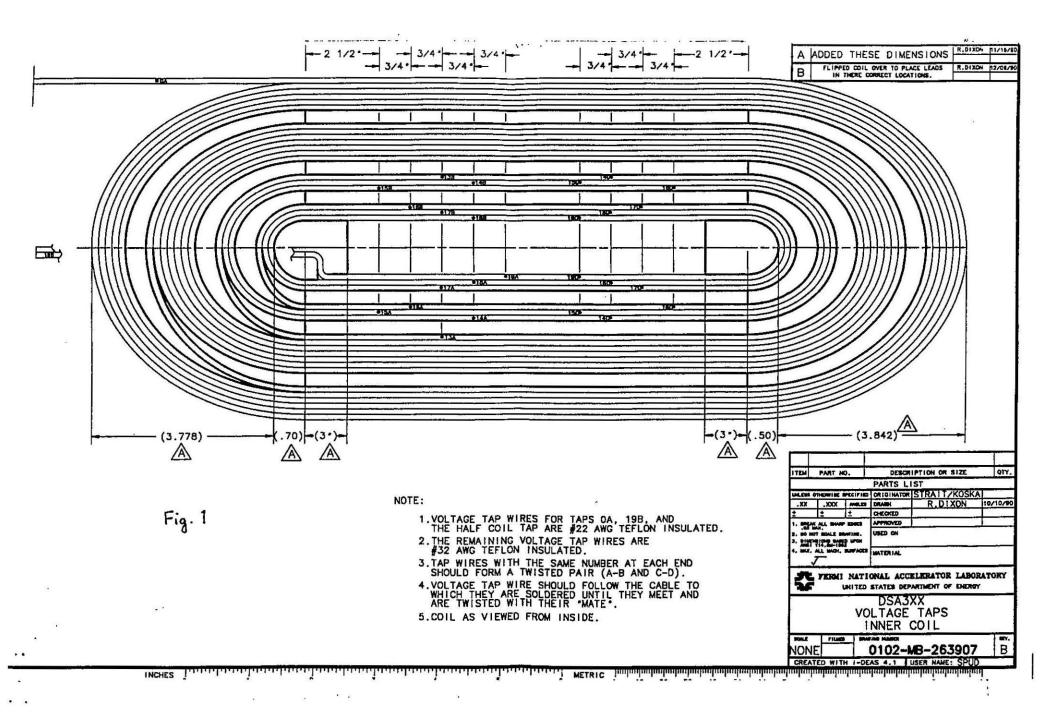
TS-SSC 91-029 S. A. Gourlay February 12, 1991

Summary of DSA321 Quench Performance

DSA321 is the first Fermilab SSC model magnet with a 50mm aperture. During the course of testing it was quenched a total of 51 times which included one thermal cycle, at temperatures of 4.3, 4.2, 3.8 and 3.0K. This report is a chronological summary of test results including quench history, quench locations and ramp rate studies, followed by a comparsion of magnet performance with cable short sample.

Quench History (First testing cycle)

A summary of the quench data which includes quench currents, ramp rates, temperatures and quench locations is attached to the report. The quench summary sheet gives the quench times (locations) preceeded by a + (-) sign referring to the lead (non-lead) end side of the tap respectively. The quench propagation velocity was approximately 72 m/s at short sample in the straight sections. A map of the tap locations is given in Figure 1 for reference.



Training Quenches

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The first quench occured at 7088 amps in the lower outer coil, approximately -8 ms from the ramp splice. The subsequent quenches all appeared to be at or close to the short sample limit. The plateau quenches were in approximately the same longitudinal location in the pole turn, ramp splice side, of either the upper inner or lower inner coil. On the third quench the magnet reached a plateau of 7638 amps (see Fig. 2).

