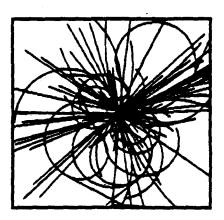
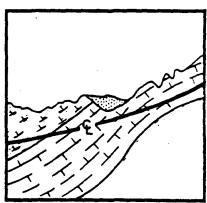
SSCL-SR-1069
Project No. 87-888-0012
August 1989

GR-9

Data Report for Structure Study Zone SF 10.6 and Rotary Wash Borings SF 10.6A and SF 10.6B





Prepared by:

The Earth Technology Corporation

Long Beach, California

Prepared for: RIK

Oakland, California

FOREWORD

The goal of the geotechnical studies at the Texas Superconducting Super Collider (SSC) site is to allow the geologist and engineer to build their level of knowledge and confidence about the geologic structures and geotechnical properties of the site materials to the point at which there remains only a realistically small risk of encountering geotechnical conditions during construction that would significantly increase construction costs or delay construction schedules. To do this, a characterization program has been designed to meet the following objectives:

- To confirm the site's suitability and optimize the ring location (the "footprint") and hall positions on the ring
- · To provide data for a preliminary structural design
- To provide a rational framework within which construction contracts and schedules can be formulated
- To maximize the use of the site-specific data already gathered by the proposer.

The geotechnical program to meet these objectives has been divided into the following three phases of study:

- Footprint location data (the present phase)
- Global data (planned)
- Structure-specific data (planned).

The primary purpose of the present footprint location phase is to quickly assess whether individual components of the collider footprint, or the entire footprint, need to be relocated because of geotechnical constraints. Accordingly, the following areas have been assessed:

- Areas on the western side of the footprint where the geologic structure brings the Eagle Ford Shale close to the depth of the tunnel and experimental halls, thus presenting potential constraints due to weak, deformable rock.
- Areas where the tunnel placement is shallow and/or there are nearby sources
 of vibration such as major highways and railroads that may represent a
 problem due to unacceptable vibrations at tunnel depth.
- Zones of potentially poor rock quality and high water inflow in the rock that should be avoided for the experimental hall excavations.

This is one in a series of data reports prepared for the footprint phase of geotechnical characterization at the SSC site. Each data report includes the results of both field and laboratory tests for a specific drilling and sampling site. Interpretations of these data will be covered in topical reports, including three planned reports, as follows:

- Train-, traffic-, and quarry-caused vibrations
- Geomechanical properties of the Eagle Ford Shale
- Structure and stratigraphy of the near-cluster.

Future planned program phases--global and structure-specific data collection--will concentrate on (1) evaluating ring areas where few geotechnical data are currently available and (2) conducting more detailed studies at the sites of the injector and experimental halls.

DATA REPORT

Site Designator: SF10.6

Objective: To constrain existence and location of a fault based on geologic mapping and

stratigraphic correlations between borings (determined from wire-line logs).

Hole No. SF10.6A

Location: North 254,182.8 feet

East 2,172,909 feet

Surface Elevation 737.4 feet

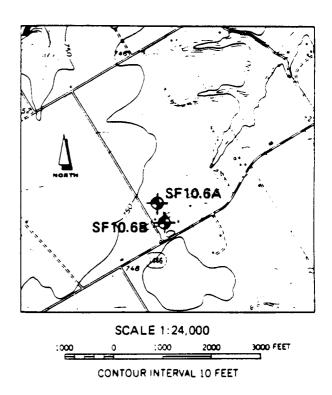
Hole No. SF10.6B

Location: North 254,025.5 feet

East 2.172.923.2 feet

Surface Elevation 733.2 feet

SF10.6A and SF10.6B are located on the western side of the ring, where the proposed tunnel location crosses under FM 1446.



Scope and Schedule: Geologic Mapping May 22 to June 5, 1989

SF10.6A: Rotary Wash Boring June 20, 1989

Wire-line Logging June 20, 1989

Plugging and Abandonment June 20, 1989

SF10.6B: Rotary Wash Boring June 20, 1989

Wire-line Logging June 20, 1989

Plugging and Abandonment June 20, 1989

Geologic Mapping: A north 35° east-trending aerial photograph lineament was ground-checked by mapping outcropping bedrock over a 2-mile length of the lineament. Adequate outcrops were located to indicate the presence of a fault and constrain its location (see structure zone map, Appendix A).

