANYTHING WITH LIQUID HYDROGEN TARGET. (Extension of previous measurements of 300 GeV protons on beryllium to 400 GeV protons on hydrogen.)	Lee G. Pondrom	UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN RUTGERS UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-MADISON
	Request 29 Sep, 75 150 Hours Approval 25 Nov, 75 150 Hours Completed 2 Jul, 77 400 Hours		
442	<b>NUCLEAR FRAGMENTS #442</b> BEAM: Internal Target Area (C-0) STUDY OF NUCLEAR FRAGMENT EMISSION IN PROTON HEAVY NUCLEUS COLLISIONS FROM 10 TO 500 GEV. (Will use room temperature gas jet target with heavy gases.)	Frank Turkot	FERMILAB PURDUE UNIVERSITY
	Request 26 Sep, 75 400 Hours for data taking 11 May, 77 800 Hours to include additional time to search for quarks bound in nuclear fragments Approval 25 Nov, 75 400 Hours 25 Jun, 77 400 Hours without time for the quark search Completed 13 Aug, 77 1,200 Hours		
444	<b>DI-MUON #444</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Muon/Hadron Beam A SPECIAL REQUEST FOR HIGH-PRIORITY RUNNING TO MEASURE HIGH-MASS MUON PAIRS. (Using the Quadrupole Triplet focusing system for producing a high intensity hadron beam.)	A. J. Stewart Smith	UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO PRINCETON UNIVERSITY
	Request 25 Sep, 75 400 Hours 31 May, 77 800 Hours with a request for a 400 hour extension for a scaling test and to increase the sensitivity at high masses Approval 24 Nov, 75 400 Hours 24 Jun, 77 400 Hours with a decision not to grant an extension Completed 3 Jan, 78 1,100 Hours		
448	<b>MUON #448</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Muon/Hadron Beam PROPOSAL FOR THE INVESTIGATION OF VIRTUAL PHOTOABSORPTION BY NUCLEAR MATTER. (Using the cyclotron spectrometer and heavy targets; see proposal #257.)	William A. Loomis	UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO FERMILAB HARVARD UNIVERSITY MASSACHUSETTS INST. OF TECHNOLOGY MICHIGAN STATE UNIVERSITY TUFTS UNIVERSITY
	Request 17 Oct, 75 300 Hours 9 Jun, 77 300 Hours to study both photoabsorption by nuclear matter and production of charmed particles (the latter to employ a Cerenkov counter) Approval 15 Mar, 77 Parasitic Running for about 300 hours concurrent with exp #203 29 Jun, 77 Parasitic Running for about 300 hours for study of photoabsorption of nuclear matter; without the disruption required to install the Cerenkov counter Completed 7 May, 78 900 Hours		
451	<b>INCLUSIVE SCATTERING #451</b> BEAM: Meson Area - M6 Beam STUDY OF THE A-DEPENDENCE OF INCLUSIVE PROCESSES AND ASSOCIATED MULTIPLICITY. (Using the single arm spectrometer facility.)	Donald S. Barton	UNIVERSITY OF BARI (ITALY) BROWN UNIVERSITY FERMILAB MASSACHUSETTS INST. OF TECHNOLOGY WARSAW HEP LABORATORY (POLAND)
	Request 17 Oct, 75 600 Hours including 100 hours of tests Approval 30 Jun, 76 400 Hours Completed 6 Sep, 78 500 Hours		
456	<b>FORM FACTOR #456</b> BEAM: Meson Area - M1 Beam MEASUREMENT OF THE KAON FORM FACTOR. (Continuation of work begun in exp #216.)	Donald H. Stork	UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES FERMILAB JINR, DUBNA (RUSSIA) NOTRE DAME UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF PITTSBURGH
	Request 17 Oct, 75 800 Hours including 200 hours of tests Approval 25 Nov, 75 500 Hours 7 Dec, 76 950 Hours including an additional 450 hours for data taking with a request for a report on preliminary results from existing data before the start of the next running period Completed 13 Apr, 77 1,450 Hours		
458	<b>PHOTOPRODUCTION #458</b> BEAM: Proton Area - East PHOTOPRODUCTION EXPERIMENT AT FERMILAB. (Using the broad band photon beam; a continuation of work begun in exp #87A and #401.)	Wonyong Lee	COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY FERMILAB UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS, CHAMPAIGN
	Request 17 Oct, 75 700 Hours 7 May, 76 900 Hours with 300 hours for testing, 600 hours for data Approval 2 Jul, 76 300 Hours with a total of 1,000 hours approved for the combination of expts #400, #401, and #458 14 Mar, 77 1,000 Hours with a total of 2,000 hours for the combination of expts #400,401,8458 1 Apr, 78 Unspecified since approved running time has been used by exp #87a Approved/Inactive 27 Oct, 81 Unspecified		
461	<b>EMULSION/PROTONS @ 400 #461</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Miscellaneous SEARCH FOR NEW PARTICLES FROM 400 GEV PROTON COLLISIONS IN EMULSIONS.	Jere J. Lord	UNIV. OF AUCKLAND (NEW ZEALAND) AUSTRALIAN NAT'L UNIV.(AUSTRALIA) UNIVERSITY OF MELBOURNE(AUSTRALIA) UNIVERSITY OF SYDNEY (AUSTRALIA) UNIVERSITY OF TASMANIA (AUSTRALIA) UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
	Request 10 Nov, 75 Emulsion Exposure Approval 26 Nov, 75 6 Stack(s) Completed 9 Dec, 75 6 Stack(s)		
462	<b>EMULSION/PROTONS @ 400 #462</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Miscellaneous SEARCH FOR SHORT LIVED PARTICLES PRODUCED BY 400 GEV PROTONS IN EMULSIONS.	Giorgio Giacomelli	UNIVERSITY OF BOLOGNA (ITALY) UNIVERSITY OF FIRENZE (ITALY)
	Request 18 Nov, 75 Emulsion Exposure Approval 26 Nov, 75 Emulsion Exposure Completed 9 Dec, 75 1 Stack(s)		

**Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory**  
**Master Listing of Proposals as of February 4, 1993**

(continued)

<b>463</b>	<b>EMULSION/PROTONS @ 400 #463</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Miscellaneous THE INTERACTIONS OF PROTONS IN NUCLEAR EMULSION AT 400 GEV/C (OR 500 GEV/C).	<b>M. I. Tretjakova</b>	KAZAKH STATE UNIV., (KAZAKHSTAN) LEBEDEV PHYSICAL INST. (RUSSIA) ITEP, MOSCOW (RUSSIA) NPI, ST. PETERSBURG (RUSSIA) TASHKENT, PHY.TEC.INS (UZBEKISTAN)
	Request 17 Nov, 75 Emulsion Exposure Approval 26 Nov, 75 Emulsion Exposure Completed 9 Dec, 75 2 Stack(s)		
<b>466</b>	<b>NUCLEAR FRAGMENTS #466</b> BEAM: Proton Area - Miscellaneous A PROPOSAL FOR THE STUDY OF HIGH-ENERGY REACTION MECHANISMS BY THE MEASUREMENT OF THE ANGULAR AND ENERGY DISTRIBUTIONS OF NUCLEAR FRAGMENTS RECOILING FROM TARGETS BOMBARDED WITH 200-300 GEV PROTONS.	<b>Norbert T. Porile</b>	ARGONNE NATIONAL LABORATORY UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO UNIV. OF ILLINOIS, CHICAGO CIRCLE PURDUE UNIVERSITY
	Request 9 Jan, 76 500 Hours Approval 30 Mar, 76 500 Hours to be met on an essentially parasitic basis with the understanding that this work will not constitute an interference with the rest of the proton area program Completed 15 Feb, 88 102 Targets Exposed		
<b>467</b>	<b>TEST MUON IRRADIATION #467</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Miscellaneous PROPOSAL FOR PARASITIC DUAL TARGET IRRADIATION WITH MUON SPILL BEAM BEHIND EXP #319.	<b>Melvin Freedman</b>	ARGONNE NATIONAL LABORATORY
	Request 13 Jan, 76 Target Exposure(s) Approval 28 Apr, 76 Parasitic Running for a bombardment of chlorine and thallium targets downstream of exp #319 or exp #398 Completed 1 Dec, 76 4 Targets Exposed		
<b>468</b>	<b>PARTICLE SEARCH #468</b> BEAM: Meson Area - M2 Beam SEARCH FOR PENETRATING MASSIVE NEUTRAL PARTICLES PRODUCED IN HIGH ENERGY PROTON COLLISIONS.	<b>Phillip H. Steinberg</b>	UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND
	Request 21 Jan, 76 1,200 Hours 4 Oct, 76 300 Hours in a 400 GeV proton beam at an intensity of 10 to the 9th protons/pulse 4 Nov, 77 450 Hours including an additional 150 hours to improve the sensitivity during another run of the experiment Approval 18 Nov, 76 300 Hours Completed 14 Aug, 77 300 Hours		
<b>469</b>	<b>PARTICLE SEARCH #469</b> BEAM: Meson Area - M6 Beam SEARCH FOR HEAVY LONG-LIVED PARTICLES. (Using the single arm spectrometer facility.)	<b>David Cutts</b>	UNIVERSITY OF BARI (ITALY) BROWN UNIVERSITY CERN (SWITZERLAND) FERMILAB MASSACHUSETTS INST. OF TECHNOLOGY
	Request 23 Jan, 76 150 Hours Approval 3 Feb, 78 150 Hours with the understanding that the schedule for this run may place the desired running for exp #451 in some jeopardy Completed 15 May, 78 400 Hours		
<b>472</b>	<b>PARTICLE SEARCH #472</b> BEAM: Meson Area - M2 Beam SEARCH FOR HEAVY PARTICLES PRODUCED IN ASSOCIATION WITH PROMPT MUONS. (Experiment would use modified exp #357 spectrometer.)	<b>Kenneth C. Stanfield</b>	FERMILAB UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN PURDUE UNIVERSITY
	Request 23 Jan, 76 600 Hours including 100 hours of tests Approval 10 Mar, 76 600 Hours Completed 29 Nov, 76 1,100 Hours		
<b>481</b>	<b>EMULSION/PI- @ 300 #481</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Miscellaneous INVESTIGATION OF MULTIPLE PRODUCTION BY PI - MESONS WITH EMULSION CHAMBER.	<b>Yoshiyuki Takahashi</b>	OSAKA CITY UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) SHINSHU UNIVERSITY (JAPAN)
	Request 28 Apr, 76 Emulsion Exposure 10K particles per cm. sq. over a square of 10 cm x 10 cm Approval 12 May, 76 Emulsion Exposure Completed 18 Jan, 78 7 Stack(s)		
<b>482</b>	<b>NEUTRINO #482</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Quadrupole Triplet STUDY OF DI-MUON EVENTS PRODUCED IN NEUTRINO INTERACTIONS.	<b>Barry C. Barish</b>	CALIFORNIA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY FERMILAB NORTHWESTERN UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF ROCHESTER ROCKEFELLER UNIVERSITY
	Request 11 May, 76 500 Hours to be run with the Quadrupole Triplet train load with focus set at 200 GeV at 10 to the 13th protons per pulse Approval 30 Jun, 76 Parasitic Running with other experiments using the neutrino beam Completed 3 Jan, 78 1,600 Hours		
<b>486</b>	<b>K ZERO CROSS SECTION #486</b> BEAM: Meson Area - M4 Beam PROPOSAL TO STUDY THE ATOMIC NUMBER DEPENDENCE OF THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN PARTICLE AND ANTI-PARTICLE TOTAL CROSS SECTIONS. (Using the apparatus of exps #82 and #425 with modifications.)	<b>Bruce D. Winstein</b>	UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO I.H.F, ETH HONGGERBERG (SWITZERLAND) UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-MADISON
	Request 7 May, 76 200 Hours to be run in a modified version of the M-4 neutral beam; data taking to require 1.4 x 10 to the 17th protons into the meson production target Approval 30 Jun, 76 200 Hours with a total of 800 hours approved for the combination of E-486 and E-226 Completed 17 Mar, 77 950 Hours		
<b>490</b>	<b>PARTICLE SEARCH #490</b> BEAM: Meson Area - M1 Beam SEARCH FOR SHORT LIVED PARTICLES USING A HIGH RESOLUTION STREAMER CHAMBER.	<b>Jack Sandweiss</b>	FERMILAB LAWRENCE BERKELEY LABORATORY YALE UNIVERSITY
	Request 7 May, 76 800 Hours to be run in a 200 GeV pi- beam of intensity 8 x 10 to the 5th particles per pulse focused to a 1 mm x 5 mm spot Approval 30 Jun, 76 Test Running to study the performance of the high resolution streamer chamber Completed 9 Jun, 80 850 Hours		
<b>494</b>	<b>DI-HADRON #494</b> BEAM: Proton Area - Center A STUDY OF DI-HADRON PRODUCTION IN PROTON COLLISIONS AT FERMILAB. (This experiment is an off-shoot of di-lepton #288.)	<b>Myron L. Good</b>	COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY FERMILAB SUNY AT STONY BROOK
	Request 10 May, 76 800 Hours Approval 17 May, 76 800 Hours 17 Nov, 76 1,400 Hours including an additional six weeks of running with the experiment expected to terminate in February 1977 Completed 21 Feb, 77 1,950 Hours		

**Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory**  
**Master Listing of Proposals as of February 4, 1993**

(continued)

<b>495 XI-ZERO PRODUCTION #495</b>	<b>Kenneth J. Heller</b>	<b>BROOKHAVEN NATIONAL LABORATORY</b> UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN RUTGERS UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-MADISON
BEAM: Meson Area - M2 Beam PROPOSAL TO STUDY CASCADE ZERO AND ANTILAMBDA PRODUCTION AND POLARIZATION. (Experiment would use the spectrometer of E-8.)		
Request	17 May, 76	400 Hours
Approval	17 Nov, 76	400 Hours
Completed	28 Aug, 78	700 Hours
<b>497 CHARGED HYPERON #497</b>	<b>Joseph Lach</b>	<b>FERMILAB</b> IOWA STATE UNIVERSITY YALE UNIVERSITY
BEAM: Proton Area - Center ELASTIC SCATTERING OF THE HYPERONS. (Measurements of charged hyperon fluxes and differential elastic cross sections, and a particle search.)		
Request	13 May, 76	1,200 Hours with 600 hours for flux measurements and new particle search and 600 hours to measure differential cross sections
	26 Jan, 79	800 Hours including an additional 400 hours to search for the b-particle after the beam is commissioned
Approval	29 Jun, 76	400 Hours initial approval
Completed	16 Mar, 81	2,500 Hours see proposal #697
<b>498 DETECTOR DEVELOPMENT #498</b>	<b>Charles R. Gruhn</b>	<b>LOS ALAMOS NATIONAL LABORATORY</b>
BEAM: Proton Area - East A MEASUREMENT OF THE RELATIVISTIC RISE IN THE MOST PROBABLE ENERGY LOSS IN THIN SOLID FILMS.		
Request	26 May, 76	50 Hours in an electron beam at the highest energies available
Approval	14 Jun, 76	Parasitic Running that will not disturb the normal proton area program
Completed	18 Aug, 76	50 Hours
<b>499 EMULSION/PROTONS @ 400 #499</b>	<b>Junsuke Iwai</b>	<b>WASEDA UNIVERSITY (JAPAN)</b>
BEAM: Neutrino Area - Miscellaneous A STUDY OF ANGULAR DISTRIBUTIONS IN PROTON-NUCLEUS COLLISIONS USING NUCLEAR EMULSIONS.		
Request	1 Jun, 76	2 Exposure(s)
Approval	16 Aug, 76	Emulsion Exposure with one stack exposed to an intensity of 600K protons/sq cm and a second to an intensity of 10K protons/sq cm
Completed	15 Jan, 78	5 Stack(s)
<b>501 TEST MUON IRRADIATION #501</b>	<b>Kenneth Lande</b>	<b>BROOKHAVEN NATIONAL LABORATORY</b> UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA
BEAM: Neutrino Area - Muon/Hadron Beam PROPOSAL FOR A MEASUREMENT OF THE TRANSITION RATE FOR CL(37) AND AR(37) INDUCED BY MUONS AT FERMILAB ENERGIES.		
Request	11 Aug, 76	25 Hours an integrated flux of - about $5 \times 10$ to the 9th times (e/300) to the 0.7th - muons @ 75, 150, and 250 GeV
Approval	28 Oct, 76	Target Exposure(s) parasitic to running of upstream muon experiments
Completed	1 Dec, 76	2 Targets Exposed
<b>502 MONOPOLE #502</b>	<b>David F. Bartlett</b>	<b>UNIVERSITY OF COLORADO AT BOULDER</b> GENERAL ELECTRIC R&D CENTER
BEAM: Neutrino Area - Miscellaneous SEARCH FOR MONOPOLES ABOVE THE 15-FOOT BUBBLE CHAMBER. (Would require a scuttle in the roof of the 15-foot bubble chamber building.)		
Request	30 Jul, 76	Cosmic Ray Running to include use of the fringe field of the 15-foot bubble chamber magnet during two long runs; approximately 7 months of data-taking requested with lexan and later with emulsion detectors
Approval	2 Sep, 76	Cosmic Ray Running during parasitic operation in the fringe field of the 15-foot bubble chamber magnet
Completed	23 Jun, 80	Cosmic Ray Running
<b>503 EMULSION/PI- @ 300 #503</b>	<b>Takeshi Ogata</b>	<b>HIROSAKI UNIVERSITY (JAPAN)</b> ICRR, UNIVERSITY OF TOKYO (JAPAN) KONAN UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) KWANSEI GAKUIN UNIVERSITY (JAPAN)
BEAM: Neutrino Area - Miscellaneous MULTIPARTICLE PRODUCTION IN HIGH ENERGY PION-NUCLEUS INTERACTIONS.		
Request	12 Aug, 76	Emulsion Exposure consisting of eight blocks of emulsion exposed to 50K particles/sq cm in a pi- beam of 200 GeV/c or greater
Approval	19 Aug, 76	Emulsion Exposure
Completed	18 Jan, 78	4 Stack(s)
<b>505 PROTON POLARIZATION #505</b>	<b>Samuel Peter Yamin</b>	<b>BROOKHAVEN NATIONAL LABORATORY</b> UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN RUTGERS UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-MADISON
BEAM: Meson Area - M2 Beam A SEARCH FOR PROTON POLARIZATION IN INCLUSIVE PRODUCTION AT 300 GEV/C.		
Request	16 Aug, 76	100 Hours with a change in the targetting angle of the primary proton beam for the meson area
Approval	29 Jun, 78	100 Hours with low priority during the time available for exp #495
Completed	27 Aug, 78	50 Hours
<b>506 EMULSION/PI- @ 300 #506</b>	<b>Shoji Dake</b>	<b>KOBE UNIVERSITY (JAPAN)</b> KONAN UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) SAITAMA UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) UNIVERSITY OF TOKYO (JAPAN)
BEAM: Neutrino Area - Miscellaneous CASCADE SHOWERS ORIGINATED IN JET SHOWERS DUE TO NEGATIVE PIONS.		
Request	17 Aug, 76	Emulsion Exposure using two - three emulsion chambers 10 cm x 10 cm x 8 cm exposed to 10-100 particles/sq cm in a pi- beam of 200 GeV/c or greater
Approval	23 Aug, 76	Emulsion Exposure
Completed	15 Jan, 78	2 Stack(s)
<b>507 HIGH ENERGY CHANNELING #507</b>	<b>Edouard N. Tsyganov</b>	<b>UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES</b> FERMILAB JINR, DUBNA (RUSSIA) KHARKOV PHYS-TECH INST (UKRAINE) LEHIGH UNIVERSITY ITEP, MOSCOW (RUSSIA) SUNY AT ALBANY TOMSK POLYTECH. INST. (USSR) INR, WARSAW (POLAND)
BEAM: Meson Area - M1 Beam PROPOSAL TO STUDY CHANNELING AT FERMILAB. (Using the spectrometer of exp #456.)		
Request	8 Sep, 76	250 Hours use of the M-1 beam is requested in conjunction with operation of form factor #456
Approval	1 Jun, 77	250 Hours with the understanding that this activity will not delay significantly the program in the M1 beam
Completed	30 May, 77	350 Hours

**Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory**  
**Master Listing of Proposals as of February 4, 1993**

(continued)

508	<b>EMULSION/PROTONS @ 500 #508</b> BEAM: Meson Area - Test Beam STUDY OF THE MECHANISM FOR MULTIPLE PRODUCTION OF PARTICLES AT HIGH ENERGIES.	Wladyslaw Wolter	INP, KRAKOW (POLAND)
	Request 15 Sep, 76 Emulsion Exposure consisting of 3 emulsion stacks Approval 24 Sep, 76 Emulsion Exposure Completed 26 Apr, 85 7 Emulsion Stack(s)		
509	<b>EMULSION/MUONS @ 200 #509</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Miscellaneous SEARCH FOR THE LARGE ANGLE SCATTERING OF MUONS.	T. Shirai	KANAGAWA UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) KOBE UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) UNIVERSITY OF TOKYO (JAPAN)
	Request 13 Sep, 76 Emulsion Exposure of 10 to the 6th particles/sq cm Approval 24 Sep, 76 Emul ion Exposure Completed 8 Oct, 76 1 Stack(s)		
510	<b>EMULSION/ELECTRONS @ HI L #510</b> BEAM: Proton Area - Miscellaneous STUDY OF CASCADE SHOWERS INITIATED BY ELECTRONS.	Kiyoshi Niu	AICHI UNIV. OF EDUCATION (JAPAN) NAGOYA UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) YOKOHAMA NATIONAL UNIV. (JAPAN)
	Request 9 Sep, 76 Emulsion Exposure Approval 24 Sep, 76 Emulsion Exposure Completed 5 Oct, 76 6 Stack(s)		
515	<b>PARTICLE SEARCH #515</b> BEAM: Meson Area - M1 Beam PROPOSAL TO STUDY CHARGED PARTICLES PRODUCED IN HADRONIC INTERACTIONS.	Jerome L. Rosen	CARNEGIE-MELLON UNIVERSITY FERMILAB NORTHWESTERN UNIVERSITY NOTRE DAME UNIVERSITY
	Request 5 Oct, 76 1,000 Hours in a high intensity pi- beam @ 200 GeV/c Approval 14 Mar, 77 800 Hours Completed 10 Mar, 82 2,650 Hours		
516	<b>PHOTOPRODUCTION #516</b> BEAM: Proton Area - East A STUDY OF PHOTOPRODUCTION USING A MAGNETIC SPECTROMETER AT THE TAGGED PHOTON LAB.	E. Thomas Nash	UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, SANTA BARBARA CARELTON UNIVERSITY (CANADA) UNIVERSITY OF COLORADO AT BOULDER FERMILAB NATIONAL RESEARCH COUNCIL (CANADA) UNIVERSITY OF OKLAHOMA UNIVERSITY OF TORONTO (CANADA)
	Request 5 Oct, 76 1,000 Hours in the tagged photon beam assuming a primary beam of 450 GeV protons with 2.9 x 10 to the 15th protons/hour 3 Oct, 77 1,000 Hours with 4 x 10 to the 12th protons per pulse, a 1 sec. flat top and a 10 sec. cycle Approval 15 Nov, 77 1,000 Hours to include 400 hours for testing and 600 hours for data Completed 1 Jun, 81 4,500 Hours		
522	<b>PROTON POLARIZATION #522</b> BEAM: Internal Target Area (C-0) A STUDY OF INCLUSIVE PROTON POLARIZATION.	Harold O. Ogren	INDIANA UNIVERSITY
	Request 28 Oct, 76 840 Hours the experiment would run with the existing exp #513 set-up in the internal target area Approval 25 Jun, 77 800 Hours conditional on cryogenic operation of the internal target area Completed 21 Mar, 78 700 Hours		
524	<b>EMULSION/PROTONS &gt; 500 GEV #524</b> BEAM: Meson Area - Test Beam PROPOSAL TO STUDY INTERACTIONS OF PROTONS OF ENERGY GREATER THAN 500 GEV IN EMULSION AND HEAVY NUCLEI.	Richard J. Wilkes	UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
	Request 18 Jan, 77 Emulsion Exposure of 10 plates would be exposed to fluxes ranging from 75,000 to 200,000 particles/sq.cm. Approval 3 Mar, 77 Emulsion Exposure with a momentum of approximately 500 GeV/c Completed 26 Apr, 85 6 Emulsion Stack(s)		
525	<b>EMULSION/PI- @ 300 #525</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Miscellaneous PROPOSAL TO STUDY PROTON-NUCLEUS INTERACTIONS IN EMULSION PLATES WITH EMBEDDED METAL POWDER GRANULES AT 300 GEV.	Richard J. Wilkes	UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
	Request 18 Jan, 77 Emulsion Exposure of 10 plates would be exposed in a negative beam to fluxes ranging from 75,000 - 200,000 particles/sq.cm. Approval 13 Dec, 77 Emulsion Exposure with a request for the beam energy to be changed to 300 GeV Completed 3 Mar, 77 Emulsion Exposure 15 Jan, 78 2 Stack(s)		
531	<b>NEUTRINO #531</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Wide Band Horn A PROPOSAL TO STUDY WEAK DECAY LIFETIMES OF NEUTRINO PRODUCED PARTICLES IN A TAGGED EMULSION SPECTROMETER.	Neville W. Reay	AICHI UNIV. OF EDUCATION (JAPAN) FERMILAB ICRR, UNIVERSITY OF TOKYO (JAPAN) KOBE UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) KOREA UNIVERSITY, SEOUL (KOREA) MCGILL UNIVERSITY (CANADA) NAGOYA UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) OHIO STATE UNIVERSITY OKAYAMA UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) OSAKA CITY UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) OSAKA SCIENCE EDUC. INST. (JAPAN) UNIVERSITY OF OTTAWA (CANADA) UNIVERSITY OF TORONTO (CANADA) VIRGINIA POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTE YOKOHAMA NATIONAL UNIV. (JAPAN)
	Request 31 Jan, 77 1,500 Hours or a total proton flux of 3 x 10 to the 18th 19 May, 78 3,000 Hours including a second parasitic run 8 May, 79 2,250 Hours total with an additional 1,100 hours requested for two runs of 6 x 10 to the 18th protons each, the first to be neutrinos (350 GeV pi+), the second to be antineutrinos (350 GeV pi- with the plug out) Approval 15 Mar, 77 Parasitic Running concurrent with other neutrino experiments 1 Jul, 79 Parasitic Running concurrent with the next 15-foot bubble chamber neutrino run with the Wide Band Horn Completed 1 Jun, 81 3,800 Hours		
533	<b>PI-MU ATOMS #533</b> BEAM: Meson Area - M3 Beam PROPOSAL TO MEASURE THE RATE OF FORMATION OF PI-MU ATOMS IN K-LONG M 3 DECAY.	Gordon B. Thomson	UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO STANFORD UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-MADISON
	Request 1 Feb, 77 500 Hours based on 3 x 10 to the 6th K-longs/pulse in the M3 beam Approval 18 Mar, 77 500 Hours with the requirement that preliminary studies and tests show that costs for the experiment are reasonable 19 Mar, 79 2,100 Hours for the additional 1,500 hours requested for tuneup and data to complete the experiment Completed 28 Nov, 79 2,050 Hours		