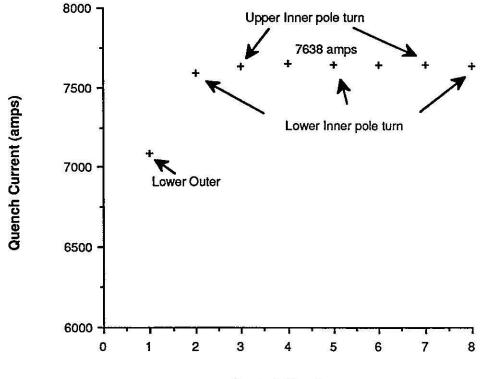


Fig. 2 DSA321 Training Behavior

Quench Number

Ramp Rate Studies

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The magnet was then quenched at a series of ramp rates ranging from the nominal 16 amps/s to 200 amps/s. A plot of quench current as a function of ramp rate is given in Figure 3. Measurements made at the same ramp rate were averaged. The ramp rate dependence for this magnet is rather flat relative to the preceeding 40mm short magnets. Another curiosity is that the high ramp rate quenches occur in the multiple turn rather than in the ramp splice.

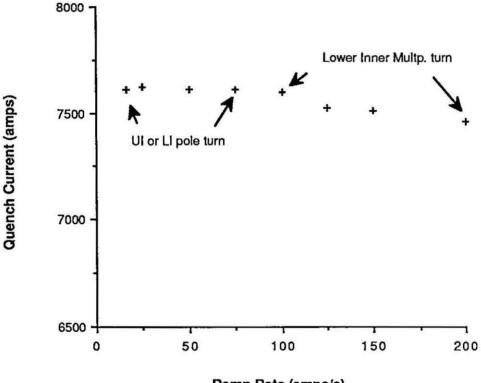


Fig. 3 DSA321 Ramp Rate Dependence

Ramp Rate (amps/s)

4.2K Studies

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The magnet temperature was lowered to approximately 4.2K and quenched at a ramp rate of 16 amps/s. All quenches were at the standard plateau quench locations, either UI pole turn or LI pole turn, with an average of 7807 amps.

3.8K Studies

The magnet temperature was then lowered further to 3.8K. The magnet did not train. It was quenched 4 times with an average quench current of 8312 amps. All of the quenches occured in the same location as previous plateau quenches in the lower inner pole turn. The magnet was then warmed to room temperature for its first thermal cycle.

Quench History (After thermal cycle)

The magnet was recooled and the plateau currents at 4.3 and 4.2 K were reestablished.

4.3K Studies

It was quenched 5 times at 4.3K with an average quench current of 7609 amps. It exhibited no retraining. All quenches were standard plateau quenches located in either the upper inner or lower inner pole turn.

4.2K Studies

The magnet was then quenched 6 times at 4.2K. Again, all quenches occured in either the lower inner or upper inner pole turn with an average current of 7824 amps. It was also quenched a couple of times at 100 amps/s. Both quenches occured in the lower inner multiple turn. The average current was 7818 amps.

3.0 K Studies

Since the magnet had not shown any signs of retraining at temperatures down to 3.8K the temperature was lowered to approximately 3.0K. The first quench was at 8670 amps in turn 15 at voltage tap 15A. It reached 8802 amps on the second attempt where it quenched in the lower inner pole turn. The third and final quench was at 8959 amps located in turn 15 at voltage tap 15A.

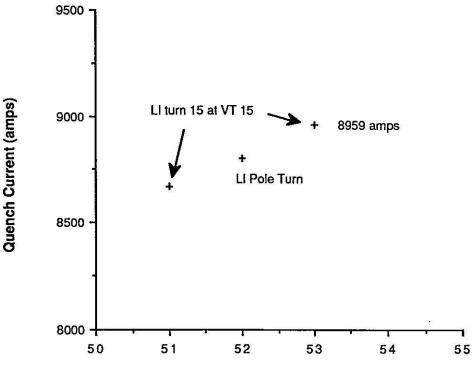


Fig. 4 DSA321 Quench Current and Location at 3.0K

Quench Number

Quench Performance

The cable used to wind the inner coils was from reel SSC 3-I-00021. The short sample data, taken at Brookhaven, is given in Table 1. A comparison of magnet performance and predicted performance based on the short sample data is shown in Table 2. Two programs, written by M. Kuchnir were used to make the predictions; one using the empirical Morgan-Sampson parameterization based on fits to measurements taken in the region around 4.2K and the other based on the parameterization of M. Green which is based on extrapolation along the J-B-T surface. The Morgan-Sampson parameterization was used for the short sample based magnet performance predictions at temperatures of 4.2 and 4.3 K. The Green parameterization was used to extrapolate the magnet performance to low temperatures. The measured lq at 4.3 was used as the normalization point for the Green extrapolation. The measured quench currents are taken from averages at 16 amps/s. The actual temperatures, taken from an average of the three thermometers placed at the top, middle and bottom of the magnet, are within 0.04K of the nominal values given in the table.