Hole No. SF10.6A

Conditions Encountered:

Total Hole Depth 75.0 feet

Soil 0.0 to 1.0 feet

Austin Chalk 1.0 to 75.0 feet (see lithologic log, Appendix B)

Vertical offset on the fault, based on wire-line logs, appears to be about 10 feet, with the strata in SF10.6B (south of the fault) higher than the same strata in SF10.6A (north of the fault).

Geophysical Logging: (See wire-line logs, Appendix C)

Spontaneous Potential
Normal Resistivity (short)
Guarded Resistivity (long)
Natural Gamma
Compensated Density (caliper)
Sonic Velocity (full wave)

Hole Status: Cemented in and abandoned.

(See plugging report, Appendix D)

Hole No. SF10.6B

Conditions Encountered:

Total Hole Depth 75.0 feet

Soil 0.0 to 6.0 feet

Austin Chalk 6.0 to 75.0 feet (see lithologic log, Appendix B)

Vertical offset on the fault, based on wire-line logs, appears to be about 10 feet, with the strata in SF10.6B (south of the fault) higher than the same strata in SF10.6A (north of the fault).

Geophysical Logging: (See wire-line logs, Appendix C)

Spontaneous Potential
Normal Resistivity (short)
Guarded Resistivity (long)
Natural Gamma
Compensated Density (caliper)
Sonic Velocity (full wave)

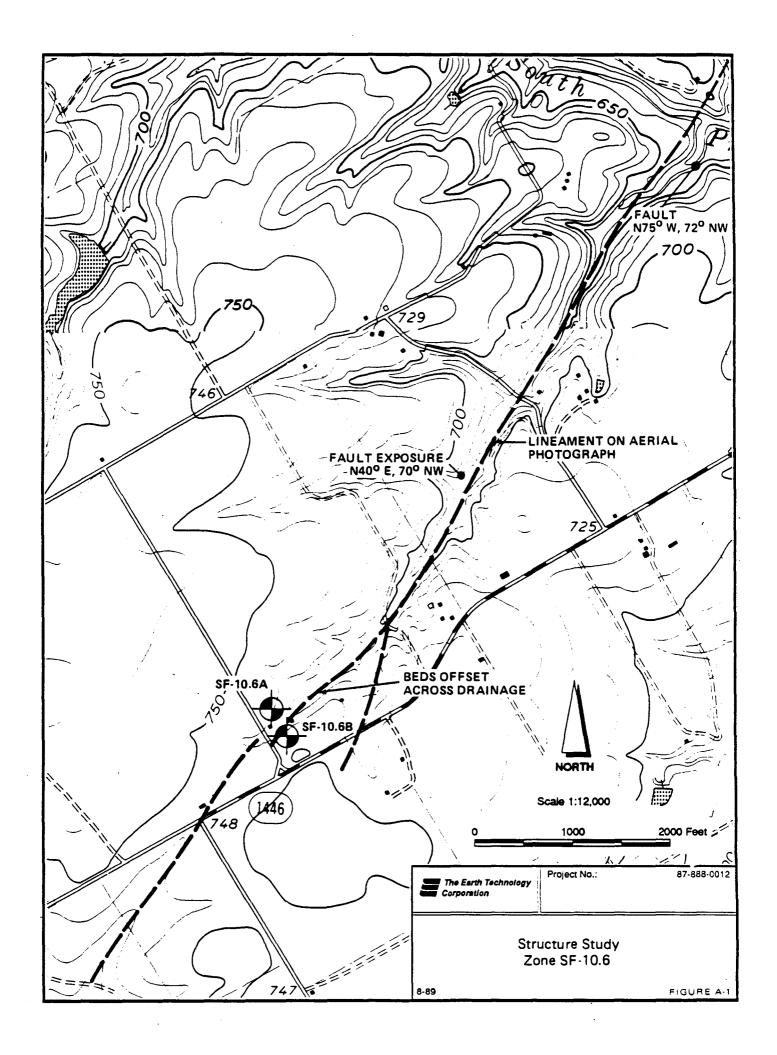
Hole Status: Cemented in and abandoned. (See plugging report, Appendix D)