212  
**Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory**  
**Master Listing of Proposals as of February 4, 1993**

(continued)

<b>536</b>	<b>EMULSION/NEUTRINO #536</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Wide Band Horn STUDY OF NEUTRINO INTERACTIONS IN NUCLEAR EMULSIONS.	<b>Kiyoshi Niu</b>	AICHI UNIV. OF EDUCATION (JAPAN) NAGOYA UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) YOKOHAMA NATIONAL UNIV. (JAPAN)
Request	2 Feb. 77	500 Hours or 1 x 10 to the 18th protons to be run in the broad band neutrino beam on a parasitic basis with the regular neutrino program	
Approval	10 Feb. 77	Parasitic Running	
Completed	13 Aug. 77	2 Stack(s)	
<b>537</b>	<b>DI-MUON #537</b> BEAM: Proton Area - West PROPOSAL TO STUDY PBAR-N INTERACTIONS IN THE P-WEST HIGH INTENSITY LABORATORY	<b>Bradley B. Cox</b>	UNIVERSITY OF ATHENS (GREECE) FERMILAB MCGILL UNIVERSITY (CANADA) UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN SHANDONG UNIVERSITY (PRC)
Request	14 Feb. 77	1,700 Hours with 300 hours of tuning and 600 hours initial data run to be followed by 800 hours for final data run, all in high intensity secondary beam	
	31 Oct. 77	1,400 Hours to include 100 hours of tuneup, 300 hours of pi- @ 200 or 300 GeV, 700 hours of pi+ @ 200 or 300 GeV and 300 hours of pbar @ 100 GeV	
	31 Jan. 78	2,000 Hours in high intensity secondary beam. Phase 1 would consist of 250 hours for tune up and 750 hours for data taking on di-muon production by p bars. Phase 2 would consist of 250 hours for tune up and 750 hours for data taking on di-electron production by p bars	
Approval	16 Mar. 78	1,000 Hours for study of di-muon production by pbars	
Completed	28 Feb. 82	2,700 Hours	
<b>540</b>	<b>PARTICLE SEARCH #540</b> BEAM: Meson Area - M3 Beam A SEARCH FOR NEW METASTABLE PARTICLES TRAPPED IN MATTER.	<b>Michael J. Longo</b>	UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN
Request	22 Mar. 77	1,900 Hours with a running period of six months in the M3 beam. The beam would be used 50 - 75% of the time available.	
Approval	23 May. 77	Parasitic Running conditional on negotiation of an agreement and that the experiment will be mounted and run under low priority conditions	
Completed	21 Feb. 78	600 Hours	
<b>545</b>	<b>15-FOOT NEUTRINO/D2&amp;HIZ #545</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Wide Band Horn PROPOSAL FOR AN EXTENSION OF E-151/E-227 TO STUDY NEUTRINO INTERACTIONS IN DEUTERIUM IN THE 15-FOOT BUBBLE CHAMBER WITH PLATES. (An initial run will be without plates.)	<b>George A. Snow</b>	ILLINOIS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND SUNY AT STONY BROOK TOHOKU UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) TUFTS UNIVERSITY
Request	18 Apr. 77	300 K Pix to be run in the wide band beam with 1.3 x 10 to the 13th protons per pulse incident on the target at 400 GeV	
	21 Dec. 77	500 K Pix or equivalently 3.5 x 10 to the 18th protons; with the assumption that the test of the plate system will be successful	
Approval	16 Mar. 78	350 K Pix to be run in the 15-ft chamber without plates	
	28 Jun. 78	350 K Pix	
Completed	17 Jan. 79	317 K Pix	
<b>546</b>	<b>15-FOOT NEUTRINO/I12&amp;NE #546</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Quadrupole Triplet HIGH ENERGY NEUTRINO AND ANTINEUTRINO INTERACTIONS IN THE 15-FOOT BUBBLE CHAMBER USING THE QUADRUPOLE TRIPLET TRAIN LOAD AND THE TWO-PLANE EMI.	<b>Fred Russ Huson</b>	UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY FERMILAB UNIVERSITY OF HAWAII AT MANOA LAWRENCE BERKELEY LABORATORY UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-MADISON
Request	27 Apr. 77	250 K Pix with specific interest in an exposure of 5 x 10 to the 18th protons	
Approval	29 Jun. 77	Parasitic Running concurrent with other neutrino running with the Quad Triplet train	
Completed	26 Jan. 78	375 K Pix	
<b>547</b>	<b>EMULSION/PROTONS @ 400 #547</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Miscellaneous ANGULAR CORRELATIONS STUDY IN PROTON-NUCLEI JETS AT 400-500 GEV USING EMULSION TELESCOPE TECHNIQUES.	<b>C. J. Jacquot</b>	CRN, STRASBOURG (FRANCE) UNIVERSITY OF LYON (FRANCE) UNIVERSITY OF SANTANDER (SPAIN)
Request	27 Apr. 77	Emulsion Exposure in a 400-500 GeV proton beam with incoming flux of 5 x 10 to the 4th particles over a surface 5 x 5 cm sq.	
Approval	14 Jun. 77	Emulsion Exposure	
Completed	15 Jan. 78	24 Stack(s)	
<b>549</b>	<b>QUARK #549</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Miscellaneous A SEARCH FOR FRACTIONAL CHARGES USING ACCELERATOR AND LOW TEMPERATURE TECHNIQUES.	<b>Michael J. Longo</b>	UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN STANFORD UNIVERSITY
Request	2 May. 77	Parasitic Running to expose at least 12 niobium spheres in the vicinity of a proton beam with intensities of > 1 x 10 to the 13th per pulse	
Approval	16 May. 77	Parasitic Running contingent on the target being prepared and provided by the experimenters	
Approved/Inactive	1 Oct. 78	1 Target Exposure(s) as of 1 Oct 1978	
<b>552</b>	<b>P-N SCATTERING #552</b> BEAM: Internal Target Area (C-0) A PROPOSAL TO STUDY P - P ELASTIC AND P - D COHERENT SCATTERING.	<b>Felix Sannes</b>	IMPERIAL COLLEGE (ENGLAND) UNIVERSITY OF ROCHESTER RUTGERS UNIVERSITY
Request	6 May. 77	900 Hours	
Approval	25 Jun. 77	800 Hours conditional on cryogenic operation of the Internal Target Area	
Completed	9 Apr. 78	950 Hours	
<b>553</b>	<b>NEUTRINO #553</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Wide Band Horn A PROPOSAL TO SEARCH FOR SHORT-LIVED PARTICLES PRODUCED BY ANTINEUTRINOS AND NEUTRINOS (Using a hybrid emulsion-visual detector.)	<b>Paul F. Shepard</b>	CORNELL UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF LIBRE (BELGIUM) UNIVERSITY OF LUND (SWEDEN) UNIVERSITY OF OKLAHOMA UNIVERSITY OF PADOVA (ITALY) UNIVERSITY OF PITTSBURGH INFN, ROME (ITALY) UNIVERSITY OF SYDNEY (AUSTRALIA) UNIVERSITY OF TORINO (ITALY) YORK UNIVERSITY (CANADA)
Request	6 May. 77	2,000 Hours with a specific request for 4 x 10 to the 18th protons	
	5 Mar. 79	2,500 Hours total with an additional 1,000 hours for a run of at least 7 x 10 to the 18th protons with the broad band beam tuned for neutrinos	
Approval	24 Jun. 77	Parasitic Running conditional on review of detector tests	
	16 Nov. 77	Parasitic Running conditional on review of detector tests in January 1978	
	1 Jul. 79	Parasitic Running concurrent with the next 15-foot bubble chamber neutrino run with the Wide Band Horn	
Completed	1 Apr. 80	1,500 Hours	

**Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory**  
**Master Listing of Proposals as of February 4, 1993**

(continued)

<b>555 NEUTRAL HYPERON #555</b>	<b>Thomas J. Devlin</b>	UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA RUTGERS UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-MADISON
BEAM: Meson Area - M2 Beam A PROPOSAL TO STUDY CROSS SECTIONS AND POLARIZATION IN NEUTRAL STRANGE PARTICLE PRODUCTION AT HIGH TRANSVERSE MOMENTUM. (Using the neutral hyperon beam and associated experimental apparatus.)		
Request	6 May, 77	250 Hours for tuneup and data
	19 May, 78	530 Hours for tuning and data at intensities of $1 \times 10$ to the 11th per pulse
Approval	15 Nov, 78	450 Hours
Completed	17 Feb, 82	650 Hours
<b>557 HADRON JETS #557</b>	<b>Ernest I. Malamud</b>	UNIVERSITY OF ARIZONA CALIFORNIA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY FERMILAB FLORIDA STATE UNIVERSITY GEORGE MASON UNIVERSITY UNIV. OF ILLINOIS, CHICAGO CIRCLE INDIANA UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND IHEP, PROTIVNO (SERPUKHOV)(RUSSIA) RUTGERS UNIVERSITY
BEAM: Meson Area - Test Beam PROPOSAL TO STUDY HADRON JETS WITH THE CALORIMETER TRIGGERED MULTIPARTICLE SPECTROMETER. (Continuation of work begun in exp #260.)		
Request	9 May, 77	1,600 Hours for data with a suggested run plan as follows - 400 hours at 200 GeV, 800 hours with upgraded M6-beam at 300 GeV, and 400 hours at 400 GeV
Approval	24 Jun, 77	1,600 Hours conditional on a better understanding of beam requirements for the experiment after an upgrading of the M6 beam
Completed	14 Jul, 84	1,470 Hours
<b>564 15-FOOT &amp; EMULSION/NEUTRINO#564</b>	<b>Louis Voyvodic</b>	FERMILAB ILLINOIS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY JINR, DUBNA (RUSSIA) UNIVERSITY OF KANSAS INP, KRAKOW (POLAND) ITEP, MOSCOW (RUSSIA) IHEP, PROTIVNO (SERPUKHOV)(RUSSIA) INST FOR NUCL. RESEARCH (BULGARIA) UNIVERSITY OF SYDNEY (AUSTRALIA) UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
BEAM: Neutrino Area - Wide Band Horn DIRECT DETECTION OF SHORT-LIVED PARTICLES FROM NEUTRINO INTERACTIONS IN NUCLEAR EMULSIONS INSIDE THE 15-FOOT BUBBLE CHAMBER.		
Request	11 May, 77	1,500 Hours with a specific request for neutrinos from a total proton flux of $3 \times 10$ to the 18th; running is proposed during the 15-foot running period with a deuterium fill planned for the spring of 1978
	8 May, 79	1,100 Hours additional to be run parasitically in the 15-ft chamber. film from two auxiliary cameras is requested for the neutrino portion of the running
Approval	24 Jun, 77	Parasitic Running with the understanding that the experiment impose only a small impact on the 15-ft chamber operations
	1 Jul, 79	Parasitic Running with the understanding that the experiment impose only a small impact on the 15-ft chamber operations
Completed	9 Mar, 81	277 K Pix
<b>565 30-INCH HYBRID #565</b>	<b>Irwin A. Pless</b>	BROWN UNIVERSITY FERMILAB COLLEGE DE FRANCE (FRANCE) INDIANA UNIVERSITY MASSACHUSETTS INST. OF TECHNOLOGY NIJMEGEN UNIVERSITY (NETHERLANDS) OAK RIDGE NATIONAL LABORATORY RUTGERS UNIVERSITY STEVENS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY UNIVERSITY OF TEL-AVIV (ISRAEL) UNIVERSITY OF TENNESSEE, KNOXVILLE TOHOKU GAKUIN UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) TOHOKU UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) YALE UNIVERSITY
BEAM: Neutrino Area - 30 in. Hadron Beam A STUDY OF THE DETAILED CHARACTERISTICS OF HADRON-NUCLEUS COLLISIONS USING THE FERMILAB HYBRID SPECTROMETER. (The experiment would be run with aluminum, silver, and gold foil targets mounted inside the 30-inch hydrogen-filled bubble chamber.)		
Request	2 Jun, 77	3,000 K Pix in a 400 GeV proton beam (400 hours, 1,000K pix) and a 200 GeV proton plus pion beam (800 hours, 2,000K pix)
	7 Feb, 78	2,000 K Pix to be taken as follows- 500K pix with 200 GeV incident protons 500K pix with 200 GeV incident pi+ 800K pix with 200 GeV incident pi- 200K pix with 400 GeV incident protons
Approval	16 Mar, 78	Parasitic Running with exp #570
Completed	1 Jun, 82	1,068 K Pix total for E-565 and E-570
<b>567 PARTICLE SEARCH #567</b>	<b>Michael S. Witherell</b>	BROOKHAVEN NATIONAL LABORATORY CEN-SACLAY (FRANCE) FERMILAB PRINCETON UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF TORINO (ITALY)
BEAM: Proton Area - West SEARCH FOR CHARM PRODUCTION IN 200 GEV/C HADRON INTERACTIONS. (Using the spectrometer for exp #302 with additions.)		
Request	13 Jun, 77	500 Hours
Approval	24 Jun, 77	500 Hours with 100 hours for checkout and 400 hours for data-taking
Completed	7 Nov, 79	1,650 Hours see exp #650
<b>568 EMULSION/PI- @ 300 #568</b>	<b>Jacques D. Hebert</b>	UNIVERSITY OF BELGRADE(YUGOSLAVIA) CRN, STRASBOURG (FRANCE) FERMILAB UNIVERSITY OF LUND (SWEDEN) UNIVERSITY OF NANCY (FRANCE) UNIVERSITY OF OTTAWA (CANADA) UNIV. OF PARIS VI, LPG (FRANCE) LRC, LYON (FRANCE) UNIVERSITY OF SANTANDER (SPAIN) UNIVERSITY OF VALENCIA (SPAIN)
BEAM: Neutrino Area - Miscellaneous 300 GEV PION INTERACTIONS IN NUCLEAR EMULSION.		
Request	8 Aug, 77	Emulsion Exposure of 3 stacks in a negative beam of about 30K particles per cm sq.
Approval	16 Sep, 77	Emulsion Exposure of 3 stacks in a 300 GeV negative beam with a flux of 30K particles per cm sq over an area of $3 \times 3$ cm sq
Completed	15 Jan, 78	3 Stack(s)

**Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory**  
**Master Listing of Proposals as of February 4, 1993**

(continued)

<b>570</b>	<b>30-INCH HYBRID #570</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - 30 in. Hadron Beam PROPOSAL FOR A STUDY OF PARTICLE PRODUCTION AND DYNAMICS FROM $X = 0$ TO $X = 1$ AND THE DEPENDENCE ON INCIDENT QUANTUM NUMBERS. (Supersedes proposal #488. Will use the forward gamma detector and the downstream ISIS system with the 30-inch hybrid spectrometer.)	<b>Irwin A. Pless</b>	BROWN UNIVERSITY FERMILAB COLLEGE DE FRANCE (FRANCE) INDIANA UNIVERSITY MASSACHUSETTS INST. OF TECHNOLOGY NIJMEGEN UNIVERSITY (NETHERLANDS) OAK RIDGE NATIONAL LABORATORY RUTGERS UNIVERSITY STEVENS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY UNIVERSITY OF TEL-AVIV (ISRAEL) UNIVERSITY OF TENNESSEE, KNOXVILLE TOHOKU GAKUIN UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) TOHOKU UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) YALE UNIVERSITY
Request	16 Sep, 77	2,000 K Pix to be taken with the 30-inch hybrid spectrometer exposed to two beams, 1,000K pix in a positive beam with 10% K <sup>+</sup> and equal fractions of protons and p <sup>+</sup> , and 1,000K pix in a negative beam with 20% pbars	
Approval	16 Mar, 78	1,500 Hours for a run of 15 weeks duration; combined with exp #565	
Completed	1 Jun, 82	1,068 K Pix total for E-565 and E-570	
<b>573</b>	<b>EMULSION/PI- @ 300 #573</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Miscellaneous A SEARCH FOR CHARMED PARTICLES PRODUCED BY 300 GEV/C NEGATIVE PIONS IN NUCLEAR EMULSION.	<b>Noriyuki Ushida</b>	AICHI UNIV. OF EDUCATION (JAPAN) NAGOYA UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) YOKOHAMA NATIONAL UNIV. (JAPAN)
Request	29 Nov, 77	3 Stack(s) exposed in a negative pion beam to an integrated flux of $7.5 \times 10$ to the 3rd particles per cm sq	
Approval	29 Nov, 77	3 Stack(s)	
Completed	15 Jan, 78	3 Stack(s)	
<b>574</b>	<b>EMULSION/PI- @ 300 #574</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Miscellaneous A STUDY OF THE MECHANISM FOR MULTIPLE PRODUCTION OF PARTICLES AT OR ABOVE 300 GEV PION INTERACTIONS IN NUCLEAR EMULSION.	<b>Wladyslaw Wolter</b>	INP, KRAKOW (POLAND)
Request	1 Dec, 77	3 Stack(s) exposed in a 300 GeV negative pion beam to an integrated intensity of $5 \times 10$ to the 4th particles per cm sq	
Approval	1 Dec, 77	3 Stack(s)	
Completed	18 Jan, 78	4 Stack(s)	
<b>575</b>	<b>EMULSION/PROTONS @ 400 #575</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Miscellaneous PROPOSAL TO STUDY 400 GEV PROTON INTERACTIONS IN NUCLEAR EMULSION.	<b>Jere J. Lord</b>	UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
Request	13 Dec, 77	2 Stack(s) to be exposed in a 400 GeV proton beam focused to a diameter of less than 5-10 mm. One stack to receive a total dose of 100K p/cm sq and the other 200K p/cm sq.	
Approval	13 Dec, 77	2 Stack(s)	
Completed	15 Jan, 78	2 Stack(s)	
<b>576</b>	<b>EMULSION/PROTONS @ 500 #576</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Miscellaneous 500 GEV PROTON INTERACTIONS IN NUCLEAR EMULSION	<b>Jacques D. Hebert</b>	UNIVERSITY OF BELGRADE(YUGOSLAVIA) CRN, STRASBOURG (FRANCE) FERMILAB UNIVERSITY OF LUND (SWEDEN) UNIVERSITY OF LYON (FRANCE) UNIVERSITY OF NANCY (FRANCE) UNIVERSITY OF OTTAWA (CANADA) UNIV. OF PARIS VI, LPG (FRANCE) UNIVERSITY OF SANTANDER (SPAIN) UNIVERSITY OF VALENCIA (SPAIN)
Request	21 Dec, 77	Emulsion Exposure exposed in a 500 GeV proton beam to a total integrated flux of $3 \times 10$ to the 4th particles per cm sq	
Approval	20 Feb, 78	Emulsion Exposure	
Completed	11 Jul, 85	1 Emulsion Stack(s)	
<b>577</b>	<b>ELASTIC SCATTERING #577</b> BEAM: Meson Area - M6 Beam PROPOSAL TO MEASURE PI P ELASTIC SCATTERING AT LARGE ANGLES.	<b>Roy Rubinstein</b>	UNIVERSITY OF ARIZONA UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, SAN DIEGO CORNELL UNIVERSITY FERMILAB
Request	30 Jan, 78	1,000 Hours to be run in a 200 GeV incident beam with a beam flux between $5 \times 10$ to the 7th and $5 \times 10$ to the 8th pions per pulse	
Approval	29 Jun, 78	1,000 Hours	
Completed	16 Mar, 81	1,550 Hours	
<b>580</b>	<b>PARTICLE SEARCH #580</b> BEAM: Meson Area - M6 Beam A SEARCH FOR NARROW AND BROAD RESONANCES DECAYING INTO LAMBDA-LAMBDA BAR, LAMBDA-LAMBDA BAR-PI, K SHORT AND K SHORT-K SHORT-PI FROM PI- P INTERACTIONS AT 300 GEV USING THE FERMILAB MPS.	<b>Daniel R. Green</b>	UNIVERSITY OF ARIZONA FERMILAB FLORIDA STATE UNIVERSITY NOTRE DAME UNIVERSITY TUFTS UNIVERSITY VANDERBILT UNIVERSITY VIRGINIA POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTE
Request	31 Jan, 78	800 Hours to be run in a pion beam with an incident flux of $1.5 \times 10$ to the 6th pions per pulse at 300 GeV	
Approval	29 Jun, 78	800 Hours	
Completed	1 Jun, 81	800 Hours	



215  
Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory  
Master Listing of Proposals as of February 4, 1993

(continued)