Table 1. Short sample data for cable SSC 3-I-00021.

B (Tesla)	lc (amps)	Jc (A/mm2)
7.0	11,024	1,815

Table 2. Comparison of magnet quench current with predicted performance.

Temperature	Measured lq	Measured lq (thermal cycle)	Predicted Iq Morgan- Sampson	Predicted Iq Green
4.3 K	7638 amps	7609	7485	
4.2	7807	7824	7622	7825
3.8	8312			8309
3.0	8959	18		9171

The quench history of DSA321 is summarized in Figure 5.

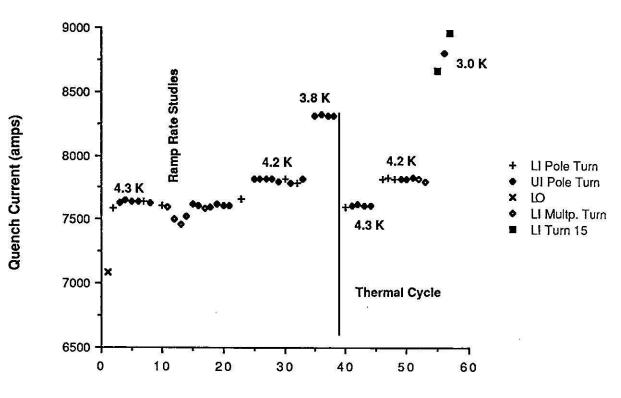


Fig. 5 DSA321 Quench summary

Quench Number

Quench File Summary DSA321

Q	ø	I-m Ic 1012.	ø.	Ø.Ø	ø.ø	U-L	0.0	0.000	-8.	UI	0.000	Ø.	4	.22	4.18	4.18	760.	82.	Location
	1	1012.						0.000									781.	78.	
1 2	2 3	7Ø88. 7593.	ø.	ø.ø	0.0	U-L	ø.ø			UI	0.000	ø.	4	.35	4.31	4.30		78. 84.	LO -8ms from ramp splice LI pole turn, ramp splice side,
3	4	7632.	16.			U-L	ø.ø	010											19A -19C -4.5 ms from tap 19A UI pole turn, ramp splice side,
4	5							010 010											19A - 19C -4.5 ms from tap 19A Same as 3 Same as 3
5 6 7	7 8	7637.	16.	0.0	0.0	U-L	Ø.Ø	009	-28.	UI	0.000	ø.	4	.36	4.31	4.30		93.	Same as 3 Same as 2
8	9	7632.	16.	0.0	0.0	U-L	Ø.Ø	010	-27.	UI	0.000	ø.	4	.36	4.31	4.30	867.	86.	
9								e Studi											Sama ag 2
1Ø 11	11 12	7597.	100.	0.0	0.0	U-L	ø.ø	007	-22.	LI	0.000	ıø.	4	.38	4.35	4.31	878.	71.	Same as 2 LI Multp. turn Same as 10
12 13	13 14	748Ø. 7524.	200.	Ø.Ø Ø.Ø	Ø.Ø Ø.Ø	U-L U-L	Ø.Ø Ø.Ø	010 010	-25. -23.	LI	Ø.000 Ø.000	Ø. Ø.	4	.34	4.29	4.28	863.	86.	Same as 10 Same as 10
14 15	15 16	7807.	75.	0.0	0.0	U-L	Ø.Ø	ØØ9 ØØ8	-22.	LI	0.000	Ø.	4	. 36	4.34	4.30	862. 865.	7Ø.	Same as 3 Same as 3
16 17	17 18 19	7802.	16.	ø.ø	ø.ø	U-L	ø.ø	009	-26.	UI	0.000	ø.	4	.36	4.32	4.31		89.	Same as 10 Same as 3 Same as 3
18 19 20	20 21	7607.	16.	0.0	0.0	U-L	0.0	010 010 010	-28.	UI	0.000	ø.	4	.35	4.31	4.30	858.	85.	Same as 3 Same as 3 Same as 3
21	22	7856.	18.	0.0	Ø.Ø	U-L	Ø.Ø	Ø12	-28.	LI	0.000	Ø.	4	.35	4.31	4.30	853.	84.	Same as 2
22 23 24	23 24 25	7818.	16.	0.0	0.0	U-L	0.0	009 009 010	-26.	UI	0.000	ø.	4	.22	4.18	4.17	755.		Same as 3 Same as 3 Same as 3
25 28	26 27	7818.	18.	0.0	ø.ø	U-L	ø.ø	009	-26.	UI	0.000	ø.	4	.21	4.18	4.17	754.		Same as 3
27 28	28 29	7788.	18.	0.0	0.0	U-L	0.0	010 009	-28.	UI	0.000	Ø. Ø.	4	.22	4.18 4.18	4.17	759.	82. 79.	Same as 2
29 3Ø	3Ø 31							011 009										83. 8Ø.	Same as 2 Same as 3
						-3.8	K												ž.
31 32	32 33	8317.	16.	0.0	ø.ø	U-L	Ø.Ø	007	-24.	UI	0.000	ø.	3 3	.81	3.77	3.77	497. 5Ø3.	100. 100.	Same as 3 Same as 3
33 34	34 35	8312. 8312.	18. 18.	Ø.Ø Ø.Ø	Ø.Ø Ø.Ø	U-L U-L	Ø.Ø Ø.Ø	ØØ9 ØØ8	-24. -25.	UI UI	0.000 0.000	Ø. Ø.	3	.81 .8Ø	3.78 3.76	3.76 3.75	511. 496.	100. 85.	Same as 3 Same as 3
						-Ther	mal	cycle 4	1.3 K									44	
35 36	36 37	76Ø2. 78Ø7.						Ø11 Ø1Ø	-28. -27.										Same as 2 Same as 3
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39	40	7612.	16.	Ø.Ø	Ø.Ø	U-L	Ø.Ø	009	-26.	UI	0.000	ø.	4	.36	4.30	4.29	882.	92.	Same as 3
40	41	7818.	a .																Same as 2
	7.		~ •		~	30 B					~.~~		0.107					• * •	