APPENDIX A STRUCTURE ZONE MAP

STRUCTURE STUDY ZONE SF10.6

Structure Study Zone SF10.6 consists of a 2-mile long aerial photograph lineament mapped primarily along a north 35° east-trending tributary of South Prong Creek. The lineation was delineated based on the straightness of the creek and a substantial change in the tone of soil in the fields along the southwestern extent. During the geologic field mapping the fault was observed in two locations along the creek (Figure A-1). At the northernmost of these locations, minor amounts of in-situ calcite vein mineralizations were observed along the drainage. Calcite float was also found in several locations along the drainage. Additionally, an unknown amount of vertical offset in the chalk bedding planes was noted across the drainage channel in at least two locations. The dominant fracture trend is north 10° - 20° east, dipping 80° - 90°.

Based on the geologic mapping, the fault was constrained to a width of less than 180 feet near the intersection of Hoyt Road and FM 1446, where the borings were drilled. Vertical offset between the borings, based on evaluation of wire-line logs, is about 10 feet, with strata in SF10.6B (south of the fault) higher than the same strata in SF10.6A (north of the fault).



APPENDIX B

LOG OF BORING BORING NO: SF10.6APG 1 OF 2 PROJECT: TEXAS SSC SITE N 254,182.8 feet LCCATION: E 2,172,909 feet CLIENT: The Earth Technology Corporation GROUND EL: 737.4 feet TASK NO.: TYPE: Air Rotary DATE: 6/20/89 CONTRACTOR: SwL (89-192) CASED TO: N/A WATER INFORMATION SAMPLE LEGEND DEPTH RANGE SAMPLE TYPE & NUMBER S= SPLIT SPOON T= 2" THIN WALL DEPTH IN FEET HAND PEN. TSF. No groundwater encountered. PERCENT ROD. SYMBOL TUBE U= 3" THIN WALL TUBE C= NX ROCK CORE TOP BOT. DESCRIPTION OF STRATUM 1.0 ${\tt CLAY},$ soft, silty, embedded limestone fragments, trace roots, brown LIMESTONE (Austin Chalk); severely weathered, 5 occasional clay layers, tan 9.5 10 LIMESTONE (Austin Chalk); fresh, occasional thin shaly limestone layers, light gray to dark gray - 15 20 -shale, dark gray at 23.0'-23.5' 25 30 35

DRILLING GEOLOGIST	S. Woo	ASSISTANT	N/A	CHECKED BY	В.	Bailey

LOG OF BORING

PROJECT: TEXAS SSC SITE

CLIENT: The Earth Technology Corporation

TASK NO.: 12

BORING NO:SF10.6APG 2 OF 2

LOCATION:

N 254,182.8 feet E 2,172,909 feet

GROUND EL: 737.4 feet

DA	DATE: 6/20/89 TYPE: Air Rotary CASED TO								ם דם:	G: N/A CONTRACTOR: SwL (89-192)										
DEPTH IN FEET	SYMBOL	SAMPLE TYPE & NUMBER	DEDTU BANCE		PERCENT REC.	PERCENT ROD.	STANDARD PENETRATION TEST PER 6 INCHES		S R CON		SRON		S R CON		HAND PEN. TSF.	U= 3"	IT SF THIN IBE THIN	WA CC	ON ALL ALL ORE	WATER INFORMATION see page 1 of 2
			TOP	BOT.							DESCRIPTION OF STRATUM									
-45 -50 -55 -60 -70										-	hin sico dari	hall k g	y li gray dark	gray at 68.0'-69.0' gray at 72.0'-72.8'						
- 80							·				NOTE:			oloration at 75.0'						