581	<b>POLARIZED SCATTERING #581</b> BEAM: Meson Area - Polarized Proton Beam CONSTRUCTION OF A POLARIZED BEAM FACILITY IN THE MESON LABORATORY AND EXPERIMENTS USING SUCH A FACILITY. (Using the M2-beam converted to a polarized proton/antiproton beam.)	Akihiko Yokosawa	ARGONNE NATIONAL LABORATORY CEN-SACLAY (FRANCE) FERMILAB HIROSHIMA UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) UNIVERSITY OF IOWA KYOTO SANGYO UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) KYOTO UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) KYOTO UNIV. OF EDUCATION (JAPAN) LAPP, D'ANNECY-LE-VIEUX (FRANCE) LOS ALAMOS NATIONAL LABORATORY NORTHWESTERN UNIVERSITY UN. OF OCCUP. & ENV. HEALTH (JAPAN) IHEP, PROTIVNO (SERPUKHOV) (RUSSIA) RICE UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY DI TRIESTE (ITALY) UNIVERSITY OF UDINE (ITALY)
Request	31 Jan. 78	1,200 Hours to include-	600 hours for total cross section difference measurements 600 hours for asymmetry measurements in inclusive pion production
	30 Jan. 79	1,670 Hours to include-	200 hours for beam measurements 1,000 hours for high p-transverse physics 220 hours for cross section measurements 250 hours for hadron production at large-x
Approval	27 Nov. 79	Unspecified approval for the construction of a polarized beam only There is no approval yet for any experiment to use the beam.	
Approved/Inactive	10 Feb. 84	Unspecified	
584	<b>PARTICLE SEARCH #584</b> BEAM: Meson Area - M3 Beam PROPOSAL TO SEARCH FOR THE DECAY OF NEW LONG-LIVED NEUTRAL PARTICLES WITH A MASS AND LIFETIME EXCEEDING THAT OF THE K LONG.	Bruce D. Winstein	UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO STANFORD UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-MADISON
Request	31 Jan. 78	300 Hours to be run in the M3 beam as modified for experiment #533	
Approval	29 Jun. 78	300 Hours with low priority	
Completed	22 Jan. 80	400 Hours	
585	<b>KAON CHARGE EXCHANGE #585</b> BEAM: Meson Area - M4 Beam A PROPOSAL TO STUDY EXCLUSIVE KN CHARGE EXCHANGE AT FERMILAB. (The spectrometer from experiment #383 would be used.)	William R. Francis	UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, DAVIS UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, SAN DIEGO CARELTON UNIVERSITY (CANADA) MICHIGAN STATE UNIVERSITY
Request	31 Jan. 78	600 Hours to be run immediately following the conclusion of exp #383	
	13 Nov. 78	2,700 Hours for 7 weeks of data to finish K- running and 9 weeks to repeat the experiment with a K+ beam and a deuterium target	
Approval	16 Mar. 78	600 Hours with conditions before the Meson Laboratory pause	
	21 Dec. 78	1,800 Hours with the approval of an additional 7 weeks of running to finish K- data; no commitment is made to K+ running	
Completed	16 Mar. 81	3,150 Hours	
591	<b>PARTICLE SEARCH #591</b> BEAM: Internal Target Area (C-0) BROAD SEARCH FOR NEW HADRONIC STATES VIA HIGH RESOLUTION CHARGE AND MASS DETERMINATION OF NUCLEAR FRAGMENTS.	Laszlo J. Gutay	FERMILAB PURDUE UNIVERSITY
Request	31 Jan. 78	800 Hours to include 200 hours for setup and 600 hours for data	
Approval	21 Apr. 78	800 Hours	
Completed	8 Feb. 81	1,950 Hours	
592	<b>NUCLEAR SCALING #592</b> BEAM: Proton Area - West PROPOSAL FOR EXPERIMENTAL STUDY OF THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN HADRONIC AND NUCLEAR SCALING AT VERY HIGH ENERGIES.	Sherman Frankel	ITEP, MOSCOW (RUSSIA) UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA COLLEGE OF WILLIAM AND MARY
Request	31 Jan. 78	300 Hours to be run in a 400 GeV proton beam at an upstream location in P-West	
Approval	17 Mar. 78	300 Hours to be run in such a manner as not to interfere with the installation of the P-West pion beam	
Completed	17 Jul. 78	500 Hours	
594	<b>NEUTRINO #594</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Dichromatic PROPOSAL FOR A NEW NEUTRINO DETECTOR AT FERMILAB.	James K. Walker	FERMILAB ILLINOIS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY MASSACHUSETTS INST. OF TECHNOLOGY MICHIGAN STATE UNIVERSITY NORTHERN ILLINOIS UNIVERSITY
Request	1 Feb. 78	2,500 Hours for data to include: Experiment A (a study of semi-leptonic neutral current reactions) to require 6 x 10 to the 18th protons utilizing the narrow band beam at 250 GeV Experiment B (neutrino electron elastic scattering) to require 6 x 10 to the 18th protons utilizing the two-horn beam	
Approval	16 Mar. 78	Unspecified	
Completed	14 Jun. 82	4,400 Hours	
595	<b>PARTICLE SEARCH #595</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - 15 ft. Hadron Beam A STUDY OF CHARM AND OTHER NEW FLAVORS PRODUCED IN PION-NUCLEON COLLISIONS. (Continuation of work begun in exp #379.)	Arie Bodek	CALIFORNIA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO FERMILAB UNIVERSITY OF ROCHESTER STANFORD UNIVERSITY
Request	1 Feb. 78	1,000 Hours to include 400 hours at 300 GeV with an incident intensity of 10 to the 5th p1- per pulse and 400 hours at 250-300 GeV with incident intensity of 10 to the 6th p1- per pulse	
Approval	29 Jun. 78	600 Hours for the low-pt part of the experiment	
Completed	16 Jun. 80	1,450 Hours	
596	<b>PARTICLE SEARCH #596</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Muon/Hadron Beam ON SEARCHING FOR HEAVY STABLE PARTICLES (A continuation of work begun with exp #187.)	Leon M. Lederman	COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY FERMILAB SUNY AT STONY BROOK
Request	3 Feb. 78	150 Hours to be run with the beam tuned to 75 GeV and assuming 10 to the 13th primary protons incident per pulse	
Approval	1 May. 78	150 Hours	
Completed	21 May. 78	200 Hours	

216  
**Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory**  
**Master Listing of Proposals as of February 4, 1993**

(continued)

<b>597</b>	<b>30-INCH HYBRID #597</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - 30 in. Hadron Beam PROPOSAL FOR A HIGH STATISTICS STUDY OF PBAR-P ANNIHILATIONS AND A COMPARISON OF PBAR, P, PI <sup>+</sup> , AND K <sup>+</sup> INTERACTIONS ON HYDROGEN, MAGNESIUM, AND GOLD AT 100 GEV/C UTILIZING THE FERMILAB 30-INCH HYDROGEN BUBBLE CHAMBER. (The use of thin metallic foil targets in the hydrogen is requested.)	<b>J. James Whitmore</b>	UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE (ENGLAND) DUKE UNIVERSITY FERMILAB UNIVERSITY OF KANSAS MICHIGAN STATE UNIVERSITY NOTRE DAME UNIVERSITY
Request	3 Feb. 78	1,450 K Pix to be taken as follows- 1,000K pix in negative beam @ 100 GeV 400K pix in positive beam @ 100 GeV 50K pix in negative beam @ 360 GeV	
Approval	16 Mar. 78	1,000 Hours for a run of 10 weeks duration	
Completed	3 May, 82	658 K Pix	
<b>605</b>	<b>HIGH MASS PAIRS #605</b> BEAM: Meson Area - East A STUDY OF LEPTONS AND HADRONS NEAR THE KINEMATIC LIMITS. (Using an apparatus with higher luminosity and acceptance than experiment #288.)	<b>John P. Rutherford</b>	CEN-SACLAY (FRANCE) CERN (SWITZERLAND) COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY FERMILAB KEK (JAPAN) KYOTO UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) SUNY AT STONY BROOK UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
Request	9 May, 78	4,000 Hours to be run with an incident intensity greater than 10 to the 15th protons/pulse at an energy of at least 400 GeV	
	28 Nov. 78	4,000 Hours in the Phase I configuration, an incident beam of 400 GeV protons would be needed with an intensity of 3 x 10 to the 12th per pulse	
Approval	19 Mar. 79	1,000 Hours with the Phase I detector	
Completed	29 Aug. 85	3,970 Hours	
<b>608</b>	<b>PARTICLE SEARCH #608</b> BEAM: Proton Area - Center A SEARCH FOR THE ETA SUB C IN HADRONIC INTERACTIONS. (Using the spectrometer from exp #288/494.)	<b>Charles N. Brown</b>	COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY FERMILAB SUNY AT STONY BROOK
Request	28 Sep. 78	100 Hours in the P-center proton beam at an incident intensity of 3 x 10 to the 9th protons per pulse	
Approval	25 Jan. 79	Parasitic Running	
Completed	7 Mar. 79	600 Hours	
<b>609</b>	<b>HADRON JETS #609</b> BEAM: Meson Area - M6 Beam A STUDY OF THE STRUCTURE OF HIGH P TRANSVERSE HADRONIC INTERACTIONS. (This proposal supersedes P-246.)	<b>Walter Selove</b>	ARGONNE NATIONAL LABORATORY FERMILAB LEHIGH UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA RICE UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-MADISON
Request	2 Oct. 78	1,500 Hours for Phase 1 to be run in a beam with 400 GeV capability with at least 10 to the 8th protons per sec incident Phase 2 would include addition of a large aperture magnet, Cerenkov imaging device and PWC's; Phase 3 would include a request for a higher energy beam	
Approval	16 Nov. 78	Unspecified with conditions	
	30 Jan. 80	1,500 Hours	
Completed	14 Feb. 84	620 Hours	
<b>610</b>	<b>PARTICLE SEARCH #610</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Muon/Hadron Beam PION PRODUCTION OF HEAVY QUARK MESON STATES DECAYING INTO THE PSI/J (3097). (Continuation of work begun in exp #369 but with upgraded cyclotron spectrometer.)	<b>Thomas B. W. Kirk</b>	FERMILAB HOWARD UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS, CHAMPAIGN UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA PURDUE UNIVERSITY TUFTS UNIVERSITY
Request	2 Oct. 78	1,000 Hours to be run with an incident intensity of 10 to the 13th protons per pulse on the production target	
Approval	21 Dec. 78	1,000 Hours with a schedule yet to be formally determined	
Completed	23 Jun. 80	1,250 Hours see proposal #673	
<b>612</b>	<b>PHOTON DISSOCIATION #612</b> BEAM: Proton Area - East A PROPOSAL TO MEASURE THE DIFFRACTIVE PHOTON DISSOCIATION ON HYDROGEN.	<b>Konstantin Goulianos</b>	ROCKEFELLER UNIVERSITY
Request	2 Oct. 78	1,150 Hours to be run in the tagged photon beam with 10 to the 6th incident photons per pulse	
Approval	15 Nov. 78	1,150 Hours	
Completed	12 Apr. 82	1,850 Hours	
<b>613</b>	<b>BEAM DUMP #613</b> BEAM: Meson Area - M2 Beam PROPOSAL FOR A PROMPT NEUTRINO EXPERIMENT AT FERMILAB.	<b>Byron P. Roe</b>	UNIVERSITY OF FIRENZE (ITALY) UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN OHIO STATE UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-MADISON
Request	2 Oct. 78	1,000 Hours to obtain an exposure of 1 - 2 x 10 to the 17th protons with an incident intensity of 1 x 10 to the 12th protons/pulse	
Approval	15 Nov. 78	1,000 Hours with an expected reassessment of physics priorities and possible implications for this experiment in the fall of 1979	
Completed	13 May, 82	1,800 Hours	
<b>615</b>	<b>FORWARD SEARCH #615</b> BEAM: Proton Area - West A STUDY OF THE FORWARD PRODUCTION OF MASSIVE PARTICLES. IN PHASE ONE THE FORWARD PRODUCTION OF MUON PAIRS WOULD BE STUDIED. (Using a forward spectrometer with mass selection.)	<b>Kirk T. McDonald</b>	UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO FERMILAB IOWA STATE UNIVERSITY PRINCETON UNIVERSITY
Request	28 Nov. 78	1,000 Hours to be run in a 50-GeV pion beam at an incident intensity of 10 to the 10th pions per pulse	
	7 May, 79	1,000 Hours to include 600 hours of running with 250 GeV pions and 200 hours with 75 GeV pions. A primary proton intensity of 10 to the 13th per pulse on the P-West production target and 800 pulses per hour are assumed.	
Approval	1 Jul. 79	1,000 Hours	
Completed	14 Jul. 84	2,260 Hours	
<b>616</b>	<b>NEUTRINO #616</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Dichromatic PROPOSAL TO MEASURE NEUTRINO STRUCTURE FUNCTIONS. (Use of the Lab E neutrino detector to continue work begun in exp #356.)	<b>Frank Sciulli</b>	CALIFORNIA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY FERMILAB UNIVERSITY OF ROCHESTER ROCKEFELLER UNIVERSITY
Request	29 Jan. 79	3,200 Hours to include specifically 600 hours for checkout, calibration and background studies, and 2 x 10 to the 19th protons at 400 GeV for data	
Approval	19 Mar. 79	4,000 Hours approximately or 2 x 10 to the 19th protons to be combined with running for exp #356	
Completed	22 Jan. 80	2,900 Hours	

217  
**Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory**  
**Master Listing of Proposals as of February 4, 1993**

(continued)

617	<b>CP VIOLATION #617</b> BEAM: Meson Area - M3 Beam A STUDY OF DIRECT CP VIOLATION IN THE DECAY OF THE NEUTRAL KAON VIA A PRECISION MEASUREMENT OF THE RATIO OF $\eta \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0$ TO $\eta \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$ .	Bruce D. Winstein	CEN-SACLAY (FRANCE) UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO
	Request 30 Jan. 79 1,000 Hours for data Approval 19 Mar. 79 1,000 Hours Completed 14 Jun. 82 2,300 Hours		
619	<b>TRANSITION MAGNETIC MOMENT #619</b> BEAM: Proton Area - Center A MEASUREMENT OF THE SIGMA-ZERO TO LAMBDA TRANSITION MAGNETIC MOMENT.	Thomas J. Devlin	UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA RUTGERS UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-MADISON
	Request 7 May. 79 250 Hours to be run in the diffracted proton beam (normally 400 GeV) at an intensity between 10 to the 8th and 10 to the 9th protons per pulse with a 1-sec spill Approval 1 Jul. 79 250 Hours Completed 14 Jun. 82 675 Hours		
620	<b>CHARGED HYPERON MAG MOMENT #620</b> BEAM: Meson Area - M2 Beam PROPOSAL TO MEASURE THE MAGNETIC MOMENTS OF THE SIGMA +, SIGMA -, XI -, AND OMEGA - HYPERONS USING THE FERMILAB NEUTRAL HYPERON BEAM.	Lee G. Pondrom	UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA RUTGERS UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-MADISON
	Request 7 May. 79 300 Hours to be run in the diffracted proton beam (350 to 400 GeV) at an intensity of 10 to the 9th protons per pulse and a 1-sec spill Approval 1 Jul. 79 300 Hours Completed 22 Jan. 80 900 Hours		
621	<b>CP VIOLATION #621</b> BEAM: Proton Area - Center A MEASUREMENT OF THE CP VIOLATION PARAMETER $\eta \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0$ . (Use of the neutral hyperon spectrometer is assumed.)	Gordon B. Thomson	UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA RUTGERS UNIVERSITY
	Request 7 May. 79 1,200 Hours to be run in 2 phases consisting of 200 hours for Phase 1 with some modifications to the present apparatus 1000 hours for Phase 2 at a later date after results from Phase 1 have been analyzed Approval 1 Jul. 81 Unspecified Completed 29 Aug. 85 2,470 Hours		
622	<b>QUARK #622</b> BEAM: Meson Area - M2 Beam PROPOSAL TO SEARCH FOR FRACTIONAL CHARGE PARTICLES FROM A MAGNETIZED BEAM DUMP.	H. Richard Gustafson	UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN
	Request 7 May. 79 100 Hours to be run partially in conjunction with exp #361 using the beam dump from that experiment Approval 1 Jul. 79 Parasitic Running in a mode that is not to interfere with the operation of exp #361 Completed 23 Jun. 80 Unspecified		
623	<b>PARTICLE SEARCH #623</b> BEAM: Meson Area - M6 Beam PROPOSAL TO STUDY HIGH MASS STATES DECAYING INTO $\pi^0$ - $\pi^0$ AND $\pi^0$ - $\pi^0$ PAIRS PRODUCED CENTRALLY IN 300 GEV/C $\pi^0$ MINUS PROTON INTERACTIONS. (Use of the Fermilab multiparticle spectrometer facility is assumed.)	Daniel R. Green	UNIVERSITY OF ARIZONA FERMILAB FLORIDA STATE UNIVERSITY NOTRE DAME UNIVERSITY TUFTS UNIVERSITY VANDERBILT UNIVERSITY VIRGINIA POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTE
	Request 7 May. 79 1,000 Hours to be run in a 300 GeV/c beam of negative pions at an intensity of a few times 10 to the 6th pions per pulse Approval 14 Nov. 80 500 Hours to be run before 1983 Completed 14 Jun. 82 425 Hours		
629	<b>DIRECT PHOTON PRODUCTION #629</b> BEAM: Meson Area - M1 Beam DIRECT PHOTON PRODUCTION IN HADRON NUCLEUS COLLISIONS.	Charles A. Nelson, Jr.	FERMILAB MICHIGAN STATE UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA NORTHEASTERN UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF ROCHESTER TEXAS A&M UNIVERSITY
	Request 25 Feb. 80 600 Hours to include 200 hrs for set up, 400 hrs for data Approval 7 Jul. 80 Unspecified approved as a test in the M-1 beam line in the fall of 1980 Completed 9 Mar. 81 600 Hours		
630	<b>CHARM PARTICLE #630</b> BEAM: Proton Area - Center STUDY OF B PARTICLE AND CHARMED PARTICLE PRODUCTION AND DECAY USING A HIGH RESOLUTION STREAMER CHAMBER.	Jack Sandweiss	FERMILAB LAWRENCE BERKELEY LABORATORY YALE UNIVERSITY
	Request 26 Feb. 80 600 Hours Approval 15 Mar. 80 600 Hours Completed 15 Mar. 82 1,150 Hours		
631	<b>NUC CALIBRATION CROSS SECT #631</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Miscellaneous A MEASUREMENT OF NUCLEAR CALIBRATION CROSS SECTIONS FOR PROTONS BETWEEN 100 AND 1000 GEV.	Samuel I. Baker	BROOKHAVEN NATIONAL LABORATORY CERN (SWITZERLAND) FERMILAB
	Request 26 Feb. 80 25 Exposure(s) Approval 15 Dec. 80 Unspecified in neutrino area Completed 1 Jun. 81 41 Exposure(s)		

218  
**Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory**  
**Master Listing of Proposals as of February 4, 1993**

(continued)

<p><b>632 15-FT NEUTRINO/H2 &amp; NE #632</b>            BEAM: Neutrino Area - Center            AN EXPOSURE OF THE 15-FOOT BUBBLE CHAMBER WITH A NEON-HYDROGEN MIXTURE TO A WIDEBAND NEUTRINO BEAM FROM THE TEVATRON.</p>	<p><b>Douglas R. O. Morrison and Michael W. Peters</b></p>	<p>UNIVERSITY OF BIRMINGHAM (ENGLAND)            UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY            CEN-SACLAY (FRANCE)            CERN (SWITZERLAND)            FERMILAB            UNIVERSITY OF HAWAII AT MANOA            ILLINOIS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY            IMPERIAL COLLEGE (ENGLAND)            JAMMU UNIVERSITY (INDIA)            UNIVERSITY OF LIBRE (BELGIUM)            MAX-PLANCK INSTITUTE (GERMANY)            MOSCOW STATE UNIVERSITY (RUSSIA)            ITEP, MOSCOW (RUSSIA)            UNIVERSITY OF OXFORD (ENGLAND)            PANJAB UNIVERSITY (INDIA)            IHEP, PROTIVINO (SERPUKHOV)(RUSSIA)            RUTGERS UNIVERSITY            TUFTS UNIVERSITY</p>
<p>Request 25 Apr. 80 250 K Pix            Approval 18 Jun. 82 1 E18th Protons Stage I approval.            15 Dec. 83 1 E18th Protons Stage II approval.            Completed 1 Feb. 88 446 K Pix</p>		
<p><b>635 NEUTRINO #635</b>            BEAM: Neutrino Area - Prompt Beam            PROPOSAL TO MEASURE MUON NEUTRINO ELECTRON AND MUON ANTI-NEUTRINO ELECTRON ELASTIC SCATTERING, NEUTRINO OSCILLATIONS, AND DECAYS OF LONG-LIVED NEUTRAL PARTICLES AT THE TEVATRON OF FERMILAB.</p>	<p><b>Luke W. Mo</b></p>	<p>FERMILAB            VIRGINIA POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTE</p>
<p>Request 25 Apr. 80 ... 3 x 10 to the 18th protons            Approval 16 Mar. 83 Unspecified            12 Nov. 83 Unspecified Stage I approval.            Approved/Inactive 1 Feb. 88 Unspecified</p>		
<p><b>636 BEAM DUMP #636</b>            BEAM: Neutrino Area - Prompt Beam            NEUTRINO INTERACTION STUDIES WITH A HEAVY LIQUID BUBBLE CHAMBER AT TEVATRON ENERGIES USING A BEAM DUMP TECHNIQUE TO PRODUCE THE NEUTRINO BEAM.</p>	<p><b>Toshio Kitagaki and Irwin A. Pless</b></p>	<p>IHEP, BEIJING (PRC)            BROWN UNIVERSITY            FERMILAB            INDIANA UNIVERSITY            MASSACHUSETTS INST. OF TECHNOLOGY            OAK RIDGE NATIONAL LABORATORY            TECHNION-ISRAEL INST (ISRAEL)            UNIVERSITY OF TEL-AVIV (ISRAEL)            UNIVERSITY OF TENNESSEE, KNOXVILLE            TOHOKU GAKUIN UNIVERSITY (JAPAN)            TOHOKU UNIVERSITY (JAPAN)</p>
<p>Request 25 Apr. 80 2.5 E18th Protons            Approval 14 Nov. 80 Unspecified            Approved/Inactive 1 Feb. 88 Unspecified</p>		
<p><b>646 15-FT BEAM DUMP #646</b>            BEAM: Neutrino Area - Prompt Beam            SEARCH FOR THE TAU NEUTRINO AND STUDY OF ELECTRON NEUTRINO AND ELECTRON ANTI-NEUTRINO INTERACTIONS.</p>	<p><b>Michael W. Peters</b></p>	<p>UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY            FERMILAB            UNIVERSITY OF HAWAII AT MANOA            ILLINOIS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY            RUTGERS UNIVERSITY            STEVENS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY            TUFTS UNIVERSITY</p>
<p>Request 25 Apr. 80 2 E18th Protons            Approval 1 Jul. 81 Unspecified            Approved/Inactive 1 Feb. 88 Unspecified</p>		
<p><b>650 PARTICLE SEARCH #650</b>            BEAM: Proton Area - West            REQUEST FOR A CONTINUATION OF E-567.</p>	<p><b>Robert C. Webb</b></p>	<p>BROOKHAVEN NATIONAL LABORATORY            CEN-SACLAY (FRANCE)            PRINCETON UNIVERSITY            TEXAS A&amp;M UNIVERSITY            UNIVERSITY OF TORINO (ITALY)</p>
<p>Request 29 Apr. 80 500 Hours            Approval 7 Jul. 80 500 Hours expected to run in the spring 1981 running period.            Completed 29 Dec. 80 550 Hours</p>		
<p><b>653 PARTICLE SEARCH #653</b>            BEAM: Neutrino Area - East            A PROPOSAL TO MEASURE CHARM AND B DECAYS VIA HADRONIC PRODUCTION IN A HYBRID EMULSION SPECTROMETER.</p>	<p><b>Neville W. Reay</b></p>	<p>AICHI UNIV. OF EDUCATION (JAPAN)            UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, DAVIS            CARNegie-MELLON UNIVERSITY            CHONNAM NATIONAL UNIVERSITY(KOREA)            FERMILAB            GIFU UNIVERSITY (JAPAN)            GYEONGSANG NATIONAL UNIV. (KOREA)            KINKI UNIVERSITY (JAPAN)            KOBE UNIVERSITY (JAPAN)            KOREA UNIVERSITY, SEOUL (KOREA)            NAGOYA INST. OF TECHNOLOGY (JAPAN)            NAGOYA UNIVERSITY (JAPAN)            OHIO STATE UNIVERSITY            OKAYAMA UNIVERSITY (JAPAN)            UNIVERSITY OF OKLAHOMA            OSAKA CITY UNIVERSITY (JAPAN)            OSAKA SCIENCE EDUC. INST. (JAPAN)            TOHO UNIVERSITY (JAPAN)            UTSUNOMIYA UNIVERSITY (JAPAN)            WON KWANG UNIVERSITY, IRI (KOREA)</p>
<p>Request 1 May. 80 1,500 Hours            Approval 1 Jul. 81 Unspecified            Completed 15 Feb. 88 1,800 Hours</p>		
<p><b>660 CHANNELING #660</b>            BEAM: Meson Area - M4 Beam            PROPOSAL TO STUDY THE EFFECT OF BENT CRYSTALS ON CHANNELING NEAR THE CRITICAL RADIUS OF BENDING.</p>	<p><b>Walter M. Gibson</b></p>	<p>CERN (SWITZERLAND)            CHALK RIVER NUCLEAR LAB. (CANADA)            FERMILAB            JINR, DUBNA (RUSSIA)            UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO            SUNY AT ALBANY            UNIVERSITY OF STRASBOURG (FRANCE)</p>
<p>Request 10 Jun. 80 300 Hours            Approval 14 Nov. 80 400 Hours            Completed 13 Jun. 82 425 Hours</p>		