41 42 43	42 43 44 45	7828. 10 7823. 10 7823. 10 121. 4	. 0.0 . 0.0	Ø.Ø U-L Ø.Ø U-L Ø.Ø U-L Ø.Ø Vtot	0.0010 0.0002	-27. -28. -26. -1.	LI 0.000 LI 0.000 UI 0.000 LI 0.000	0.4. 0.4. 0.4.	22 4.18 22 4.18 22 4.18 22 4.18	4.17 752 4.17 752 4.17 751 4.17 751 4.17 752	. 81. . 85. . 80.	Same as Same as Same as	2	
44	46 47	4753100	. 0.0	Ø.Ø Vtot Ø.Ø U-L		-27.	UI 0.000 UI 0.000	0. 4.:	22 4.18	4.17 752 4.17 750	. 100.	Same as	3	
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47 48	52 53	7793. 0 7813. 100	. 0.0 . 0.0				LI 0.000 LI 0.000	0. 4.	21 4.18	4.15 741 4.16 744	. 42.	Same as	10	
				Powe	- Supply St	udies							•	
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•-	65				0.0010		UD Ø.ØØØ			3.48 755				
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Q# Fil⊕ I-m Idot I-t	Qu Ma Ma Tr	ench file n in coll cur in coll dI/ im coll cur	umber rent af dt at o rent af	t quench quench t quench	number (e.g	. #4 14	s spot heat	or 4)		·				
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t-Q V-max

- Coll
- Integral of (1++2)dt from t-Q to "infinity" Time first voltage appears in V(Upper) V(Lower) (relative to quench detection time) Maximum voltage across any quarter coil Coil corresponding to V-max Protection heater firing time (relative to quench detection time); -.999 if heater did not fire Protection heater firing voltage; -999. if heater did not fire Temperature at top of magnet Temperature at middle of magnet t(H) V(H)
- T(t)
- T (m)

LL Location P(b) Temperature at bottom of magnet Dewar pressure (Torr) Liquid level (%) Quench or spot heater location ÷ 1 (%) pot heater location ٠ . . •

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