DRILLING	GEOLOGIST	S. Wood	ASSISTANT	N/A	CHECKED B	Y B. Bailey

LOG OF BORING BURING NO:SF10.6BPG 1 OF 2 PROJECT: TEXAS SSC SITE N 254,025.5 feet LOCATION: E 2,172,923.2 feet CLIENT: The Earth Technology Corporation GROUND EL: 733.2 feet **TASK NO.: 12** DATE: 6/20/89 TYPE: Air Rotary CASED TO: N/A CONTRACTOR: SwL (89-192) SAMPLE LEGEND WATER INFORMATION DEPTH RANGE SAMPLE TYPE & NUMBER S= SPLIT SPOON T= 2" THIN WALL HAND PEN. TSF. PERCENT REC. PERCENT ROD. SYMBOL. Water encountered at 6.0' TUBE U= 3" THIN WALL TUBE C= NX ROCK CORE TOP BOT. DESCRIPTION OF STRATUM CLAY, medium to stiff, embedded calcareous 2.0 fragments, dark gray CLAY, stiff, silty, mottled, tan and gray 6.0 LIMESTONE (Austin Chalk), severely weather #1, occasional thin clay layers, tan 21.0 LIMESTONE (Austin Chalk), fresh, occasional thin shaly limestone layers, light gray to dark gray 25 30 - 35 DRILLING GEOLOGIST E. C. Nicholas ASSISTANT CHECKED BY B. Bailev N/A

LOG OF BORING PROJECT: TEXAS SSC SITE CLIENT: The Earth Technology Corporation TASK NO.: 12 DATE: 6/20/89 TYPE: Air Rotary CASED TO: N/A CONTRACTOR: SwL (89-192) SAMPLE LEGEND WATER INFORMATION

	NU.										- 3: (00 100)
DATE: 6/20/89 TYPE: Air Rotary CASED TO: N/A CONTRACTOR: SwL (89-192)											
	B									SAMPLE LEGEND	WATER INFORMATION
N T	ğ	SAMPLE TYPE & NUMBER	SOMA UTBOOK		PERCENT REC.	PERCENT ROD.	AT I ON	STANDARD PENETRATION TEST PER 6 INCHES		S= SPLIT SPOON T= 2" THIN WALL	see page 1 of 2
DEPTH FEET	SYMBOL	PLE	Ţ	<u> </u>	REG	Bal	FTR	IS:	HAND PEN. TSF.	TUBE U= 3" THIN WALL	
9	S	SAM	ž	3	۵	<u>a</u>	E S	9 ⊒	H	TUBE C= NX ROCK CORE	
			TOP	вот.							RIPTION OF STRATUM
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DRILLING	GEOL	OGIST	_E.C	. Nic	holas	 ASS	SISTA	NT.	N/A	 	 CHECKE	:D 8	Y_	В. Ва	ailey	

APPENDIX C WIRE-LINE LOGS

WIRE-LINE LOGGING PARAMETERS

Hole No. SF10.6A

Log Measured From: Ground level

Drilling Parameters

Depth

75 feet

Bit Diameter

4.75 inches

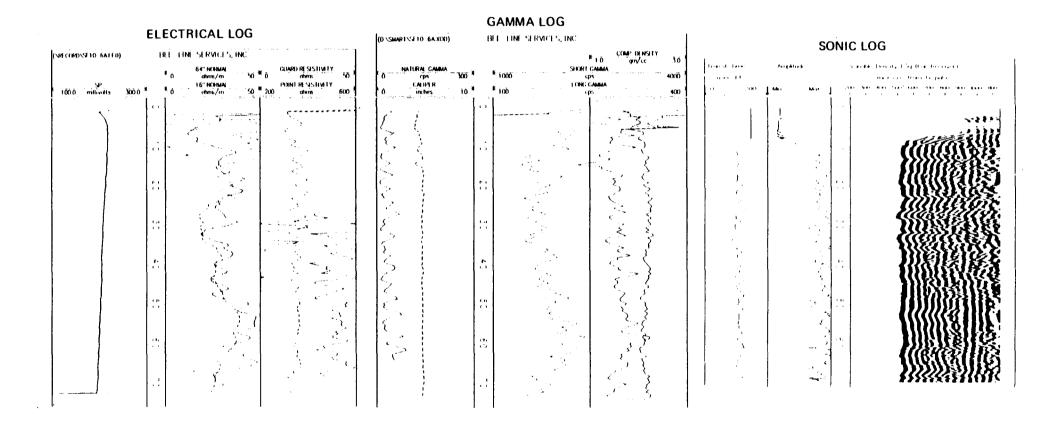
Logging Parameters	Electrical Log	Gamma Log	Sonic Log
Date	June 20, 1989	June 20, 1989	June 20, 1989
Bottom Log Interval	73.5 feet	74 feet	69.8 feet
Top Log interval	surface	surface	surface
Type of Fluid in Hole	water	water	water
Time Since Circulation Stop	4 hours	4 hours	4 hours
Probe Type/S.N.	ALP-4979	XAP-4383	CLP-4877A
Module Type/S.N.	ALM-4979	XAM-4383	CLM-4877A
Logging Speed	15 feet/min.	15 feet/min.	5 feet/min.
Sample Interval	0.5 feet	0.5 feet	0.1 feet