219  
**Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory**  
**Master Listing of Proposals as of February 4, 1993**

(continued)

<p><b>663 LAMBDA POLARIZATION #663</b>            BEAM: Meson Area - M4 Beam            COMPARISON OF POLARIZATION OF INCLUSIVELY PRODUCED LAMBDA'S AND ANTILAMBDA'S BY PROTONS, ANTI-PROTONS, KAONS AND PIONS ON HYDROGEN.</p>	<p><b>Hans G. E. Kobrak</b></p>	<p>UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, DAVIS            UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, SAN DIEGO            CARELTON UNIVERSITY (CANADA)            FERMILAB            MICHIGAN STATE UNIVERSITY</p>
<p>Request      29 Sep, 80    1,000 Hours            Approval    14 Nov, 80    800 Hours must be completed by July 1, 1981            Completed    1 Jun, 81    500 Hours</p>		
<p><b>665 TEVATRON MUON #665</b>            BEAM: Neutrino Area - Muon Beam            MUON SCATTERING WITH HADRON DETECTION AT THE TEVATRON.</p>	<p><b>Heidi M. Schellman</b></p>	<p>ARGONNE NATIONAL LABORATORY            UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, SAN DIEGO            FERMILAB            FREIBURG UNIVERSITY (GERMANY)            HARVARD UNIVERSITY            UNIV. OF ILLINOIS, CHICAGO CIRCLE            INP, KRAKOW (POLAND)            LAWRENCE LIVERMORE LABORATORY            UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND            MASSACHUSETTS INST. OF TECHNOLOGY            MAX-PLANCK INSTITUTE (GERMANY)            NORTHWESTERN UNIVERSITY            OHIO UNIVERSITY            UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA            UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON            UNIVERSITY OF WUPPERTAL (GERMANY)            YALE UNIVERSITY</p>
<p>Request      3 Oct, 80    3,000 Hours            Approval    1 Jul, 81    1,000 Hours                         30 Jan, 89    ... Tracking system upgrade.            Completed    8 Jan, 92    Unspecified</p>		
<p><b>666 EMULSION EXPOSURE #666</b>            BEAM: Proton Area - Center            EMULSION EXPOSURE TO SIGMA MINUS BEAM AT FERMILAB.</p>	<p><b>Richard J. Wilkes</b></p>	<p>INP, KRAKOW (POLAND)            UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON</p>
<p>Request      2 Dec, 80    1 K Pix            Approval    2 Dec, 80    Unspecified            Completed    9 Mar, 81    6 Stack(s)</p>		
<p><b>667 EMULSION/PI- @ 500 #667</b>            BEAM: Proton Area - East            STUDY OF PION-NUCLEUS INTERACTIONS IN PURE EMULSION STACKS AND EMULSION CHAMBERS AT ENERGY ABOVE 500 GEV.</p>	<p><b>Wladyslaw Wolter</b></p>	<p>INP, KRAKOW (POLAND)            LEBEDEV PHYSICAL INST. (RUSSIA)            LOUISIANA STATE UNIVERSITY            TASHKENT, PHY.TEC.INS (UZBEKISTAN)</p>
<p>Request      2 Dec, 80    Emulsion Exposure            Approval    28 Mar, 90    Unspecified            Completed    27 Aug, 90    Unspecified</p>		
<p><b>668 EMULSION/PI- @ 800 #668</b>            BEAM: Unspecified Beam            STUDY OF PION NUCLEUS INTERACTIONS IN PURE EMULSION STACKS AND EMULSION CHAMBERS AT ENERGY ABOVE 800 GEV.</p>	<p><b>Wladyslaw Wolter</b></p>	<p>INP, KRAKOW (POLAND)</p>
<p>Request      2 Dec, 80    Emulsion Exposure            Completed    26 Apr, 85    Emulsion Exposure</p>		
<p><b>672A HADRON JETS #672A</b>            BEAM: Meson Area - West            A STUDY OF HADRONIC FINAL STATES PRODUCED IN ASSOCIATION WITH HIGH-PT JETS AND HIGH-MASS DIMUONS.</p>	<p><b>Andrzej Zieminski</b></p>	<p>FERMILAB            UNIV. OF ILLINOIS, CHICAGO CIRCLE            INDIANA UNIVERSITY            UNIVERSITY OF LOUISVILLE            UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN            IHEP, PROTIVNO (SERPUKHOV)(RUSSIA)</p>
<p>Request      1 Feb, 81    2,000 Hours for data taking plus 500 hours for setup and testing            Approval    1 Jul, 81    Unspecified            Completed    8 Jan, 92    Unspecified</p>		
<p><b>673 CHI MESON #673</b>            BEAM: Neutrino Area - Muon/Hadron Beam            CHI MESON PRODUCTION BY HADRONS.            (E-610 extension.)</p>	<p><b>John W. Cooper</b></p>	<p>FERMILAB            UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS, CHAMPAIGN            UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA            PURDUE UNIVERSITY            TUFTS UNIVERSITY</p>
<p>Request      1 Feb, 81    1,500 Hours to be run with Dichromatic train during the fall 1981 period            Approval    1 Jul, 81    Unspecified            Completed    14 Apr, 82    1,100 Hours</p>		
<p><b>683 PHOTOPRODUCTION OF JETS #683</b>            BEAM: Proton Area - Broad Band            PHOTOPRODUCTION OF HIGH PT JETS.</p>	<p><b>Marjorie D. Corcoran</b></p>	<p>BALL STATE UNIVERSITY            FERMILAB            UNIVERSITY OF IOWA            LEHIGH UNIVERSITY            UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND            UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN            RICE UNIVERSITY            UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS AT AUSTIN            VANDERBILT UNIVERSITY            UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-MADISON</p>
<p>Request      1 Feb, 81    1,200 Hours including 500 hours for tune-up, calibration and some hadron beam running            Approval    15 Dec, 83    Unspecified Stage I approval.                         4 Apr, 87    Unspecified Stage II approval.            Completed    8 Jan, 92    Unspecified</p>		

220  
**Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory**  
**Master Listing of Proposals as of February 4, 1993**

(continued)

<p><b>687 PHOTOPRODUCTION OF CHARM AND B #687</b> Joel N. Butler and John P. Cumalat            BEAM: Proton Area - Broad Band            HIGH ENERGY PHOTOPRODUCTION OF STATES CONTAINING HEAVY QUARKS AND OTHER RARE PHENOMENA.</p>	<p>UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, DAVIS            UNIVERSITY OF COLORADO AT BOULDER            FERMILAB            INFN, FRASCATI (ITALY)            UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS, CHAMPAIGN            INFN, MILANO (ITALY)            UNIVERSITY OF MILANO (ITALY)            UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA            NORTHWESTERN UNIVERSITY            NOTRE DAME UNIVERSITY            UNIVERSITY OF PAVIA (ITALY)            UNIVERSITY OF PUERTO RICO</p>
<p>Request 1 Feb, 81 2,000 Hours including a 500 hour run with a thick target and a beam dump and another 1500 hour run with an open geometry</p> <p>Approval 1 Jul, 81 Unspecified Stage I approval.            15 Dec, 83 Unspecified Stage II approval.</p> <p>Completed 8 Jan, 92 Unspecified</p>	
<p><b>690 PARTICLE SEARCH #690</b> Bruce Knapp            BEAM: Neutrino Area - East            STUDY OF HADRONIC PRODUCTION AND SPECTROSCOPY OF STRANGE, CHARM AND BOTTOM PARTICLES AT THE TEVATRON.</p>	<p>COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY            FERMILAB            UNIVERSITY OF GUANAJUATO (MEXICO)            UNIVERSITY OF MASSACHUSETTS            TEXAS A&amp;M UNIVERSITY</p>
<p>Request 1 Feb, 81 1,400 Hours including 400 hours of target fragmentation measurements during installation and 1000 hours with full detector</p> <p>Approval 1 Jul, 81 Unspecified            12 Nov, 83 Unspecified Stage I approval.            4 Apr, 87 Unspecified Stage II approval.            8 Jan, 92 Unspecified</p> <p>Completed 8 Jan, 92 Unspecified</p>	
<p><b>691 TAGGED PHOTON #691</b> Michael S. Witherell            BEAM: Proton Area - East            PROPOSAL TO DO PHOTON PHYSICS WITH THE TEVATRON AT THE TAGGED PHOTON SPECTROMETER.</p>	<p>UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, SANTA BARBARA            CARELTON UNIVERSITY (CANADA)            CBPF (BRAZIL)            UNIVERSITY OF COLORADO AT BOULDER            FERMILAB            NATIONAL RESEARCH COUNCIL (CANADA)            UNIVERSITY OF OKLAHOMA            UNIVERSITY OF SAO PAULO (BRAZIL)            UNIVERSITY OF TORONTO (CANADA)</p>
<p>Request 1 Feb, 81 1,000 Hours</p> <p>Approval 12 Nov, 83 Unspecified Stage I approval.</p> <p>Completed 29 Aug, 85 1,400 Hours</p>	
<p><b>700 NEUTRINO OSCILLATION #700</b> David J. Miller            BEAM: Neutrino Area - Prompt Beam            STUDY OF NEUTRINO OSCILLATIONS AND SEARCH FOR THE TAU NEUTRINO.</p>	<p>UNIVERSITY OF BARI (ITALY)            ECOLE POLYTECH, PALAISEAU (FRANCE)            ILLINOIS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY            LONDON UNIVERSITY COLLEGE(ENGLAND)            TUFTS UNIVERSITY</p>
<p>Request 10 Feb, 81 2.5 E18th Protons</p> <p>Inactive 1 Apr, 84</p>	
<p><b>701 NEUTRINO OSCILLATION #701</b> Michael H. Shaevitz            BEAM: Neutrino Area - Dichromatic            A SEARCH FOR NEUTRINO OSCILLATIONS WITH DELTA-M-SQUARE GREATER THAN 10 EV-SQUARE.</p>	<p>UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO            COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY            FERMILAB            UNIVERSITY OF ROCHESTER</p>
<p>Request 12 Feb, 81 5.2 E18th Protons</p> <p>Approval 1 Jul, 81 Unspecified</p> <p>Completed 14 Jun, 82 2,250 Hours</p>	
<p><b>702 PARTICLE SEARCH #702</b> George Glass            BEAM: Internal Target Area (C-0)            SEARCH FOR PARTICLES WITH ANOMALOUS VALUES OF M/Q AND EXTREMELY SHORT INTERACTION LENGTHS (A REVISION OF P-607).            (To use recoil spectrometer with rotating be wire filament target.)</p>	<p>IHEP, BEIJING (PRC)            FERMILAB            NORTHEASTERN UNIVERSITY            TEXAS A&amp;M UNIVERSITY</p>
<p>Request 12 Jun, 81 400 Hours for data and approximately 3 months to build and debug the apparatus</p> <p>Inactive 1 Apr, 84</p>	
<p><b>703 ELECTRON TARGET FACILITY #703</b> William R. Frisken            BEAM: Collision Area (D-0)            ELECTRON-PROTON COLLISIONS AT FERMILAB            (Electron-proton collisions using the canadian high energy electron ring cheer.)</p>	<p>CIPP (CANADA)            CARELTON UNIVERSITY (CANADA)            CEN-SACLAY (FRANCE)            CHALK RIVER NUCLEAR LAB. (CANADA)            CORNELL UNIVERSITY            ENRICO FERMI INSTITUTE            FERMILAB            UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND            MCGILL UNIVERSITY (CANADA)            NATIONAL RESEARCH COUNCIL (CANADA)            UNIVERSITY OF SASKATCHEWAN(CANADA)            UNIVERSITY OF TORONTO (CANADA)            TRIUMF (CANADA)            YORK UNIVERSITY (CANADA)</p>
<p>Request 6 Jul, 81 1,000 Hours initial run to obtain 1 x 10 to the 4th inverse nanobarns.            plus several later runs totalling 10 to the 6th inverse nanobarns</p> <p>Inactive 23 Jun, 82</p>	

221  
**Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory**  
**Master Listing of Proposals as of February 4, 1993**

(continued)

<p><b>704 POLARIZED BEAM #704</b>            BEAM: Meson Area - Polarized Proton Beam            INTEGRATED PROPOSAL ON FIRST ROUND EXPERIMENTS WITH THE POLARIZED BEAM FACILITY.</p>	<p><b>Akihiko Yokosawa</b></p>	<p>ARGONNE NATIONAL LABORATORY            CEN-SACLAY (FRANCE)            FERMILAB            HIROSHIMA UNIVERSITY (JAPAN)            UNIVERSITY OF IOWA            KYOTO SANGYO UNIVERSITY (JAPAN)            KYOTO UNIVERSITY (JAPAN)            KYOTO UNIV. OF EDUCATION (JAPAN)            LAPP, D'ANNECY-LE-VIEUX (FRANCE)            LOS ALAMOS NATIONAL LABORATORY            NORTHWESTERN UNIVERSITY            UN. OF OCCUP. &amp; ENV. HEALTH(JAPAN)            IHEP, PROTIVNO (SERPUKHOV)(RUSSIA)            RICE UNIVERSITY            UNIVERSITY DI TRIESTE (ITALY)            UNIVERSITY OF UDINE (ITALY)</p>
<p>Request 8 Sep, 81 1,200 Hours proposal to perform simultaneously substantial parts of experiments described in P676, P678, P674 and P677.            Approval 14 Dec, 81 Unspecified Stage I approval.            15 Dec, 83 1,200 Hours Stage II approval.            Completed 13 Aug, 90 Unspecified</p>		
<p><b>705 CHI MESON #705</b>            BEAM: Proton Area - West            A STUDY OF CHARMONIUM AND DIRECT PHOTON PRODUCTION BY 300 GEV/C ANTIPROTON, PROTON, P1+ AND P1- BEAMS.</p>	<p><b>Bradley B. Cox</b></p>	<p>UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH ALABAMA            UNIVERSITY OF ARIZONA            UNIVERSITY OF ATHENS (GREECE)            DUKE UNIVERSITY            FERMILAB            UNIVERSITY OF FIRENZE (ITALY)            MCGILL UNIVERSITY (CANADA)            NANJING UNIVERSITY (PRC)            NORTHWESTERN UNIVERSITY            PRAIRIE VIEW A&amp;M UNIVERSITY            SHANDONG UNIVERSITY (PRC)            SSC LABORATORY            UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA</p>
<p>Request 1 Oct, 81 1,500 Hours            Approval 14 Dec, 81 1,500 Hours            Completed 15 Feb, 88 3,600 Hours</p>		
<p><b>706 DIRECT PHOTON PRODUCTION #706</b>            BEAM: Meson Area - West            A Comprehensive Study of Direct Photon Production in Hadron Induced Collisions</p>	<p><b>Paul F. Slattery</b></p>	<p>UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, DAVIS            DELHI UNIVERSITY (INDIA)            FERMILAB            MICHIGAN STATE UNIVERSITY            NORTHEASTERN UNIVERSITY            UNIVERSITY OF OKLAHOMA            PENNSYLVANIA STATE UNIVERSITY            UNIVERSITY OF PITTSBURGH            UNIVERSITY OF ROCHESTER</p>
<p>Request 26 Oct, 81 2,400 Hours            Approval 14 Dec, 81 1,000 Hours            Completed 8 Jan, 92 Unspecified</p>		
<p><b>707 SIGMA MINUS BETA DECAY #707</b>            BEAM: Proton Area - Center            MEASUREMENT OF THE ELECTRON ASYMMETRY PARAMETER IN SIGMA MINUS BETA DECAY.</p>	<p><b>Peter S. Cooper</b></p>	<p>UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO            FERMILAB            IOWA STATE UNIVERSITY            UNIVERSITY OF IOWA            NPI, ST. PETERSBURG (RUSSIA)            YALE UNIVERSITY</p>
<p>Request 24 Nov, 81 300 Hours            Rejected 15 Dec, 81</p>		
<p><b>708 ELECTRON TARGET FACILITY #708</b>            BEAM: Collision Area (D-0)            ELECTRON-PROTON INTERACTION EXPERIMENT            (Supersedes proposal #659.)</p>	<p><b>Wonyong Lee</b></p>	<p>ARGONNE NATIONAL LABORATORY            BROOKHAVEN NATIONAL LABORATORY            UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO            UNIVERSITY OF COLORADO AT BOULDER            COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY            FERMILAB            HARVARD UNIVERSITY            UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS, CHAMPAIGN            UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN            NIKHEP-H (NETHERLANDS)            UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA            PRINCETON UNIVERSITY            ROCKEFELLER UNIVERSITY</p>
<p>Request 25 Nov, 81 Unspecified            Inactive 23 Jun, 82</p>		
<p><b>709 FORWARD DETECTOR #709</b>            BEAM: Collision Area (D-0)            PROPOSAL FOR A FORWARD DETECTOR FOR THE D0 AREA</p>	<p><b>Michael J. Longo</b></p>	<p>UNIV. OF ILLINOIS, CHICAGO CIRCLE            UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN</p>
<p>Request 11 Jan, 82 Unspecified            Rejected 23 Jun, 82</p>		
<p><b>710 TOTAL CROSS-SECTION #710</b>            BEAM: Collision Area (E-0)            MEASUREMENTS OF ELASTIC SCATTERING AND TOTAL CROSS SECTIONS AT THE FERMILAB PBAR-P COLLIDER.</p>	<p><b>Jay Orear and Roy Rubinstein</b></p>	<p>UNIVERSITY OF BOLOGNA (ITALY)            CORNELL UNIVERSITY            FERMILAB            GEORGE MASON UNIVERSITY            UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND            NORTHWESTERN UNIVERSITY</p>
<p>Request 1 Feb, 82 Unspecified            Approval 23 Jun, 82 Unspecified            Completed 31 May, 89 Unspecified</p>		
<p><b>711 CONSTITUENT SCATTERING #711</b>            BEAM: Neutrino Area - East            A PROPOSAL TO MEASURE THE ENERGY, ANGULAR, AND CHARGE DEPENDENCE OF MASSIVE DI-HADRON PRODUCTION OVER A LARGE SOLID ANGLE IN INTENSE PROTON AND PION BEAMS.</p>	<p><b>David A. Levinthal</b></p>	<p>ARGONNE NATIONAL LABORATORY            FERMILAB            FLORIDA STATE UNIVERSITY            UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN</p>
<p>Request 28 Aug, 82 Unspecified            Approval 1 Jul, 85 Unspecified            Completed 15 Feb, 88 1,400 Hours</p>		

222  
**Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory**  
**Master Listing of Proposals as of February 4, 1993**

(continued)

712	<b>MUON PRODUCTON #712</b> BEAM: Collision Area (D-0) STUDY OF MUONS FROM PBAR-P COLLISIONS UP TO SQUARE ROOT OF S EQUAL TO 2 TEV.	Patrick D. Rapp	FERMILAB GEORGE MASON UNIVERSITY
	Request 1 Feb, 82 Unspecified Rejected 23 Jun, 82		
713	<b>HIGHLY IONIZING PARTICLES #713</b> BEAM: Collision Area (D-0) PROPOSAL FOR A SEARCH FOR HIGHLY IONIZING PARTICLES FOR THE D0 AREA AT FERMILAB.	P. Buford Price	UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY HARVARD UNIVERSITY
	Request 29 Jan, 82 Unspecified Approval 23 Jun, 82 Unspecified Completed 31 May, 89 Unspecified		
714	<b>LARGE ANGLE PARTICLE #714</b> BEAM: Collision Area (D-0) LARGE ANGLE PARTICLE D0 GROUP	Paul D. Grannis	BROOKHAVEN NATIONAL LABORATORY BROWN UNIVERSITY COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY FERMILAB MICHIGAN STATE UNIVERSITY SUNY AT STONY BROOK
	Request 5 Feb, 82 Unspecified Rejected 1 Jul, 83		
715	<b>SIGMA BETA DECAY #715</b> BEAM: Proton Area - Center PRECISION MEASUREMENT OF THE DECAY SIGMA MINUS TO NEUTRON AND ELECTRON AND NEUTRINO.	Peter S. Cooper	UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO ELMHURST COLLEGE FERMILAB IOWA STATE UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF IOWA NPL ST. PETERSBURG (RUSSIA) YALE UNIVERSITY
	Request 19 Feb, 82 Unspecified Approval 23 Jun, 82 Unspecified for 3 months Completed 14 Feb, 84 820 Hours		
716	<b>BEAM DUMP #716</b> BEAM: Meson Area - M2 Beam PROPOSAL FOR FURTHER BEAM DUMP NEUTRINO RUNNING	Byron P. Roe	FERMILAB UNIVERSITY OF FIRENZE (ITALY) UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-MADISON
	Request 9 Feb, 82 Unspecified Rejected 23 Jun, 82		
717	<b>FORWARD DETECTOR #717</b> BEAM: Collision Area (D-0) A FORWARD LOOKING DETECTOR FOR THE D0 AREA.	Joseph Lach	FERMILAB
	Request 19 Mar, 82 Unspecified Rejected 23 Jun, 82		
718	<b>CALORIMETERS AT D-0 #718</b> BEAM: Collision Area (D-0) STUDY OF PBAR-P INTERACTIONS USING CALORIMETERS AT D-0.	Albert R. Erwin	ARGONNE NATIONAL LABORATORY UNIVERSITY OF ARIZONA FERMILAB UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-MADISON
	Request 1 Apr, 82 Unspecified Rejected 23 Jun, 82		
719	<b>ELECTRON TARGET FACILITY #719</b> BEAM: Collision Area (D-0) ELECTRON-PROTON INTERACTION EXPERIMENT. (This proposal supercedes proposals #703 and #708.)	Wonyong Lee	ARGONNE NATIONAL LABORATORY CARELTON UNIVERSITY (CANADA) CEN-SACLAY (FRANCE) CHALK RIVER NUCLEAR LAB. (CANADA) UNIVERSITY OF COLORADO AT BOULDER COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY FERMILAB HARVARD UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS, CHAMPAIGN JOHNS HOPKINS UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND MCGILL UNIVERSITY (CANADA) MICHIGAN STATE UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN NIKHEF-H (NETHERLANDS) UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA PRINCETON UNIVERSITY RICE UNIVERSITY ROCKEFELLER UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF SASKATCHEWAN (CANADA) UNIVERSITY OF TORONTO (CANADA)
	Request 14 May, 82 Unspecified Not Approved 23 Jun, 82		
720	<b>FREE QUARK SEARCH #720</b> BEAM: Miscellaneous Area PROPOSAL TO SEARCH FOR +1/3E STABLE PARTICLES USING CRYOGENIC SOURCES.	John P. Schiffer	ARGONNE NATIONAL LABORATORY FERMILAB
	Request 29 Jan, 82 Unspecified Approval 15 Mar, 82 Unspecified for 3 months 2 Jun, 82 Unspecified Completed 8 Oct, 82 Unspecified		
721	<b>CP VIOLATION #721</b> BEAM: Proton Area - West AN EXPERIMENT TO STUDY CP VIOLATION IN THE DECAY OF K-LONG PRODUCED BY ANTI-PROTONS.	Jerome L. Rosen	UNIVERSITY OF ARIZONA UNIVERSITY OF ATHENS (GREECE) DUKE UNIVERSITY FERMILAB FLORIDA A&M UNIVERSITY MCGILL UNIVERSITY (CANADA) NORTHWESTERN UNIVERSITY SHANDONG UNIVERSITY (PRC)
	Request 11 Jun, 82 Unspecified Approval 12 Mar, 84 Test Running Approved/Inactive 30 Jun, 87 Unspecified		
722	<b>D-0 STREAMER CHAMBER #722</b> BEAM: Collision Area (D-0) STREAMER CHAMBER EXPERIMENT AT THE TEVATRON COLLIDER.	V. Paul Kenney	UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE (ENGLAND) NOTRE DAME UNIVERSITY
	Request 11 Oct, 82 Unspecified Inactive 18 Feb, 83		



# Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory

## Master Listing of Proposals as of February 4, 1993

(continued)

723	<b>GRAVITATIONAL DETECTOR #723</b> BEAM: Collision Area (C-0) TEST OF A GRAVITATIONAL DETECTOR AT THE TEVATRON COLLIDER. Request 21 Oct. 82 Unspecified Approval 12 Mar. 84 Test Running Completed 29 Aug. 85 Test Running	Adrian Melissinos	FERMILAB UNIVERSITY OF ROCHESTER
724	<b>CALORIMETRIC DETECTOR #724</b> BEAM: Collision Area (D-0) COMPLETE CALORIMETRIC DETECTOR FOR THE D-0 AREA. Request 26 Oct. 82 Unspecified Rejected 1 Jul. 83	Michael J. Longo	CALIFORNIA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY UNIV. OF ILLINOIS, CHICAGO CIRCLE MCGILL UNIVERSITY (CANADA) UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN NOTRE DAME UNIVERSITY
725	<b>DIFFRACTION DISSOCIATION #725</b> BEAM: Collision Area (D-0) A PROPOSAL TO MEASURE SINGLE AND DOUBLE DIFFRACTION DISSOCIATION AT THE FERMILAB PBAR-P COLLIDER. Request 1 Nov. 82 Unspecified Rejected 1 Jul. 83	Konstantin Goulianos	ROCKEFELLER UNIVERSITY
726	<b>CALORIMETRIC DETECTOR #726</b> BEAM: Collision Area (D-0) PROPOSED CALORIMETRIC DETECTOR FOR THE D-0 AREA. Request 1 Nov. 82 Unspecified Rejected 1 Jul. 83	Maris A. Abolins	UNIVERSITY OF ARIZONA FERMILAB MICHIGAN STATE UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA
727	<b>FORWARD CALORIMETER #727</b> BEAM: Collision Area (D-0) SPLIT-FIELD MAGNET SPECTROMETER AND ELECTROMAGNETIC SHOWER DETECTOR FOR D-0. Request 2 Nov. 82 Unspecified Withdrawn 16 May. 83	Jerome L. Rosen	NORTHWESTERN UNIVERSITY
728	<b>MUON PRODUCTION #728</b> BEAM: Collision Area (D-0) STUDY OF MUONS FROM PBAR-P COLLISIONS UP TO SQUARE ROOT OF S EQUAL TO 2 TEV. (This proposal supercedes proposal #712.) Request 1 Nov. 82 Unspecified Rejected 1 Jul. 83	Daniel R. Green	UNIVERSITY OF ARIZONA FERMILAB FLORIDA STATE UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND VIRGINIA POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTE
729	<b>EMULSION/PROTONS @ 1 TEV #729</b> BEAM: Meson Area - Test Beam PROPOSAL TO STUDY CHARM AND MULTIPARTICLE PRODUCTION IN 1 TEV PROTON-EMULSION COLLISIONS Request 24 Nov. 82 Unspecified Approval 5 Dec. 83 Emulsion Exposure Completed 26 Apr. 85 2 Emulsion Stack(s)	Atul Gurtu	TATA INSTITUTE (INDIA)
730	<b>EMULSION/SIGMA-MINUS @ 250 #730</b> BEAM: Proton Area - Center EMULSION EXPOSURE TO 250 GEV SIGMA-MINUS. Request 5 Jan. 83 Unspecified Approval 10 Feb. 84 Unspecified Completed 10 Feb. 84 4 Hours	Richard J. Wilkes	INP, KRAKOW (POLAND) INST. FOR NUCL. RESEARCH (BULGARIA) UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
731	<b>CP VIOLATION #731</b> BEAM: Meson Area - Center A MEASUREMENT OF THE MAGNITUDE OF $\langle E'/E \rangle$ IN THE NEUTRAL KAON SYSTEM TO A PRECISION OF .001. Request 1 Feb. 83 Unspecified Approval 1 Jul. 83 Unspecified Completed 15 Feb. 88 3,100 Hours	Bruce D. Winstein	CEN-SACLAY (FRANCE) UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO ELMHURST COLLEGE FERMILAB PRINCETON UNIVERSITY
732	<b>XI-ZERO DECAY #732</b> BEAM: Proton Area - Center A SEARCH FOR THE DECAY NEUTRAL CASCADE TO PROTON AND NEGATIVE PION. Request 1 Feb. 83 Unspecified Rejected 25 Jun. 85	Marleigh C. Sheaff	UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA RUTGERS UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-MADISON
733	<b>NEUTRINO INTERACTIONS #733</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Center PROPOSAL TO STUDY HIGH ENERGY NEUTRINO INTERACTIONS WITH THE TEVATRON QUADRUPOLE TRIPLET BEAM. Request 1 Feb. 83 Unspecified 16 Sep. 83 Unspecified Approval 12 Nov. 83 Unspecified Stage I approval. Completed 1 Feb. 88 4,100 Hours	Raymond L. Brock	FERMILAB UNIVERSITY OF FLORIDA MASSACHUSETTS INST. OF TECHNOLOGY MICHIGAN STATE UNIVERSITY
734	<b>HYPERON PRODUCTION #734</b> BEAM: Proton Area - Center PRIMAKOFF PRODUCTION OF HYPERON EXCITED STATES. Request 1 Apr. 83 Unspecified Inactive 21 May. 86	Michael V. Hynes	UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES LOS ALAMOS NATIONAL LABORATORY
735	<b>PARTICLE SEARCH #735</b> BEAM: Collision Area (C-0) SEARCH FOR A DECONFINED QUARK GLUON PHASE OF STRONGLY INTERACTING MATTER IN PBAR-P INTERACTIONS AT SQUARE ROOT OF S EQUAL TO 2 TEV. Request 11 Apr. 83 Unspecified 16 Sep. 83 Unspecified Approval 15 Dec. 83 Unspecified Stage I approval. Completed 31 May. 89 Unspecified	Laszlo J. Gutay	DUKE UNIVERSITY FERMILAB IOWA STATE UNIVERSITY NOTRE DAME UNIVERSITY PURDUE UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-MADISON

224  
**Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory**  
**Master Listing of Proposals as of February 4, 1993**

(continued)

736	<b>D-0 QUARK SEARCH #736</b> BEAM: Collision Area (D-0) A PROPOSAL TO CONDUCT A QUARK SEARCH AT THE FERMILAB COLLIDER. Request 11 Apr, 83 Unspecified Rejected 1 Jul, 83	Robert K. Adair	BROOKHAVEN NATIONAL LABORATORY YALE UNIVERSITY
737	<b>BATISS EXPERIMENT #737</b> BEAM: Unspecified Beam STUDY OF HIGH ENERGY NEUTRINOS WITH A DEEP UNDERWATER DETECTOR OF A MASS GREATER THAN 10 TO THE 6TH TONS. Request 25 Apr, 83 Unspecified Rejected 12 Nov, 83	Peter Kotzer	KAZAKH STATE UNIV., (KAZAKHSTAN) MOSCOW STATE UNIVERSITY (RUSSIA) UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON WESTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
738	<b>NARROW BAND #738</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Center LETTER OF INTENT TO RUN IN THE NARROW BAND AND BEAM AT TEVATRON II. Request 3 Jun, 83 Unspecified Withdrawn 26 Apr, 84	Charles Baltay	COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY
739	<b>ELECTRON-POSITRON #739</b> BEAM: Proton Area - East MEASUREMENTS OF CRYSTAL-ASSISTED ELECTRON-POSITRON PAIR CREATION. Request 9 Sep, 83 Unspecified Rejected 19 Apr, 85	Nelson Cue and Chih-Ree Sun	UNIV. OF CLAUDE BERNARD (FRANCE) FERMILAB LAPP, D'ANNECY-LE-VIEUX (FRANCE) SUNY AT ALBANY
740	<b>D-0 DETECTOR #740</b> BEAM: Collision Area (D-0) STUDY OF PROTON ANTI-PROTON COLLISIONS USING A LARGE DETECTOR AT D-0. Request 9 Sep, 83 Unspecified Approval 10 Feb, 84 Unspecified In Progress 31 Oct, 92 Unspecified	Paul D. Grannis	UNIVERSIDAD DE LOS ANDES(COLOMBIA) UNIVERSITY OF ARIZONA BROOKHAVEN NATIONAL LABORATORY BROWN UNIVERSITY UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, RIVERSIDE CBPF (BRAZIL) CEN-SACLAY (FRANCE) CINVESTAV-IPN (MEXICO) COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY DELHI UNIVERSITY (INDIA) FERMILAB FLORIDA STATE UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF HAWAII AT MANOA UNIV. OF ILLINOIS, CHICAGO CIRCLE INDIANA UNIVERSITY IOWA STATE UNIVERSITY LAWRENCE BERKELEY LABORATORY UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND MICHIGAN STATE UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN MOSCOW STATE UNIVERSITY (RUSSIA) SUNY AT STONY BROOK NEW YORK UNIVERSITY NORTHEASTERN UNIVERSITY NORTHERN ILLINOIS UNIVERSITY NORTHWESTERN UNIVERSITY NOTRE DAME UNIVERSITY PANJAB UNIVERSITY (INDIA) IHEP, PROTIVNO (SERPUKHOV)(RUSSIA) PURDUE UNIVERSITY RICE UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF ROCHESTER SSC LABORATORY TATA INSTITUTE (INDIA) TEXAS A&M UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS AT ARLINGTON
741	<b>COLLIDER DETECTOR #741</b> BEAM: Collision Area (B-0) STUDY OF PROTON ANTI-PROTON COLLISIONS USING A LARGE DETECTOR AT B-0. Request 1 Apr, 82 Unspecified Approval 1 Apr, 82 Unspecified Completed 31 May, 89 Unspecified	Melvyn Jay Shochet and Alvin V. Tollestrup	ARGONNE NATIONAL LABORATORY BRANDEIS UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO FERMILAB INFN, FRASCATI (ITALY) HARVARD UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS, CHAMPAIGN KEK (JAPAN) LAWRENCE BERKELEY LABORATORY UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA INFN, PISA (ITALY) PURDUE UNIVERSITY ROCKEFELLER UNIVERSITY RUTGERS UNIVERSITY TEXAS A&M UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF TSUKUBA (JAPAN) UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-MADISON
742	<b>STRANGE QUARK #742</b> BEAM: Proton Area - Center LETTER OF INTENT TO MEASURE OMEGA MINUS POLARIZATION AND MAGNETIC MOMENT. Request 13 Jun, 83 Unspecified Inactive 15 Jun, 85	Joseph Lach	UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO ELMHURST COLLEGE FERMILAB IOWA STATE UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF IOWA NPI, ST. PETERSBURG (RUSSIA) YALE UNIVERSITY

225  
**Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory**  
**Master Listing of Proposals as of February 4, 1993**

(continued)

<p><b>743 CHARM PRODUCTION #743</b>            BEAM: Meson Area - Test Beam            PROPOSAL TO MEASURE OPEN CHARM PRODUCTION IN PROTON-PROTON COLLISIONS AT 1 TEV WITH LEBC-FMPS.</p>	<p><b>Stephen Reucroft</b></p>	<p>ITP, AACHEN (GERMANY)            CERN (SWITZERLAND)            CRN, STRASBOURG (FRANCE)            DUKE UNIVERSITY            FERMILAB            FLORIDA STATE UNIVERSITY            IHEP, BERLIN-ZEUTHEN (GERMANY)            UNIVERSITY OF KANSAS            UNIVERSITY OF L'ETAT (BELGIUM)            UNIVERSITY OF LIBRE (BELGIUM)            LPNHE, UN. OF P &amp; M CURIE (FRANCE)            MICHIGAN STATE UNIVERSITY            UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN            NORTHEASTERN UNIVERSITY            NOTRE DAME UNIVERSITY            TATA INSTITUTE (INDIA)            VANDERBILT UNIVERSITY            VIENNA INSTITUTE FOR HEP (AUSTRIA)</p>
<p>Request 16 Sep, 83 Unspecified            Approval 16 Dec, 83 Unspecified Stage I approval.            Completed 29 Aug, 85 1,256 K Pix</p>		
<p><b>744 CHARGED INTERACTIONS #744</b>            BEAM: Neutrino Area - Center            HIGH STATISTICS STUDIES OF CHARGED CURRENT INTERACTIONS USING THE TEVATRON QUAD TRIPLET BEAM.</p>	<p><b>Frank S. Merritt</b></p>	<p>UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO            COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY            FERMILAB            UNIVERSITY OF ROCHESTER</p>
<p>Request 16 Sep, 83 Unspecified            Approval 17 Nov, 83 Unspecified Stage I approval.            Completed 29 Aug, 85 1,900 Hours</p>		
<p><b>745 MUON NEUTRINO #745</b>            BEAM: Neutrino Area - Center            MUON NEUTRINO EXPERIMENT USING THE TOHOKU HIGH RESOLUTION ONE METER BUBBLE CHAMBER.</p>	<p><b>Toshio Kitagaki</b></p>	<p>IHEP, BEIJING (PRC)            BROWN UNIVERSITY            FERMILAB            INDIANA UNIVERSITY            MASSACHUSETTS INST. OF TECHNOLOGY            NAGOYA UNIVERSITY (JAPAN)            OAK RIDGE NATIONAL LABORATORY            UNIVERSITY OF TENNESSEE, KNOXVILLE            TOHOKU GAKUIN UNIVERSITY (JAPAN)            TOHOKU UNIVERSITY (JAPAN)</p>
<p>Request 10 Sep, 83 Unspecified            Approval 16 Dec, 83 Parasitic Running            Completed 1 Feb, 88 553 K Pix</p>		
<p><b>746 PROMPT BEAM FACILITY #746</b>            BEAM: Neutrino Area - Prompt Beam            LETTER OF INTENT TO SEARCH FOR NEW PARTICLES FROM THE PROMPT BEAM FACILITY.</p>	<p><b>James K. Walker</b></p>	<p>FERMILAB            MASSACHUSETTS INST. OF TECHNOLOGY            MICHIGAN STATE UNIVERSITY</p>
<p>Request 1 Sep, 83 Unspecified            Withdrawn 2 Jun, 86</p>		
<p><b>747 CHARGED PARTICLES #747</b>            BEAM: Proton Area - Broad Band            A SEARCH FOR FRACTIONALLY CHARGED PARTICLES AT THE TEVATRON.</p>	<p><b>Alan A. Hahn</b></p>	<p>CALIFORNIA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY            UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, IRVINE            FERMILAB            LAWRENCE BERKELEY LABORATORY            LAWRENCE LIVERMORE LABORATORY            LOS ALAMOS NATIONAL LABORATORY            UNIVERSITY OF ROCHESTER            SAN FRANCISCO STATE UNIVERSITY            UNIVERSITY OF TORONTO (CANADA)</p>
<p>Request 27 Feb, 84 Unspecified            Approval 1 Apr, 85 Unspecified            Completed 2 Aug, 85 Unspecified</p>		
<p><b>748 BEAUTY &amp; CHARM PRODUCTION #748</b>            BEAM: Unspecified Beam            LETTER OF INTENT TO STUDY BEAUTY AND CHARM AT THE TEVATRON USING HIGH RESOLUTION STEAMER CHAMBER AND A DOWNSTREAM SPECTROMETER.</p>	<p><b>Jack Sandweiss</b></p>	<p>FERMILAB            NEW YORK UNIVERSITY            UNIVERSITY OF VRIJE (BELGIUM)            VALE UNIVERSITY</p>
<p>Request 7 May, 84 Unspecified            Withdrawn 2 Oct, 84</p>		
<p><b>749 CHANNELING #749</b>            BEAM: Meson Area - Bottom            LETTER OF INTENT TO STUDY MATERIAL AND FABRICATION ASPECTS OF CRYSTALS USED FOR CHANNELING.</p>	<p><b>James S. Forster</b></p>	<p>CHALK RIVER NUCLEAR LAB. (CANADA)            FERMILAB            UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO            SUNY AT ALBANY</p>
<p>Request 19 Jul, 84 400 Hours            Withdrawn 1 Oct, 84</p>		
<p><b>750 MULTIPARTICLE PRODUCTION #750</b>            BEAM: Neutrino Area - Miscellaneous            A PROPOSAL TO STUDY MULTIPARTICLE PRODUCTION IN INTERACTIONS OF 1 TEV PROTONS WITH EMULSION NUCLEI.</p>	<p><b>Ram K. Shivpuri</b></p>	<p>DELHI UNIVERSITY (INDIA)</p>
<p>Request 27 Jun, 84 Emulsion Exposure beam at or near 1 TeV protons of flux approximately <math>5 \times 10</math> to the 4th protons/sq cm over an area of <math>(8 \times 3)</math> sq cm            Approval 23 Jul, 84 Emulsion Exposure            Completed 11 Jul, 85 1 Emulsion Stack(s)</p>		
<p><b>751 EMULSION EXPOSURE @ 1 TEV #751</b>            BEAM: Meson Area - Test Beam            PROPOSAL TO STUDY 1 TEV PROTON INTERACTIONS IN EMULSION.</p>	<p><b>Piyare L. Jain</b></p>	<p>SUNY AT BUFFALO</p>
<p>Request 27 Jun, 84 Emulsion Exposure            Approval 2 Jul, 84 Emulsion Exposure            Completed 26 Apr, 85 1 Emulsion Stack(s)</p>		
<p><b>752 PARTICLE COLLISIONS #752</b>            BEAM: Unspecified Beam            PROPOSAL TO SEARCH FOR ANOMALOUSLY LARGE HADRON CROSS SECTIONS AT SHORT DISTANCES.</p>	<p><b>James W. Cronin</b></p>	<p>UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO            TECHNION-ISRAEL INST (ISRAEL)</p>
<p>Request 23 Oct, 84 200 Hours            Withdrawn 8 Dec, 86</p>		

# Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory

## Master Listing of Proposals as of February 4, 1993

(continued)

753	<b>CHANNELING STUDIES #753</b> BEAM: Meson Area - Bottom PROPOSAL TO IMPROVE THE DEFLECTION OF HIGH ENERGY PARTICLE BEAMS BY CHANNELING IN BENT CRYSTALS OF SI AND GE.	James S. Forster	BELL NORTHERN RESEARCH LAB(CANADA) CHALK RIVER NUCLEAR LAB. (CANADA) FERMILAB UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO SUNY AT ALBANY
	Request 28 Sep, 84 400 Hours Approval 20 Nov, 84 Unspecified Completed 5 Jul, 85 150 Hours		
754	<b>CHANNELING TESTS #754</b> BEAM: Meson Area - Bottom CRYSTAL CHANNELING TESTS IN M-BOTTOM INCLUDING FOCUSING WITH DEFORMED CRYSTALS AND STUDIES OF HIGH Z CRYSTALS.	Chih-Ree Sun	FERMILAB GENERAL ELECTRIC R&D CENTER SUNY AT ALBANY SANDIA LABORATORIES SSC LABORATORY
	Request 1 Oct, 84 300 Hours Approval 20 Nov, 84 Unspecified Approved/Inactive 24 Dec, 91		
755	<b>BEAUTY &amp; CHARM STUDY #T755</b> BEAM: Meson Area - Test Beam A HIGH SENSITIVITY STUDY OF BEAUTY AND CHARM IN HADROPRODUCTION AT THE TEVATRON.	Richard D. Majka and Anna Jean Slaughter	FERMILAB YALE UNIVERSITY
	Request 2 Oct, 84 Unspecified Approval 25 Nov, 86 Unspecified Completed 15 Feb, 88 Unspecified		
756	<b>MAGNETIC MOMENT #756</b> BEAM: Proton Area - Center MEASUREMENT OF THE MAGNETIC MOMENT OF THE OMEGA MINUS HYPERON.	Kam-Biu Luk	UNIVERSITY OF ARIZONA UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY FERMILAB INDIANA UNIVERSITY LAWRENCE BERKELEY LABORATORY UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA RUTGERS UNIVERSITY
	Request 8 Oct, 84 1,000 Hours Approval 25 Jun, 85 1,000 Hours Stage I approval. Completed 15 Feb, 88 1,700 Hours		
757	<b>MUON DEFLECTION #757</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Muon Beam LETTER OF INTENT FOR A PROPOSAL TO STUDY MOMENTUM RESOLUTION FOR MUONS ABOVE 300 GEV IN MAGNETIZED IRON.	Jorge G. Morfin	FERMILAB UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS, CHAMPAIGN UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-MADISON
	Request 12 Dec, 84 Test Running Rejected 14 Dec, 85		
758	<b>EMULSION EXPOSURE #758</b> BEAM: Meson Area - Test Beam STUDY OF THE MECHANISM OF MULTIPARTICLE PRODUCTION IN EMULSION NUCLEI @ 800 GEV PROTONS.	Mitsuko Kazuno and Hiroshi Shibuya	NAGOYA UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) TOHO UNIVERSITY (JAPAN)
	Request 11 Mar, 85 Unspecified Approval 11 Mar, 85 Unspecified Completed 26 Apr, 85 2 Emulsion Stack(s)		
759	<b>EMULSION EXPOSURE #759</b> BEAM: Meson Area - Test Beam A STUDY OF NUCLEAR INTERACTIONS OF 800 GEV PROTONS IN EMULSION.	Yoshihiro Tsuzuki	KOBE UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) OSAKA CITY UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) OSAKA SCIENCE EDUC. INST. (JAPAN)
	Request 11 Mar, 85 Unspecified Approval 11 Mar, 85 Unspecified Completed 26 Apr, 85 2 Emulsion Stack(s)		
760	<b>CHARMONIUM STATES #760</b> BEAM: Accumulator Ring A PROPOSAL TO INVESTIGATE THE FORMATION OF CHARMONIUM STATES USING THE PBAR ACCUMULATOR RING.	Rosanna Cester	UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, IRVINE FERMILAB UNIVERSITY OF FERRARA (ITALY) INFN, GENOVA (ITALY) NORTHWESTERN UNIVERSITY PENNSYLVANIA STATE UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF TORINO (ITALY)
	Request 29 Mar, 85 Unspecified Approval 25 Jun, 85 Unspecified Completed 10 Jan, 92 Unspecified		
761	<b>HYPERON RADIATIVE DECAY #761</b> BEAM: Proton Area - Center PROPOSAL TO STUDY HYPERON RADIATIVE DECAY.	Alexei A. Vorobyov	IHEP, BEIJING (PRC) UNIVERSITY OF BRISTOL (ENGLAND) CBPF (BRAZIL) FERMILAB UNIVERSITY OF IOWA ITEP, MOSCOW (RUSSIA) UNIV. FEDERAL DO RIO DE JANEIRO UNIVERSITY OF SAO PAULO (BRAZIL) NPI, ST. PETERSBURG (RUSSIA) YALE UNIVERSITY
	Request 3 Apr, 85 Unspecified Approval 25 Jun, 85 Unspecified Stage I approval. Completed 27 Aug, 90 Unspecified		
762	<b>EMULSION/PROTONS @ 800 GEV #762</b> BEAM: Meson Area - Test Beam CASCADE SHOWERS ORIGINATING IN PROTON-NUCLEUS COLLISIONS.	Shoji Dake	AOYAMA GAKUIN UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) ICRR, UNIVERSITY OF TOKYO (JAPAN) KOBE UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) OKAYAMA UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) OSAKA SCIENCE EDUC. INST. (JAPAN)
	Request 11 Jun, 85 Unspecified Approval 21 Jun, 85 Unspecified Completed 11 Jul, 85 18 Emulsion Stack(s)		
763	<b>EMULSION/PROTONS @ 800 GEV #763</b> BEAM: Meson Area - Test Beam PROTON-NUCLEUS INTERACTIONS AT TEVATRON ENERGY.	Takeshi Ogata	ICRR, UNIVERSITY OF TOKYO (JAPAN) KOBE UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) OKAYAMA UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) OSAKA SCIENCE EDUC. INST. (JAPAN)
	Request 11 Jun, 85 Unspecified Approval 21 Jun, 85 Unspecified Completed 11 Jul, 85 2 Emulsion Stack(s)		