Logged by:

BEE-LINE SERVICES, INC.

P.O. Box 2096

Corsicana, TX 75151



WIRE-LINE LOGGING PARAMETERS

Hole No. SF10.6B

Log Measured From: Ground level

Drilling Parameters

Depth

75 feet

Bit Diameter

4.75 inches

Logging Parameters	Electrical Log	Gamma Log	Sonic Log
Date	June 20, 1989	June 20, 1989	June 20, 1989
Bottom Log Interval	73.5 feet	74 feet	70.1 feet
Top Log Interval	surface	surface	surface
Type of Fluid in Hole	boring fluid	boring fluid	boring fluid
Time Since Circulation Stop	1.5 hours	1.5 hours	1.5 hours
Probe Type/S.N.	ALP-4979	XAP-4383	CLP-4877A
Module Type/S.N.	ALM-4979	XAM-4383	CLM-4877A
Logging Speed	15 feet/min.	15 feet/min.	5 feet/min.
Sample Interval	0.5 feet	0.5 feet	0.1 feet

Logged by:

BEE-LINE SERVICES, INC.

P.O. Box 2096

Corsicana, TX 75151

GAMMA LOG ELECTRICAL LOG HELLING SERVICES, INC (Second StHO (blood) **SONIC LOG** (Lancardonnia Berry) BUT THE ARVICES, INC. 30 frensit bese-CHARD BESTSTATIVELY dont / m Tr. NOFMAL dont / m 4(XX) OPS CALIFER tp. 1000 millisoits POINT RESIDEN THER HAMMA 4(x)

APPENDIX D PLUGGING REPORTS

SSC BOREHOLE PLUGGING REPORT

TETC Project No. 87-88-0017

Task No. 12

Boring No. SF 10.6A

Texas Coordination Location: N 254,182.8 feet

E 2,172,909 feet

Surface Elevation: 737.4 feet

Total Boring Depth: 75.0'

Date Drilled: 6-20-89

Date Plugged: 6-20-89

Time Completed: 4:15 p.m.

Remarks:

88 gallons of grout was used to completely cement boring from bottom to top. 11 sacks of Portland Cement and 1 sack of Polygel Bentonite combined with water comprised the total grout mixture. Water/cement ratio was approximately 8 gallons per sack.

> Drilling Geologist: E.C. Nicholas SwL Coordinator: Bruce Bailey SwL Report No. 89-192

SSC BOREHOLE PLUGGING REPORT

TETC Project No. 87-88-0017

Task No. 12

Boring No. SF 10.6B

Texas Coordination Location: N 254,025.5 feet E 2,172,923.2 feet

Surface Elevation: 733.2 feet

Total Boring Depth: 75.0'

Date Drilled: 6-20-89

Date Plugged: 6-20-89

Time Completed: 2:45 p.m.

Remarks:

88 gallons of grout was used to completely cement boring from bottom to top. Il sacks of Portland Cement and I sack of Polygel Bentonite combined with water comprised the total grout mixture. Water/cement ratio was approximately 8 gallons per sack.

Drilling Geologist: E.C. Nicholas SwL Coordinator: Bruce Bailey

SwL Report No. 89-192