227  
**Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory**  
**Master Listing of Proposals as of February 4, 1993**

(continued)

764	<b>EMULSION EXPOSURE #764</b> BEAM: Meson Area - Test Beam EXCLUSIVE INVESTIGATION OF MULTIPLE PRODUCTION IN RAPIDITY SPACE.	Hirota Nanjo	HIROSAKI UNIVERSITY (JAPAN)
	Request 11 Jun, 85 Unspecified Approval 21 Jun, 85 Unspecified Completed 11 Jul, 85 1 Emulsion Stack(s)		
765	<b>EMULSION/PROTONS @ 800 GEV #765</b> BEAM: Meson Area - Test Beam TRANSVERSE MOMENTUM MEASUREMENT OF SECONDARY PARTICLES IN PROTON-EMULSION COLLISIONS AT 800 GEV.	K. Imaeda	OKAYAMA UNIVERSITY (JAPAN)
	Request 20 Jun, 85 Unspecified Approval 21 Jun, 85 Unspecified Completed 11 Jul, 85 7 Emulsion Stack(s)		
766	<b>MR TUNNEL NEUTRONS #T766</b> BEAM: Collision Area (Miscellaneous) MEASUREMENTS OF THE NEUTRON SPECTRUM IN THE TEVATRON TUNNEL WITH APPLICATION TO THE SSC.	Joseph B. McCaslin	FERMILAB LAWRENCE BERKELEY LABORATORY
	Request 11 Jul, 85 Unspecified Approval 17 Jul, 85 Unspecified Completed 13 Oct, 85 Unspecified		
767	<b>MUON CALORIMETRY #767</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Muon Beam MEASUREMENT OF DIRECT ELECTRON PAIR PRODUCTION CROSS-SECTION IN THE TEVATRON MUON BEAM.	Yasushi Muraki	CHUO UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) ICRR, UNIVERSITY OF TOKYO (JAPAN) KEK (JAPAN) NAGOYA UNIVERSITY (JAPAN)
	Request 29 Aug, 85 Unspecified Rejected 1 Jul, 86		
768	<b>POLARIZED SCATTERING #768</b> BEAM: Proton Area - West PROTON - PROTON ELASTIC SCATTERING WITH A POLARIZED TARGET.	Alan D. Krisch	BROOKHAVEN NATIONAL LABORATORY CERN (SWITZERLAND) FERMILAB LHE, ETH HONGGERBERG (SWITZERLAND) UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND MASSACHUSETTS INST. OF TECHNOLOGY UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN NOTRE DAME UNIVERSITY TEXAS A&M UNIVERSITY
	Request 12 Nov, 85 Unspecified Rejected 30 Jun, 87		
769	<b>PION &amp; KAON CHARM PROD. #769</b> BEAM: Proton Area - East PION AND KAON PRODUCTION OF CHARM AND CHARM-STRANGE STATE.	Jeffrey A. Appel	CBPF (BRAZIL) FERMILAB UNIVERSITY OF MISSISSIPPI NORTHEASTERN UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF TORONTO (CANADA) TUFTS UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-MADISON YALE UNIVERSITY
	Request 14 Dec, 85 Unspecified Approval 14 Dec, 85 Unspecified Completed 15 Feb, 88 1,900 Hours		
770	<b>QUAD TRIPLET NEUTRINO #770</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Center HIGH STATISTICS STUDIES OF CHARGED CURRENT INTERACTIONS USING THE TEVATRON QUAD TRIPLET BEAM.	Wesley H. Smith	UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY FERMILAB UNIVERSITY OF ROCHESTER UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-MADISON
	Request 27 Dec, 85 Unspecified Approval 27 Dec, 85 Unspecified Stage I approval. Completed 1 Feb, 88 1,600 Hours		
771	<b>BEAUTY PRODUCTION BY PROTONS #771</b> BEAM: Proton Area - West PROPOSAL TO STUDY BEAUTY PRODUCTION AND OTHER HEAVY QUARK PHYSICS ASSOCIATED WITH DIMUON PRODUCTION IN 800 (925) GEV/C PP INTERACTIONS.	Bradley B. Cox	UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH ALABAMA UNIVERSITY OF ATHENS (GREECE) BROWN UNIVERSITY UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES DUKE UNIVERSITY FERMILAB UNIVERSITY OF HOUSTON JINR, DUBNA (RUSSIA) UNIVERSITY OF LECCE (ITALY) MASSACHUSETTS INST. OF TECHNOLOGY MCGILL UNIVERSITY (CANADA) NANJING UNIVERSITY (PRC) NORTHWESTERN UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF PAVIA (ITALY) UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA PRAIRIE VIEW A&M UNIVERSITY SHANDONG UNIVERSITY (PRC) VANIER COLLEGE (CANADA) UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-MADISON
	Request 10 Dec, 86 Unspecified Approval 4 Apr, 87 Unspecified Completed 8 Jan, 92 Unspecified		
772	<b>DIMUONS #772</b> BEAM: Meson Area - East STUDY OF THE NUCLEAR ANTIQUARK SEA VIA P+N -> DIMUONS.	Joel M. Moss	CASE WESTERN RESERVE UNIVERSITY FERMILAB UNIV. OF ILLINOIS, CHICAGO CIRCLE LOS ALAMOS NATIONAL LABORATORY SUNY AT STONY BROOK NORTHERN ILLINOIS UNIVERSITY RUTGERS UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH CAROLINA UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS AT AUSTIN UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
	Request 11 Mar, 86 Unspecified Approval 1 Jul, 86 Unspecified Completed 15 Feb, 88 1,700 Hours		

228  
**Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory**  
**Master Listing of Proposals as of February 4, 1993**

(continued)

<p><b>773 ETA00 &amp; ETA +- PHASE DIFFERENCE #773</b>      <b>George D. Gollin</b>            BEAM: Meson Area - Center            MEASUREMENT OF PHASE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN ETA 00 AND ETA +- TO A PRECISION OF 1/2 DEGREE.</p>	<p>UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO            ELMHURST COLLEGE            FERMILAB            UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS, CHAMPAIGN            RUTGERS UNIVERSITY</p>
<p>Request            11 Mar. 86    Unspecified            Approval         1 Jul. 86     Unspecified                                  29 Jun. 89    Unspecified Stage II approval.            Completed       30 Sep. 91    Unspecified</p>	
<p><b>774 ELECTRON BEAM DUMP #774</b>                      <b>Michael B. Crisler</b>            BEAM: Proton Area - Broad Band            ELECTRON BEAM DUMP PARTICLE SEARCH IN THE WIDE BAND HALL.</p>	<p>FERMILAB            UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS, CHAMPAIGN            INP, KRAKOW (POLAND)            NORTHEASTERN UNIVERSITY</p>
<p>Request            4 Apr. 86     Unspecified            Approval         10 Dec. 86    Unspecified            Completed       27 Aug. 90    Unspecified</p>	
<p><b>775 CDF UPGRADE #775</b>                              <b>Melvyn Jay Shochet and William C. Carithers</b>            BEAM: Collision Area (B-0)            CDF UPGRADE (Level-3 Trigger; Silicon Vertex (#775A); and Muon System (#775B))</p>	<p>ARGONNE NATIONAL LABORATORY            UNIVERSITY OF BOLOGNA (ITALY)            BRANDEIS UNIVERSITY            UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES            CIPP (CANADA)            UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO            DUKE UNIVERSITY            FERMILAB            INFN, FRASCATI (ITALY)            HARVARD UNIVERSITY            UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS, CHAMPAIGN            JOHNS HOPKINS UNIVERSITY            KEK (JAPAN)            LAWRENCE BERKELEY LABORATORY            MASSACHUSETTS INST. OF TECHNOLOGY            MICHIGAN STATE UNIVERSITY            UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN            UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO            OSAKA CITY UNIVERSITY (JAPAN)            UNIVERSITY OF PADOVA (ITALY)            UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA            INFN, PISA (ITALY)            UNIVERSITY OF PITTSBURGH            PURDUE UNIVERSITY            UNIVERSITY OF ROCHESTER            ROCKEFELLER UNIVERSITY            RUTGERS UNIVERSITY            SSC LABORATORY            TEXAS A&amp;M UNIVERSITY            UNIVERSITY OF TSUKUBA (JAPAN)            TUFTS UNIVERSITY            UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-MADISON            YALE UNIVERSITY</p>
<p>Request            28 May. 86    Unspecified            Approval         1 Jul. 86     Unspecified Phase I approval.            In Progress      31 Oct. 92    Unspecified</p>	
<p><b>776 NUCLEAR CAL. CROSS SECTIONS#776</b>            <b>Samuel I. Baker</b>            BEAM: Miscellaneous Area            MEASUREMENT OF NUCLEAR CALIBRATION CROSS SECTIONS FOR PROTONS GREATER THAN 400 GEV.</p>	<p>BROOKHAVEN NATIONAL LABORATORY            CERN (SWITZERLAND)            FERMILAB</p>
<p>Request            6 Aug. 86     Unspecified            Approval         7 Jan. 87     Unspecified            Completed       15 Feb. 88    Unspecified</p>	
<p><b>777 MR TUNNEL NEUTRONS #777</b>                      <b>Joseph B. McCaslin</b>            BEAM: Collision Area (Miscellaneous)            NEUTRON FLUX MEASUREMENTS IN THE TEVATRON TUNNEL.</p>	<p>FERMILAB            LAWRENCE BERKELEY LABORATORY            SSC CENTRAL DESIGN GROUP</p>
<p>Request            29 Oct. 86    Unspecified            Approval         7 Jan. 87     Unspecified            Completed       11 May. 87    Unspecified</p>	
<p><b>778 MAGNET APERTURE STUDIES #778</b>                <b>Rodney E. Gerig and Richard Talman</b>            BEAM: Collision Area (Miscellaneous)            STUDY OF THE SSC MAGNET APERTURE CRITERION.</p>	<p>CERN (SWITZERLAND)            CORNELL UNIVERSITY            FERMILAB            UNIVERSITY OF HOUSTON            SSC CENTRAL DESIGN GROUP            SLAC</p>
<p>Request            18 Oct. 86    Unspecified            Approval         10 Dec. 86    Unspecified            Completed       21 Jan. 91    Unspecified</p>	
<p><b>779 HIGH RATE CALORIMETER STUDY#779</b>            <b>David Anderson</b>            BEAM: Meson Area - West            PROPOSAL TO BUILD A VERY HIGH RATE CALORIMETER.</p>	<p>FERMILAB</p>
<p>Request            29 Oct. 86    Unspecified            Rejected         10 Dec. 86</p>	
<p><b>780 CHARM PRODUCTION BY PROTONS#780</b>            <b>Ronald J. Lipton and Douglas Potter</b>            BEAM: Neutrino Area - East            STUDY OF CHARM PRODUCED BY 850 GEV PROTONS.</p>	<p>UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, DAVIS            CARNEGIE-MELLON UNIVERSITY            UNIVERSITY OF OKLAHOMA</p>
<p>Request            1 Mar. 87     Unspecified            Rejected         14 Dec. 87</p>	

# Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory

## Master Listing of Proposals as of February 4, 1993

(continued)

781	<b>LARGE-X BARYON SPECTROMETER #781</b> BEAM: Proton Area - Center SEGMENTED LARGE-X BARYON SPECTROMETER (SELEX).	James S. Russ	IHEP, BEIJING (PRC) UNIVERSITY OF BRISTOL (ENGLAND) CARNEGIE-MELLON UNIVERSITY CBPF (BRAZIL) CNPQ (BRAZIL) FERMILAB UNIVERSITY OF IOWA ITEP, MOSCOW (RUSSIA) UNIVERSITY OF ROCHESTER UNIVERSITY OF SAO PAULO (BRAZIL) NPI, ST. PETERSBURG (RUSSIA) UNIVERSITY OF TEL-AVIV (ISRAEL) UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON	
	Request	4 Mar. 87	Unspecified	
	Approval	24 Oct. 88	Unspecified	
	Unscheduled	24 Oct. 88		
782	<b>MUONS IN 1M BUBBLE CHAMBER #782</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - NK Beam A MUON EXPOSURE IN THE TOHOKU HIGH RESOLUTION BUBBLE CHAMBER.	Toshio Kitagaki	IHEP, BEIJING (PRC) BROWN UNIVERSITY FERMILAB MASSACHUSETTS INST. OF TECHNOLOGY OAK RIDGE NATIONAL LABORATORY SENSU UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) SUGIYAMA JOGAKUEN UNIV. (JAPAN) UNIVERSITY OF TENNESSEE, KNOXVILLE TOHOKU GAKUIN UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) TOHOKU UNIVERSITY (JAPAN)	
	Request	4 Feb. 87	Unspecified	
	Approval	16 Jul. 87	Unspecified	
	Completed	21 Jul. 90	330 K Pix	
783	<b>TEVATRON BEAUTY FACTORY #783</b> BEAM: Collision Area (C-0) LETTER OF INTENT FOR A TEVATRON COLLIDER BEAUTY FACTORY.	Neville W. Reay	UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, DAVIS CARNEGIE-MELLON UNIVERSITY FERMILAB OHIO STATE UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF OKLAHOMA	
	Request	4 Mar. 87	Unspecified	
	Inactive	23 Dec. 92		
784	<b>BOTTOM AT THE COLLIDER #784</b> BEAM: Unspecified Beam PROPOSAL FOR RESEARCH & DEVELOPMENT: VERTEXING, TRACKING AND DATA ACQUISITION FOR THE BOTTOM COLLIDER DETECTOR.	Nigel S. Lockyer	UNIVERSIDAD DE LOS ANDES(COLOMBIA) UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, DAVIS FERMILAB UNIVERSITY OF FLORIDA UNIVERSITY OF HOUSTON ILLINOIS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY UNIVERSITY OF IOWA NORTHEASTERN UNIVERSITY NORTHERN ILLINOIS UNIVERSITY OHIO STATE UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF OKLAHOMA UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA PRAIRIE VIEW A&M UNIVERSITY PRINCETON UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF PUERTO RICO UN.SAN FRANCISCO DE QUITO(ECUADOR) YALE UNIVERSITY	
	Request	2 Jan. 89	Unspecified	
	Approval	30 Jan. 89	Unspecified	Approval of Phase I (bench tests) and Phase II (beam tests). Phase III (CO run at the Tevatron Collider) deferred pending results of simulation studies.
	Completed	8 Jan. 92	Unspecified	
785	<b>LOW ENERGY ANTIMATTER #785</b> BEAM: Miscellaneous Area ANTIMATTER PHYSICS AT LOW ENERGY (AMPLE)	Billy Bonner and Lawrence Pinsky	UNIVERSITY OF HOUSTON RICE UNIVERSITY	
	Request	12 Mar. 87	Unspecified	
	Withdrawn	24 Oct. 88		
786	<b>TEVATRON MUON #786</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Muon Beam WEAK INTERACTIONS AND HEAVY QUARK PHYSICS WITH THE TEVATRON MUON BEAM.	Richard Wilson	ARGONNE NATIONAL LABORATORY UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, SAN DIEGO FERMILAB FREIBURG UNIVERSITY (GERMANY) HARVARD UNIVERSITY UNIV. OF ILLINOIS, CHICAGO CIRCLE INP, KRAKOW (POLAND) UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND MASSACHUSETTS INST. OF TECHNOLOGY MAX-PLANCK INSTITUTE (GERMANY) UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY OF WUPPERTAL (GERMANY) YALE UNIVERSITY	
	Request	10 May. 87	Unspecified	
	Rejected	29 Jun. 88		
787	<b>PARTICLE SEARCH #787</b> BEAM: Collision Area (C-0) PARTICLE SEARCH (PHASE II OF E-735).	Alfred T. Goshaw	DEPAUW UNIVERSITY DUKE UNIVERSITY FERMILAB IOWA STATE UNIVERSITY NOTRE DAME UNIVERSITY PURDUE UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-MADISON	
	Request	30 Jun. 87	Unspecified	
	Rejected	1 May. 89		
788	<b>NEUTRINO OSCILLATIONS #788</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Center NEUTRINO OSCILLATIONS AND CROSS-SECTIONS IN A TAGGED NEUTRINO LINE.	Robert H. Bernstein	FERMILAB UNIV. OF PARIS VI, LPG (FRANCE)	
	Request	11 Aug. 87	Unspecified	
	Inactive	23 Dec. 92		

230  
**Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory**  
**Master Listing of Proposals as of February 4, 1993**

(continued)

<p><b>789 B-QUARK MESONS &amp; BARYONS #789</b>            BEAM: Meson Area - East            MEASUREMENT OF THE PRODUCTION AND DECAY INTO TWO-BODY MODES OF B-QUARK MESONS AND BARYONS.</p>	<p>Daniel M. Kaplan and Jen-Chieh Peng</p>	<p>ABILENE CHRISTIAN UNIVERSITY            IHEP, ACADEMIA SINICA (TAIWAN)            UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO            FERMILAB            LAWRENCE BERKELEY LABORATORY            LOS ALAMOS NATIONAL LABORATORY            NORTHERN ILLINOIS UNIVERSITY            UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH CAROLINA</p>
<p>Request 9 Nov, 87 Unspecified            Approval 24 Oct, 88 Unspecified            Completed 8 Jan, 92 Unspecified</p>		
<p><b>790 CALORIMETER FOR ZEUS #790</b>            BEAM: Neutrino Area - Test Beam            CALORIMETER MODULE CALIBRATION FOR ZEUS DETECTOR.</p>	<p>Frank Sciulli</p>	<p>ARGONNE NATIONAL LABORATORY            COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY            UNIVERSITY OF IOWA            LOUISIANA STATE UNIVERSITY            OHIO STATE UNIVERSITY            PENNSYLVANIA STATE UNIVERSITY            VIRGINIA POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTE            UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-MADISON</p>
<p>Request 5 Jun, 87 Unspecified            Approval 17 Dec, 87 Unspecified            Completed 27 Aug, 90 Unspecified</p>		
<p><b>791 HADROPRODUCTION HEAVY FLAVORS #791</b>            BEAM: Proton Area - East            HADROPRODUCTION OF HEAVY FLAVORS AT TPL.</p>	<p>Jeffrey A. Appel and Milind Vasant Purohit</p>	<p>UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, SANTA CRUZ            CBPF (BRAZIL)            UNIVERSITY OF CINCINNATI            FERMILAB            ILLINOIS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY            UNIVERSITY OF MISSISSIPPI            OHIO STATE UNIVERSITY            PRINCETON UNIVERSITY            UNIV. FEDERAL DO RIO DE JANEIRO            UNIVERSITY OF TEL-AVIV (ISRAEL)            TUFTS UNIVERSITY            UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-MADISON            YALE UNIVERSITY</p>
<p>Request 10 Nov, 87 Unspecified            Approval 29 Jun, 88 Unspecified            Completed 8 Jan, 92 Unspecified</p>		
<p><b>792 NUCLEAR FRAGMENTS #792</b>            BEAM: Meson Area - East            STUDY OF FRAGMENTATION PRODUCTS FROM THE REACTION 800 GEV P + 197 AU.</p>	<p>Kjell Aleklett and Lembit Sihver</p>	<p>LAL, ORSAY (FRANCE)            UPPSALA UNIVERSITY (SWEDEN)</p>
<p>Request 15 Jan, 88 Unspecified            Approval 15 Jan, 88 Unspecified            Completed 15 Feb, 88 Unspecified</p>		
<p><b>793 EMULSION EXPOSURE 1000 GeV #793</b>            BEAM: Proton Area - Miscellaneous            Emulsion Exposure to 1000 GeV, or highest energy protons.</p>	<p>Jere J. Lord</p>	<p>KAZAKH STATE UNIV., (KAZAKHSTAN)            WASHINGTON NATURAL PHILOSOPHY INS.            UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON</p>
<p>Request 19 Feb, 88 Unspecified            Approval 21 Sep, 88 Unspecified            Unscheduled 8 Jan, 92</p>		
<p><b>794 AXION HELIOSCOPE #794</b>            BEAM: Unspecified Beam            CONSTRUCTION AND OPERATION OF AN AXION HELIOSCOPE.</p>	<p>Karl Van Bibber</p>	<p>UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY            CERN (SWITZERLAND)            LAWRENCE BERKELEY LABORATORY            LAWRENCE LIVERMORE LABORATORY            OHIO STATE UNIVERSITY            TEXAS A&amp;M UNIVERSITY            TEXAS ACCELERATOR CENTER</p>
<p>Request 5 Mar, 88 Unspecified            Inactive 23 Dec, 92</p>		
<p><b>795 WARM LIQUID CALORIMETRY TEST #795</b>            BEAM: Meson Area - Test Beam            TEST OF ELECTRON/HADRON COMPENSATION FOR WARM LIQUID CALORIMETRY.</p>	<p>Morris Pripstein</p>	<p>UNIVERSITY OF ALABAMA            UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY            CEN-SACLAY (FRANCE)            CERN (SWITZERLAND)            FERMILAB            COLLEGE DE FRANCE (FRANCE)            HARVARD UNIVERSITY            KYOTO UNIVERSITY (JAPAN)            LAPP, D'ANNECY-LE-VIEUX (FRANCE)            LAWRENCE BERKELEY LABORATORY</p>
<p>Request 1 Mar, 88 Unspecified            Approval 24 Oct, 88 Unspecified            Completed 23 Dec, 91 Unspecified</p>		
<p><b>796 CP VIOLATION #796</b>            BEAM: Proton Area - Center            A MEASUREMENT OF THE CP VIOLATION PARAMETER <math>\eta_{+-0}</math> THE SON OF E621.</p>	<p>Gordon B. Thomson</p>	<p>UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA            RUTGERS UNIVERSITY</p>
<p>Request 1 Jun, 88 Unspecified            Unconsidered 1 Jun, 88</p>		
<p><b>797 FINE-GRAINED ELECTROMAG. CAL. #T797</b>            BEAM: Proton Area - East            FINE-GRAINED ELECTROMAGNETIC CALORIMETRY.</p>	<p>H. Richard Gustafson and Rudolf P. Thun</p>	<p>UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN</p>
<p>Request 31 Aug, 88 Unspecified            Approval 1 Apr, 90 Unspecified            Completed 20 May, 90 Unspecified</p>		
<p><b>798 SSC DETECTOR TEST #T798</b>            BEAM: Proton Area - East            PROPOSAL TO BUILD A SYNCHROTRON-RADIATION DETECTOR FOR TAGGING ELECTRONS AT THE SSC.</p>	<p>Priscilla Cushman and Roger W. Rusack</p>	<p>ROCKEFELLER UNIVERSITY            YALE UNIVERSITY</p>
<p>Request 20 Jul, 88 Unspecified            Approval 30 Jan, 89 Unspecified Stage I approval.            Completed 2 May, 90 Unspecified</p>		



231  
**Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory**  
**Master Listing of Proposals as of February 4, 1993**

(continued)

<p><b>799 CP VIOLATION #799</b>            BEAM: Meson Area - Center            PROPOSAL TO SEARCH FOR RARE KAON DECAY.</p>	<p><b>Yau Wai Wah and Taku Yamanaka</b></p>	<p>UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES            UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO            ELMHURST COLLEGE            FERMILAB            UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS, CHAMPAIGN            RUTGERS UNIVERSITY</p>
<p>Request            2 Jan, 89    Unspecified            Approval        29 Jun, 89    Unspecified Stage I approval for phases 1 and 2.                              10 Jul, 91    Unspecified Stage II approval deferred.            In Progress      8 Jan, 92    Unspecified</p>		
<p><b>800 MAGNETIC MOMENT #800</b>            BEAM: Proton Area - Center            MEASUREMENT OF THE MAGNETIC MOMENT OF THE OMEGA MINUS HYPERON.</p>	<p><b>Kenneth A. Johns and Regina A. Rameika</b></p>	<p>UNIVERSITY OF ARIZONA            DEPAUW UNIVERSITY            FERMILAB            UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN            UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA</p>
<p>Request            1 Mar, 88    Unspecified            Approval        5 Oct, 88    Unspecified            Completed       8 Jan, 92    Unspecified</p>		
<p><b>801 PHOTON TOTAL XSECTION-URANIUM #801</b>            BEAM: Proton Area - Broad Band            MEASUREMENT OF THE TOTAL CROSS SECTION OF REAL AND VIRTUAL PHOTON ABSORPTION ON URANIUM NUCLEI AT ENERGIES OF HUNDREDS OF GEV.</p>	<p><b>G. L. Bayatian</b></p>	<p>YEREVAN PHYSICS INST. (ARMENIA)</p>
<p>Request            10 Oct, 88    Unspecified            Rejected        26 Dec, 89</p>		
<p><b>802 MUONS IN EMULSION #802</b>            BEAM: Neutrino Area - Muon Beam            DEEP INELASTIC MUON INTERACTION WITH NUCLEAR TARGETS USING EMULSION TELESCOPE TECHNIQUE.</p>	<p><b>Lali Chatterjee and Dipak Ghosh</b></p>	<p>FERMILAB            JADAVPUR UNIVERSITY (INDIA)</p>
<p>Request            12 Dec, 88    Emulsion Stack(s)            Approval        8 Feb, 89    Emulsion Stack(s) 1st stage approval - exposure of stacks of G5 nuclear emulsion plates to the main muon beam.            Completed       30 Dec, 91    Unspecified</p>		
<p><b>803 NEUTRINO OSCILLATIONS #803</b>            BEAM: Main Injector Area            Muon Neutrino to Tau Neutrino Oscillations</p>	<p><b>Neville W. Reay</b></p>	<p>AICHI UNIV. OF EDUCATION (JAPAN)            UNIVERSITY OF ATHENS (GREECE)            UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, DAVIS            COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY            FERMILAB            GIFU UNIVERSITY (JAPAN)            HIROSAKI UNIVERSITY (JAPAN)            KINKI UNIVERSITY (JAPAN)            KOBE UNIVERSITY (JAPAN)            KOREA ADV. INST OF SCIENCE (KOREA)            KOREA UNIVERSITY, SEOUL (KOREA)            NAGOYA INST. OF TECHNOLOGY (JAPAN)            NAGOYA UNIVERSITY (JAPAN)            OHIO STATE UNIVERSITY            OKAYAMA UNIVERSITY (JAPAN)            OSAKA CITY UNIVERSITY (JAPAN)            OSAKA SCIENCE EDUC. INST. (JAPAN)            OSAKA UNIV. OF COMMERCE (JAPAN)            ROCKEFELLER UNIVERSITY            SEOUL NATIONAL UNIVERSITY (KOREA)            SOAI UNIVERSITY (JAPAN)            UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH CAROLINA            TOHO UNIVERSITY (JAPAN)            TUFTS UNIVERSITY            UTSUNOMIYA UNIVERSITY (JAPAN)            YOKOHAMA NATIONAL UNIV. (JAPAN)</p>
<p>Request            6 Apr, 89    Unspecified            Deferred        10 Jul, 91</p>		
<p><b>804 KAON PHYSICS AT MAIN INJECTOR #804</b>            BEAM: Main Injector Area            HIGH PRECISION, HIGH SENSITIVITY KAON PHYSICS AT THE MAIN INJECTOR</p>	<p><b>Bruce D. Winstein</b></p>	<p>UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, IRVINE            CEN-SACLAY (FRANCE)            UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO            FERMILAB            UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS, CHAMPAIGN            RUTGERS UNIVERSITY            YALE UNIVERSITY</p>
<p>Request            14 Jun, 88    Unspecified            Unconsidered    14 Jun, 88</p>		
<p><b>805 IMB NEUTRINO OSCILLATIONS #805</b>            BEAM: Main Injector Area            Long Baseline Oscillation Experiment using a High Intensity Neutrino Beam from the Fermilab Main Injector to the IMB Water Cerenkov Detector</p>	<p><b>Wojciech Gajewski</b></p>	<p>BOSTON UNIVERSITY            BROOKHAVEN NATIONAL LABORATORY            UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, IRVINE            CLEVELAND STATE UNIVERSITY            UNIVERSITY OF HAWAII AT MANOA            LONDON UNIVERSITY COLLEGE(ENGLAND)            LOUISIANA STATE UNIVERSITY            UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND            NOTRE DAME UNIVERSITY            WARSAW UNIVERSITY, INP, (POLAND)</p>
<p>Request            24 Aug, 89    Unspecified            Inactive        23 Dec, 92</p>		

**Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory**  
**Master Listing of Proposals as of February 4, 1993**

(continued)

806	<b>MP BEAMLINE UPGRADE #806</b> BEAM: Meson Area - Polarized Proton Beam ENERGY UPGRADE OF THE MP BEAMLINE AND PROPOSED EXPERIMENTS	Akihiko Yokosawa	ARGONNE NATIONAL LABORATORY CEN-SACLAY (FRANCE) FERMILAB HIROSHIMA UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) UNIVERSITY OF IOWA KEK (JAPAN) KYOTO SANGYO UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) KYOTO UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) KYOTO UNIV. OF EDUCATION (JAPAN) LAPP, D'ANNECY-LE-VIEUX (FRANCE) LOS ALAMOS NATIONAL LABORATORY NORTHEASTERN UNIVERSITY NORTHWESTERN UNIVERSITY UN. OF OCCUP. & ENV. HEALTH(JAPAN) IHEP, PROTIVNO (SERPUKHOV)(RUSSIA) RICE UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY DI TRIESTE (ITALY) UNIVERSITY OF UDINE (ITALY)
	Request 28 Sep, 89 Unspecified Withdrawn 7 Mar, 90		
807	<b>WARM HEAVY LIQUID CALORIMETRY #T807</b> Scott Teige BEAM: Proton Area - East WARM HEAVY LIQUID CALORIMETRY: A PROPOSAL TO MEASURE PERFORMANCE OF CANDIDATE MATERIALS		RUTGERS UNIVERSITY
	Request 26 Dec, 89 Unspecified Approval 9 Feb, 90 Unspecified Completed 1 May, 90 Unspecified		
808	<b>B-PHYSICS #T808</b> BEAM: Meson Area - West B-MESON HADROPRODUCTION, INCLUDING MEASUREMENTS OF CROSS-SECTIONS, LIFETIMES, AND MIXING.	Howard S. Goldberg	UNIV. OF ILLINOIS, CHICAGO CIRCLE UNIVERSITY OF LOUISVILLE UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN UNIVERSITY OF PITTSBURGH IHEP, PROTIVNO (SERPUKHOV)(RUSSIA)
	Request 1 Mar, 90 Unspecified Inactive 23 Dec, 92		
809	<b>DIRECT PHOTON SPIN DEPENDENCE #809</b> Akira Masaike and Sandibek B. Nurshv BEAM: Meson Area - Polarized Proton Beam STUDY OF THE SPIN DEPENDENCE OF DIRECT-GAMMA PRODUCTION AT HIGH P		ARGONNE NATIONAL LABORATORY CEN-SACLAY (FRANCE) FERMILAB UNIVERSITY OF IOWA KEK (JAPAN) KYOTO SANGYO UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) KYOTO UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) KYOTO UNIV. OF EDUCATION (JAPAN) LAPP, D'ANNECY-LE-VIEUX (FRANCE) LOS ALAMOS NATIONAL LABORATORY INFN, MESSINA (ITALY) NEW MEXICO STATE UNIVERSITY NORTHWESTERN UNIVERSITY OKAYAMA UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) OSAKA CITY UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) IHEP, PROTIVNO (SERPUKHOV)(RUSSIA) RICE UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY DI TRIESTE (ITALY) UNIVERSITY OF UDINE (ITALY)
	Request 7 Mar, 90 Unspecified Inactive 23 Dec, 92		
810	<b>STRUCTURE FUNCTIONS #810</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Muon Beam MEASUREMENT OF NUCLEON STRUCTURE FUNCTIONS WITH HIGH STATISTICAL ACCURACY AND LOW SYSTEMATIC ERRORS, USING MUON BEAMS FROM THE TEVATRON.	Richard Wilson	UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, SAN DIEGO FERMILAB HARVARD UNIVERSITY UNIV. OF ILLINOIS, CHICAGO CIRCLE UNIVERSITY OF WUPPERTAL (GERMANY)
	Request 5 Mar, 90 Unspecified Inactive 23 Dec, 92		
811	<b>PBAR P ELASTIC SCATTERING #811</b> BEAM: Collision Area (E-0) PBAR P ELASTIC SCATTERING.	Jay Orear	UNIVERSITY OF BOLOGNA (ITALY) CERN (SWITZERLAND) CORNELL UNIVERSITY FERMILAB WORLD LAB, LAUSANNE (SWITZERLAND)
	Request 14 Mar, 90 Unspecified Approval 9 Jul, 92 Unspecified Set Up in a Year 9 Jul, 92		
812	<b>CPT AND GRAVITY TESTS #812</b> BEAM: Accumulator Ring PRECISION TESTS OF CPT AND GRAVITY USING LOW ENERGY ANTIMATTER AT FERMILAB.	Gerald A. Smith	UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, IRVINE GSI, DARMSTADT (GERMANY) FERMILAB INTEGRATED ACCELERATOR TECHNOLOGY UNIVERSITY OF IOWA LOS ALAMOS NATIONAL LABORATORY MANNE SIEGBAHN INSTITUTE (SWEDEN) MAX-PLANCK INSTITUTE (GERMANY) UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO PENNSYLVANIA STATE UNIVERSITY RUTGERS UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY DI TRIESTE (ITALY)
	Request 19 Feb, 90 Unspecified Unconsidered 19 Feb, 90		
813	<b>SMALL PHYSICS #813</b> BEAM: Unspecified Beam I. A QUANTITATIVE TEST OF THE LANDAU-MIGDAL-POMMERANCHUK EFFECT; II. HADRON INCLUSIVE DISTRIBUTIONS AT HIGH X; III. NEUTRON POLARIZATION	Lawrence W. Jones	UNIVERSITY OF HAWAII AT MANOA LODZ UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
	Request 2 Mar, 90 Unspecified Unconsidered 2 Mar, 90		

233  
**Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory**  
**Master Listing of Proposals as of February 4, 1993**

(continued)

<b>814 PRIMAKOFF PRODUCTION #814</b> BEAM: Proton Area - Center SEARCH FOR PRIMAKOFF PRODUCTION OF HYBRID MESONS. Request 28 Feb. 90 Unspecified Inactive 23 Dec. 92	<b>Vladimir Chaloupka</b>	UNIVERSITY OF ROCHESTER UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
<b>815 NEUTRINO #815</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Center Precision Measurements of Neutrino Neutral Current Interactions Using a Sign-Selected Beam Request 7 Mar. 90 Unspecified 9 Oct. 90 Unspecified Approval 10 Jul. 91 Unspecified Stage I approval for Phase I granted. 9 Jul. 92 Unspecified Stage I approval for 10 E18th Protons on target Unscheduled 9 Jul. 92	<b>Michael H. Shaevitz</b>	ADELPHI UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF CINCINNATI COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY FERMILAB MASSACHUSETTS INST. OF TECHNOLOGY
<b>816 SDC DETECTOR MUON BEAM TESTS #T816</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Muon Beam SSC Detector Muon Sub-System Beam Tests Request 1 May. 90 Unspecified Approval 30 Oct. 90 Unspecified Completed 8 Jan. 92 Unspecified	<b>Henry J. Lubatti</b>	UNIVERSITY OF COLORADO AT BOULDER FERMILAB UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS, CHAMPAIGN UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND OSAKA CITY UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) UNIVERSITY OF ROCHESTER TEMPLE UNIVERSITY TUFTS UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-MADISON
<b>817 SILICON STRIP DETECTOR TEST #817</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Muon Beam Double-sided silicon strip detector prototype evaluation. Request 1 May. 90 Unspecified Approval 9 Jul. 90 Unspecified Completed 15 Aug. 90 Unspecified	<b>James P. Alexander</b>	UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, SANTA BARBARA CORNELL UNIVERSITY
<b>818 LEAD GLASS DETECTOR TEST #818</b> BEAM: Unspecified Beam Proposal to use the NWA Electron Test Beam at Fermilab for Tests of a Lead Glass Calorimeter Prototype Request 26 Jun. 90 Unspecified Withdrawn 30 Apr. 91	<b>Scott Teige</b>	INDIANA UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF LOUISVILLE MOSCOW STATE UNIVERSITY (RUSSIA) IHEP, PROTIVNO (SERPUKHOV)(RUSSIA)
<b>819 EMPACT DETECTOR TEST FOR SSC #819</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Muon Beam EMPACT Muon Telescope Evaluation at Fermilab Request 28 Jun. 90 Unspecified Approval 15 Aug. 91 Unspecified Completed 15 Oct. 91 Unspecified	<b>Louis S. Osborne</b>	UNIVERSITY OF HOUSTON INDIANA UNIVERSITY JINR, DUBNA (RUSSIA) MASSACHUSETTS INST. OF TECHNOLOGY
<b>820 MUON NEUTRINO MAGNETIC MOMENT #820</b> BEAM: Miscellaneous Area Search for the muon neutrino magnetic moment at the 10 to the -10 Bohr magneton level using the Booster at Fermilab Request 13 Jul. 90 Unspecified Unconsidered 13 Jul. 90	<b>Nikos Giokaris</b>	FERMILAB UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND NORTHEASTERN UNIVERSITY NORTHERN ILLINOIS UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF ROCHESTER ROCKEFELLER UNIVERSITY
<b>821 NEUTRON MEASUREMENTS AT NWA #T821</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - West Neutron Measurements at NWA Request 14 Aug. 90 Unspecified Approval 14 Aug. 90 Unspecified Completed 8 Jan. 92 Unspecified	<b>Kenneth A. Johns</b>	UNIVERSITY OF ARIZONA BALL STATE UNIVERSITY FERMILAB UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA NORTHERN ILLINOIS UNIVERSITY RICE UNIVERSITY
<b>822 SOUDAN NEUTRINO OSCILLATIONS #822</b> BEAM: Main Injector Area A Long Baseline Neutrino Oscillation Experiment Using Soudan 2 Request 24 Aug. 90 Unspecified Unconsidered 19 Mar. 91	<b>Maury C. Goodman</b>	ARGONNE NATIONAL LABORATORY UNIVERSITY OF ARIZONA FERMILAB UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA NOTRE DAME UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF OXFORD (ENGLAND) RUTHERFORD-APPLETON LABS.(ENGLAND) TUFTS UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF VALENCIA (SPAIN)

234  
**Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory**  
**Master Listing of Proposals as of February 4, 1993**

(continued)

**823 D-0 DETECTOR UPGRADE #823**  
 BEAM: Collision Area (D-0)  
 D0 Detector Upgrade

Paul D. Grannis

UNIVERSIDAD DE LOS ANDES(COLOMBIA)  
 UNIVERSITY OF ARIZONA  
 BROOKHAVEN NATIONAL LABORATORY  
 BROWN UNIVERSITY  
 UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, RIVERSIDE  
 CBPF (BRAZIL)  
 CEN-SACLAY (FRANCE)  
 CINVESTAV-IPN (MEXICO)  
 COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY  
 DELHI UNIVERSITY (INDIA)  
 FERMI LAB  
 FLORIDA STATE UNIVERSITY  
 UNIVERSITY OF HAWAII AT MANOA  
 UNIV. OF ILLINOIS, CHICAGO CIRCLE  
 INDIANA UNIVERSITY  
 IOWA STATE UNIVERSITY  
 LAWRENCE BERKELEY LABORATORY  
 UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND  
 MICHIGAN STATE UNIVERSITY  
 UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN  
 MOSCOW STATE UNIVERSITY (RUSSIA)  
 SUNY AT STONY BROOK  
 NEW YORK UNIVERSITY  
 NORTHEASTERN UNIVERSITY  
 NORTHERN ILLINOIS UNIVERSITY  
 NORTHWESTERN UNIVERSITY  
 NOTRE DAME UNIVERSITY  
 PANJAB UNIVERSITY (INDIA)  
 IHEP, PROTIVNO (SERPUKHOV)(RUSSIA)  
 PURDUE UNIVERSITY  
 RICE UNIVERSITY  
 UNIVERSITY OF ROCHESTER  
 SSC LABORATORY  
 TATA INSTITUTE (INDIA)  
 TEXAS A&M UNIVERSITY  
 UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS AT ARLINGTON

Request 4 Oct. 90 Unspecified  
 Approval 11 Jul. 91 Unspecified Stage I / Step 1 approval granted.  
 Stage I / Step 2 and 3 approval deferred.  
 Unscheduled 11 Jul. 91

**824 DUMAND NEUTRINO OSCILLATIONS #824** Medford Webster  
 BEAM: Main Injector Area  
 Neutrino Beam from the Proposed Main Injector to the DUMAND Detector

RWTH, AACHEN (GERMANY)  
 UNIVERSITY OF BERNE (SWITZERLAND)  
 BOSTON UNIVERSITY  
 UNIVERSITY OF HAWAII AT MANOA  
 ICRR, UNIVERSITY OF TOKYO (JAPAN)  
 UNIVERSITY OF KIEL (GERMANY)  
 KINKI UNIVERSITY (JAPAN)  
 KOBE UNIVERSITY (JAPAN)  
 SCRIPPS INST. OF OCEANOGRAPHY/UCSD  
 TOHOKU UNIVERSITY (JAPAN)  
 VANDERBILT UNIVERSITY  
 UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON  
 UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-MADISON

Request 4 Oct. 90 Unspecified  
 Inactive 23 Dec. 92

235  
**Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory**  
**Master Listing of Proposals as of February 4, 1993**

(continued)

<p><b>825 SDC PROTOTYPE DETECTORS #825</b>            BEAM: Unspecified Beam            Testing of Prototype Detectors for the Solenoidal Detector Collaboration</p>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>J. Bensinger</b></p>	<p>ARGONNE NATIONAL LABORATORY            UNIVERSITY OF ARIZONA            BRANDEIS UNIVERSITY            BRATSLAVA STATE UNIVERSITY (CZECH)            UNIVERSITY OF BRISTOL (ENGLAND)            BROWN UNIVERSITY            UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, DAVIS            UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES            UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, RIVERSIDE            UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, SAN DIEGO            UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, SANTA CRUZ            CHIBA UNIVERSITY (JAPAN)            UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO            UNIVERSITY OF COLORADO AT BOULDER            DUKE UNIVERSITY            FERMILAB            FLORIDA STATE UNIVERSITY            UNIVERSITY OF FLORIDA            FUKUI UNIVERSITY (JAPAN)            GOMEL STATE UNIVERSITY (BYELARUS)            HARVARD UNIVERSITY            UNIVERSITY OF HAWAII AT MANOA            HIROSHIMA INST. OF TECH. (JAPAN)            HIROSHIMA UNIVERSITY (JAPAN)            IBARAKI COLLEGE OF TECH. (JAPAN)            UNIV. OF ILLINOIS, CHICAGO CIRCLE            UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS, CHAMPAIGN            INDIANA UNIVERSITY            IOWA STATE UNIVERSITY            JINR, DUBNA (RUSSIA)            JOHNS HOPKINS UNIVERSITY            KEK (JAPAN)            KYOTO UNIVERSITY (JAPAN)            LAWRENCE BERKELEY LABORATORY            UNIVERSITY OF LIVERPOOL (ENGLAND)            UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND            UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN            UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA            ACADEMY OF SCL OF BSSR (BYELARUS)            UNIVERSITY OF MISSISSIPPI            MIYAZAKI UNIVERSITY (JAPAN)            NAGOYA UNIVERSITY (JAPAN)            NIIGATA UNIVERSITY (JAPAN)            NOTRE DAME UNIVERSITY            OAK RIDGE NATIONAL LABORATORY            OHIO STATE UNIVERSITY            OKAYAMA UNIVERSITY (JAPAN)            OSAKA CITY UNIVERSITY (JAPAN)            OSAKA UNIVERSITY (JAPAN)            UNIVERSITY OF OXFORD (ENGLAND)            PENNSYLVANIA STATE UNIVERSITY            UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA            UNIVERSITY OF PISA (ITALY)            UNIVERSITY OF PITTSBURGH            PURDUE UNIVERSITY            RICE UNIVERSITY            UNIVERSITY OF ROCHESTER            ROCKEFELLER UNIVERSITY            RUTGERS UNIVERSITY            RUTHERFORD-APPLETON LABS.(ENGLAND)            SAGA UNIVERSITY (JAPAN)            SAITAMA COLLEGE OF HEALTH (JAPAN)            SLOVAK ACADEMY OF SCIENCE (CZECH)            SOFIA STATE UNIVERSITY (BULGARIA)            SSC LABORATORY            SLAC            TASHKENT, PHY.TEC.INS (UZBEKISTAN)            JHEP, TBILISI STATE UNIV (GEORGIA)            TEXAS A&amp;M UNIVERSITY            UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS AT DALLAS            TOHOKU GAKUIN UNIVERSITY (JAPAN)            TOHOKU UNIVERSITY (JAPAN)            TOKYO INST. OF TECHNOLOGY (JAPAN)            TOKYO METROPOLITAN UNIV. (JAPAN)            TOKYO UNIV. OF AGR. &amp; TECH.(JAPAN)            UNIVERSITY OF TOKYO (JAPAN)            UNIVERSITY OF TSUKUBA (JAPAN)            TUFTS UNIVERSITY            VIRGINIA POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTE            WAKAYAMA MEDICAL COLLEGE (JAPAN)            UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON            UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-MADISON            YEREVAN PHYSICS INST. (ARMENIA)</p>
<p>Request 1 Oct. 90 Unspecified            Inactive 23 Dec. 92</p>		
<p><b>826 HYPERON MEASUREMENTS #826</b>            BEAM: Proton Area - Center            An Expression of Interest to Continue Hyperon Measurements at Fermilab</p>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Kenneth A. Johns and Regina A. Ramcika</b></p>	<p>UNIVERSITY OF ARIZONA            FERMILAB            UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN            UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA</p>
<p>Request 8 Oct. 90 Unspecified            Inactive 23 Dec. 92</p>		

# Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory

## Master Listing of Proposals as of February 4, 1993

(continued)

<b>827 MICRO-BCD #827</b> BEAM: Collision Area (C-0) B Physics at the TEV I; Micro-BCD	<b>Nigel S. Lockyer</b>	UNIVERSIDAD DE LOS ANDES(COLOMBIA) UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, DAVIS FERMILAB UNIVERSITY OF FLORIDA UNIV. OF ILLINOIS, CHICAGO CIRCLE ILLINOIS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY UNIVERSITY OF IOWA UNIVERSITY OF MONTREAL (CANADA) SUNY AT ALBANY OAK RIDGE NATIONAL LABORATORY UNIVERSITY OF OKLAHOMA UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA PRAIRIE VIEW A&M UNIVERSITY PRINCETON UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF PUERTO RICO UN.SAN FRANCISCO DE QUITO(ECUADOR) SPACE SCIENCE LAB., U.C., BERKELEY UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-MADISON YALE UNIVERSITY
Request	8 Oct. 90	Unspecified
Rejected	10 Jul. 91	
<b>828 B-MESON CP VIOLATION #828</b> BEAM: Collision Area (Miscellaneous) Letter of Intent to Measure CP Violation in B Meson Decay at the Fermilab Collider	<b>Sheldon L. Stone</b>	FERMILAB UNIVERSITY OF FLORIDA UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN SYRACUSE UNIVERSITY
Request	26 Sep. 90	Unspecified
Withdrawn	22 Jun. 91	
<b>829 HEAVY FLAVORS AT TPL #829</b> BEAM: Proton Area - East Study of Heavy Flavors at TPL, Continuation of E-791	<b>Jeffrey A. Appel and Milind Vasant Purohit</b>	UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, SANTA CRUZ CBPF (BRAZIL) FERMILAB ILLINOIS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY UNIVERSITY OF MISSISSIPPI PRINCETON UNIVERSITY UNIV. FEDERAL DO RIO DE JANEIRO UNIVERSITY OF TEL-AVIV (ISRAEL) TUFTS UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-MADISON
Request	8 Oct. 90	Unspecified
Unconsidered	8 Oct. 90	
<b>830 CDF UPGRADE #830</b> BEAM: Collision Area (B-0) Proposal for an Upgraded CDF Detector	<b>Melvyn Jay Shochet and William C. Carithers</b>	ARGONNE NATIONAL LABORATORY UNIVERSITY OF BOLOGNA (ITALY) BRANDEIS UNIVERSITY UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES CIPP (CANADA) UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO DUKE UNIVERSITY FERMILAB INFN, FRASCATI (ITALY) HARVARD UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS, CHAMPAIGN JOHNS HOPKINS UNIVERSITY KEK (JAPAN) LAWRENCE BERKELEY LABORATORY MASSACHUSETTS INST. OF TECHNOLOGY MICHIGAN STATE UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO OSAKA CITY UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) UNIVERSITY OF PADOVA (ITALY) UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA INFN, PISA (ITALY) UNIVERSITY OF PITTSBURGH PURDUE UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF ROCHESTER ROCKEFELLER UNIVERSITY RUTGERS UNIVERSITY SSC LABORATORY TEXAS A&M UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF TSUKUBA (JAPAN) TUFTS UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-MADISON YALE UNIVERSITY
Request	9 Oct. 90	Unspecified
Unscheduled	11 Jul. 91	
<b>831 HEAVY QUARK PHOTOPRODUCTION #831</b> BEAM: Proton Area - Broad Band A High Statistics Study of States Containing Heavy Quarks Using the Wideband Photon Beam and the E687 Multiparticle Spectrometer	<b>John P. Cumalat</b>	INFN, BOLOGNA (ITALY) UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, DAVIS UNIVERSITY OF COLORADO AT BOULDER FERMILAB INFN, FRASCATI (ITALY) UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS, CHAMPAIGN NORTHERN KENTUCKY UNIVERSITY KOREA UNIVERSITY, SEOUL (KOREA) INFN, MILANO (ITALY) UNIVERSITY OF MILANO (ITALY) UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA NOTRE DAME UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF PAVIA (ITALY) UNIVERSITY OF PUERTO RICO UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH CAROLINA UNIVERSITY OF TENNESSEE, KNOXVILLE VANDERBILT UNIVERSITY
Request	17 Oct. 90	Unspecified
	1 Sep. 92	5,000 Hours 1000 hours for setup and 4000 hours for data taking
Approval	7 Dec. 92	Unspecified
Unscheduled	7 Dec. 92	

237  
**Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory**  
**Master Listing of Proposals as of February 4, 1993**

(continued)

<b>832 CP VIOLATION #832</b> BEAM: Unspecified Beam Proposal for a New Tevatron Search for Direct CP Violation in the 2p1 decays of the Neutral Kaon	<b>Yee Bob Hsiung and Bruce D. Winstein</b>	UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO UNIVERSITY OF COLORADO AT BOULDER ELMHURST COLLEGE FERMILAB UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS, CHAMPAIGN OSAKA UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) RICE UNIVERSITY RUTGERS UNIVERSITY
Request 18 Oct, 90 Unspecified Unscheduled 1 Jun, 92		
<b>833 K-SHORT DECAYS #833</b> BEAM: Meson Area - Center Letter of Intent to Measure the Branching Ratio for the K-short Decay	<b>Gordon B. Thomson</b>	UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO ELMHURST COLLEGE FERMILAB UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS, CHAMPAIGN RUTGERS UNIVERSITY
Request 19 Oct, 90 Unspecified Unconsidered 19 Oct, 90		
<b>834 DIRECT PHOTON #834</b> BEAM: Meson Area - West Direct Photon Production #834	<b>Paul F. Slattery</b>	DELHI UNIVERSITY (INDIA) FERMILAB MICHIGAN STATE UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA NORTHEASTERN UNIVERSITY PENNSYLVANIA STATE UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF PITTSBURGH RAJASTHAN UNIVERSITY (INDIA) UNIVERSITY OF ROCHESTER
Request 19 Oct, 90 Unspecified Inactive 23 Dec, 92		
<b>835 CHARMONIUM STATES #835</b> BEAM: Accumulator Ring Proposal to Continue the Study of Charmonium Spectroscopy in Proton-Antiproton Annihilations	<b>Rosanna Cester</b>	UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, IRVINE FERMILAB UNIVERSITY OF FERRARA (ITALY) INFN, GENOVA (ITALY) NORTHWESTERN UNIVERSITY PENNSYLVANIA STATE UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF TORINO (ITALY) UNIVERSITY OF TURIN
Request 16 Oct, 90 Unspecified Approval 7 Dec, 92 Unspecified Unscheduled 7 Dec, 92		
<b>836 SUPERCONDUCTING DETECTOR TEST #836</b> BEAM: Unspecified Beam Proposal for a Beam Test of a Superconducting Thin Film Strip Particle Detector	<b>Robert G. Wagner</b>	ARGONNE NATIONAL LABORATORY
Request 3 Oct, 90 24 Hours in three 8 hour shifts Withdrawn 8 Jan, 92		
<b>837 EMPACT/TEXAS TEST #837</b> BEAM: Unspecified Beam EMPACT/TEXAS Beam Test(s)	<b>Michael D. Marx</b>	SUNY AT STONY BROOK
Request 12 Oct, 90 Unspecified Inactive 23 Dec, 92		
<b>838 POLARIZED BEAM #838</b> BEAM: Meson Area - Polarized Proton Beam Continuation of E-704 and Simultaneous Measurement of Chi-2 Production	<b>Akihiko Yokosawa</b>	ARGONNE NATIONAL LABORATORY CEN-SACLAY (FRANCE) FERMILAB UNIVERSITY OF IOWA KYOTO SANGYO UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) KYOTO UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) KYOTO UNIV. OF EDUCATION (JAPAN) LAPP, D'ANNECY-LE-VIEUX (FRANCE) LOS ALAMOS NATIONAL LABORATORY INFN, MESSINA (ITALY) NEW MEXICO STATE UNIVERSITY NORTHWESTERN UNIVERSITY UN. OF OCCUP. & ENV. HEALTH(JAPAN) OKAYAMA UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) OLD DOMINION UNIVERSITY OSAKA CITY UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) OSAKA UNIV. OF COMMERCE (JAPAN) IHEP, PROTIVNO (SERPUKHOV)(RUSSIA) RICE UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY DI TRIESTE (ITALY) UNIVERSITY OF UDINE (ITALY)
Request 1 Oct, 90 Unspecified Rejected 19 Feb, 91		
<b>839 FIBER TRACKING TEST #839</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Muon Beam Scintillating Fiber Tracker - Beam Test	<b>Seymour Margulies</b>	UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES FERMILAB UNIV. OF ILLINOIS, CHICAGO CIRCLE NOTRE DAME UNIVERSITY OSAKA CITY UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) PENNSYLVANIA STATE UNIVERSITY PURDUE UNIVERSITY RICE UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS AT DALLAS UNIVERSITY OF TSUKUBA (JAPAN)
Request 25 Sep, 90 Unspecified Approval 15 Apr, 91 Unspecified Completed 8 Jan, 92 Unspecified		

# Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory

## Master Listing of Proposals as of February 4, 1993

(continued)

<b>840 SPAGHETTI CALORIMETRY TEST #840</b> BEAM: Meson Area - Polarized Proton Beam Spaghetti calorimetry in '91 test beam cycle	Adam Para	FERMILAB
Request 11 Oct. 90 592 Hours	1. Systematic studies of the laminated prototype (160 hrs.) 2. Studies of the RGB prototype (56 hrs.) 3. Dichromatic calorimeter (80 hrs.) 4. Liquid scintillator prototype (56 hrs.) 5. Two-segment fiber prototype (240 hrs.)	
Approval 8 Aug. 91 Unspecified		
Completed 8 Jan. 92 Unspecified		
<b>841 CALORIMETER BEAM TEST #T841</b> BEAM: Meson Area - Test Beam Proposal for Beam Test of Scintillator Calorimeter Prototypes at Fermilab during FY 1991	Lawrence E. Price	ARGONNE NATIONAL LABORATORY CEN-SACLAY (FRANCE) FERMILAB IOWA STATE UNIVERSITY LAWRENCE BERKELEY LABORATORY NORTHEASTERN UNIVERSITY PURDUE UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF ROCHESTER ROCKEFELLER UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH CAROLINA VIRGINIA POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTE WESTINGHOUSE ELECTRIC CORPORATION UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-MADISON YALE UNIVERSITY
Request 8 Oct. 90 Unspecified		
Approval 28 Mar. 91 Unspecified		
Completed 8 Jan. 92 Unspecified		
<b>842 RADIATION EXPOSURE #842</b> BEAM: Proton Area - Broad Band Proposed Radiation Measurement in the Wideband Neutral Dump Area	David G. Underwood	ARGONNE NATIONAL LABORATORY
Request 6 Nov. 90 Unspecified		
Approval 15 Aug. 91 Unspecified		
Completed 8 Jan. 92 Unspecified		
<b>843 EMULSION EXPOSURE 600 GeV #843</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Muon Beam Interactions of 600 GeV Muons with Emulsion Nuclei	C. O. Kim	CHONNAM NATIONAL UNIVERSITY(KOREA) KOREA UNIVERSITY, SEOUL (KOREA)
Request 24 Oct. 90 Unspecified		
Approval 1 Jul. 91 Unspecified		
Completed 15 Jul. 91 Unspecified		
<b>844 TRD/SHOWER COUNTER TEST #844</b> BEAM: Meson Area - Polarized Proton Beam Transition Radiation Detector/EM Shower Counter Calibration	Simon P. Swordy	ENRICO FERMI INSTITUTE
Request 28 Nov. 90 40 Hours		
Approval 11 Oct. 91 Unspecified		
Completed 26 Dec. 91 Unspecified		
<b>845 TEVATRON BEAUTY #845</b> BEAM: Unspecified Beam A Dedicated Beauty Experiment for the Tevatron Collider	Peter E. Schlein	UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES CERN (SWITZERLAND) COLLEGE DE FRANCE (FRANCE) INP, KRAKOW (POLAND) MAX-PLANCK INSTITUTE (GERMANY) NANJING UNIVERSITY (PRC) IHEP, PROTIVNO (SERPUKHOV)(RUSSIA) YALE UNIVERSITY
Request 7 Jan. 91 Unspecified		
Rejected 10 Jul. 91		
<b>846 FRACTIONAL CHARGE IMPURITIES #846</b> BEAM: Meson Area - West Search for Fractional Charge Impurities	Unil Perera	UNIVERSITY OF PITTSBURGH
Request 1 Feb. 91 Unspecified		
Inactive 23 Dec. 92		
<b>847 CALORIMETER TEST #847</b> BEAM: Unspecified Beam Beam Test for scintillating fiber / lead alloy calorimeter prototype	Lawrence R. Sulak	BOSTON UNIVERSITY
Request 13 Feb. 91 Unspecified		
Completed 8 Jan. 92		
<b>848 GAS CALORIMETRY FOR SDC #848</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Test Beam High Pressure Sampling Gas Calorimetry for the SDC Calorimeter	Nikos Giokaris	ABILITY ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY FERMILAB JINR, DUBNA (RUSSIA) UNIVERSITY OF ROCHESTER ROCKEFELLER UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-MADISON YEREVAN PHYSICS INST. (ARMENIA)
Request 29 Mar. 91 Unspecified		
Approval 29 Oct. 91 Unspecified		
Completed 23 Dec. 91 Unspecified		
<b>849 BARIUM FLUORIDE CALORIMETER #849</b> BEAM: Neutrino Area - Test Beam Request for Test Beam Time for Barium Fluoride Calorimeter Development	Hans G. E. Kobrak	BROOKHAVEN NATIONAL LABORATORY CALIFORNIA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, SAN DIEGO CARNegie-MELLON UNIVERSITY OAK RIDGE NATIONAL LABORATORY PRINCETON UNIVERSITY TATA INSTITUTE (INDIA)
Request 11 Apr. 91 Unspecified	Two (2) "beam on" periods of about 1 month each, separated by a data analysis period of about 1 month.	
Approval 18 Sep. 91 Unspecified		
Completed 8 Jan. 92 Unspecified		



**Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory**  
**Master Listing of Proposals as of February 4, 1993**

(continued)

<b>850 DIAMOND RADIATION DETECTOR TEST #850</b> Melissa Franklin BEAM: Meson Area - Test Beam Fermilab Test Beam Time of Diamond Radiation Detectors	UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, SANTA BARBARA HARVARD UNIVERSITY KEK (JAPAN) LAWRENCE LIVERMORE LABORATORY OHIO STATE UNIVERSITY PRINCETON UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF ROCHESTER RUTGERS UNIVERSITY SSC LABORATORY STANFORD UNIVERSITY
Request 1 May, 91 Unspecified Approval 8 Jan, 92 Unspecified Withdrawn 8 Jan, 92 Unspecified	
<b>851 FIBER IRRADIATION STUDIES #851</b> Seymour Margulies and Jadwiga Piekarz BEAM: Collision Area (C-0) Fiber Irradiation Studies in the C0 Region	UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES FERMILAB UNIV. OF ILLINOIS, CHICAGO CIRCLE NOTRE DAME UNIVERSITY OAK RIDGE NATIONAL LABORATORY OSAKA CITY UNIVERSITY (JAPAN) PENNSYLVANIA STATE UNIVERSITY PURDUE UNIVERSITY RICE UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS AT DALLAS UNIVERSITY OF TSUKUBA (JAPAN)
Request 1 May, 91 Unspecified Approval 14 Aug, 91 Unspecified Completed 8 Jan, 92 Unspecified	
<b>852 PIXEL DETECTOR TEST #T852</b> Eric Arens BEAM: Neutrino Area - Muon Beam Pixel Detector Test at NM	FERMILAB LAWRENCE BERKELEY LABORATORY
Request 8 May, 91 Unspecified Approval 9 Sep, 91 Unspecified Completed 23 Dec, 91 Unspecified	
<b>853 TEVATRON CRYSTAL EXTRACTION #853</b> C. Thornton Murphy BEAM: Collision Area (C-0) A Test of Low Intensity Extraction from the Tevatron Using Channeling in a Bent Crystal	UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES CEBAF FERMILAB JINR, DUBNA (RUSSIA) UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO IHEP, PROTIVNO (SERPUKHOV)(RUSSIA) SSC LABORATORY NPI, ST. PETERSBURG (RUSSIA) UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS AT AUSTIN UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-MADISON
Request 22 May, 91 100 Hours of dedicated Tevatron time, during which only protons need to be circulating. Approval 9 Jul, 92 Unspecified Set Up in a Year 9 Jul, 92	
<b>854 MUON FLUXES IN THE DEBUNCHER #854</b> Alan D. Bross BEAM: Debuncher Ring Proposal to Measure the Flux of Circulating Muons in the Debuncher.	COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY FERMILAB
Request 11 Jul, 91 Unspecified Approval 8 Jan, 92 Unspecified Completed 8 Jan, 92 Unspecified	
<b>855 dE/dx MUONS #855</b> George R. Kalbfleisch BEAM: Neutrino Area - Muon Beam Test Beam Request to Directly Measure dE/dx of High Energy Muons from 150 to 650 GeV/c in Muon Laboratory	UNIVERSITY OF OKLAHOMA SSC LABORATORY
Request 3 Aug, 91 Unspecified Approval 18 Nov, 91 Unspecified Completed 8 Jan, 92 Unspecified	
<b>856 INTEGRATED PIXEL DETECTOR TEST #856</b> Sherwood I. Parker BEAM: Neutrino Area - Muon Beam An Integrated Pixel Detector - Test Beam Request	UNIVERSITY OF HAWAII AT MANOA LAWRENCE BERKELEY LABORATORY STANFORD UNIVERSITY
Request 4 Oct, 91 Unspecified Approval 11 Oct, 91 Unspecified Completed 8 Jan, 92 Unspecified	
<b>857 SPIN-TENSOR #857</b> L. I. Sarycheva BEAM: Unspecified Beam Proposal to measure all components of the depolarization tensor.	MOSCOW STATE UNIVERSITY (RUSSIA)
Request 10 Dec, 91 Unspecified Inactive 23 Dec, 92	
<b>858 ELASTIC SCATTERING SPIN EFFECTS #858</b> Alan D. Krisch BEAM: Unspecified Beam Spin Effects in High Proton-Proton Elastic Scattering	FERMILAB INDIANA UNIVERSITY JINR, DUBNA (RUSSIA) KEK (JAPAN) UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN MOSCOW STATE UNIVERSITY (RUSSIA) UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA IHEP, PROTIVNO (SERPUKHOV)(RUSSIA)
Request 6 Jan, 92 Unspecified Rejected 30 Jul, 92	
<b>859 CP VIOLATION IN HYPERON DECAY #859</b> Shao Yuan Hsueh BEAM: Unspecified Beam CP Violations in Hyperon Decay	FERMILAB
Request 2 Jan, 92 Unspecified Unconsidered 2 Jan, 92	

**Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory**  
**Master Listing of Proposals as of February 4, 1993**

(continued)

<p><b>860 SEARCH FOR NEUTRINO OSCILLATIONS #860</b> Wonyong Lee            BEAM: Debuncher Ring            A Search for Neutrino Oscillations using the Fermilab Debuncher.</p>	<p>BROOKHAVEN NATIONAL LABORATORY            COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY            FERMILAB            KANGNUNG NATIONAL UNIV. (KOREA)            KOREA UNIVERSITY, SEOUL (KOREA)            SEOUL NATIONAL UNIVERSITY (KOREA)</p>
<p>Request 14 Jan, 92 Unspecified            Deferred 16 Jul, 92</p>	
<p><b>861 ANTIPROTON DECAY #T861</b> Steve Geer            BEAM: Accumulator Ring            Test of Backgrounds for an Antiproton Decay Search Experiment at the Antiproton Accumulator</p>	<p>UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES            FERMILAB            PENNSYLVANIA STATE UNIVERSITY</p>
<p>Request 10 Feb, 92 24 Hours            Completed 29 Oct, 92</p>	
<p><b>862 ANTI-HYDROGEN DETECTION #862</b> Charles T. Munger            BEAM: Accumulator Ring            Proposal for the Detection of Relativistic Anti-Hydrogen Atoms Produced by Pair Production with Positron Capture</p>	<p>UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, IRVINE            FERMILAB            PENNSYLVANIA STATE UNIVERSITY            SLAC</p>
<p>Request 27 Aug, 92 Unspecified            Unconsidered 27 Aug, 92</p>	
<p><b>863 NUCLEON SPIN #863</b> Aldo Penzo            BEAM: Meson Area - Polarized Proton Beam            Nucleon Spin Structure Studies with Polarized Proton and Antiproton Beams</p>	<p>ARGONNE NATIONAL LABORATORY            CEN-SACLAY (FRANCE)            CNRS, MARSEILLE (FRANCE)            UNIVERSITY OF IOWA            KYOTO SANGYO UNIVERSITY (JAPAN)            KYOTO UNIVERSITY (JAPAN)            KYOTO UNIV. OF EDUCATION (JAPAN)            LAPP, D'ANNECY-LE-VIEUX (FRANCE)            INFN, MESSINA (ITALY)            NEW MEXICO STATE UNIVERSITY            UN. OF OCCUP. &amp; ENV. HEALTH (JAPAN)            OKAYAMA UNIVERSITY (JAPAN)            OSAKA CITY UNIVERSITY (JAPAN)            IHEP, PROTIVNO (SERPUKHOV)(RUSSIA)            RICE UNIVERSITY            UNIVERSITY DI TRIESTE (ITALY)</p>
<p>Request 31 Aug, 92 7 Months            Rejected 7 Dec, 92</p>	
<p><b>864 MAXIMUM ACCEPTANCE DETECTOR #864</b> James D. Bjorken and Michael J. Longo            BEAM: Collision Area (C-0)            Maximum Acceptance Detector for the Fermilab Collider (MAX)</p>	<p>DUKE UNIVERSITY            FERMILAB            UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN            SLAC            UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON</p>
<p>Request 1 Sep, 92 Unspecified            Deferred 7 Dec, 92</p>	
<p><b>865 LOW-MULTIPLICITY BEAUTY DECAYS #865</b> Daniel M. Kaplan            BEAM: Meson Area - East            High-Sensitivity Study of Rare Low-Multiplicity Beauty Decays</p>	<p>ABILENE CHRISTIAN UNIVERSITY            UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES            CEN-SACLAY (FRANCE)            CERN (SWITZERLAND)            UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO            FERMILAB            UNIVERSITE DE LAUSANNE            NORTHERN ILLINOIS UNIVERSITY            UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH CAROLINA            UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS AT DALLAS</p>
<p>Request 1 Sep, 92 Unspecified            Unconsidered 1 Sep, 92</p>	
<p><b>866 ANTI(U-QUARK)/ANTI(D-QUARK) DIST #866</b> G. T. Garvey            BEAM: Meson Area - East            Measurement of x distribution of the ratio of anti(u-quark) to anti(d-quark) in the proton</p>	<p>ABILENE CHRISTIAN UNIVERSITY            IHEP, ACADEMIA SINICA (TAIWAN)            CALIFORNIA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY            FERMILAB            LOS ALAMOS NATIONAL LABORATORY            NORTHERN ILLINOIS UNIVERSITY            TEXAS A&amp;M UNIVERSITY</p>
<p>Request 2 Sep, 92 Unspecified            Approval 7 Dec, 92 Unspecified            Unscheduled 7 Dec, 92</p>	
<p><b>867 HIDDEN CHARM AND BEAUTY #867</b> Bradley B. Cox            BEAM: Proton Area - West            A Proposal to Continue the Study of Hidden Charm and Beauty States by Triggering on High Transverse Momentum Single Muons and High Mass Dimuons in 800 GeV/c pN Interactions</p>	<p>UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH ALABAMA            UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY            UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES            DUKE UNIVERSITY            FERMILAB            UNIVERSITY OF HOUSTON            JINR, DUBNA (RUSSIA)            UNIVERSITY OF LECCE (ITALY)            MCGILL UNIVERSITY (CANADA)            ACADEMY OF SCL OF BSSR (BYELARUS)            NANJING UNIVERSITY (PRC)            NORTHWESTERN UNIVERSITY            UNIVERSITY OF PAVIA (ITALY)            UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA            PRAIRIE VIEW A&amp;M UNIVERSITY            SHANDONG UNIVERSITY (PRC)            IHEP, TBILISI STATE UNIV (GEORGIA)            VANIER COLLEGE (CANADA)            UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA            UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-MADISON            YEREVAN PHYSICS INST. (ARMENIA)</p>
<p>Request 3 Sep, 92 Unspecified            Unconsidered 3 Sep, 92</p>	



